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| Title:                  | TLR9 signalling activation via direct ligation and its functional consequences in CD4 + T cells   |
| Authors:                | Kumar, Rajendra (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Kumar%2C+Rajendra)   |
| Keywords:               | TLR9 signalling activation<br>functional consequences in CD4 + T cells  |
| Issue Date:             | 2022  |
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| Abstract:               | CpG Oligodeoxynucleotides (ODNs) are established TLR9 ligands; however, their functional responses in CD4+ T cells are believed to be independent of TLR9 and MyD88. We studied ligand-receptor interactions of ODN 2216 and TLR9 in human CD4+ T cells and assessed their consequences in terms of TLR9 signalling and cell phenotype. We demonstrated that the uptake of ODN 2216, a synthetic TLR9 agonist, is controlled by TLR9 signalling molecules and results in an increase in the expression of TLR9 signalling molecules, regulated via a feedback mechanism. Next, the uptake of ODN 2216 resulted in TLR9 signalling dependent but MyD88 independent increase in expression of TGF- $\beta$ . Finally, ODN 2216 treated CD4+ T cells showed an anti-inflammatory phenotype that was similar to Th3 type of regulatory T cells. These Th3-like cells were able to suppress the proliferation of untreated CD4+ T cells. Collectively, our results demonstrate a direct and interdependent relationship between ODN 2216 uptake and TLR9 signalling in CD4+ T cells. Our findings thus pave the way for future research to explore direct modulation of adaptive immune cells, using innate immune ligands, to subvert exaggerated inflammatory responses. |
| Description:            | Only IISERM authors are available in the record.  |
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