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Please use this identifier to cite or link to this item: http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/48 Title: Conformational behavior of polypeptides derived through simultaneous global conservative sitedirected mutagenesis of chymotrypsin inhibitor 2 Authors: Guptasarma, P. (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Guptasarma%2C+P.) Chymotrypsin inhibitor Kevwords: Chymotrypsin inhibitor 2 Polypeptide Unclassified drug Genetic variability Issue Date: Publisher: Elsevier B.V. Citation: Biochimica et Biophysica Acta - Proteins and Proteomics, 1784 (5), pp. 796-805. Abstract: The natural occurrence of conservative residue substitutions in proteins suggests that side-chain packing schemes in protein interiors can accommodate mutational replacements of residues by others of similar nature. To explore the extent to which such substitutions are tolerated, especially when introduced simultaneously and globally over the entire length of a polypeptide chain, we examined the conformational behavior of a model 65 residues-long protein, wild-type chymotrypsin inhibitor 2 (WTCl2), and two globally-mutated (GM) variants named GMCl2-1 and GMCl2-2, each incorporating 55 conservative residue substitutions. GMCI2-1, was soluble over a wide range of pH, and folded into a compact, spherical, monomer marked by (i) complete absence of surface hydrophobicity, (ii) a WTCl2-like betall-type CD spectrum, (iii) high WTCl2-like thermal stability, and (d) 1D and 2D NMR spectra characteristic of folded protein structure. GMCI2-2 was insoluble over a wide range of pH, and could be solubilized only at pH 4.0, showing non-WTCI2-like far-UV CD spectra characterized by high helical content. These results tentatively indicate that polypeptides incorporating residues of identical nature at equivalent chain locations can show the potential to fold with similar characteristics. However, further detailed investigations would be required to determine whether indeed the structural fold of GMCl2-1 resembles that of WTCl2, and to evaluate the extent to which it does so. URI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.bbapap.2008.01.023 (http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.bbapap.2008.01.023) http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1570963908000435 (http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1570963908000435) Appears in Research Articles (/jspui/handle/123456789/9) Collections:

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