Assignment: Advanced E-commerce API with Caching and Notifications

You are tasked with creating a **Django REST API** for a small e-commerce system that allows users to:

- 1. Register, login, and manage their profiles.
- 2. Browse products, categories, and place orders.
- 3. Leverage caching and pagination for optimization.

Requirements:

1. User Authentication (JWT-based)

- Use **Django Rest Framework SimpleJWT** for token-based authentication.
- Allow users to:
 - Register with email and password.
 - Log in to obtain an access token and refresh token.
 - Manage their profile (name, address, phone, etc.).
 - View their order history and order details.

2. Product Management

- Create **Product** and **Category** models with the following fields:
 - Category: name, description
 - **Product**: name, description, price, stock, category (foreign key)
- Admin users can:
 - Create, update, and delete categories.
 - Add, update, and delete products.
 - Manage product stock (when a product is ordered, its stock decreases).

3. Order System

- Users can:
 - Add products to their **cart**.
 - Place an order from the cart.
 - Get notifications (via an API call) when the order status changes (using WebSockets or Django Channels for real-time updates).
- Order Model:
 - Order: user, product(s), total price, status (pending, shipped, delivered), created_at, updated_at
- Implement a flow where orders go through these statuses:
 - **Pending** (default).
 - Shipped.
 - Delivered.

4. Caching & Performance Optimizations

- Use **Redis** as a caching layer to store products and categories for quick access.
- Implement a **caching mechanism** to store expensive database queries (e.g., fetching product lists).
 - Set a timeout for the cached data (e.g., 1 hour).
 - When a product's stock or details change, invalidate the cache.
- Optimize queries using Django's **select_related** and **prefetch_related** for complex relations (product and category data).

5. Pagination & Filtering

- Implement pagination for the product listing (limit 10 products per page).
- Allow filtering products by:
 - Category.
 - Price range.
 - Stock availability (in stock or out of stock).
- Ensure that the API can handle large amounts of data efficiently with paginated responses.

6. Real-Time Notifications

- Use **Django Channels** or **WebSockets** to notify users of their order status updates.
 - When the order status changes (e.g., from pending to shipped), notify the user in real time.

Instructions:

- 1. **Setup:** Use Django and Django REST Framework to build the API. Use PostgreSQL as the database and Redis for caching.
- 2. Authentication: Implement token-based authentication using JWT.
- 3. Caching: Use Redis for caching product and category data.

Submission:

- Create a GitHub repository and upload your project code and share Url.
- Write clear instructions in the README . md for setting up and running the project.