# Managing Value with Customer Centricity and Advanced Analytics

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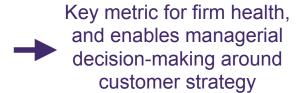
# TODAY'S AGENDA

- Quantifying customer value enables customer-centric managerial decisions
- How customer centricity enables advanced analytics (and vice versa)

# CUSTOMER LIFETIME VALUE (CLV)



Projected value of a given customer to the firm over a well-defined period of time.



You sell software to restaurants, which enables them to integrate mobile and kiosk orders into existing POS system.

#### TYPICAL WAYS CUSTOMERS ARE VALUED

Is customer a good fit?

Does this solve a customer need?

How much have they spent in the past?

Are they happy?



You sell software to restaurants, which enables them to integrate mobile and kiosk orders into existing POS system.



#### "DATA-DRIVEN" VALUATIONS ARE OFTEN MYOPIC

- 1 year contract, revenue = \$100 / mo, cost-to-serve = \$30 / mo
- 1 year x 12 months x (\$100-\$30) = **\$840**

You sell software to restaurants, which enables them to integrate mobile and kiosk orders into existing POS system.



#### SLIGHTLY-LESS MYOPIC VALUATION

What will happen over time?

• E.g., 3% annual increase	In 1st year	In 2nd year	In 3rd year
	¢100 / ma	¢102 / ma	¢106.00 / ma

Revenue	\$100 / mo	\$103 / mo	\$106.09 / mo
	= <b>\$1200</b>	= <b>\$1236</b>	= <b>\$1273</b>
Cost	\$30 / mo	\$30.9 / mo	\$31.83 / mo
	= <b>\$360</b>	= <b>\$370.8</b>	= <b>\$381.92</b>
Annual Profit	\$840	\$865.20	\$891.16

#### **3 YEAR TOTAL**

\$2596.36

You sell software to restaurants, which enables them to integrate mobile and kiosk orders into



# **WE CAN DO BETTER!**

In 2nd year

In 3rd year

#### SLIGHTLY-LESS MYOPIC VALUATION

- What will happen over time?
- E.g., 3% annual increase

	•	•	•
Revenue	\$100 / mo	\$103 / mo	\$106.09 / mo
	= <b>\$1200</b>	= <b>\$1236</b>	= <b>\$1273</b>
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In 1st year

**3 YEAR TOTAL** 

\$2596.36

# FOUR METRICS IN CUSTOMER LIFETIME VALUE

**YIELD** - revenue generated or whatever gives value...

**COST TO SERVE** - COGS, time spent, customer success, maintenance...

**LONGEVITY** - amount of time as customer

**IMMEDIACY** - how quickly yield accrues

## FOUR METRICS IN CUSTOMER LIFETIME VALUE

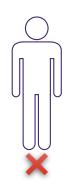
**YIELD** - revenue generated or whatever gives value...

**COST TO SERVE** - COGS, time spent, customer success, maintenance...

**LONGEVITY** - amount of time as customer

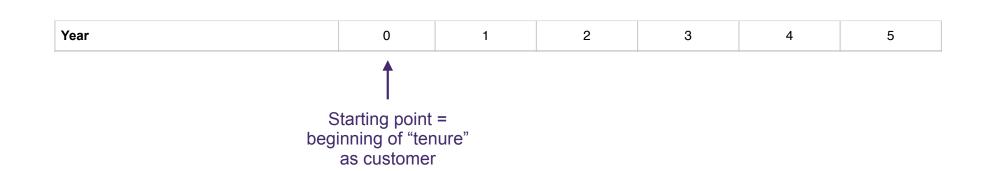
**IMMEDIACY** - how quickly yield accrues

