#### KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY End Semester Examination July/August, 2017

	July/August, 2017	
Year	1 IV	Course : MGTS 402 Semester : II
	SECTION "B"	F.M. : 55
	Explain ANY FIVE of the followings.  a) Strategic management b) Competitive Strategic options in pricing c) Features and benefits in a product d) Marketing Strategy e) Potent forces in pricing f) Difference between vision and mission	[5 × 2=10]
2,	Explain/Define ANY THREE of the following terms:  a) Leveraging b) Statement of cash flows c) Cash budget d) Balance score board	[3 × 1 = 3]

## SECTION "C" $[5Q \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks}]$

Attempt ANY FIVE questions. Assume suitable data where necessary.

- Describe critical components of your business plan and what you will do avoid the risk of failure in your business venture.
- 4. What is and, why we should do feasibility analysis?
- 5. Discuss how to build competitive edge in marketing including relational marketing.
- For your new product launching elaborate the list of (types) capital needs and how you will handle them.
- 7. List the challenges you face while introducing a new product including pricing and how you will tackle them?
- Proper cash flow and its management is even more important than making profit.
   Elaborate this statement, if you agree with this statement.

# SECTION "D" [IQ × 7= 7 marks]

9. Your competition continues to lower price of the product you share the market with and it appears s/he wants to get into price war. How will you handle the situation without loosing customers or facing bankruptcy? Will you get into price war or not?

OR

Management experts suggest in today's knowledge economy, intellectual capital and innovation are critical components for survival and growth. Briefly explain creativity, intellectual capital and how you will enhance creativity and innovation and what will you do to promote creativity- individually and organizationally.

KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY End Semester Examination Marks Scored: July/August, 2017 : B.E. Level : IV Year Exam Roll No. : Course : MGTS 402 Semester: II Time: 30 mins. F. M. Registration No. : :10 SECTION "A" Date [20 Q.  $\times$  0.5 =10 marks] Which of the following is a commonly experienced drawback to being an entrepreneur? Lack of contribution to society b/ Long hours required Ability to earn a large income Why are creativity and innovation so critical to an entrepreneurs' survival? a. Creativity and innovation allow small companies with limited resources to b. Creativity and innovation help the entrepreneur to secure financing for compete with larger competitors. start-up capital. Creativity is having a new idea on d. Creativity and innovation keeps how to look at a problem or entrepreneurs focused on the initial opportunity, while innovation is the business development period. ability to apply the creative idea. Which of the following is a method for enhancing organizational creativity? a. Maintain the same location or scenery View issues as potential problems c. Initiate a controlling structure within Encourage curiosity among your the organization employees Which is NOT a perspective to consider in using a balanced scorecard for performance? Goals for durability, service, and لم. Financial standards do not contribute reliability to the overall review of a strategy c. Continue to innovate d. Goals for productivity and cycle time Which is the best strategy to use in an environment wherein sellers are trying to differentiate themselves from the competition? Increase price without improving the Produce products for many categories product d. Focus on profit margins c. Build customer loyalty What is the purpose of conducting a feasibility analysis? b. The feasibility analysis helps you to a. The feasibility analysis helps you to discern whether you will be able to determine whether your idea is a gather enough capital to start the viable foundation for a successful business. business. d. The feasibility analysis determines The feasibility analysis will allow you whether there are governmental to qualify for governmental loan constraints that will not allow you to programs. start your business. When delivering a business plan presentation to investors and creditors, it is a good idea to b. allow all of the founders of the be as detailed as possible, covering all business an opportunity to present of the points of the business plan their contributions to the venture d. keep it simple and use visual aids

