CS 310: Scalable Software Architectures

Class session on Tuesday, October 22nd



October 2024

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	25	30	31		

www.a-printable-calendar.com

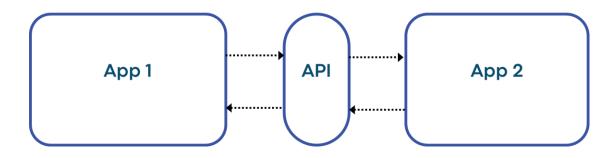
Notes:

- Focus this week:
 - Scalability, performance, serverless
- **Project 02** due Friday
 - Part 01: web service for photoapp, rewrite client
 - Part 02: deploy to AWS EC2
 - Due Friday with late submissions Sunday
- Exam next Tuesday
 - Practice problems and review in class on Thursday



RESTful API

- Most web service APIs are said to be "RESTful"
- This is an architectural style with design constraints:

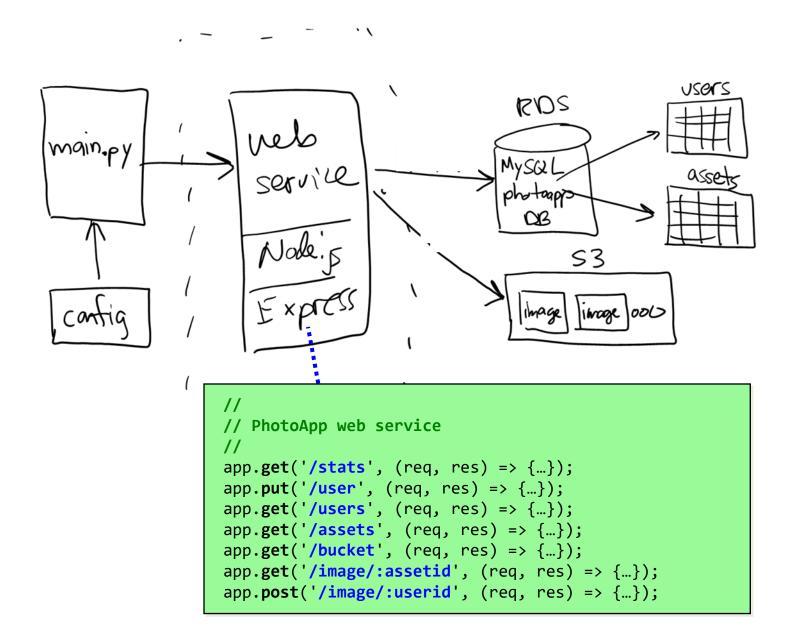


Constraints:

- Uniform Interface
- Stateless Operations
- Layered System
- Client-server based
- Cacheable
- Code on demand (optional)

that adheres to web server standards

Project 02 --- photoapp web service



/user

Design API to insert / update a user



- Option #1: HTTP GET, sending data via parameters

```
// data in URL /user?email=...&lastname=...&firstname=...
app.get('/user', (req, res) => {...});
```

```
// data in URL /user/:email/:lastname/:firstname
app.get('/user/:email/:last/:first', (req, res) => {...});
```

- Option #2: HTTP PUT, sending data in body of request

```
// put a new user or update an existing user
app.put('/user', (req, res) => {...});
```

PUT makes more sense because we are inserting a user, not getting one. And we use PUT, not POST, because if repeated we want server to update not insert again.

/user -- server-side

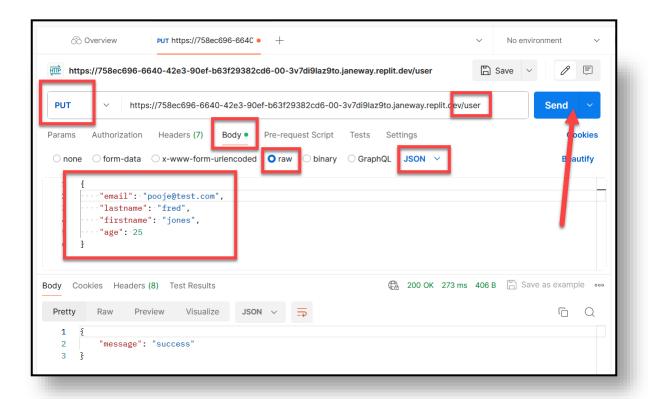


```
//
// Insert/modify user in database:
app.use(express.json({strict: false})); // deserialize incoming JSON
app.put('/user', (req, res) => {
   console.log("**Call to /user...");
  var data = req.body; // JSON data is deserialized => JS object
   let email = data.email;
   . // lookup email, if exists modify else insert
   res.json(...); // send a response when done
});
```



