

Library Indian Institute of Science Education and Research Mohali



DSpace@IISERMohali (/jspui/)

- / Publications of IISER Mohali (/jspui/handle/123456789/4)
- / Research Articles (/jspui/handle/123456789/9)

Title:	Combined explanations of the b→sµ+µ− and b→cτ−¯v anomalies: A general model analysis
Authors:	Kumar, J. (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Kumar%2C+J.) London, D. (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=London%2C+D.) Watanabe, R. (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Watanabe%2C+R.)
Keywords:	Anomalie Predominantly Leptoquarks
Issue Date:	2019
Publisher:	American Physical Society
Citation:	Physical Review D, 99(1)
Abstract:	There are four models of tree-level new physics (NP) that can potentially simultaneously explain theb \to sµþµ-andb \to c τ -Vanomalies. They are theS3,U3andU1leptoquarks (LQs), and a triplet ofstandard-model-like vector bosons (VB's). Under the theoretical assumption that the NP couplespredominantly to the third generation, previous analyses found that, when constraints from other processesare taken into account, theS3,U3andVBmodels cannot explain theBanomalies, butU1is viable. In thispaper, we reanalyze these models, but without any assumption about their couplings. We find that, even inthis most general case,S3andU3are excluded. For theU1model, constraints from the semileptonic lepton-flavor-violating (LFV) processesB \to Kô Pµ $\tau \mp$, $\tau \to$ µ ϕ andY \to µ τ , which have been largely ignoredpreviously, are found to be very important. Because of the LFV constraints, the pattern of couplings of theU1LQ is similar to that obtained withe above theoretical assumption. Also, the LFV constraints renderunimportant those constraints obtained using the renormalization group equations. As for theVBmodel, itis excluded if the above theoretical assumption is made due to the additional constraints fromB0s-B0smixing, $\tau \to$ 3µand $\tau \to$ µ $\tau \to$ 0. By contrast, we find a different set of NP couplings that both explain theb \to sµ $\tau \to$ 1 panomaly and is compatible with all constraints. However, it does not reproduce the measuredvalues of theb \to c $\tau \to$ 1 vanomalies—it would be viable only if future measurements find the the central values of these anomalies are reduced. Even so, this VBmodel is excluded by the LHC bounds on high-mass resonant dimuon pairs. This conclusion is reached without any assumption about the NP couplings
URI:	https://journals.aps.org/prd/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevD.99.015007 (https://journals.aps.org/prd/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevD.99.015007) http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/2368 (http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/2368)
Appears in Collections:	Research Articles (/jspui/handle/123456789/9)

Files in This Item:				
File	Description	Size	Format	
Need to add pdf.odt (/jspui/bitstream/123456789/2368/1/Need%20to%20add%20pdf.odt)		8.63 kB	OpenDocument Text	View/Open (/jspui/bitstream/12345

Show full item record (/jspui/handle/123456789/2368?mode=full)

. I (/jspui/handle/123456789/2368/statistics)

Items in DSpace are protected by copyright, with all rights reserved, unless otherwise indicated.