improvise as you present your speech

to emphasize your personality

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In general, what would cause a business owner to select one form of ownership over a. Pressure from the business owner's Tax, liability, and how big and advisory board profitable State governmental policy that dictates d. Image within the community what forms are legal What is this meaning of the phrase "piercing the corporate veil"? a. Courts sometimes hold entrepreneurs b. Competitors occasionally come into personally liable for claims against the your business and act as customers to corporations because they co-mingle elicit competitive information. personal and corporate assets. Entrepreneurs occasionally see the d. Entrepreneurs sometimes gain access to benefits of sole proprietorship over secret documents of their competitors. corporate structure. 10. Time compression management includes the following principles EXCEPT: a. Speed in which products are brought b. Reducing administrative time to fill an to market Shortening customer response time in order d. Payment flexibility delivery 11. Which of the following is agreed upon by most marketing experts as the biggest marketing mistake that small businesses make? 4. Failing to clearly define the target market to be served b. Spending too much on media Carving out too narrow of a target advertising d. Spending too much on marketing during the first year How can price lining help to generate sales? a. Price lining complicates making goods available to a wide range of shoppers. Price lining allows the entrepreneur to capture many target markets with Price lining helps to add an extra different needs and income levels. profit margin cushion from the higher Price lining allows the customer to price level. know what your competitors are charging for a similar product. is the first step to creating a set of pro-forma financial statements. Determining a reasonable sales level Listing the various start-up expenses b. Estimating the expected volume of sales 14. Leverage ratios show d. Researching competitors' cost levels a. how well the firm is performing in customer opinion relative to b. the ability of a firm to use short-term competitors the extent to which the company uses versus long-term debt debt capital to finance operating expenses, capital expenditures, and d. how efficiently assets are used to expansion costs generate sales for the firm

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Why is carrying too much inventory a strain on the business? Because inventory is taxed again at the be Because inventory ties up cash and ip over end of the year if not sold generates zero return d. Because inventory may make the back Because excess inventory can cause nd the business to believe that it is selling office area messy goods that it really is not 16. What is a company's cash flow cycle? The amount of cash that the company The amount of time between the start goes through in an average month. of the business and the point at which me into it can support its needs through sales tomers to generated. The time between the payment for n. e. The period between the receipt of cash 4. merchandise and materials from from a customer and the outflow of suppliers and the receipt of payment in access to that cash to support the development from customers. mpetitors. of another unit. 17. What is an angel investor? b. A small business that puts its extra a/ A wealthy individual who invests in income into other small businesses e to fill an businesses for an equity stake d. An investor that puts her money into An investor that leaves a majority nonprofit organizations interest of his estate to small businesses 18. What is the most important criterion, from a lender's perspective, of a firm that applies b. the profitability of the business a. the industry that the business operates the ability of the business to produce the management team at the helm of ting cash through its business model the business 19. What is the concept of trade area size? It is the distance between your firm It is the size of the trading floor of the reneur to and the nearest indoor or outdoor mall local area merchant exchange. with It is the distance between your firm vels. It is the size of the region from which ner to and its nearest three competitors. a firm can reasonably expect to draw are customers. 20. What is NOT a factor in a manufacturing layout? Jo. Cost of moving executives ne of sales d. Type of production process a. Type of product c. Economic considerations levels rt-term

KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY End Semester Examination July/August, 2017 Γime: 30 mins.

Course : MGTS 402 Semester: 11 F. M. : 10

Marks Scored:

Date

SECTION "A"  $[20 \text{ Q.} \times 0.5 = 10 \text{ marks}]$ 

Choose the most appropriate answer.

: B.E.