Testing with postman

- Browsers only GET
- Postman can GET / PUT / POST
 - <u>https://postman.com</u>

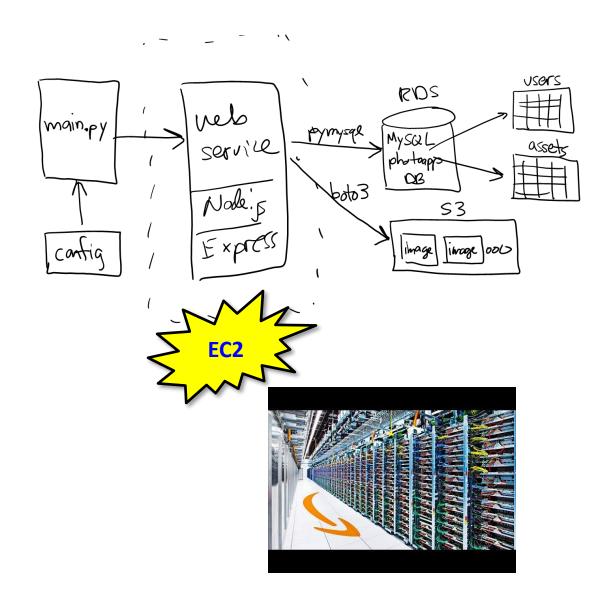


/user -- client-side

The client PUTs user's data to the web service...

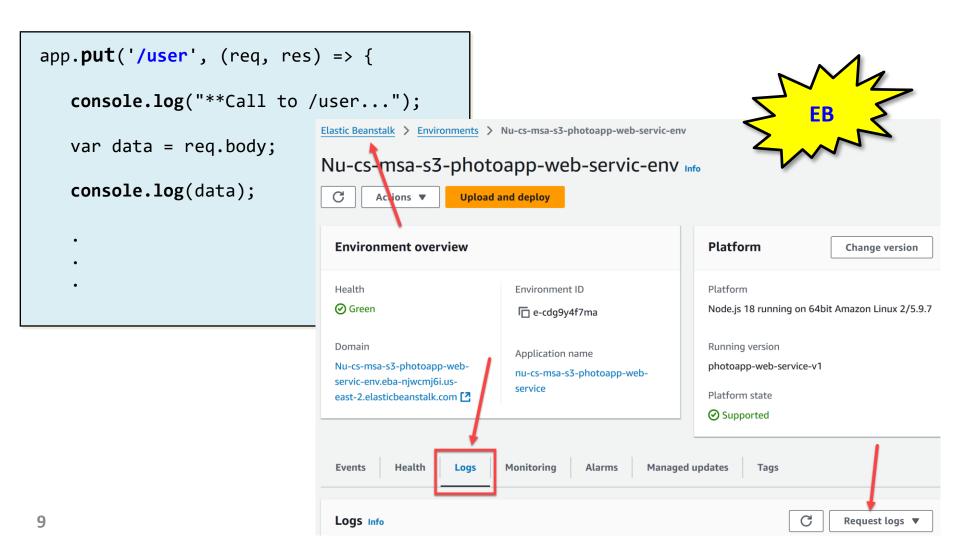
```
import requests
url = 'http://photoapp-web-service.com/user'
data = {
 "email": "pooja@piazza.com",
 "lastname": "sarkar",
 "firstname": "pooja",
  "buckerfolder": "..."
response = requests.put(url, json=data) # post data in JSON format
print("status code:", response.status_code)
```

Debugging in the cloud



Print debugging

Print debugging is still very common --- view logs in AWS



/var/log/web.stdout.log Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling S3... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling RDS to get # of users... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling RDS to get # of assets... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats done, sending response... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: **Call to get /stats... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling S3... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling RDS to get # of users... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling RDS to get # of assets... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats done, sending response... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: **Call to get /stats... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling S3... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling RDS to get # of users... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling RDS to get # of assets... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats done, sending response... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: **Call to get /stats... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats done, sending response... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: **Call to get /stats... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling S3... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling RDS to get # of users... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling RDS to get # of assets... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats done, sending response... Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: **Call to get /stats...

