

CS 310 : Scalable Software Architectures

Class session on Thursday, October 10th



October 2024

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

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Notes:

- *Focus this week:*
 - *Web services*
- *Class sessions ***are*** being recorded this week*
 - *Will be available under Panopto on Canvas*
- *Project 01 was due yesterday (Wednesday)*
 - *Can submit as late as Friday @ 11:59pm*



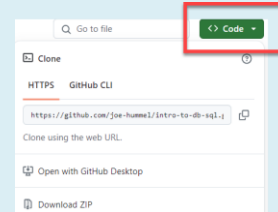
Northwestern
University

Getting the necessary software

1. Make sure Docker Desktop is running

2. Download files you need for today

- <https://github.com/joe-hummel/intro-web-services-server>
- <https://github.com/joe-hummel/intro-web-services-client>



3. You want to open **2** terminal windows, one based on server repo and one based on client repo:

Linux/Mac/Windows WSL:

- 1) Open terminal, navigate to repo folder
- 2) `chmod 755 *.bash`
- 3) `./docker-build.bash`
- 4) `./docker-run.bash`

Windows:

- 1) Open Powershell, navigate to repo folder
- 2) `.\docker-build.bat`
- 3) `.\docker-run.bat`

Common docker errors

1. "docker" command not found

- *Uninstall and reinstall Docker Desktop*

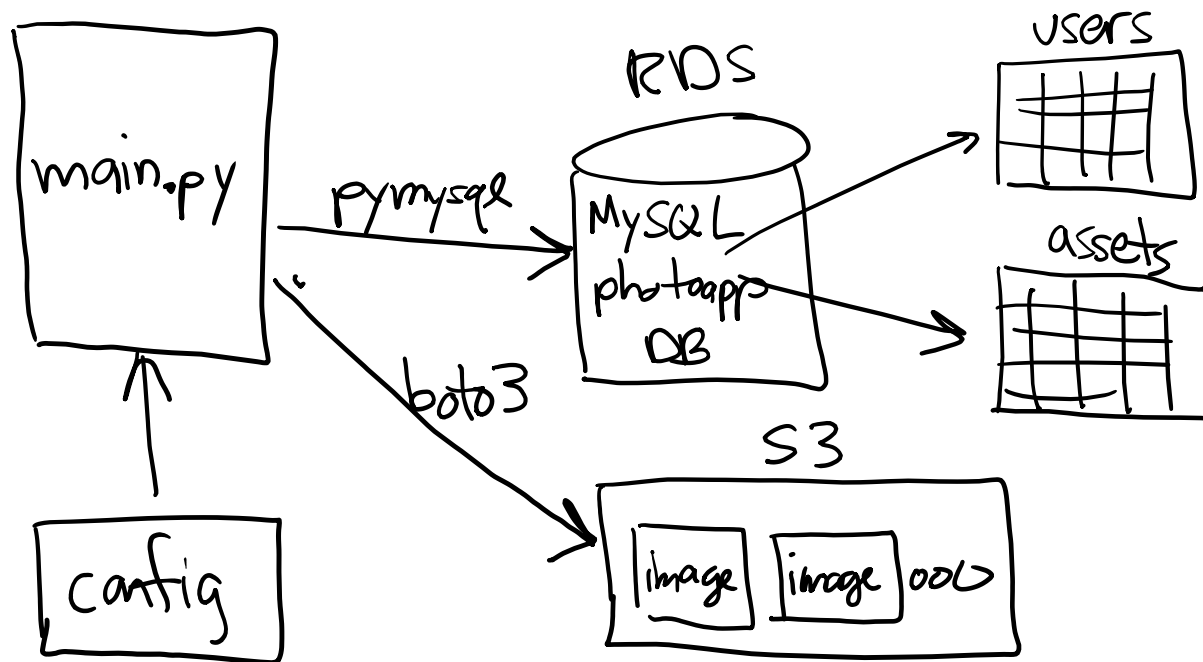
2. When you try to build, you are not authorized

