Assignment-5

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Abstract—This document contains solution of Problem Ramsey(4.1.4)

Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/ayushkesh/Matrix-Theory-EE5609/tree/master/A5

1 Question

Find the equation of the circle that passes through the points $\begin{pmatrix} 2a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2b \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} a+b \\ a+b \end{pmatrix}$.

2 SOLUTION

The equation of circle can be expressed as

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} - 2\mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{2.0.1}$$

c is the centre and substituting the points in the equation of circle we get

$$2(2a 0)\mathbf{c} - f = 4a^2$$
 (2.0.2)

$$2(0 2b)\mathbf{c} - f = 4b^2$$
 (2.0.3)

$$2(a+b \ a+b)\mathbf{c} - f = 2(a+b)^2$$
 (2.0.4)

which can be expressed in matrix form

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4a & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 4b & -1 \\ 2(a+b) & 2(a+b) & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{c} \\ f \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4a^2 \\ 4b^2 \\ 2(a+b)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.5)

Solve by using Cramer's Rule

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 4a & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 4b & -1 \\ 2(a+b) & 2(a+b) & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (2.0.6)

Expanding along third column we get,

$$-1 \{ (4a) (-2) (a - b) - (-4b) (-2) (a + b) \}$$
 (2.0.8)
$$8 (a^2 - ab + ab + b^2) \implies 8a^2 + 8b^2$$
 (2.0.9)

$$\Delta_{1} = \begin{vmatrix} 4a^{2} & 0 & -1 \\ 4b^{2} & 4b & -1 \\ 2(a+b)^{2} & 2(a+b) & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(2.0.10)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_{1} \leftarrow R_{1} - R_{2} \atop R_{2} \leftarrow R_{2} - R_{3}} \begin{vmatrix} 4a^{2} - 4b^{2} & -4b & 0 \\ -2a^{2} + 2b^{2} - 4ab & -2a + 2b & 0 \\ 2(a+b)^{2} & 2(a+b) & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(2.0.11)$$

Expanding Along the third Column we get,

$$-1 \left\{ \left(4a^2 - 4b^2 \right) (-2a + 2b) - (-4b) \left(-2a^2 + 2b^2 - 4ab \right) \right\}$$

$$(2.0.12)$$

$$\left(8a^3 - 8a^2b - 8ab^2 + 8b^3 \right) + \left(8a^2b - 8b^3 + 16ab^2 \right)$$

$$(2.0.13)$$

$$\implies 8a^3 - 8ab^2 + 16ab^2 = 8a^3 + 8ab^2$$

$$(2.0.14)$$

$$\Delta_{2} = \begin{vmatrix} 4a & 4a^{2} & -1 \\ 0 & 4b^{2} & -1 \\ 2a + 2b & 2a^{2} + 2b^{2} + 4ab & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(2.0.15)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_{1} \leftarrow R_{1} - R_{2}} \begin{vmatrix} 4a & 4a^{2} - 4b^{2} & 0 \\ -2(a+b) & -2a^{2} + 2b^{2} - 4ab & 0 \\ 2(a+b) & 2a^{2} + 2b^{2} + 4ab & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(2.0.16)$$

Expanding Along third column we get,

$$-1 \left\{ (4a) \left(-2a^2 + 2b^2 - 4ab \right) - \left(4a^2 - 4b^2 \right) (-2a - 2b) \right\}
(2.0.17)$$

$$\left(8a^3 - 8ab^2 + 16a^2b \right) - \left(8a^3 - 8ab^2 + 8a^2b - 8b^3 \right)
(2.0.18)$$

$$\Rightarrow 8b^3 + 8a^2b
(2.0.19)$$

$$\Delta_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 4a & 0 & 4a^2 \\ 0 & 4b & 4b^2 \\ 2(a+b) & 2(a+b) & 2(a+b)^2 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (2.0.20)

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc}
R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - \left(\frac{a+b}{2a}\right) R_1 & 4a & 0 & 4a^2 \\
R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - \left(\frac{a+b}{2b}\right) R_2 & 0 & 4b & 4b^2 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{array}$$
 \implies 0 \quad (2.0.21)

Using (2.0.9),(2.0.14),(2.0.19) and (2.0.21) we get,

$$\mathbf{c_1} = \frac{\Delta_1}{\Delta} = \frac{8a^3 + 8ab^2}{8a^2 + 8b^2} = a\left(\frac{8a^2 + 8b^2}{8a^2 + 8b^2}\right) = a$$

$$(2.0.22)$$

$$\mathbf{c_2} = \frac{\Delta_2}{\Delta} = \frac{8b^3 + 8a^2b}{8a^2 + 8b^2} = b\left(\frac{8b^2 + 8a^2}{8b^2 + 8a^2}\right) = b$$

$$(2.0.23)$$

$$f = \frac{\Delta_3}{\Delta} = \frac{0}{8a^2 + 8b^2} = 0$$

$$(2.0.24)$$

$$\implies \mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(2.0.25)$$

$$\implies f = 0$$

$$(2.0.26)$$

$$r = \sqrt{\|\mathbf{c}\|^2 - f} = \sqrt{(a^2 + b^2)}$$

The required equation of circle is

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} - 2 \begin{pmatrix} a & b \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{2.0.28}$$

Python Code to verify your result.

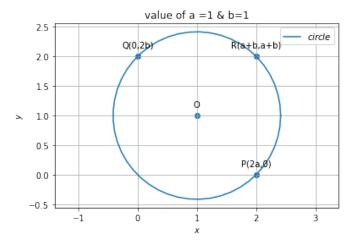


Fig. 0: Circle passing through point P and Q and R

https://github.com/ayushkesh/Matrix-Theory-EE5609/tree/master/A5.py