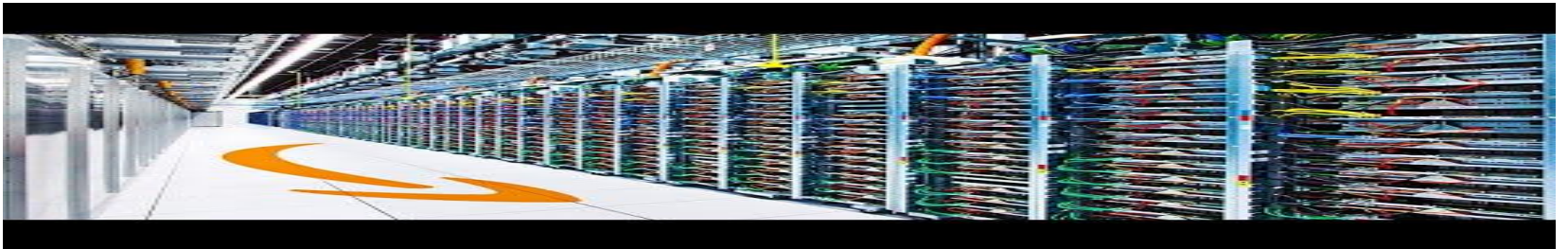


# Software execution and packaging

- Virtual machines
- Software packaging
- Examples
- Trade-offs

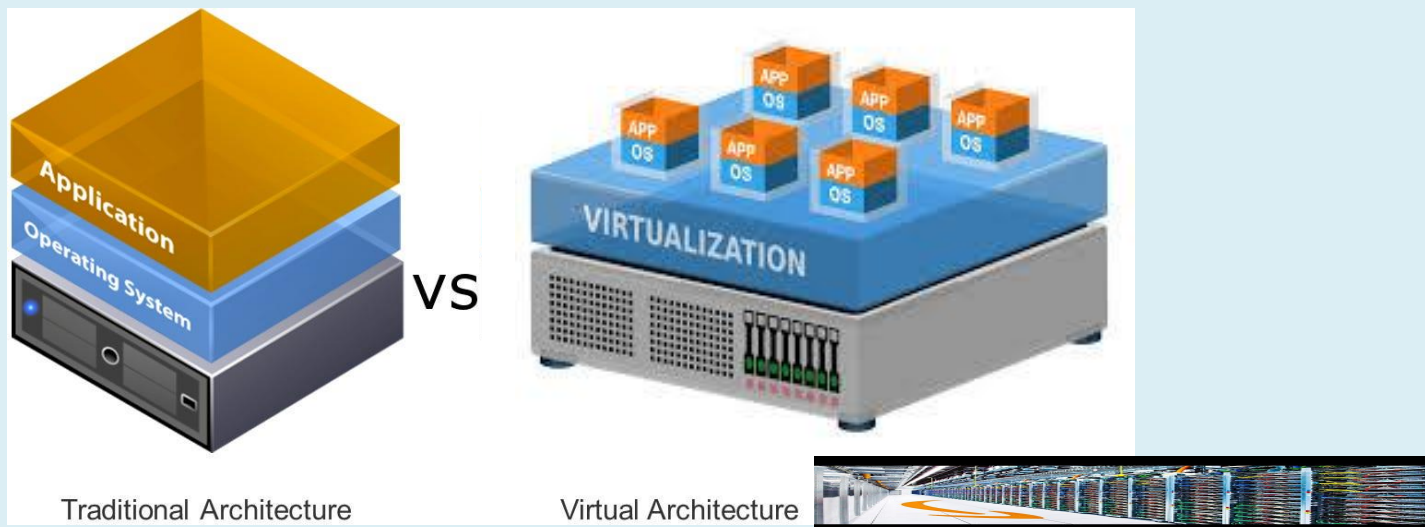


# Software execution



# Virtual machines

- Software runs on a "virtual machine"
- A **virtual machine** is software that acts like a physical machine



