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Title:	(2021).Continuous demixing transition of binary liquids: Finite-size scaling from the analysis of sub-systems.
Authors:	Pathania, Yogyataa (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Pathania%2C+Yogyataa) Chakraborty, Dipanjan (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Chakraborty%2C+Dipanjan)
Keywords:	Binary Liquids Continuous Demixing Transition
Issue Date:	2021
Publisher:	Wiley
Citation:	Advanced Theory and Simulations, 4(4).
Abstract:	A binary liquid near its consolute point exhibits critical fluctuations of local composition and a diverging correlation length. The method of choice to calculate critical points in the phase diagram is a finite-size scaling analysis, based on a sequence of simulations with widely different system sizes. Modern, massively parallel hardware facilitates that instead cubic sub-systems of one large simulation are used. Here, this alternative is applied to a symmetric binary liquid at critical composition and different routes to the critical temperature are compared: 1) fitting critical divergences of the composition structure factor, 2) scaling of fluctuations in sub-volumes, and 3) applying the cumulant intersection criterion to sub-systems. For the last route, two difficulties arise: sub-volumes are open systems, for which no precise estimate of the critical Binder cumulant U_c is available. Second, the boundaries of the simulation box interfere with the sub-volumes, which is resolved here by a two-parameter finite-size scaling. The implied modification to the data analysis restores the common intersection point, yielding $U_c = 0.201 \pm 0.001$, universal for cubic Ising-like systems with free boundaries. Confluent corrections to scaling, which arise for small sub-system sizes, are quantified and the data are compatible with the universal correction exponent $\omega \approx 0.83$.
Description:	Only IISER Mohali authors are available in the record.
URI:	https://doi.org/10.1002/adts.202000235 (https://doi.org/10.1002/adts.202000235) http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/5200 (http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/5200)
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