#### 1

# Assignment-4

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**Abstract**—This document contains solution of Problem Geolin(1.12)

Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/ayushkesh/Matrix-Theory-EE5609/tree/master/A4

## 1 Question

Show that  $\sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $\cos 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ .

### 2 SOLUTION

Consider an equilateral  $\triangle ABC$  as shown in figure:1. Let the angle bisector of  $\angle A$  intersect side **BC** at a point D between B and C.

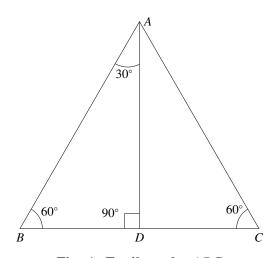


Fig. 1: Equilateral  $\triangle ABC$ 

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\| = 2\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\|$$
(2.0.1)

To Find AD.

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})$$

$$= (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D} + \mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D} + \mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})$$

$$= [(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D})^{T} + (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})^{T}][(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}) + (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})]$$

$$= (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D})^{T} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}) + (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D})^{T} (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A}) + (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}) + (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})$$
(2.0.2)

Since BD is the perpendicular to AD the inner product is zero

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D})^T (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A}) = 0 \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$(\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}) = 0 (2.0.4)$$

which gives

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) =$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D})^{T} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}) + (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})$$

$$\implies ||\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}||^{2} = ||\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}||^{2} + ||\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A}||^{2} \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 - \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\|^2$$
 (2.0.6)

Substitutiing Eq (2.0.1)

$$\|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 - \frac{1}{4} \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\|^2$$
 (2.0.7)

$$\|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A}\| = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\|$$
 (2.0.8)

$$\implies \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| = \frac{\overline{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A}\| \qquad (2.0.9)$$

Let A = 0. Then substituting in (2.0.1) and (2.0.9)

$$\|\mathbf{B}\| = 2\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\| \tag{2.0.10}$$

$$\|\mathbf{B}\| = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \|\mathbf{D}\| \tag{2.0.11}$$

Square on both sides in (2.0.10).

$$\|\mathbf{B}\|^2 = 4\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 \qquad (2.0.12)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \|\mathbf{B}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{B}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{D}\|^2 - 2\mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{D}$$
 (2.0.13)

Square on both sides in (2.0.11).

$$\|\mathbf{B}\|^2 = \frac{4}{3} \|\mathbf{D}\|^2 \tag{2.0.14}$$

Using (2.0.13) and (2.0.14)

$$\frac{1}{3} \|\mathbf{D}\|^2 = \frac{4}{3} \|\mathbf{D}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{D}\|^2 - 2\mathbf{D}^T \mathbf{D}$$
 (2.0.15)

$$\implies 0 = \|\mathbf{D}\|^2 - 2\mathbf{B}^T\mathbf{D} \qquad (2.0.16)$$

$$\implies \mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{D} = ||\mathbf{D}||^2 \qquad (2.0.17)$$

Let  $\theta = \angle BAD$ . and Taking the inner product of sides BA and AD.

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}) = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\| \cos \theta$$
(2.0.18)

$$\cos \theta = \frac{(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D})}{\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\|}$$
(2.0.19)

Substitute  $\mathbf{A} = 0$  in (2.0.19)

$$\implies \cos \theta = \frac{\mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{D}}{\|\mathbf{B}\| \|\mathbf{D}\|} \tag{2.0.20}$$

Using (2.0.11)

$$\implies \cos \theta = \frac{\mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{D}}{\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \|\mathbf{D}\| \|\mathbf{D}\|}$$
 (2.0.21)

$$\implies \cos \theta = \frac{\mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{D}}{\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \|\mathbf{D}\|^2}$$
 (2.0.22)

Substitute (2.0.17) in (2.0.22)

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \|\mathbf{D}\|^2}{\|\mathbf{D}\|^2}$$
 (2.0.23)

$$\implies \cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \tag{2.0.24}$$

$$\therefore \cos 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \tag{2.0.25}$$

$$\implies \theta = 30^{\circ}$$
 (2.0.26)

$$\because \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1 \tag{2.0.27}$$

$$\sin 30^{\circ} = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 30^{\circ}} \tag{2.0.28}$$

$$\implies \sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2}.\tag{2.0.29}$$