- *docker login -u docker-username*

3. When you try to run, you get errors like "bash: \$\r: command not found"

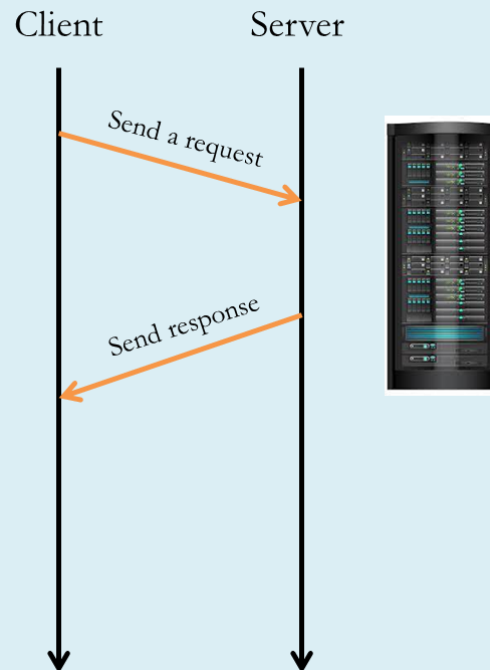
1. *If you see the **docker**> prompt, type **exit***
2. `((Get-Content .bashrc) -join "`n") + "`n" | Set-Content -NoNewLine .bashrc`

Project 01 => Project 02



Goals for today

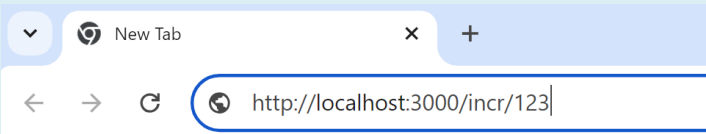
- Web service examples
- First a simple calculator service
- Then a more realistic one based on movielens DB





Example #1

- A simple calculator web service:



```
import requests
```

```
url = 'http://localhost:3000/'
```

```
x = input('Enter integer x> ')
url = url + 'incr/' + x
response = requests.get(url)
print(response.text)
```



Client Server

Send a request

Send response



```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
```

```
// main():
```

```
app.listen(3000, () => {
  console.log('**SERVER: running...');
});
```

```
// increment x:
```

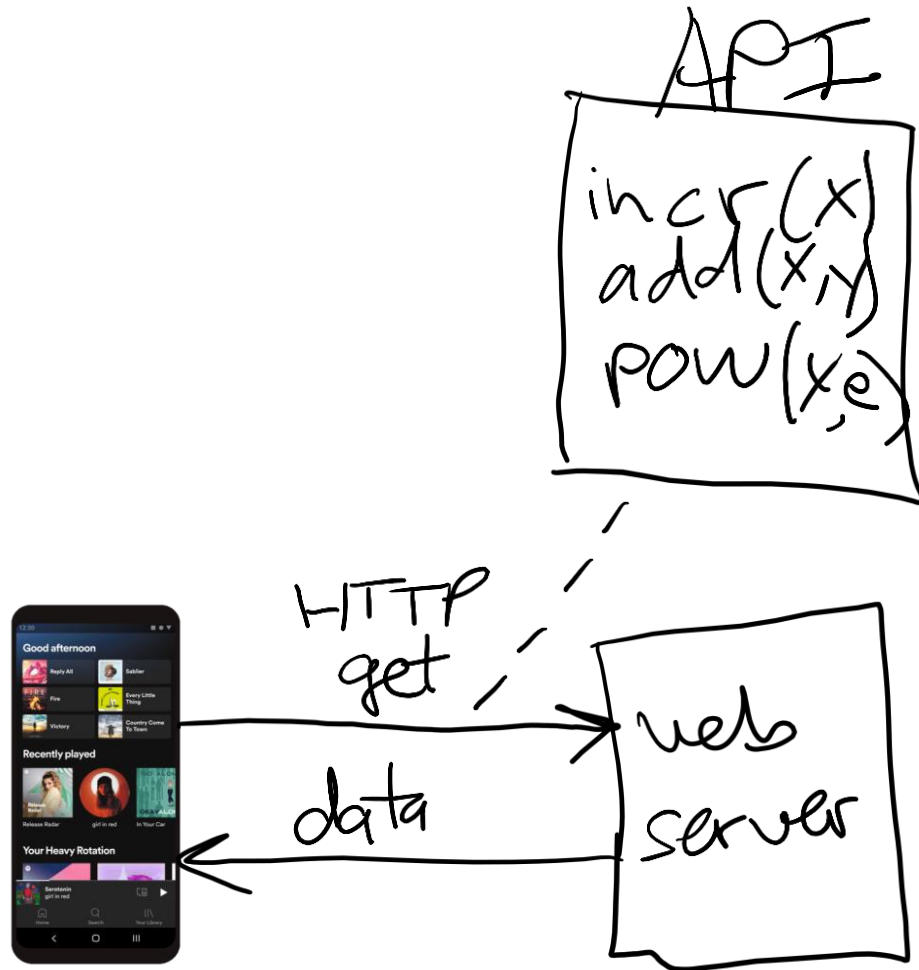
```
app.get('/incr/:x', (req, res) => {

  try {
    console.log('**call to /incr');
    let x = parseInt(req.params.x);
    if (isNaN(x))
      throw new Error('x not a number');
    let y = x + 1;
    res.send(y.toString());
    return;
  }
  catch(err) {
    res.status(400).send(err.message);
  }
});
```



