1

AI1103-Assignment 6

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/ayushjha2612/AI11003/tree/main/Assignment6/Codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/ayushjha2612/AI11003/tree/main/Assignment6

1 GATE 2021(ST) Q.22 (STATISTICS SECTION)

Let X be a random variable having probability density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{13}(1-x)(9-x) & 0 < x < 1\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Then $\frac{4}{3}E[X(X^2 - 15X + 27)]$ equals — (round of to two decimal places).

2 Answer

8.67

3 Solution

Let X be the random variable. To find

$$\frac{4}{3}E[X(X^2 - 15X + 27)]\tag{3.0.1}$$

Let,

$$g(X) = X(X^2 - 15X + 27)$$
 (3.0.2)

$$= X^3 - 15X^2 + 27X \tag{3.0.3}$$

Then for random variable X we have that,

$$E[g(X)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x)f(x) dx \qquad (3.0.4)$$

The probability distribution of X is,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{13}(1-x)(9-x) & 0 < x < 1\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (3.0.5)

Using 3.0.5 we have,

$$E[g(X)] = 0 + \int_0^1 g(x)f(x) dx + 0$$
 (3.0.6)

Where,

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{13}(1-x)(9-x)$$
 and (3.0.7)

$$g(x) = x^3 - 15x^2 + 27x (3.0.8)$$

Using Integration by substitution let,

$$t = x^{3} - 15x^{2} + 27x$$
$$dt = 3x^{2} - 30x + 27$$
$$= 3(1 - x)(9 - x)$$

The corresponding limits are,

For
$$x = 0 \implies t = 0^3 - 15 \times 0^2 + 27 \times 0 = 0$$
(3.0.9)

For
$$x = 1 \implies t = 1^3 - 15 \times 1^2 + 27 \times 1 = 13$$
(3.0.10)

Therefore we have,

$$E[g(X)] = \frac{1}{13} \int_0^{13} t \, dt \tag{3.0.11}$$

$$= \frac{1}{13} \times \left(\frac{t^2}{2}\right) \Big|_0^{13} \tag{3.0.12}$$

$$= \frac{1}{13} \times \frac{13^2}{2} \tag{3.0.13}$$

$$=\frac{13}{2}\tag{3.0.14}$$

Thus,

$$\frac{4}{3}E[g(X)] = \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{13}{2} \tag{3.0.15}$$

$$=\frac{26}{3}$$
 (3.0.16)

$$= 8.67 \text{ (rounded off)}$$
 (3.0.17)

Therefore,

$$\frac{4}{3}E[X(X^2 - 15X + 27)] = 8.67 \tag{3.0.18}$$

The plot for PDF of X can be observed at figure 0.

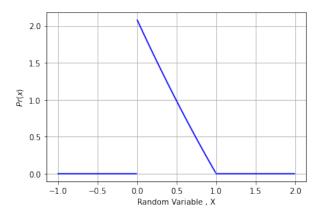


Fig. 0: The PDF of X