

Library Indian Institute of Science Education and Research Mohali



DSpace@IISERMohali (/jspui/)

Collections:

- / Publications of IISER Mohali (/jspui/handle/123456789/4)
- / Research Articles (/jspui/handle/123456789/9)

Please use this identifier to cite or link to this item: http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/5047 Title: Ultrathin picoscale white light interferometer Authors: Dahiya, Sunil (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Dahiya%2C+Sunil) Tyagi, Akansha (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Tyagi%2C+Akansha) Mandal, Ankur (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Mandal%2C+Ankur) Singh, Kamal P. (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Singh%2C+Kamal+P.) Keywords: Ultrathin picoscale interferometer Issue Date: 2022 Publisher: Springer Nature Citation: Scientific Reports, 12(1), 8656. Abstract: White light interferometry is a well established technique with diverse precision applications, however, the conventional interferometers such as Michelson, Mach-Zehnder or Linnik are large in size, demand tedious alignment for obtaining white light fringes, require noise-isolation techniques to achieve sub-nanometric stability and importantly, exhibit unbalanced dispersion causing uncertainty in absolute zero delay reference. Here, we demonstrate an ultrathin white light interferometer enabling picometer resolution by exploiting the wavefront division of a broadband incoherent light beam after transmission through a pair of micrometer thin identical glass plates. Spatial overlap between the two diffracted split wavefronts readily produce highcontrast and stable white light fringes, with unambiguous reference to absolute zero path-delay position. The colored fringes evolve when one of the ultrathin plates is rotated to tune the interferometer with picometric resolution over tens of µm range. Our theoretical analysis validates formation of fringes and highlights self-calibration of the interferometer for picoscale measurements. We demonstrate measurement of coherence length of several broadband incoherent sources as small as a few micrometer with picoscale resolution. Furthermore, we propose a versatile double-pass configuration using the ultrathin interferometer enabling a sample cavity for additional applications in probing dynamical properties of matter. Only IISER Mohali authors are available in the record. Description: URI: https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-022-12620-8 (https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-022-12620-8) http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/5047 (http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/5047) Appears in Research Articles (/jspui/handle/123456789/9)

Files in This Item:				
File	Description	Size	Format	
Need To AddFull Text_PDF.		15.36	Unknown	View/Open (/jspui/l

kB

(/jspui/bitstream/123456789/5047/1/Need%20To%20Add%e2%80%a6Full%20Text_PDF.)

Show full item record (/jspui/handle/123456789/5047?mode=full)

■ (/jspui/handle/123456789/5047/statistics)

Items in DSpace are protected by copyright, with all rights reserved, unless otherwise indicated.