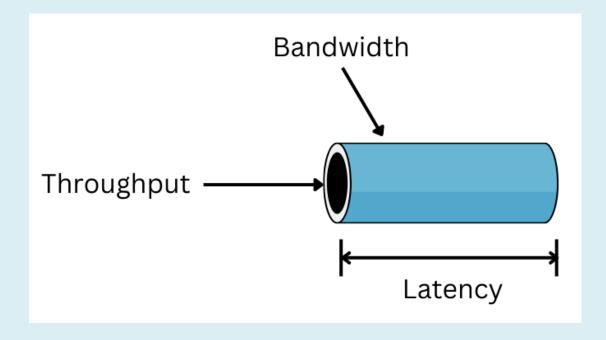
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Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats done, sending response...

Oct 22 05:25:50 ip-172-30-0-130 web: /stats: calling S3...

Performance of cloud-based apps

- Latency: how long does it take? (speed = response time)
- Bandwidth: how much data can be transmitted? (volume)
- Throughput: how much processing per time unit? (# of users)



ab == apache benchmark

```
hummel) ab -c 1 -n 10 http://photoapp-nu-web-service-env-2.eba-htg5fauw.us-east-2.elasticbeanstalk.com/
This is Apachebench, Version 2.3 <a href="https://www.zeustech.net/">https://www.zeustech.net/</a>
Copyright 1996 Adam Twiss, Zeus Technology Ltd, http://www.apache.org/
Benchmarking photoapp-nu-web-service-env-2.eba-htg5fauw.us-east-2.elasticbeanstalk.com (be patient)....done

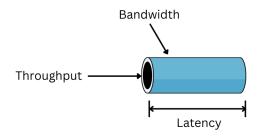
Server Software:
Server Hostname:
Server Hostname:
Server Port:

80

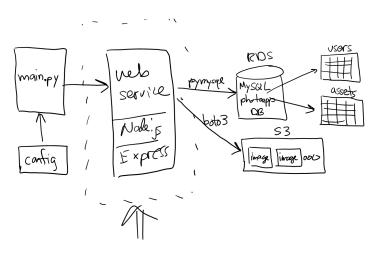
Document Path:
Docu
```

- Reference: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/programs/ab.html
 - Linux: sudo apt-get install apache2-tools
 - Mac: already installed (terminal window)
 - Windows: download apache (https://www.apachelounge.com/download/), extract /bin/ab.exe
- Usage: ab -k -c 10 -n 1000 URL
 - -k => keep-alive the TCP connection (cold-start vs. warm-start)
 - $-c => concurrency \ level \ (use \ this \ to \ simulate \ concurrent \ users / \ load \ on \ the \ server)$
 - -n = # of requests (use this to get a more accurate "average" response time)

Question

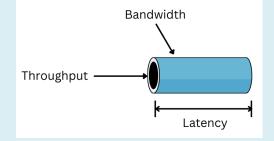


- Baseline latency is _____ ms
- Speed of RDS _____ ms
- Speed of S3 _____ ms

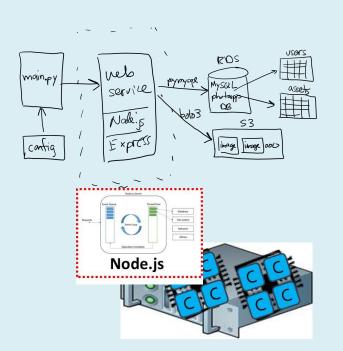


```
//
// PhotoApp web service
//
app.get('/stats', (req, res) => {...});
app.get('/users', (req, res) => {...});
app.get('/assets', (req, res) => {...});
app.get('/bucket', (req, res) => {...});
app.get('/image/:assetid', (req, res) => {...});
```

Question

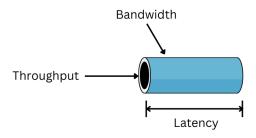


- Throughput...
- Node.js is single-threaded and runs on one core. How many users can it support before latency suffers?



```
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app.get('/bucket', (req, res) => {...});
app.get('/bucket', (req, res) => {...});
app.get('/image/:assetid', (req, res) => {...});
```

Question



- How efficient is the network (bandwidth)?
- Asset 1004 is 43K, asset 1014 is 1,964K --- 46x bigger
 - Time to download image # 1004 is ____ ms
 - How much longer does it take to download image # 1014? (____ ms)

```
main.py

Node:

Express

Service

Phytrapp

Asset

Image limage oocs
```

```
//
// PhotoApp web service
//
app.get('/stats', (req, res) => {...});
app.get('/users', (req, res) => {...});
app.get('/assets', (req, res) => {...});
app.get('/bucket', (req, res) => {...});
app.get('/image/:assetid', (req, res) => {...});
```

That's it, thank you!