Level

Exam Roll No. :

Registration No. :

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- Customer experience management is about:
  - a) Collecting data on customer feed-back
  - b) Watching/recording spending habit
  - c) Ensuring positive experience in customer interactions
  - d) Providing discounts even below the cost
- Business prototype means;
  - a) A final product ready to ship to market
  - b) A proven product
  - c) A defective product
  - d) Testing business/product in small scale before committing full resources in
- Benchmarking marking means:
  - a) Builds customer loyalty by marketing in an unique way
  - b) Builds customer loyalty by advertising in a different way
  - c) Builds customer loyalty by becoming a price leader in comparison with others
  - d) Comparing product/services with a golden standard in industry/services.
- Critical numbers in "business plan" signify:
  - a) When the numbers are moving in right direction, a business is on track to reach its objectives.
  - b) It guarantees a profit of over 5% per annum
  - c) The owner's equity
  - d) Cost of the product
- Revenue at risk is:
  - a) Sales revenue loss when customers leave because of poor quality of a product
  - b) Sales revenue loss when customers leave because of poor reliability of a product
  - c) Sales revenue loss when customers leave because of poor service
  - d) Sales revenue loss when customers leave because of poor marketing
- Preemptive rights means;
  - a) Right of general stock holders to buy unlimited share of company's stocks
  - b) Right of original investors to split stocks as they wish
  - c) Right of original investors to purchase enough shares of future stock to maintain original percentage of ownership of the company
  - d) Right of stock holders to buy shares of other companies as they wish

What is one advantage of a partnership over a proprietorship? a. A partnership is easier to establish than a sole proprietorship a. A partnership is easier to establish a sole proprietorship
b. A partnership allows for each partner's skills and abilities to complement each other. whereas a sole proprietor is ...
c. A partnership allows for more control over decision-making than a proprietorship d. A partnership allows for limited liability among its general partners Which of the following form of ownership is associated with limited personal liabilities? 8. a. Corporation c. Sole proprietorship Which of the following conditions would make an industry more threatening to new 9. a. Less presence of economies of scale b. High capital requirements c. Buyers with low brand loyalty d. Laissez-faire governmental policies in the market Which of the following is agreed upon by most marketing experts as the biggest 10. marketing mistake that small businesses make? a. Carving out too narrow of a target niche b. Spending too much on media advertising c. Spending too much on marketing during the first year d. Failing to clearly define the target market to be served What is one competitive edge that small businesses can excel at, because of their size? a. Lower pricing strategies c. Market research gathering 18. What is the marketing mix? a. The right mix of advertising and pricing to attract your target market d. Supplier relationships b. The major elements of a marketing strategy - product, place, price, and promotion c. The set of decisions that must be made before deciding upon which target market to d. The way that your customer sees themselves in the mixture of your entire 19 A market penetration pricing strategy is most appropriate to use when: a. the company can clearly differentiate its products from competitors' offerings b. the entrepreneur is trying to convey his product's clear superiority to competitors c. it is difficult to differentiate your new product from other similar offerings in the d. the product is revolutionary and there is little competition What information does a balance sheet provide to an entrepreneur? a. It provides owners with an estimate of the company's worth on a given date. b. It shows owners with an estimate of the company's worth on a given date.

Desired

The provides owners with an estimate of the company's worth on a given date.

The provides owners with an estimate of the company needs in terms of cash for the remainder of the 20. c. It tells owners which products are selling more than others. d. It allows owners to understand whether they need to bring in new investors to the

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Why is a low average inventory turnover ratio less than ideal?

Because customers will shy away from patronizing companies with low inventory turnover rates

b. Because inventory is valuable and could be converted immediately instead to cash

c. Because inventory turnover shows that a company's products are not valuable in their current form

d. Because inventory is expensive to store and may not necessarily have value in the market

The three primary areas of cash flow problems are:

a. current assets, sales, and net income

- b. unemployment insurance, workers' compensation, and severance pay
- c. utility bills, sales tax, and income tax withholding
- d. accounts receivable, accounts payable, and inventory

How might leasing improve an entrepreneur's cash position? 17.

a. Leasing allows entrepreneurs to gain access to needed equipment without the large down payments that would normally be required to finance the purchase of the same equipment.

b. Leasing allows the entrepreneur to go for several months at a time without making a payment on the equipment the entrepreneur is using.

c. Leasing allows entrepreneurs to pay only when they first begin turning a profit.

d. Leasing allows entrepreneurs a chance to profitably sublease the equipment.