Low spender
High cost
Short time
Revenue over long time





# **CLV STEP 1: CHOOSE TIME HORIZON**



# **CLV STEP 2: MAP OUT REVENUES AND COSTS**

Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
Revenue	\$ -	\$1,200.00	\$1,236.00	\$1,273.08	\$1,311.27	\$1,350.61
Cost to service and market	\$ -	\$360.00	\$370.80	\$381.92	\$393.38	\$405.18
Installation	\$250.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net	-\$250.00	\$840.00	\$865.20	\$891.16	\$917.89	\$945.43

Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
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Avg % remaining in yr	100.0%	95.0%	85.5%	77.0%	69.3%	62.3%

Avg % remaining is average of % that start and end year

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Expected net revenue	-\$250.00	\$798.00	\$739.75	\$685.74	\$635.69	\$589.28

Expected net revenue = % likelihood remaining \* net revenue 0.95 \* \$840

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Expected net revenue	-\$250.00	\$798.00	\$739.75	\$685.74	\$635.69	\$589.28

Expected net revenue = % likelihood remaining \* net revenue 0.855 \* \$865.20

# **CLV STEP 4: TIME VALUE OF MONEY**

discount rate	8%					
Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
Revenue	\$ -	\$1,200.00	\$1,236.00	\$1,273.08	\$1,311.27	\$1,350.61
Cost to service and market	\$ -	\$360.00	\$370.80	\$381.92	\$393.38	\$405.18
Installation	\$250.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
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Net present value	-\$250.00	\$767.88	\$659.09	\$565.72	\$485.58	\$416.79

\$798 (1.08)<sup>0.5</sup>

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		<b>↑</b>	1			
		Ф <b>7</b> 00	#700.75			
		\$798	\$739.75			

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\uparrow & \uparrow \\
\underline{\$798} & \underline{\$739.75} \\
(1.08)^{0.5} & (1.08)^{1.5}
\end{array}$ 

# **CLV STEP 4: TIME VALUE OF MONEY**

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Expected net revenue	-\$250.00	\$798.00	\$739.75	\$685.74	\$635.69	\$589.28
Net present value	-\$250.00	\$767.88	\$659.09	\$565.72	\$485.58	\$416.79
		<b>↑</b>	<b>↑</b>	1		
		\$798	<u>\$739.7</u> 5	\$685.74		
		$(1.08)^{0.5}$	(1.08)	$(1.08)^{2.5}$		

# CLV STEP 5: ADD IT UP!

discount rate	8%					
Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
Revenue	\$ -	\$1,200.00	\$1,236.00	\$1,273.08	\$1,311.27	\$1,350.61
Cost to service and market	\$ -	\$360.00	\$370.80	\$381.92	\$393.38	\$405.18
Installation	\$250.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net	-\$250.00	\$840.00	\$865.20	\$891.16	\$917.89	\$945.43
Attrition	0%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
% Remaining year end	100.0%	90.0%	81.0%	72.9%	65.6%	59.0%
Avg % remaining in yr	100.0%	95.0%	85.5%	77.0%	69.3%	62.3%
Expected net revenue	-\$250.00	\$798.00	\$739.75	\$685.74	\$635.69	\$589.28
Net present value	-\$250.00	\$767.88	\$659.09	\$565.72	\$485.58	\$416.79
Cumulative NPV	-\$250.00	\$517.88	\$1,176.97	\$1,742.69	\$2,228.27	\$2,645.06

# CLV IS A MANAGERIAL TOOL

Many managers think they manage prospects, customers, employees, etc.

CLV allows them to MANAGE VALUE

# CLV IS A **COMPREHENSIVE**, **FORWARD-LOOKING**MEASURE OF VALUE

#### With significant managerial implications

#### **Customer Acquisition**

- What is a reasonable price discount?
- What is the right incentive for the sales team?
- Should we lower upfront fees to join? Can we raise them?

#### **Customer Development**

- What features will appeal to existing customers?
- What incentives can be used to upsell?

#### **Customer Retention**

- Is it worthwhile to increase service levels?
- Should we proactively reduce fees for at-risk customers?

