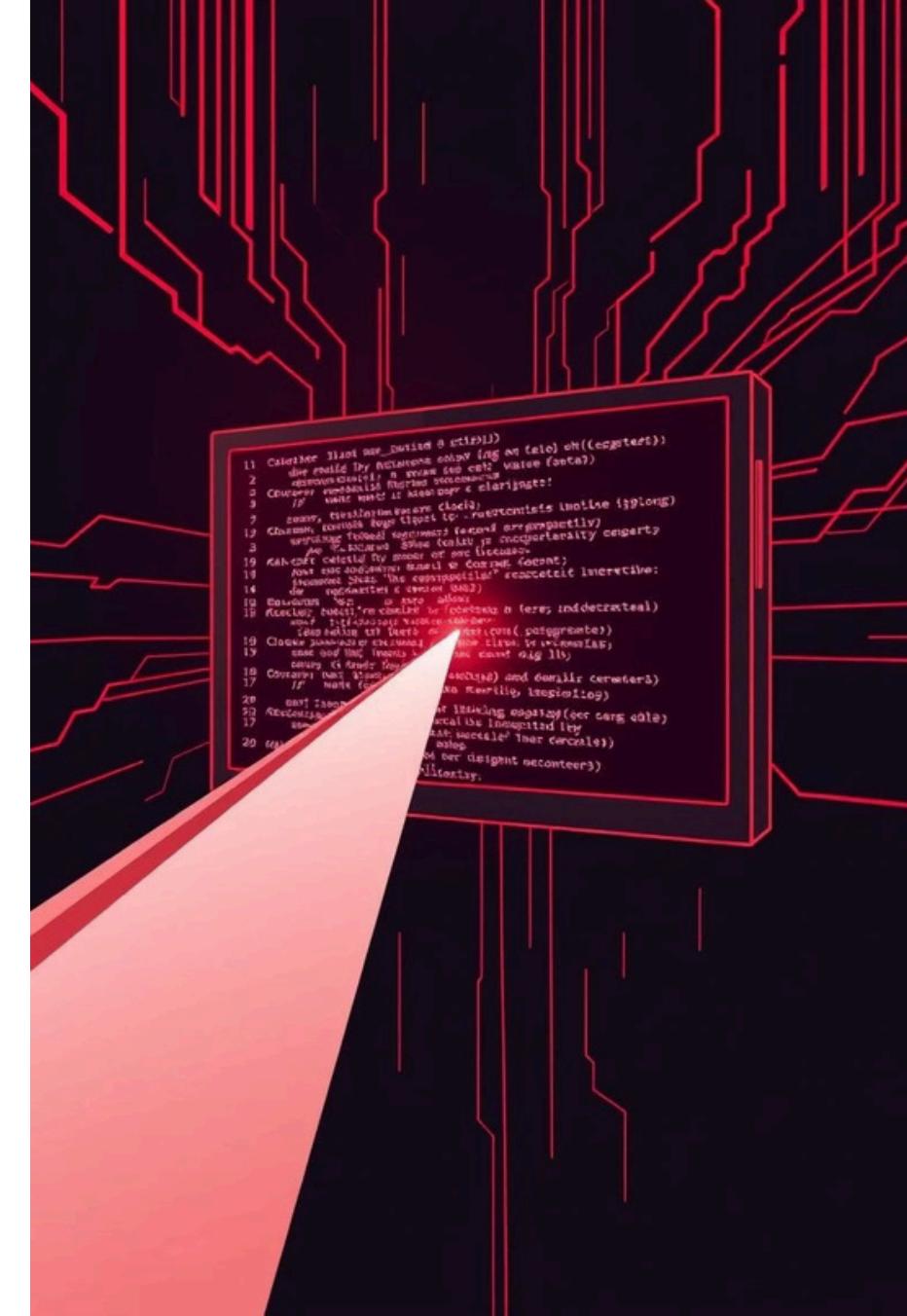


Building a Command-Line Quiz Application

This presentation explores the architecture and functionality of a robust command-line quiz application, designed for creating, administering, and managing interactive quizzes using C++.



Program Overview: Core Functionality

The quiz application provides a comprehensive suite of features for both quiz creators and participants. It supports dynamic quiz creation, interactive question presentation, and persistent data storage, all managed through a command-line interface.

Create & Manage Quizzes

Add new questions, define answer options, and specify correct answers.

Administer Quizzes

Guide users through questions, collect responses, and track scores.

Save & Load Data

Persist quiz data to files and load existing quizzes for continued use.

Core Program Flow

The application's lifecycle, driven by the Quiz class methods, orchestrates the entire user experience from initialization to data persistence.



