



Library Indian Institute of Science Education and Research Mohali



DSpace@IISERMohali (/jspui/)

/ Publications of IISER Mohali (/jspui/handle/123456789/4)

/ Research Articles (/jspui/handle/123456789/9)


Please use this identifier to cite or link to this item: <http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/1834>

Title:	Microlithic, faunal, floral and isotopic data from an archaeological site 14C dated to LGM in the eastern state of Odisha, India
Authors:	Chauhan, Parth R. (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Chauhan%2C+Parth+R.)
Keywords:	Radiocarbon dates Microliths Stable isotopes Mammals
Issue Date:	2019
Publisher:	Elsevier
Citation:	Quaternary International, 528, pp. 138-146.
Abstract:	The eastern state of Odisha, India is well known for its rich microlithic assemblages; over 400 sites have been reported, including some with tools for heavy-duty tasks. However, due to the lack of associated vertebrate fossils from stratified horizons and absolute dates, their antiquity and associated environments are yet to be established. We report here, for the first time, in situ fossils of a ruminant 14C dated to 17,875 cal BP associated with microliths from a stratified Quaternary sequence exposed at Pratappur, District Mayurbhanj, Odisha. The dental remains of ruminants are taxonomically identified to be those of the cervid <i>Rusa unicolor</i> (sambar) and an unidentified bovid. Stable carbon and oxygen isotope values ($\delta^{13}C = 1.9\text{‰}$; $\delta^{18}O = -1.83\text{‰}$, VPDB) on the <i>Rusa unicolor</i> tooth reveal that it was a C4 grazer and lived in an arid environment during the end of the Last Glacial Maximum. However, the bovid-yielding carbonaceous sediments that lie immediately above the <i>R. unicolor</i> horizon have yielded a large number of pollen and spores, belonging to moist deciduous forest suggesting moderate rainfall. Pollens belong to brackish mangrove <i>Nypa</i> and <i>Barringtonia</i> indicating tidal influence and the existence of a coastal environment nearby.
Description:	Only IISERM authors are available in the record.
URI:	https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1040618218309923 (https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1040618218309923) http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/1834 (http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/1834)
Appears in Collections:	Research Articles (/jspui/handle/123456789/9)

Files in This Item:

File	Description	Size	Format	
Need to add pdf.odt (/jspui/bitstream/123456789/1834/1/Need%20to%20add%20pdf.odt)		8.63 kB	OpenDocument Text	View/Open (/jspui/bitstream/123456789/1834/1/Need%20to%20add%20pdf.odt)

Show full item record (/jspui/handle/123456789/1834?mode=full)

 (/jspui/handle/123456789/1834/statistics)

Items in DSpace are protected by copyright, with all rights reserved, unless otherwise indicated.