# Why not run directly on the hardware?

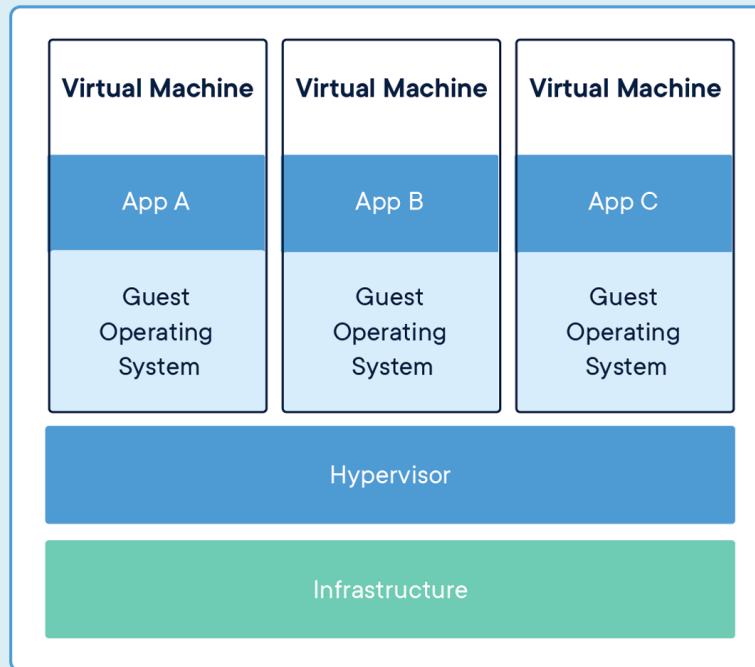
The extra layer(s) introduce complexity and some inefficiency, but...

- Servers are big, share between customers
- Allow software to run anywhere in AWS
- Problems in one app do not impact others
  - *Hardware-enforced isolation between apps...*
- Allows live migration to another machine
  - *e.g. if you need more cores or RAM*

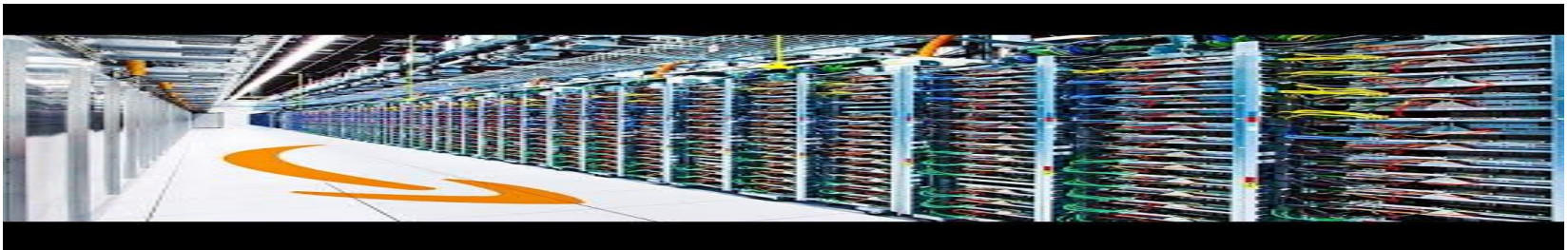
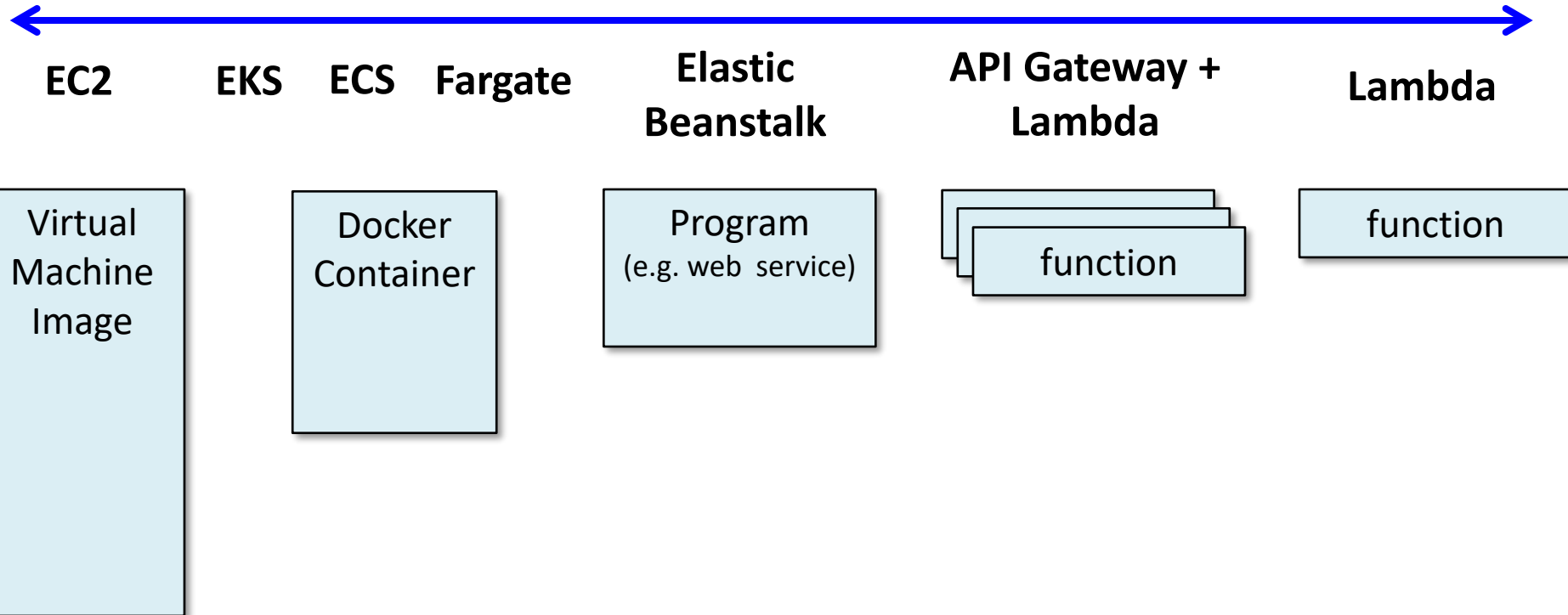