Simple SOA example

- Simple **calculator** web service...



```
// increment x:  
app.get('/incr/:x', (req, res) => {...});  
  
// add x and y:  
app.get('/add/:x/:y', (req, res) => {...});  
  
// raise x to the exponent e:  
app.get('/pow/:x/:e', (req, res) => {...});
```


add(x, y) and pow(x, e)

- Edit "server.js" and implement the two functions...

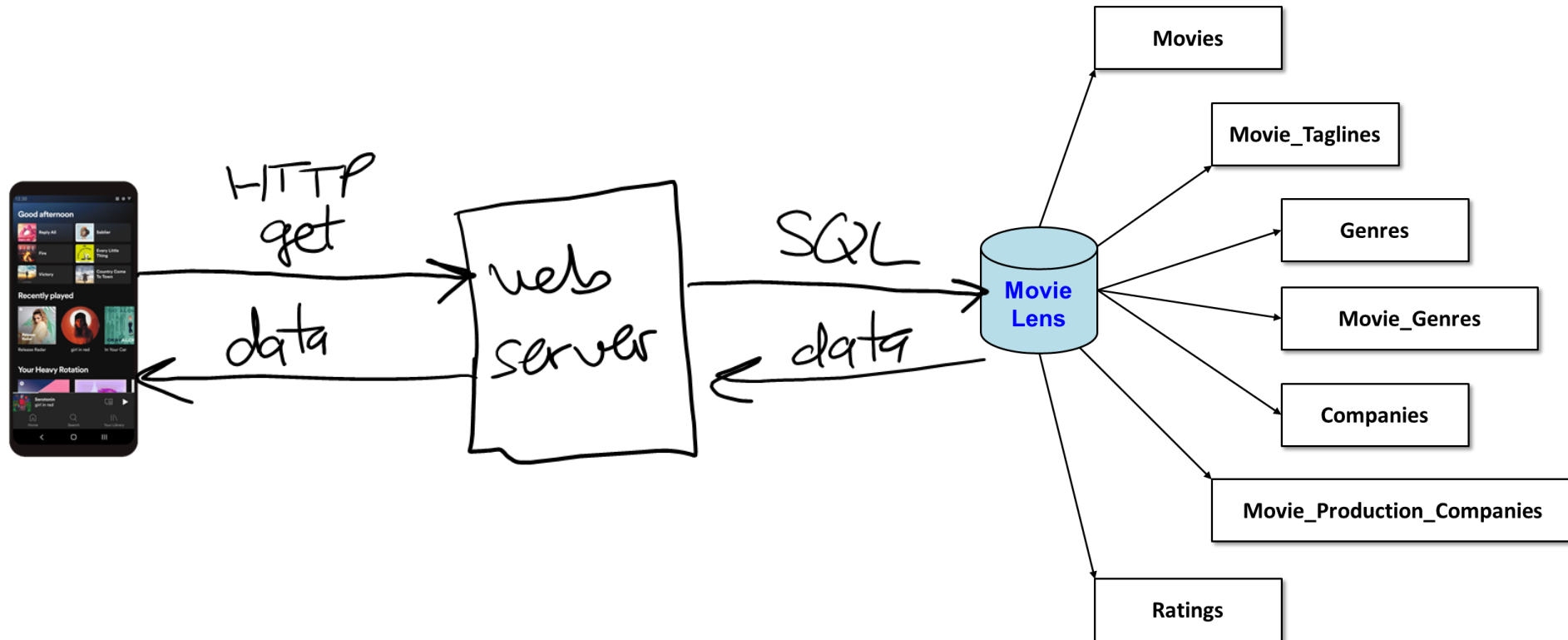
```
45 //  
46 // add(x, y)  
47 //  
48 ✓ app.get('/add/:x/:y', (req, res) => {  
49  
50   //  
51   // TODO: assume integers x and y (use parseInt)  
52   //  
53  
54 });  
55
```

```
56 //  
57 // pow(x, e)  
58 //  
59 ✓ app.get('/pow/:x/:e', (req, res) => {  
60  
61   //  
62   // TODO: assume x and e can be floating-point (use parseFloat)  
63   //  
64  
65 });  
66
```