# LTV IS ROBUST TO OTHER CONTEXTS, TOO

#### **Store Management**

- What is the value of each retail outlet?
- · What kinds of resources should · How much should we invest in we dedicate to which brickand-mortar stores?

#### **Employee Development**

- What is the value of each employee?
- which employees?

#### **Operations**

- What is the value of our each plant?
- Which facilities / production capabilities merit which kinds of investments?

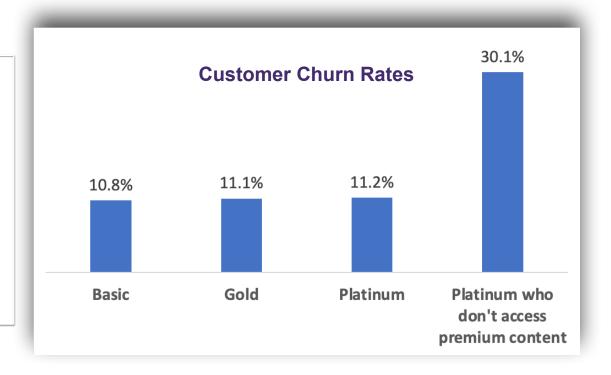
LTV can be a helpful framework anytime you want to empirically estimate the value of some unit over time

# EXAMPLE AT A FINANCIAL SERVICES FIRM

	ACCOUNT FEATURES						
	Basic	Gold	Platinum				
Monthly fee	\$10	\$20	\$30				
Minimum balance	\$1,000	\$10,000	\$10,000				
24/7 support	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>				
# transactions / month	5	10	unlimited				
Access to premium content			<b>✓</b>				

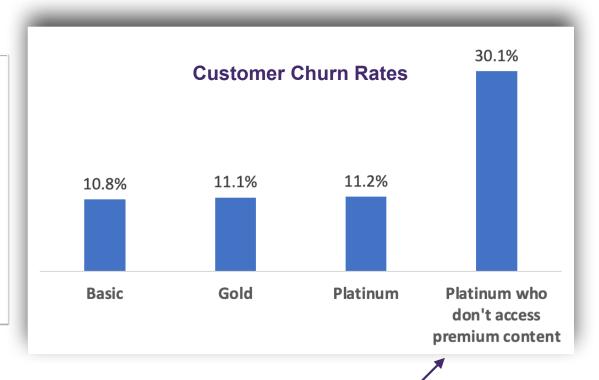
# CUSTOMER SUCCESS TEAM LEARNS...

	ACCOUNT FEATURES							
	Basic	Gold	Platinum					
Monthly fee	\$10	\$20	\$30					
Minimum balance	\$1,000	\$10,000	\$10,000					
24/7 support	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>					
# transactions /	5	10	unlimited					
Access to premium content			<b>~</b>					



# CUSTOMER SUCCESS TEAM LEARNS...

	ACCOUNT FEATURES							
	Basic	Gold	Platinum					
Monthly fee	\$10	\$20	\$30					
Minimum balance	\$1,000	\$10,000	\$10,000					
24/7 support	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>					
# transactions / month	5	10	unlimited					
Access to premium content			✓					



= 10% of all Platinum Customers...New Segment?

# CUSTOMER SUCCESS TEAM LEARNS...

	ACCOUNT FEATURES							
	Basic	Gold	Platinum					
Monthly fee	\$10	\$20	\$30					
Minimum balance	\$1,000	\$10,000	\$10,000					
24/7 support	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>					
# transactions / month	5	10	unlimited					
Access to premium content			<b>~</b>					



Should we move at-risk Platinum to Gold? Which group yields most value?

= 10% of all Platinum
Customers...New Segment?

