

Matrix Theory Assignment 2

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Abstract—This document contains the solution to problem No.3.10.52

<https://github.com/ayushkesh/Matrix-Theory-EE5609/blob/master/A2/codes/A2.ipynb>

1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

Examine the consistency of the system of given Equation.

$$x + 2y = 2 \quad (1.0.1)$$

$$2x + 3y = 3 \quad (1.0.2)$$

2 SOLUTION

The given system of equations can be written in the form of $\mathbf{AX}=\mathbf{B}$ where,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\Rightarrow AX = B \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\Rightarrow A^{-1}AX = A^{-1}B \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\because A^{-1}A = I \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\Rightarrow X = A^{-1}B \quad (2.0.7)$$

Therefore if A^{-1} exists, we will have a unique solution for these linear equations.

Now,

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{|A|}adj(A) \quad (2.0.8)$$

So, $|A|$ should not be **zero** for having a unique solution.

$$|A| \neq \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$|A| = 3 \times 1 - 2 \times 2 = 3 - 4 = -1 \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$\Rightarrow |A| = -1 \neq 0 \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$\because |A| \neq 0 \quad (2.0.12)$$

So the System of equation is **Consistent**.

Python Code:

Latex codes:

<https://github.com/ayushkesh/Matrix-Theory-EE5609/blob/master/A2/latex/A2.tex>