



Library Indian Institute of Science Education and Research Mohali



DSpace@IISERMohali / Thesis & Dissertation / Master of Science / MS-15

Please use this identifier to cite or link to this item: http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/1468

Title: Understanding the defects associated with High Sugar Diet in the midgut of Drosophila

Authors: Farzana, N.

Keywords: Life Cycle of Drosophila melanogaster

Immunohistochemistry

Glycolysis

Drosophila as a model system

Issue

Jun-2020

Date:

IISER Mohali

Publisher: Abstract:

Diet is one of the most important factors in the maintenance of an individual's good health. Altered food habit that includes excessive consumption of carbohydrate-rich diets, has contributed significantly to the global rise of patients with diet-induced diabetes. Considering the alarming effects of diet-induced diabetes on human health and physiology, it has become imperative to understand the molecular basis of the defects in order to design therapeutic strategies. The genetically amenable model organism, Drosophila melanogaster, has come up as a wonderful model organism for this study, primarily because of significant conservation of genes and signaling pathways between Drosophila and mammals. In this study, we tried to analyze the effects of high sugar diet on the midgut of Drosophila by rearing them on high sugar diet (1M), as opposed to rearing them on diet with normal sugar (0.1M). Our results show that with an increase in the number of days, flies reared on high sugar diet demonstrate a gradual reduction in the size of the midgut cells, with a concomitant increase in cell death and a decrease in the rate of cell proliferation as compared to normal feeding flies. We also studied the impact of high sugar diet on the carbohydrate metabolic pathways. We saw changes in the transcript levels of carbohydrate metabolic pathway enzymes. We looked into the transcript level of the glycolytic enzyme, Hexokinase, and Phosphofructokinase. The transcript level of Hexokinase decreases while there was no significant change in the transcript level of Phosphofructokinase.

URI:

http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/1468

Appears in

Collections:

Files in This Item:

MS-15

File	Description	Size	Format	
Thesis MS15145.pdf		1.78 MB	Adobe PDF	View/Open

Show full item record



Items in DSpace are protected by copyright, with all rights reserved, unless otherwise indicated.

