Distributed systems

- Distributed systems are hard
- Types of distributed systems
- Properties of distributed systems
 - Performance, security, scalability, availability, consistency

• [CS 340/440, CS 345/445]



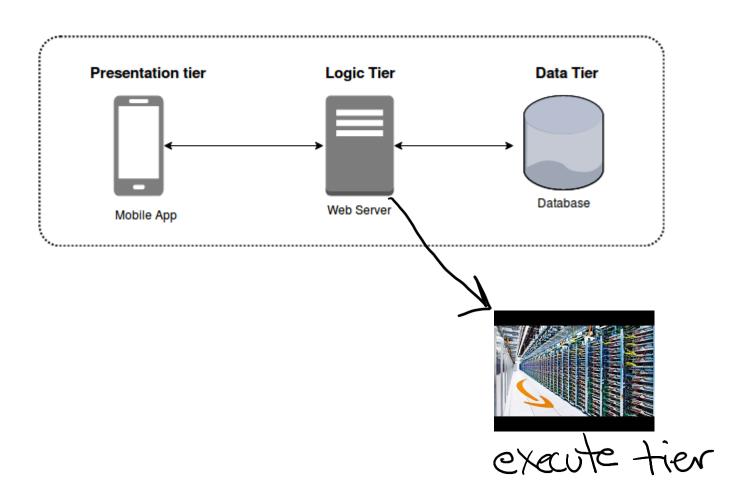
Distributed systems

- Cloud-based apps are distributed systems
 - -N > 1 computer programs communicating via messages

All our projects are distributed systems:

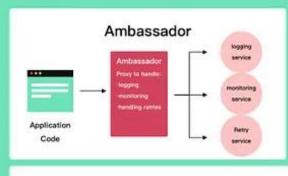


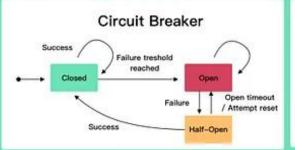
Our projects: basic multi-tier design

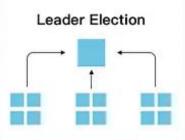


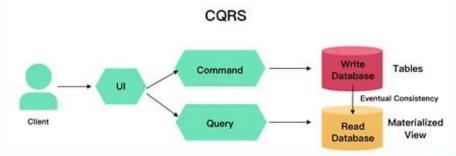
Top 7 Most-Used Distributed System Patterns

ByteByteGo.com Byte

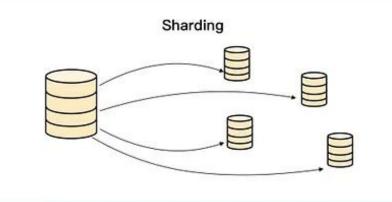


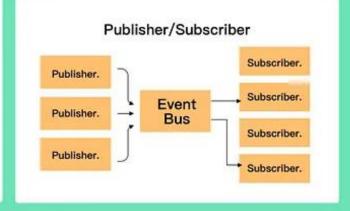












Distributed systems are HARD

Distributed systems are HARD to build

- What if the network goes down?

Communication
Network

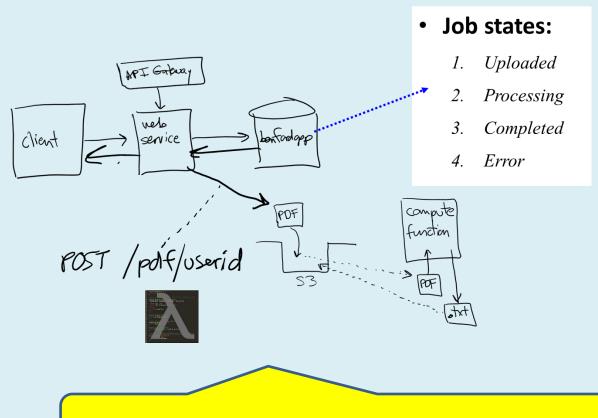
- What if one of the machines crashes?
- How to secure? What if one of the machines is hacked?
- How to prevent hackers from impersonating a machine?