What is an angel investor? 18.

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a. An investor that can make an investment within a typical 48-hour turnaround time

b. A wealthy individual who invests in businesses for an equity stake

c. A small business that puts its extra income into other small businesses

d. An investor that puts her money into nonprofit organizations

Why might it be beneficial for an entrepreneur to locate her business near a competitor?

a. It would allow for increased profitability through reduced transportation costs for

b. It would not be beneficial for an entrepreneur to locate her business near a

c. The offerings of both businesses may attract more customers to the vicinity.

d. It could help the entrepreneur improve her image by being associated with the competitor.

Why are incubators so helpful to small startups? a. Incubators provide financing for startup firms that seek their assistance. 20.

b. Incubators are high-traffic areas and bring a great number of customers to a startup.

c. Incubators write business plans for startups that they can present to investors.

d. Incubators allow the startup to focus upon product development, manufacturing, and incubators allow the startup to focus into building firm operating infrastructure.

### KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY End Semester Examination July/August, 2017

Level : B.E. Year : IV

Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Course : MGTS 402 Semester : II F. M. : 40

 $\frac{\text{SECTION "B"}}{[4Q \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks}]}$ 

Attempt ALL the questions. Answer in your own words supported by the theories you have studied in the course.

# Read the following case and answer the questions that follow

Anita Perella was the third of four children in one of the few Italian immigrant families in Littlehampton, England. Her mother steered her into the teaching profession, but her craving for adventure was too strong to keep her in the classroom. After a year in Paris in the library and another year in Geneva working for the UN, she hit what she calls "the hippie trail," traveling through Europe, the South Pacific and Africa. During her journeys, she became acquainted with the rituals and customs of many Third World cultures, including their forms of health and body care.

When she returned to England, she met Gordon Roddick, a kindred bohemian spirit who wrote poetry and loved to travel as much as she did. The couple married in 1970, and shortly thereafter, opened a bed-and-breakfast hotel and later started a restaurant. In 1976, Gordon decided to fulfill a long-standing personal goal: to ride a horse from Buenos Aires, Argentina, to New York. Admiring her husband's pluck, Anita agreed to sell their restaurant to finance his trip.

To support herself and her daughters in her husband's absence, Roddick decided to open a small shop where she could peddle some of the back-to-nature cosmetic knowledge she picked up during her travels. With Gordon's help, she obtained a \$6.500 loan, contracted with a local herbalist to create her all-natural cosmetics, found a site in the seaside resort of Brighton, and opened her first Body Shop.

Everything was done on a shoestring budget with no concession to aesthetics. She painted the shop green because it hid everything, even the damp spots on the walls. She offered discounted refills to customers who brought back their empty containers, and used minimal packaging to keep costs as low as possible. Customers were allowed to choose from an array of perfume oils to scent their purchases (which were fragrance-free) because it was cheaper than adding expensive perfumes to every bottle of shampoo or lotion. And she eschewed advertising, relying instead on well-placed interviews promoting her social causes and in-store pamphlets to sell products.

The combination of unique products, good public relations, a highly trained staff and a well-defined sense of values quickly generated a buzz. Word spread, and within a year, Roddick's business had grown so large that she opened a second store. When Gordon returned in the spring of 1977, The Body Shop had become so popular that the Roddicks began selling franchises. By the fall of 1982, new Body Shop stores were opening at the rate of two per month.

To capitalize on the massive expansion, the Roddicks took The Body Shop public in 1984. After just one day of trading, the stock doubled in value. It would continue to rise throughout the late 1980s, as hundreds of Body Shop franchises sprung up throughout Europe and the United States.

