## B.E. (Computer Engineering / Information Technology) Third Semester (C.B.S.)

## **Applied Mathematics - III**

P. Pages: 3

Time: Three Hours



NJR/KS/18/4382/4387

Max. Marks: 80

7

7

Notes: 1. All questions carry marks as indicated.

- 2. Solve Question 1 OR Questions No. 2.
- 3. Solve Question 3 OR Questions No. 4.
- 4. Solve Question 5 OR Questions No. 6.
- Solve Question 7 OR Questions No. 8.
- Solve Question 9 OR Questions No. 10.
- Solve Question 11 OR Questions No. 12.
- 8. Use of non programmable calculator is permitted.

1. a) If 
$$L[f(t)] = F(s)$$
, then show that  $L[tf(t)] = -\frac{d}{ds}F(s)$ 

Hence find  $L [te^{3t} \sin 2t]$ .

b) Find 
$$L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(s+1)(s^2+1)}\right]$$
 using convolution theorem.

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2. a) Express f(t) in terms of unit step function and hence find its Laplace transform
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t-1, & 1 < t < 2 \\ 3-t, & 2 < t < 3 \end{cases}$$

Solve the D.E. by L-T. method  $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dt} = 5\sin t$  given y(0) = 0 & y'(0) = 0.

3. Find Fourier transform of 
$$e^{-|x|}$$
 and hence show that

 $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x \sin mx}{1+x^{2}} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-m}, \ m > 0.$ 

OR

4. Express 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, |x| < 1 \\ 0, |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$
 as Fourier integral hence evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin \lambda \cos \lambda x}{\lambda} d\lambda$ .

Prove that 
$$z\{n^p\} = -z \frac{d}{dz}(n^{p-1})$$
, where p is any positive integer and hence deduce that  $z\{n\} = \frac{z}{(z-1)^2}$  and  $z\{n^2\} = \frac{z(z+1)}{(z-1)^3}$ .

Using convolution theorem show that  $\frac{1}{n!} * \frac{1}{n!} = \frac{2^n}{n!}$ .

OR

a) Find Z-Transform of  $\sin n\theta$  and hence find  $z \lceil a^n \sin n\theta \rceil$ 

Solve  $x_{n+2} + 3x_{n+1} + 2x_n = u_n$  given that  $x_0 = 1$  and  $x_n = 0$  for n<0. b)

7. Find modal matrix for the matrix a)

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ Using Sylvester's theorem prove that  $\log_e e^A = A$  where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Investigate the linear dependence of the vectors  $X_1 = (1,2,4), X_2 = (2,-1,3), X_3 = (0,1,2), X_4 = (-3,7,2)$ and if possible find relation between them.

OR

8. Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem for the given matrix

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  and hence find  $A^{-1}$ .

Solve  $\frac{dx_1}{dt} = x_1 + x_2 \& \frac{dx_2}{dt} = x_2$ 

Given  $x_1(0) = 1$ ,  $x_2(0) = 1$  by matrix method.

Determine largest eigen value and the corresponding eigen vector of the matrix c)

9. Three machines, A, B and C produce respectively 50%, 30% and 20% of the total number a) of items of a factory. The percentage of defective output of these machines are 3%, 4% and 5% respectively. One item is selected at random and is found to be defective find the probability that the item was produced by machine A.

A random variable X denotes the number of heads in three tosses of a fair coin. Find the probability function f(x) and the distribution function F(x).

OR

10. a) A random variable X has density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} cx^2, & 1 \le x \le 2 \\ cx, & 2 < x < 3 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find

i) the constant C

ii) P[X>2]

iii)  $P[\frac{1}{2} < X < \frac{3}{2}]$ 

- iv) distribution function.
- b) The joint probability function of two discrete random variables X and Y is given by

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} c(2x+y), & 0 \le x \le 3 \\ 0 \le y \le 2 \end{cases}$$
otherwise

Find

i) Constant C

- ii) Marginal probability functions
- iii) P[1 < X < 2, Y > 2]
- iv) P[X<2]
- 11. a) Let X be a random variable with density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2e^{-2x}, & x \ge 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find

i) E(X)

ii)  $E(X^2+5)$ 

iii) V(X)

- iv) S.D. of X
- b) Find the moment generating function of random variable

$$X = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \text{ prob.} - \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \text{ prob.} \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

Hence find four moments about origin.

12. a) Let X and Y be joint density function

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} x+y, & 0 \le x \le 1, & 0 \le y \le 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find

- i) E(X+Y)
- ii) the conditional expectation of X given Y and Y given X.
- iii) conditional variance of Y given X.
- b) Defind

6

- i) Stochastic matrix.
- ii) Bernoulli's process.
- iii) Poisson process.

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