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| Title:                  | Conventional superconductivity in the type-II Dirac semimetal PdTe <sub>2</sub>   |
| Authors:                | Das, Shekhar (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Das%2C+Shekhar)<br>Amit (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Amit)<br>Sirohi, Anshu (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Sirohi%2C+Anshu)<br>Yadav, Lalit (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Yadav%2C+Lalit)<br>Gayen, Sirshendu (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Gayen%2C+Sirshendu)<br>Singh, Yogesh (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Singh%2C+Yogesh)<br>Sheet, G. (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Sheet%2C+G.)   |
| Keywords:               | Tellurium compounds<br>Temperature dependence<br>Bardeen-Cooper-Schrieffer<br>Transition metals   |
| Issue Date:             | 2018  |
| Publisher:              | American Physical Society   |
| Citation:               | Physical Review B, 97(1).   |
| Abstract:               | The transition metal dichalcogenide PdTe <sub>2</sub> was recently shown to be a unique system where a type-II Dirac semimetallic phase and a superconducting phase coexist. This observation has led to wide speculation on the possibility of the emergence of an unconventional topological superconducting phase in PdTe <sub>2</sub> . Here, through direct measurement of the superconducting energy gap by scanning tunneling spectroscopy, and temperature and magnetic-field evolution of same, we show that the superconducting phase in PdTe <sub>2</sub> is conventional in nature. The superconducting energy gap is measured to be 326 $\mu$ eV at 0.38 K, and it follows a temperature dependence that is well described within the framework of Bardeen-Cooper-Schrieffer's theory of conventional superconductivity. This is surprising because our quantum oscillation measurements confirm that at least one of the bands participating in transport has topologically nontrivial character. |
| URI:                    | <a href="https://journals.aps.org/prb/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevB.97.014523">https://journals.aps.org/prb/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevB.97.014523</a><br>( <a href="https://journals.aps.org/prb/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevB.97.014523">https://journals.aps.org/prb/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevB.97.014523</a> )<br><a href="http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/2173">http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/2173</a> ( <a href="http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/2173">http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/2173</a> )   |
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