Program starts, potentially loading an existing quiz.

Users add new questions or modify existing quizzes.



Questions are presented, user input is received, and scores tracked.

Quiz data is persisted to a specified file for future use.

Data Structures: Question Class

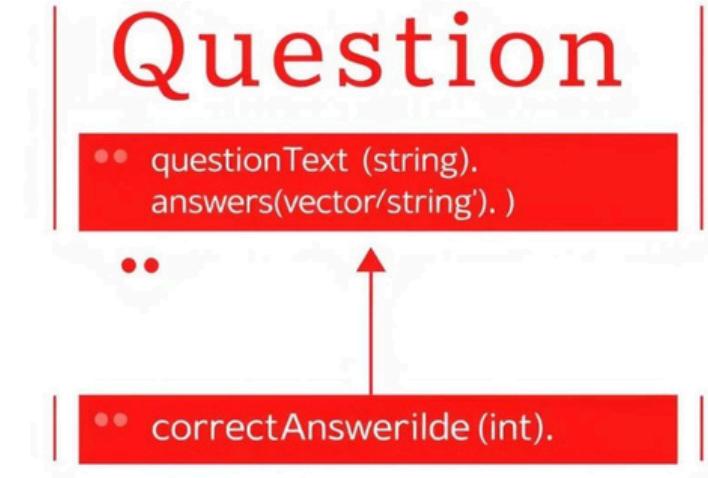
The `Question` class is fundamental to the quiz application, encapsulating all necessary details for a single quiz item.

i Purpose

Represents a single quiz question with its text, possible answers, and the correct answer index.

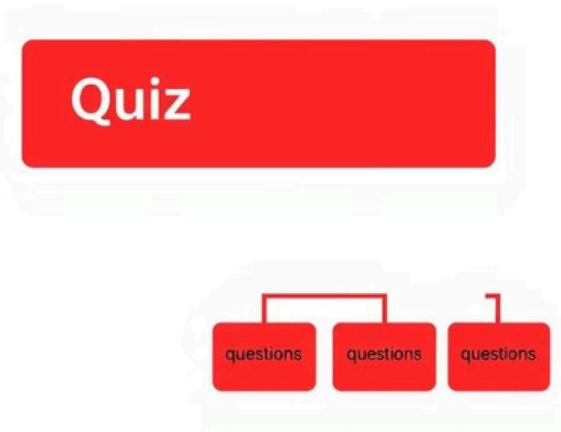
- `questionText: std::string` - The actual text of the question (e.g., "What is the capital of France?").
- `answers: std::vector` - A dynamic array holding multiple-choice options (e.g., {"London", "Paris", "Berlin"}).
- `correctAnswerIndex: int` - The 0-based index within the vector corresponding to the correct answer.

`answers`



Data Structures: Quiz Class

The `Quiz` class serves as the central container, managing a collection of `Question` objects to form a complete quiz.



i Purpose

Represents an entire quiz, acting as a collection of `Question` objects.

- `questions: std::vector` - A dynamic array that holds all the `Question` objects making up the quiz, allowing for a variable number of questions.

The Quiz-Taking Process: Iteration & Interaction

The `takeQuiz()` method orchestrates the interactive quiz experience, guiding users through each question and capturing their responses.

Iterate Questions

Loop through all `Question` objects stored in the `Quiz`.

Present Question & Options

Display `questionText` and all `answers` to the user.

Receive User Input

Prompt the user for their chosen answer.

Evaluate Answer

Compare user's choice against `correctAnswerIndex`.

Track Score

Update the user's score or results based on correctness.

Quiz Persistence: Saving & Loading Data

Ensuring data durability, the `saveToFile()` and `loadFromFile()` methods enable users to retain and resume their quiz data seamlessly.