One of the key ingredients in Roddick's success was her social activism and also set the company apart from its competitors and generated a loyal customer base. People felt good

about buying Body Shop products because they felt good about Roddick's efforts. They wanted to be part of the positive action-and that translated into sales. By the end of 1992 there were more than 700 Body Shop stores generating \$231 million in sales. However, as The Body Shop's profits and name-recognition grew, the Roddicks began paying more attention to social causes than their business, launching an array of environmental projects rather than revamping the company's aging product line. Better-run imitators, such as The Bath & Body Works, ate into The Body Shop's customer base. And critics on the left who were once Body Shop allies suddenly started attacking the company for "hypocritical practices," generating a wave of negative press. As a result, sales fell and profits dulled

By 1996, it was clear that a change was needed. The Roddicks stepped back from running day-to-day operations and installed managing director Stuart Rose, who promptly restructured the company, bringing in other professional managers, installing tighter inventory control and streamlining processes. The changes failed to have the desired effect, and sales continued to decline. After a dismal first quarter financial performance in 1998. Roddick ceded her post as CEO to Patrick Gourney, a professional manager from a French food conglomerate, and farmed out her flagging U.S. franchises to the Bellamy Retail Group. In January 1999, the company announced it was giving up manufacturing to focus on retail, and that projections were good. But whether The Body Shop can regain its dominance in the market, only time will tell. Nevertheless, Anita Roddick's story remains one of the great tales of the late 20th century. She grew a single shop into an international empire and proved that a company can gain loyal customers and succeed by simply providing product information rather than employing high-powered advertising and highpressure selling. [Source: https://www.entrepreneur.com, retrieved on 08/08/2017]

- Would you reckon Anita Roddick as an entrepreneur? Elaborate in terms of the traits she [3] does/does not possess (based on the case information).
- If you see her as an entrepreneur, what process (entrepreneurial process) do you see in her [3] life to become an entrepreneur? If you do not see her as an entrepreneur, what she would have done differently?
- e. Do you see any creativity and innovation in her business? Explain.
- d. Explain the various sources of financing adopted by Ms. Roddick and list out the advantages of these financing schemes.

## Read the following article and answer the questions that follow

CNN has placed Nepal's 'Raksi', an alcoholic drink in World's 50 most delicious drinks. Describing 'Raksi' CNN has written, 'Made from millet or rice. Raksi is strong on the nose and sends a burning sensation straight down your throat that resolves itself into a surprisingly smooth, velvety sensation'.

Recognition of Raksi by CNN is expected to attract food and drinks lovers from far and wide. Nepal has more to offer in culinary and drinks segment, most of them being indigenous with unique way of making.

This home brew drink is taken auspicious to celebrate festivals, which itself is the reason to celebrate. Raksi is ranked 41 in the list supersedes popular drinks such as Mango lassi (India), Guinness (Ireland), Fanta (Germany), Red Bull (Austria). Top on the list is global

Few things unite tourists and locals like sitting down with a local bevvie. [Source: http://www.travelbiznews.com, retrieved on August 8, 2017]

Although Nepali Raksi is ranked among 50 most delicious drinks in the world, its market |2| coverage is significantly less and concentrated mainly within rural areas. As an entrepreneur explain what could be missing with this product.

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Develop sales of

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It is important for Nepali Raksi industry to pinpoint the target market. Explain how you [3]

Develop a marketing mix including all the identified strategies to promote and increase pevelop a trace of Nepal's Raksi within Nepal and export to other countries under various segments.

# Study the following article and answer the questions that follow

Agni Energy, the authorised distributor of Mahindra Vehicles for Nepal, launched its latest all-electric car. e2o sportz, in the Nepali market on Tuesday. The new car is an upgraded version of e2o model. Mahindra e2o sportz has been designed with focus on safety, convenience and enhanced performance, said Dharmendra Mishra, head of sales and marketing at Mahindra Electric. The model available in Nepal is same as the one that Mahindra exports to the UK, meaning the car being sold in the country meets EU safety standards. Mishra told the Post on the sidelines of an event organized to launch e2o sportz.