# Example

- My laptop is running Microsoft's Hyper-V
- On top of Hyper-V is Windows and Ubuntu



# Software packaging options

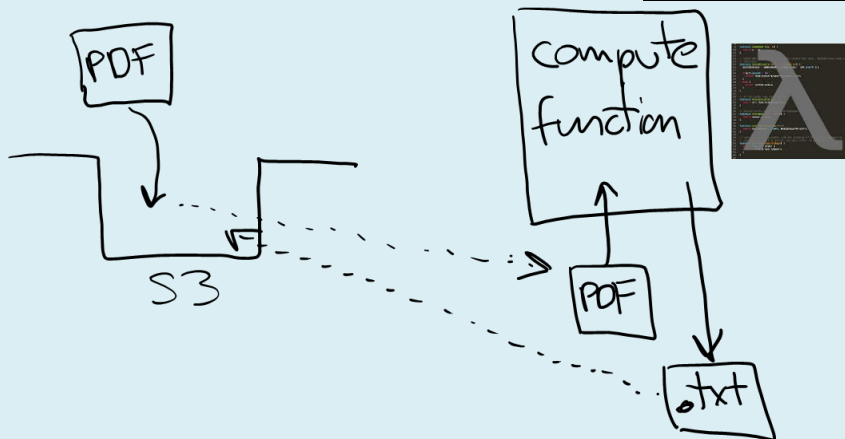


# Example: Project 03

- Used **lambda** to deploy compute function
  - *We configured AWS, uploaded code, and AWS did the rest...*

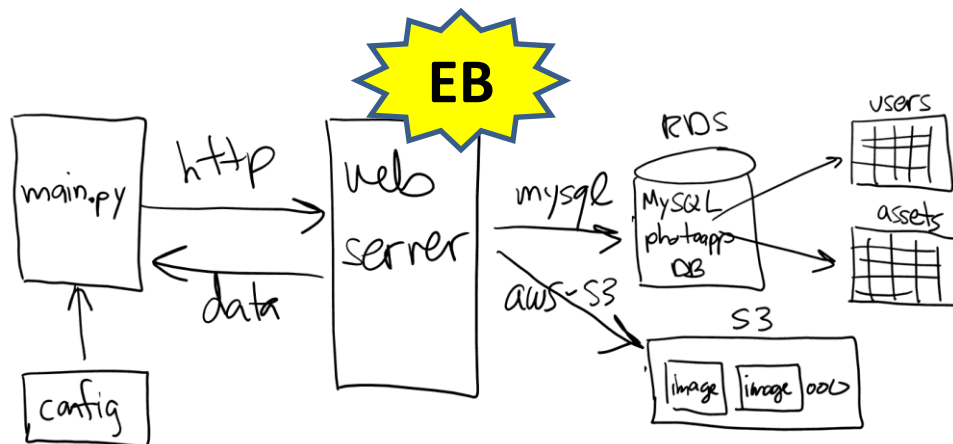
```
AWS CloudShell
us-east-2
[cloudshell-user@ip-10-4-64-228 ~]$

mkdir python
cd python
pip3 install pymysql pypdf typing_extensions==4.6.1 -t .
cd ..
zip -r pymysql-pypdf.zip python
aws s3 cp pymysql-pypdf.zip s3://my-lambda-layers
```