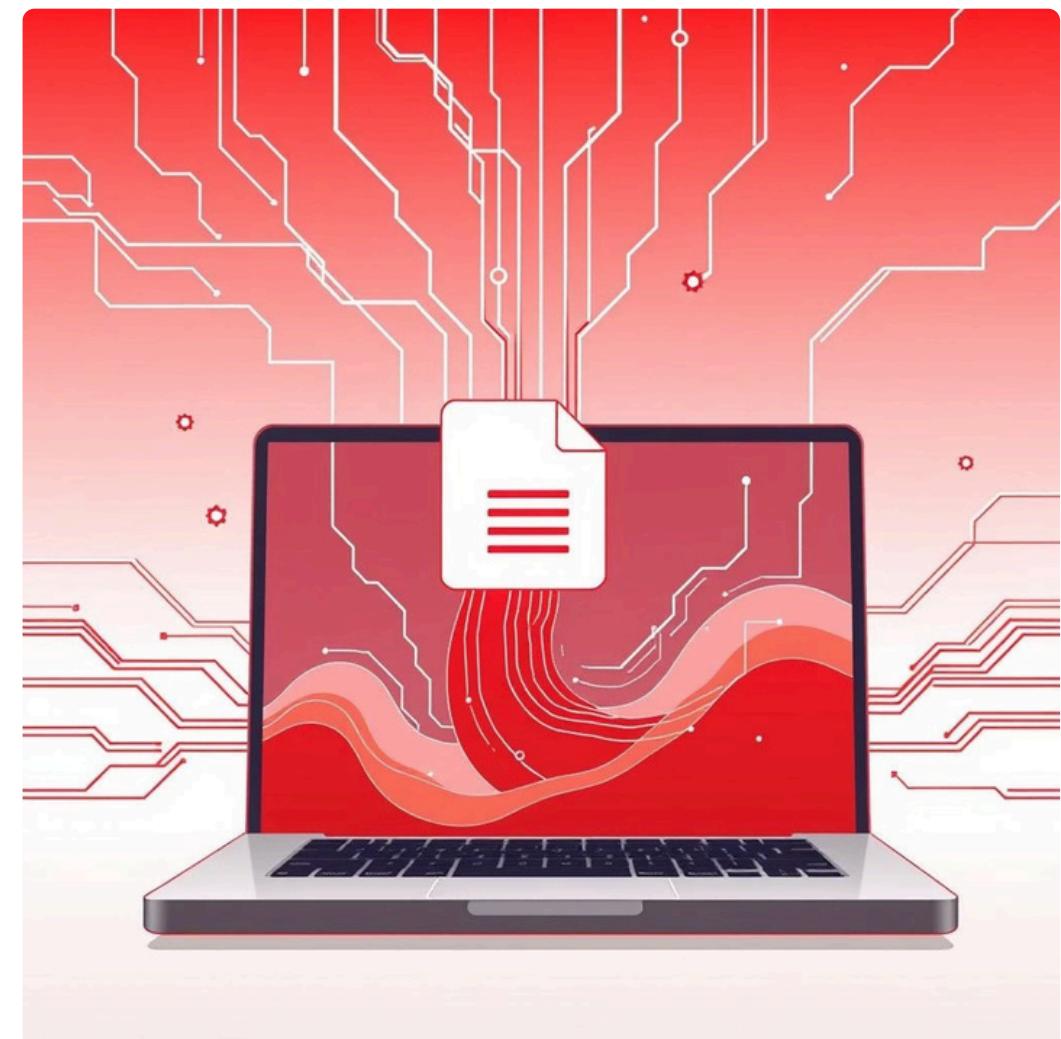
Saving Quiz Data

The `saveToFile(std::string filename)` method serializes the **Quiz** object's contents into a specified file format (e.g., JSON or plain text), ensuring that all questions, answers, and correct indices are preserved. This allows quizzes to be shared, backed up, and reloaded later without manual re-entry.



Loading Quiz Data

Conversely, `loadFromFile(std::string filename)` reads data from a previously saved file, reconstructing the **Quiz** object and its constituent **Question** objects. This process includes parsing the file content to correctly populate `questionText`, `answers`, and `correctAnswerIndex` for each question.



Key Takeaways

The command-line quiz application demonstrates effective object-oriented design for a practical utility, emphasizing modularity, data encapsulation, and persistence.

- **Modular Design:** Distinct `Question` and `Quiz` classes ensure clear separation of concerns.
- **Data Encapsulation:** Each class manages its own data, promoting robustness and maintainability.
- **Persistence:** `saveToFile()` and `loadFromFile()` provide essential data management.
- **Interactive Flow:** The `takeQuiz()` method ensures an engaging user experience.
- **Extensible Architecture:** The design supports easy addition of new features.