# CALCULATE CLV FOR AT-RISK GROUP



discount rate	10%					
Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
Revenue	\$ -	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00
Cost	\$ -	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
Net	\$ -	\$160.00	\$160.00	\$160.00	\$160.00	\$160.00
Attrition	0%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
% Remaining year end	100.00%	70.00%	49.00%	34.30%	24.01%	16.81%
Avg % remaining in yr	100.00%	85.00%	59.50%	41.65%	29.16%	20.41%
Expected net revenue	\$ -	\$136.00	\$95.20	\$66.64	\$46.65	\$32.65
Net present value	\$ -	\$129.67	\$82.52	\$52.51	\$33.42	\$21.26
Cumulative NPV	\$ -	\$129.67	\$212.19	\$264.70	\$298.12	\$319.38

# CALCULATE CLV FOR GOLD



discount rate	10%					
Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
Revenue	\$ -	\$240.00	\$240.00	\$240.00	\$240.00	\$240.00
Cost	\$ -	\$130.00	\$130.00	\$130.00	\$130.00	\$130.00
Net	\$ -	\$110.00	\$110.00	\$110.00	\$110.00	\$110.00
Attrition	0%	11%	11%	11%	11%	11%
% Remaining year end	100.00%	88.80%	78.85%	70.02%	62.18%	55.22%
Avg % remaining in yr	100.00%	94.40%	83.83%	74.44%	66.10%	58.70%
Expected net revenue	\$ -	\$103.84	\$92.21	\$81.88	\$72.71	\$64.57
Net present value	\$ -	\$99.01	\$79.93	\$64.52	\$52.09	\$42.05
<b>Cumulative NPV</b>	\$ -	\$99.01	\$178.93	\$243.46	\$295.54	\$337.59

# HERE'S WHAT WE KNOW...

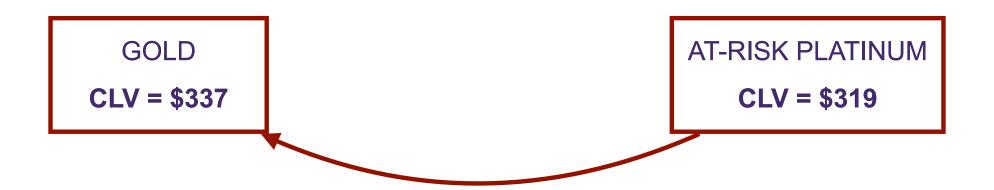
**GOLD** 

CLV = \$337

AT-RISK PLATINUM

CLV = \$319

#### IMPLICATIONS FOR CUSTOMER RETENTION / DEVELOPMENT?



Can spend **up to \$18\*** to move at-risk Platinum to Gold \*assuming that moving them to Gold fully reduces churn from 30% to 11% If no full reduction, what does churn need to become to break-even?

# **BREAK-EVEN? SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS**

#### AT-RISK PLATINUM

CLV = \$319

discount rate	10%					
Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
Revenue	\$ -	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00
Cost	\$ -	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
Net	\$ -	\$160.00	\$160.00	\$160.00	\$160.00	\$160.00
Attrition	0%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
% Remaining year end	100.00%	70.00%	49.00%	34.30%	24.01%	16.81%
Avg % remaining in yr	100.00%	85.00%	59.50%	41.65%	29.16%	20.41%
Expected net revenue	\$ -	\$136.00	\$95.20	\$66.64	\$46.65	\$32.65
Net present value	\$ -	\$129.67	\$82.52	\$52.51	\$33.42	\$21.26
Cumulative NPV	\$ -	\$129.67	\$212.19	\$264.70	\$298.12	\$319.38

# **BREAK-EVEN? SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS**

#### AT-RISK PLATINUM

CLV = \$319

At 27.5% churn, at-risk Platinum = \$337= Gold

discount rate	10%					
Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
Revenue	\$ -	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00
Cost	\$ -	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
Net	\$ -	\$160.00	\$160.00	\$160.00	\$160.00	\$160.00
Attrition	0%	27.5%	27.5%	27.5%	27.5%	27.5%
% Remaining year end	100.00%	72.50%	52.56%	38.11%	27.63%	20.03%
Avg % remaining in yr	100.00%	86.25%	62.53%	45.34%	32.87%	23.83%
Expected net revenue	\$ -	\$138.00	\$100.05	\$72.54	\$52.59	\$38.13
Net present value	\$ -	\$131.58	\$86.72	\$57.16	\$37.67	\$24.83
<b>Cumulative NPV</b>	\$ -	\$131.58	\$218.30	\$275.46	\$313.13	\$337.96