# Example: Project 02

- Used **Elastic Beanstalk** to host our web service
  - *We configured AWS, uploaded .zip, AWS did the rest*

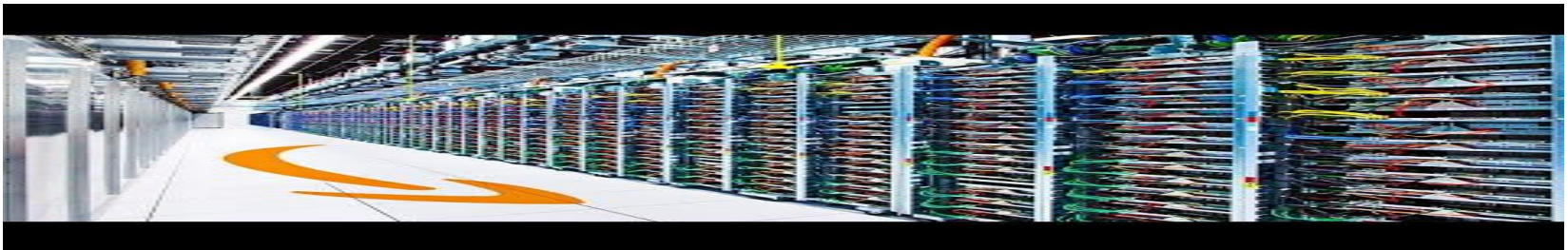
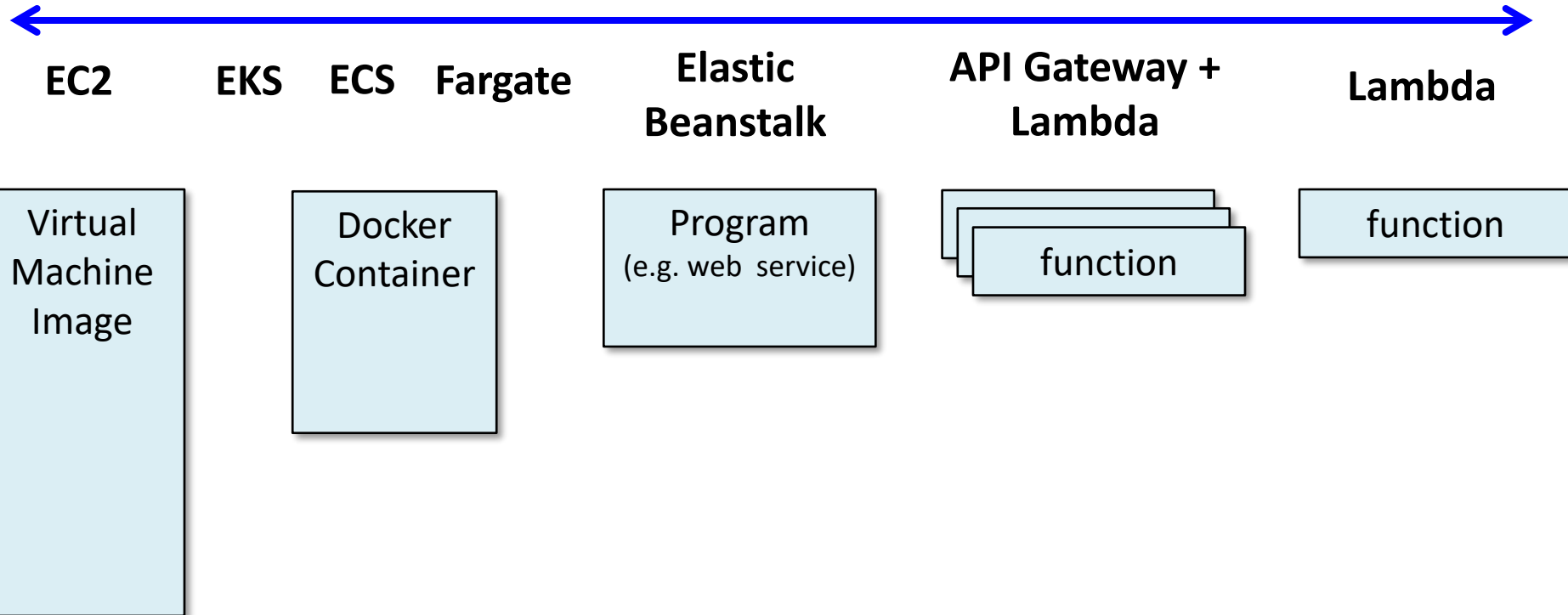


```
1 {
2   "name": "nodejs",
3   "version": "1.0.0",
4   "description": "",
5   "main": "app.js",
6   "scripts": {
7     "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" &&"
8   },
9   "keywords": [],
10  "author": "",
11  "license": "ISC",
12  "dependencies": {
13    "@aws-sdk/client-s3": "^3.669.0",
14    "@aws-sdk/credential-providers": "^3.669.0",
15    "@types/node": "^22.7.4",
16    "aws-sdk": "^2.1691.0",
17    "express": "^4.21.0",
18    "ini": "^5.0.0",
19    "mysql": "^2.18.1",
20    "node-fetch": "^3.3.2",
21    "uuid": "^10.0.0"
22  },
23  "engines": {
24    "node": "18.20.4",
25    "npm": "10.7.0"
26  }
27 }
```