Next Steps: Engaging with the Codebase

hbhatta1/
assignments

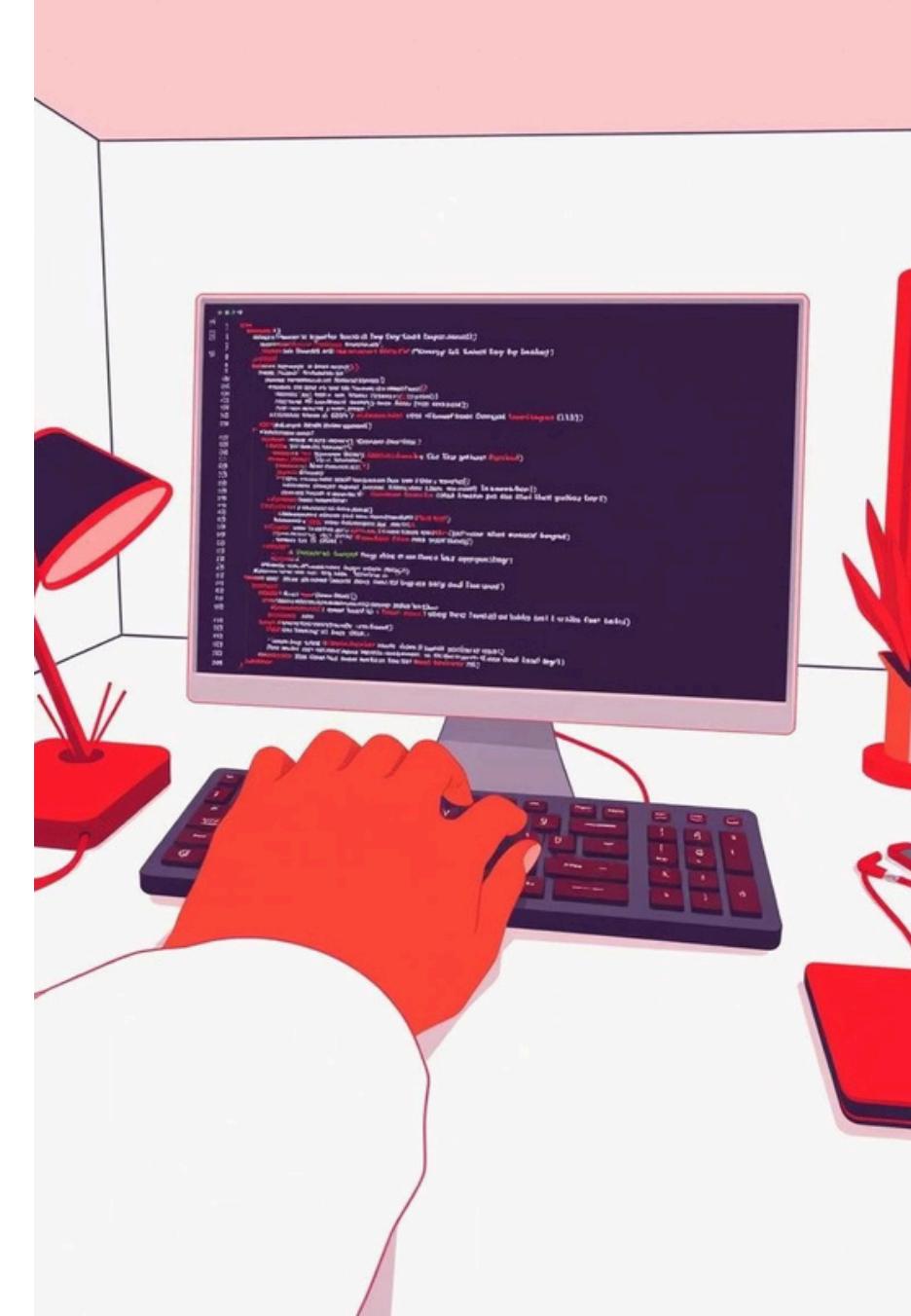
 GitHub

GitHub - ayushbhatta1/Cpp_assignments

Contribute to ayushbhatta1/Cpp_assignments development by creating an account on GitHub.

0 Issues 0 Stars 0 Forks

[View Repository](#)



WORKING OF CODE

Quiz Taker Menu:

- 1. Create a new quiz
- 2. Take a quiz
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the question (or type 'done' to finish): What is 2 + 2 ?

```
Enter the question (or type 'done' to finish): What is 2 + 2 ?
How many answer choices do you want to provide? 3
Enter answer choice 1: 1
Enter answer choice 2: two
Enter answer choice 3: four
Which answer is correct (1-3)? 3
Enter the question (or type 'done' to finish): done
Quiz saved to quiz.txt
```

Quiz Taker Menu:

- 1. Create a new quiz
- 2. Take a quiz
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Question 1: What is 2 + 2 ?

- 1. 1
- 2. two
- 3. four

Your answer (1-3): 3

Correct!

Your final score is: 1/1

Quiz Taker Menu:

- 1. Create a new quiz
- 2. Take a quiz
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Quiz Taker Menu:

- 1. Create a new quiz
- 2. Take a quiz
- 3. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Saving session...

...copying shared history...

...saving history...truncating history files...

...completed.

[Process completed]