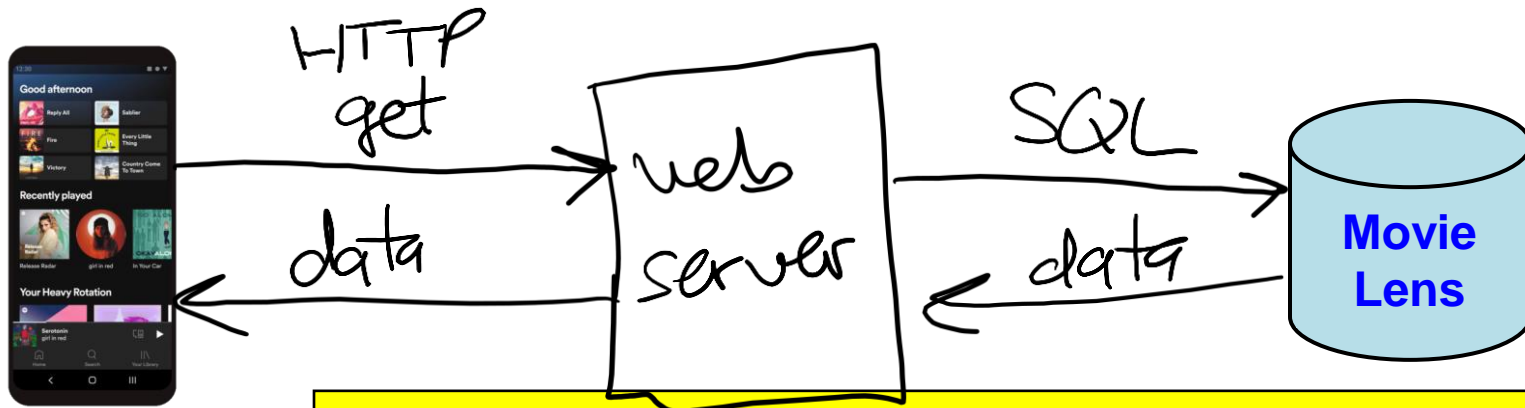


Example #2

- Web service for the **MovieLens** database



MovieLens web service



```
app.get('/movies', (req, res) => {...});

app.get('/movies/top10', (req, res) => {...});

// top N with at least M reviews (defaults to N=10, M=100):
app.get('/movies/topNwithM', (req, res) => {...});

// top N with at least M reviews, in given genre:
app.get('/movies/topNwithM:genre', (req, res) => {...});

.
.
.
```

Demo using browser as client

The screenshot shows a web browser with the following tabs: "Lecture 05 (server) - Replit", "Lecture 05 (client) - Replit", and "lecture-05-server.cs-310-spring-2023". The address bar displays the URL `https://lecture-05-server.cs-310-spring-2023.repl.co/movies`, which is highlighted with a red rectangle. The browser's bookmark bar includes "Import bookmarks...", "CS 310", "MBAI 460", "AWS", "AWS Academy", "replit", "Canvas", "CAESAR", and "Gradescope".

