# PIZZA STORE ANALYSIS SQL QUERIES FOR OBTAINING THE KPIS

# PROBLEM STATEMENT

#### **KPI'S REQUIREMENT**

We need to analyze key indicators for our pizza sales data to gain insights into our business performance. Specifically, we want to calculate the following metrics:

# 1. Total Revenue:

The sum of the total price of all pizza orders.

# 2. Average Order Value:

The average amount spent per order, calculated by dividing the total revenue by the total number of orders.

### 3. Total Pizzas Sold:

The sum of the quantities of all pizzas sold.

#### 4. Total Orders:

The total number of orders placed.

# 5. Average Pizzas Per Order:

The average number of pizzas sold per order, calculated by dividing the total number of pizzas sold by the total number of orders.

# CHARTS REQUIREMENT

We would like to visualize various aspects of our pizza sales data to gain insights and understand key trends. We have identified the following requirements for creating charts:

# 1. Daily Trend for Total Orders:

Create a bar chart that displays the daily trend of total orders over a specific time period. This chart will help us identify any patterns or fluctuations in order volumes on a daily basis.

# 2. Monthly Trend for Total Orders:

Create a line chart that illustrates the hourly trend of total orders throughout the day. This chart will allow us to identify peak hours or periods of high order activity.

# 3. Percentage of Sales by Pizza Category:

Create a pie chart that shows the distribution of sales across different pizza categories. This chart will provide insights into the popularity of various pizza categories and their contribution to overall sales.

# 4. Percentage of Sales by Pizza Size:

Generate a pie chart that represents the percentage of sales attributed to different pizza sizes. This chart will help us understand customer preferences for pizza sizes and their impact on sales.

# 5. Total Pizzas Sold by Pizza Category:

Create a funnel chart that presents the total number of pizzas sold for each pizza category. This chart will allow us to compare the sales performance of different pizza categories.

# 6. Top 5 Best Sellers by Revenue, Total Quantity, and Total Orders:

Create a bar chart highlighting the top 5 best-selling pizzas based on the revenue, total quantity, and total orders. This chart will help us identify the most popular pizza options.

# 7. Bottom 5 Best Sellers by Revenue, Total Quantity, and Total Orders:

Create a bar chart showcasing the bottom 5 worst-selling pizzas based on the revenue, total quantity, and total orders. This chart will enable us to identify underperforming or less popular pizza options.

# SQL QUERIES FOR THE SAME

### A. Total Revenue

SELECT SUM(total\_price) AS Total\_Revenue
FROM pizza\_sales;

# **B.** Average Order Value

SELECT (SUM(total\_price) / COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id)) AS
Avg\_order\_Value
FROM pizza\_sales;

### C. Total Pizzas Sold

SELECT SUM(quantity) AS Total\_pizza\_sold
FROM pizza\_sales;

### **D. Total Orders**

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS Total\_Orders
FROM pizza\_sales;

# E. Average Pizzas Per Order

```
SELECT
  ROUND(SUM(quantity) / COUNT(DISTINCT order_id), 2) AS
Avg_Pizzas_per_order
FROM pizza_sales;
```

# F. Daily Trend for Total Orders

```
SELECT
   DAYNAME(order_date) AS order_day,
   COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS total_orders
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY DAYNAME(order_date);
```

# **G. Monthly Trend for Orders**

```
SELECT
  MONTHNAME(order_date) AS Month_Name,
  COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS Total_Orders
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY MONTHNAME(order_date);
```

# H. % of Sales by Pizza Category

```
SELECT
  pizza_category,
  ROUND(SUM(total_price), 2) AS total_revenue,
  ROUND(SUM(total_price) * 100 / (SELECT SUM(total_price) FROM
pizza_sales), 2) AS PCT
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_category;
```

# I. % of Sales by Pizza Size

```
SELECT pizza_size,
```

```
ROUND(SUM(total_price), 2) AS total_revenue,
ROUND(SUM(total_price) * 100 / (SELECT SUM(total_price) FROM
pizza_sales), 2) AS PCT
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_size
ORDER BY pizza_size;
```

# J. Total Pizzas Sold by Pizza Category (for February)

```
SELECT
  pizza_category,
  SUM(quantity) AS Total_Quantity_Sold
FROM pizza_sales
WHERE MONTH(order_date) = 2
GROUP BY pizza_category
ORDER BY Total_Quantity_Sold DESC;
```

# K. Top 5 Pizzas by Revenue

```
SELECT
  pizza_name,
  SUM(total_price) AS Total_Revenue
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Revenue DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

# L. Bottom 5 Pizzas by Revenue

```
SELECT
  pizza_name,
  SUM(total_price) AS Total_Revenue
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Revenue ASC
LIMIT 5;
```

# M. Top 5 Pizzas by Quantity Sold

```
SELECT
pizza_name,
SUM(quantity) AS Total_Pizza_Sold
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Pizza_Sold DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

# N. Bottom 5 Pizzas by Quantity Sold

```
SELECT
pizza_name,
SUM(quantity) AS Total_Pizza_Sold
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Pizza_Sold ASC
LIMIT 5;
```

# O. Top 5 Pizzas by Total Orders

```
SELECT
  pizza_name,
  COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS Total_Orders
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Orders DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

# P. Bottom 5 Pizzas by Total Orders

**SELECT** 

pizza\_name, COUNT(DISTINCT order\_id) AS Total\_Orders FROM pizza\_sales GROUP BY pizza\_name ORDER BY Total\_Orders ASC LIMIT 5;

## DASHBOARD - POWER BI