The e2o sportz, which costs Rs 2.6 million, runs solely on electric power. The car comes with 72-volt lithium ion battery and runs up to 127 km once fully charged. One of the drawbacks of owning an all-electric car in Nepal is absence of fast charging stations. These stations, powered by 50-kilowatt (kW) DC electricity, can charge batteries in as less as one-and-a-half hours. But because of lack of this infrastructure, Nepalese who drive electric cars have to resort to their power sockets at home, which supply around 3kW AC electricity, and take up to nine hours to fully charge the car's battery. Despite these barriers, more and more people in Nepal are purchasing electric cars. "I see electric mobility becoming the norm even in Nepal. The day is not too far when electric vehicles will be dominant," said Mahindra Electric CEO Mahesh Babu, who handed over keys of newly launched four-wheelers to three customers on Tuesday.

The three-door hatchback comes with dual airbags, anti-lock braking, air conditioning system. Android powered touch screen infotainment centre, reversing camera and automatic gear transmission. The car can be remotely monitored via mobile application named e2o remote. This app can remotely start or stop charging and pre-heat or cool the car. The car's steering is mounted with audio controls and switches that control front windows and side mirrors. The car, with a seating capacity for four persons, attains speed of up to 60 km per hour in just 8.8 seconds. Unlike previous e20 model, the new e20 sportz launched in Nepal comes with faux leather seats, rapid charge port and rear windscreen wiper. The car and its battery come with three-year or 60,000km warranty. Source: kathmandupost.ekantipur.com, retrieved on August 08, 2017]

Based on the information provided in the article, perform SWOT analysis of e2o sportz in [3]

Nepal. You can also use your personal experience if you have any in your answer. Nepal. You can also use yet feasibility analysis of e2o sportz in Nepal and suggest CEO Perform industry and market feasibility market for e2o in Nepal

Mahesh Babu whether there exists market for e20 in Nepal. b.

Mahesh Babu whether and adopted by e2o sportz based on case information? If you [2] Identify the strategic option adopted by e2o sportz based on case information? If you [2] Identify the strategic option, explain why and if you do not think it to be the best think this is the best strategic option for e20 sports option suggest the best strategic option for e2o sportz.

Explain the factors you need to consider choosing a form of ownership. Explain the factors for an opportunity to increase efficiency and productivity and to Manufacturers see layout as an opportunity to increase efficiency and productivity and to [2] a.

Manufacturers see in with suitable examples the various types of manufacturing layouts. lower costs. Explain with suitable examples the various types of manufacturing layouts. lower costs. Explain

Lower costs. Explain

Developing cash budget is very important and provides benefits to an entrepreneur.

Developing of the benefits of cash budget and also binds. b.

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Developing cash benefits of cash budget and also highlight how an entrepreneur can Explain some of the benefits of cash budget and also highlight how an entrepreneur can develop a cash budget.

### KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY End Semester Examination July/August, 2017

level : B.E./B. Sc.

year : IV : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

2 nrs. 30 mins.

Course : MGTS 402

Semester: II F. M. : 40

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 $\frac{\text{SECTION "B"}}{[6Q \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks}]}$ 

Attempt ANY SIX questions:

- Describe the protection of intellectual property through patents, trademarks, and
- 2. What is a competitive advantage? Explain how a small business can build'a sustainable competitive advantage in the market.
- Discuss the steps involved in subjecting a business idea to a feasibility analysis.
- Explain the advantages and disadvantages of the corporation.
- 5. What marketing potential does the World Wide Web offer small businesses?
- 6. What do you understand by customized pricing? How can such pricing help a business to increase profitability.
- 7. Define financial management. Explain the elements of a balance sheet.

# $\frac{\text{SECTION "C"}}{[2Q \times 8 = 16 \text{ marks}]}$

### Attempt ANY TWO questions:

- 8. Explain the differences among creativity, innovation, and entrepreneurship. Discuss techniques for improving the creative process.
- 9. What is strategic management? List and describe the strategic management process.
- List and explain the stages in the product life cycle. Describe how a small firm can extend its product's life.

KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY make a fusion Marks Scored ) and explain End Semester Examination July/August, 2017 B.E.B. Se. Level Year Explain why Lxam Roll No. Course MGTS 402 Time: 30 mins. Semester : II Registration No. F. M. : 10 SECTION "A" Date [20 Q. × 0.5 =10 marks] select the most appropriate answer for the following questions: The benefits of entrepreneurship include the following EXCEPT: a. Opportunity to reach your full potential b. Opportunity to make a difference e. Opportunity to take significant risk with other's money d. Opportunity to contribute to society Which of the following is a method for enhancing organizational creativity? a. Initiate a controlling structure within the organization b. Maintain the same location or scenery c. Encourage curiosity among your employees d. View issues as potential problems Which of the following shows the proper order of select steps in the creative process? a. Preparation, implementation, verification, illumination b. Preparation, verification, implementation, illumination c. Preparation, illumination, verification, implementation d. Preparation, implementation, illumination, verification 4. Which of the following are types of intellectual capital? a. Human capital, creativity capital, and innovation capital Human resources capital, economic capital, and creativity capital Intelligence capital, innovation capital, and creativity capital d. Human capital, structural capital, and customer capital Which is the best strategy to use in an environment wherein sellers are trying to differentiate themselves from the competition? a. Increase price without improving the product b. Focus on profit margins c. Build customer loyalty d. Produce products for many categories What financial statements are necessary to include in a business plan for either an existing business or startup? a. Monthly sales forecast, income statement, balance sheet Balance sheet, operating ratio statement, break even statement c. Balance sheet, income statement, cash flow statement d. Ratio analysis, balance sheet, income statement

Cycle billing means ( to smooth cash receipts); a) Billing to customer every week b) Billing every three months c) Billing every two weeks d) Billing each day Equity capital/financing means b) Funds from angel investors a) Bank loans e) Foreign company investment d) Personal investments Working capital represents: a) Funds for growth b) Funds to buy fixed assets c) Investments in other businesses d) Capital for short term needs Balance score cards looks at a) Finance, growth, history, revolutionary products b) Evolutionary products, finance, growth, price/cost leadership c) Maximizing profits, advertising, first to market a product d) Finance, people, innovation, customer and growth 11. Copreneuers mean a) Every member of a family is an entrepreneur b) Every family member has financed the business c) All family members have equal stake in profit and loss d) Couple work together as co-owners of a business Time compression management in marketing is based upon are a) Shortening delivery time of a product b) Shortening production time of a product c) Speeding product, shortening customer response time, reducing administrative time d) Speeding product, shortening customer response time, reducing customer interaction To prove that a product meets customer's needs and wants it is recommended that a) Business growth is shown b) Financial stability is shown c) Quality, reliability is proven d) Prototype be delivered for evaluation Which one of these is not the significant reason for developing business plan a) Reality test c) Excellence test b) Competitive test d) Value test 15. Porter's five forces for corporate strategy does not include. c) Business financing b) Rivalry among competition d) Power of suppliers A product "feature" is a) Diagram, drawing, illustration, description b) Defines reliability of a product c) Defines competitive advantage d) Aesthetic look of a product

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- Which one of these is not one of the deadly mistakes to avoid
  - a) Poor location
  - b) Poor marketing effort e) Managers with no academic degrees
  - d) Failure to develop strategies for the business
- An example of benefit from the product is:
  - a) Lowers energy bill
  - b) Faster access to data and speed
  - c) It is more beautiful, has superior looks
  - d) Both a and b are correct
- "Image" in pricing means
  - a) Differentiation
  - b) Focus
  - c) Customer acceptance of the assigned price
  - d) Maximization of profit by overcharging
- This is not one of the deadly mistakes to avoid when starting a business.
  - a) Poor financial control
  - b) Poor location
  - c) Weak marketing efforts
  - d) Recover investments within six months