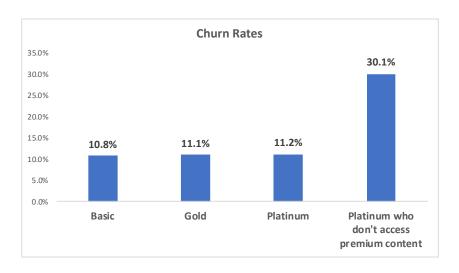
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### ASSUMPTIONS UNDERLYING CLV

**CLV calculation**: the inputs are correct

- Revenues / costs
- Churn rates

#### CLV decision-making: the action we take will cause the CLV to change



Will shifting customers from platinum to gold actually reduce their churn?

Maybe... if our story is correct.

But maybe "Platinum-who-don't-access-premium-content" won't be happy with "gold." Maybe they churn because they want good premium content and they don't like yours. Moving them to "gold" won't reduce churn.

Knowing whether your actions actually work requires rigorous testing.

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# CLV IS A MANAGERIAL TOOL

Many managers think they manage prospects, customers, employees, etc.

CLV allows them to MANAGE VALUE

# YOUR HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT

- FinGain, part 1: practicing what you've already done
- FinGain, part 2: going a little deeper

	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G
1	discount rate						
2							
3							
4				Pred	icted Attrition	in	
	New Agency	Predicted Return in					
5	ID	Year 1	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5
6	1001	\$ 147,510.00	0.095	0.055	0.040	0.065	0.060
7	1002	\$ 72,980.00	0.055	0.025	0.060	0.090	0.110
8	1003	\$ 278,000.00	0.120	0.056	0.020	0.055	0.055
9	1004	\$ 202,170.00	0.075	0.050	0.030	0.015	0.030
10	1005	\$ 262,570.00	0.090	0.054	0.032	0.055	0.040
11	1006	\$ 257,220.00	0.105	0.054	0.028	0.045	0.035
12	1007	\$ 266,630.00	0.055	0.041	0.024	0.045	0.040
13	1008	\$ 185,060.00	0.110	0.059	0.026	0.085	0.040
14	1009	\$ 236,730.00	0.085	0.051	0.017	0.070	0.025
15	1010	\$ 183,190.00	0.055	0.025	0.010	0.030	0.015
16	1011	\$ 162,240.00	0.100	0.054	0.032	0.055	0.035
17	1012	\$ 247,300.00	0.080	0.061	0.027	0.065	0.045
18	1013	\$ 198,360.00	0.115	0.069	0.105	0.080	0.040
19	1014	\$ 210,430.00	0.090	0.051	0.020	0.065	0.035
20	1015	\$ 140,630.00	0.065	0.027	0.012	0.060	0.025
21	1016	\$ 133,730.00	0.075	0.057	0.030	0.060	0.055
22	1017	\$ 279,900.00	0.105	0.057	0.023	0.090	0.025
23	1018	\$ 129,550.00	0.115	0.061	0.021	0.100	0.040
24	1019	\$ 236,230.00	0.050	0.040	0.018	0.015	0.010
25	1020	\$ 210,370.00	0.050	0.040	0.024	0.045	0.035
26	1021	\$ 239,940.00	0.080	0.034	0.045	0.040	0.085
27	1022	\$ 82,960.00	0.065	0.032	0.014	0.050	0.025
28	1023	\$ 261,920.00	0.125	0.065	0.033	0.090	0.050