package.json

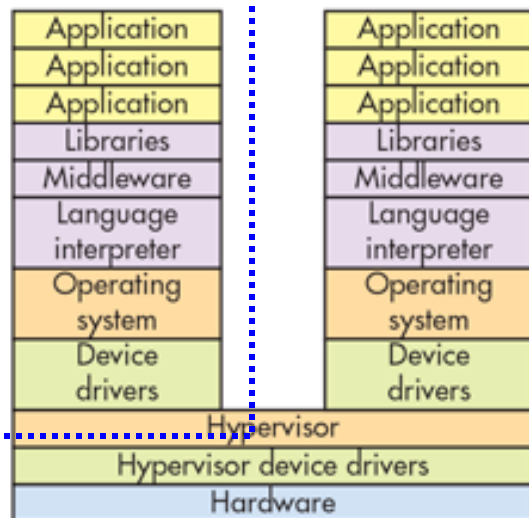


# Software packaging options



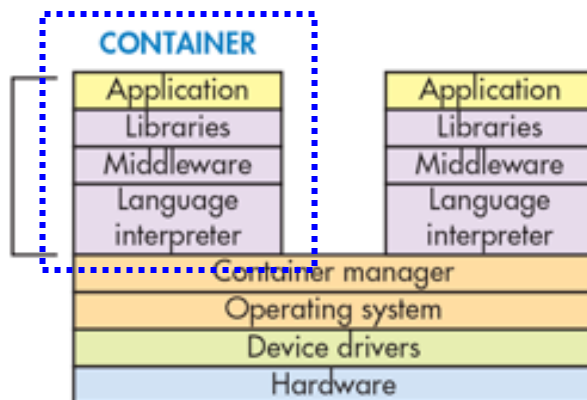
# Software packaging trade-offs

## VIRTUAL MACHINE

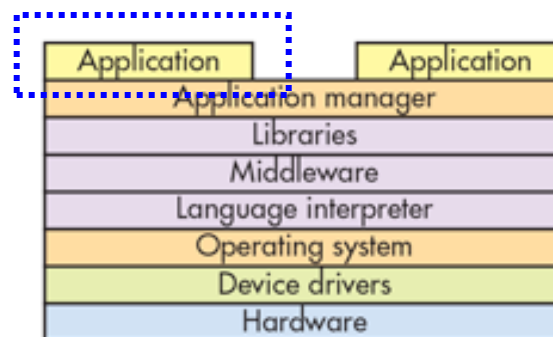


## VIRTUAL MACHINES

## CONTAINER



## CONTAINERS



## SERVERLESS

# Software development operations (DevOps)

Running in AWS frees you from *hardware* concerns, but many software operational concerns remain. These are all called **DevOps**:

- Install and configure 3<sup>rd</sup> party software:
  - *databases, web servers, libraries, distributed caches, message queues, coordination tools, etc.*
- Deploy new versions of your application when released
- Monitor application and OS health:
  - *OS security updates, log files, CPU utilization, cleanup disk space, vacuum database, etc.*
- Manage security:
  - *Configure users, set/rotate passwords/keys, monitor network traffic / logins / access*

**That's it, thank you!**