The main content area shows a JSON response with the following structure:

```
JSON
Raw Data
Headers

Save Copy Collapse All Expand All Filter JSON

{
  "message": "success",
  "data": [
    {
      "Movie_ID": 2,
      "Release_Date": "1988-10-21 00:00:00.000",
      "Runtime": 69,
      "Original_Language": "fi",
      "Budget": 0,
      "Revenue": 0,
      "Title": "Ariel"
    },
    {
      "Movie_ID": 3,
      "Release_Date": "1986-10-16 00:00:00.000",
      "Runtime": 76,
      "Original_Language": "fi",
      "Budget": 0,
      "Revenue": 0,
      "Title": "Shadows in Paradise"
    },
    {
      "Movie_ID": 5,
      "Release_Date": "1995-12-09 00:00:00.000",
      "Runtime": 98,
      "Original_Language": "en",
      "Budget": 4000000,
      "Revenue": 4300000,
      "Title": "Four Rooms"
    },
    {
      "Movie_ID": 6
    }
  ]
}
```

/movies



```
//  
// Retrieve all movies in the database:  
//  
app.get('/movies', (req, res) => {  
  try {  
    console.log("**call to /movies");  
  
    let sql = "Select * From Movies Order By Movie_ID;";  
    let params = [];  
  
    // execute the SQL:  
    movielens.all(sql, params, (err, rows) => {  
      if (err) {  
        res.status(500).json( {"message": err.message, "data": []} );  
        return;  
      }  
  
      // send response in JSON format:  
      console.log("sending response");  
      res.json( {"message": "success", "data": rows} );  
    });  
  
    console.log("about to return");  
    return;  
  }  
  catch(err) { res.status(500).json({"message": err.message, "data": []}); }  
});
```

/movies/:id

- **Let's write a function to retrieve a movie by id:**
 - *Edit "server2.js", add to bottom...*
 - *Return the data as a dictionary in JSON format...*

```
//  
// Retrieve the specified movie based on movie id:  
//  
app.get('/movies/:id', (req, res) => {  
  try {  
    console.log("**call to /movies/:id");  
  
    let id = ???;  
    let sql = "Select * from ...";  
    let params = [id];  
  
    // execute the SQL and return the result (or an error):  
    movielens.get(???)  
  
  });  
  
  return;  
}  
catch(err) { res.status(500).json({ "message": err.message, "data": {} }); }  
});
```

Client testing

- **Use a browser to test...**
 - *Test a movie id that exists: 862 or 603*
 - *Test a movie id that doesn't exist: 123456789*
- **Status code should be 200 in both cases --- they both executed successfully, one just didn't find a movie**
 - *If the movie exists, data be { "Movie_ID":..., ... }*
 - *If the movie doesn't exist, change msg, data should be { }*
 - *[or should we return status code 400 if movie doesn't exist?]*

Solution /movies/:id

```
//  
// Retrieve the specified movie based on movie id:  
//  
app.get('/movies/:id', (req, res) => {  
  try {  
    console.log("**call to /movies/:id");  
  
    id = req.params.id;  
  
    let sql = 'select * from movies where movie_id = ?';  
    let params = [id];  
  
    // execute the SQL and return the result (or an error):  
    movielens.get(sql, params, (err, row) => {  
      if (err) {  
        res.status(500).json({ message: err.message, data: {} });  
        return;  
      }  
  
      if (row == undefined) { // no such movie:  
        res.json({ message: "no such movie", data: {} });  
        return;  
      }  
  
      res.json({ message: "success", data: row });  
    });  
  
    return;  
  }  
  catch(err) { res.status(500).json({ "message": err.message, "data": {} }); }  
});
```

Client-side in Python

- Call your function using Python client
 - Edit "*client4.py*"



```
{'message': ...,  
  'data': ... }
```

```
import requests  
  
baseurl = 'http://localhost:3000'  ## no / at the end  
  
id = input('enter a movie id (e.g. 862)> ')  
  
url = baseurl + "/movies/" + id  
  
response = requests.get(url)  
  
# print status_code  
# if status_code == 200:  
#     deserialize the response  
#     print the message  
#     print the data
```

```
print(response.status_code)  
  
if response.status_code == 200:  
    body = response.json()  
    message = body['message']  
    data = body['data']  
    print(message)  
    print(data)
```

That's it, thank you!