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| Title: | Carbinol mediated clusterization of Nickel(II) ions in a Schiff base backbone: Structural & solution properties, phosphoester cleavage activity including theoretical support |
| Authors: | Dey, D. (/jspui/browse?type=author&value=Dey%2C+D.) |
| Keywords: | Nickel(II) Schiff base Bridging ligand Crystal structure |
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| Abstract: | In this study, the significant role of carbinol in the construction of a tetranickel(II) cluster, $[\text{Ni}_4(\mu\text{-OHCH}_3)_2(\text{L})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{OH})_2] \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ (1) with a compartmental Schiff base, $[\text{H}_3\text{L} = \text{N,N'-bis(3-methoxysalicylidene)-1,3-diamino-2-propanol}]$ is reported and emphasized. The tetranickel cluster crystallizes in a monoclinic system with $\text{P}2_1/\text{n}$ space group. The tetranickel(II) core exists in a dicubane structure adopting octahedral geometry for each nickel(II) centres. In forming tetrametallic core, carbinol as solvent molecules exhibit its uniqueness through versatile coordination motifs (bridging-, terminal- and solvent of crystallization) in assembling four nickel(II) ion with two Schiff base units. Hirshfeld analysis for 1 defines pivotal role of MeOH in construction of long range crystalline architecture. Examination of its ability towards cleavage of phosphoesterase bonds using 4-nitrophenylphosphate (PNPP) in carbinol authenticates its excellent cleavage efficiency with rate constant $1.61 \times 10^{-4} \text{ min}^{-1}$. Presence of coordinated methanol molecules at Ni(II) centre as well as multiple reaction centres in tetra-nickel(II) core remain the driving force for the phosphatase activity. Outcomes from extensive density functional theory (DFT) justify well the experimental observations. |
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