Courses in distributed systems:
CS 345/455

Example

Example:

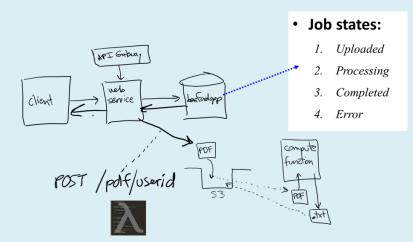
- In project 03, POST /pdf uploads PDF to S3 & updates DB



What scenario(s) did we ignore in programming proj03_upload?

Answers

- In the proj03_upload function:
 - What if the PDF upload works but the update fails?
 - What if the DB update works but the upload fails?
 - If PDF upload fails, should we retry? How many times?
 - If the DB update fails, should we retry? How many times?
 - How do we get errors back to the client in all cases?



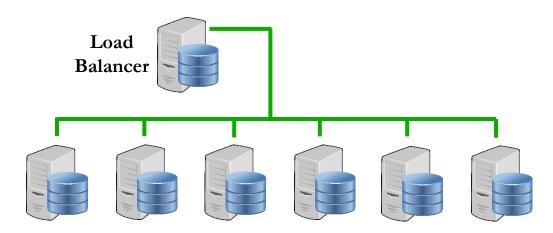
Properties of distributed systems

The most important properties to consider:

- Performance (latency, bandwidth, throughput)
- Scalability
- Security
- Availability / fault tolerance
- Consistency

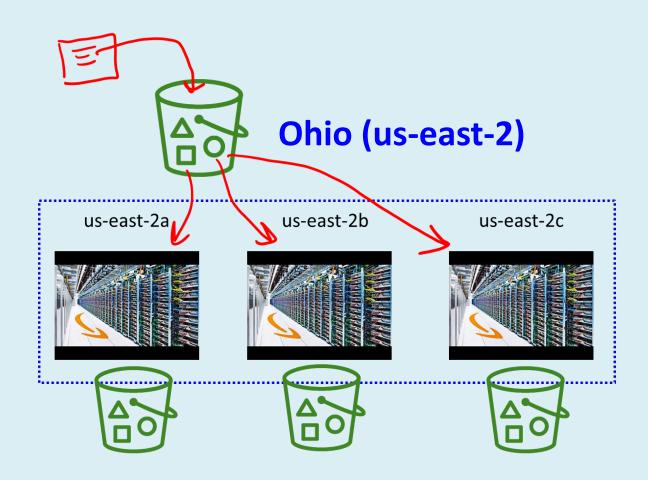
Availability / fault tolerance

- Computers crash, it will happen...
- Only way to keep your system available is with multiple computers
- A system that keeps running in presence of failures is fault tolerant



Example: S3 is fault tolerant

 Buckets are replicated across all sites in a region in case one of the sites loses power / network connectivity...

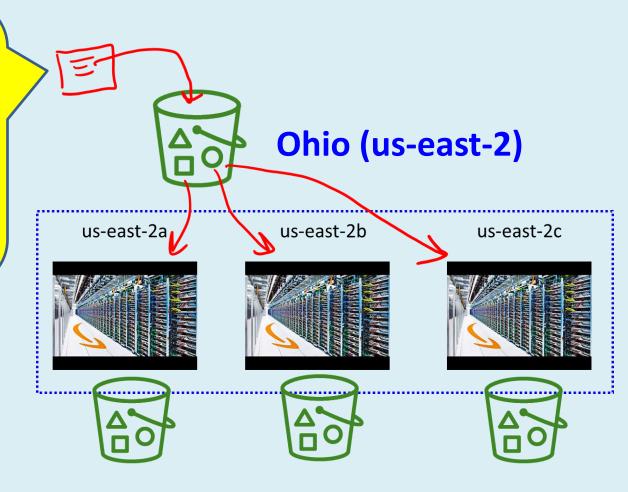


Interesting question...

Replicating data leads to an interesting problem...

If we upload an image to S3, how soon is it available in all 3 sites?

What if a download request is routed to a site that hasn't finished replicating? What happens? What does AWS guarantee, if anything?



Another version of the same question...

- Suppose a bank account has exactly \$1,000
- How does the bank prevent two different people from withdrawing \$1,000 from that account at the same time?







That's it, thank you!