

# URL Shortener Microservice - System Design Document

## Executive Summary

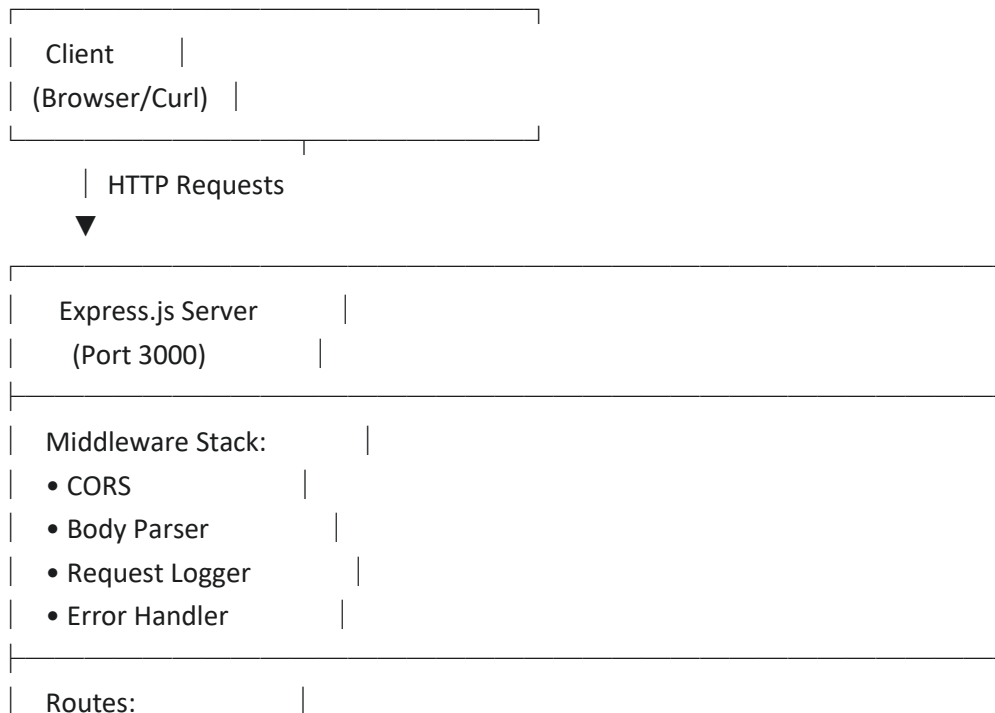
This document describes the **actual implementation** of a URL Shortener Microservice built as a prototype/demo system. The implementation is a **single Node.js application** with **in-memory storage**, designed to demonstrate core functionality rather than production scalability.

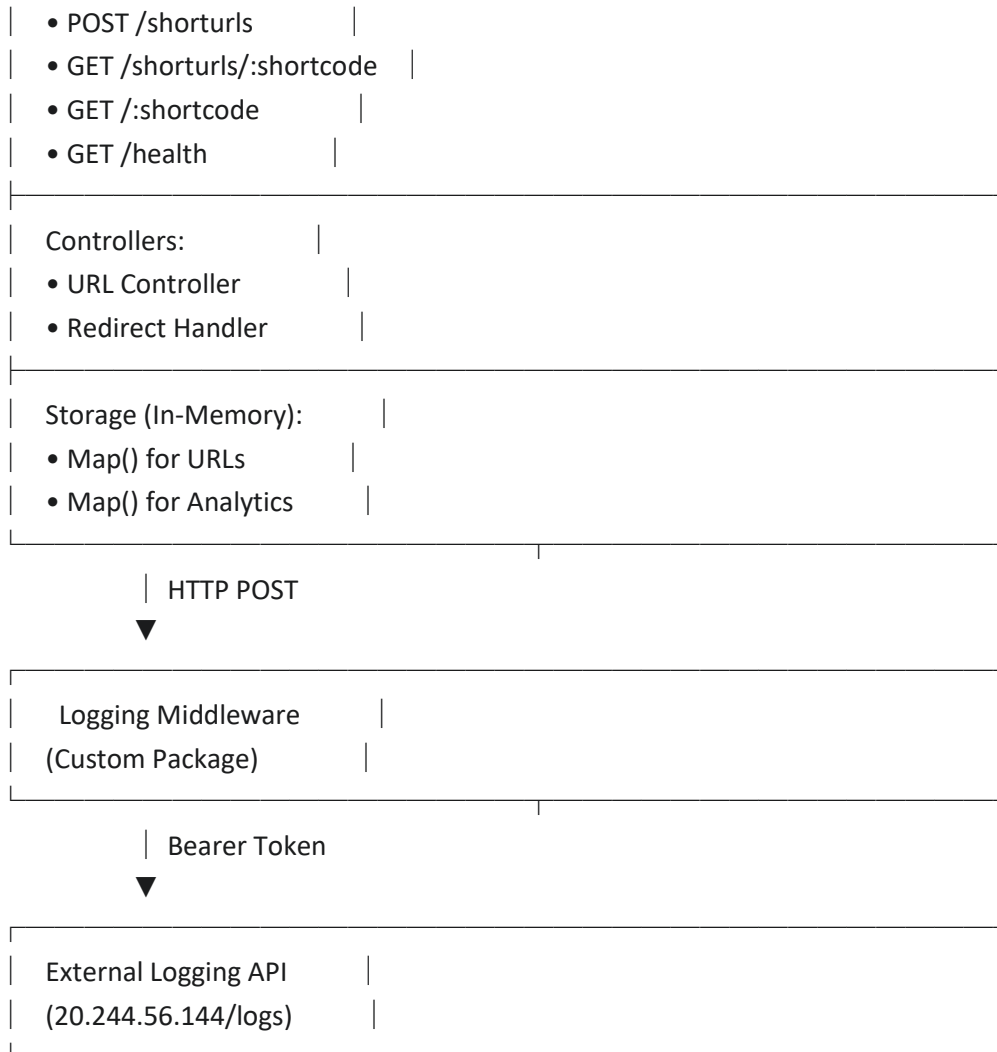
## What We Actually Built

- Single Node.js Express server running on port 3000
- In-memory storage using JavaScript Maps
- Custom logging middleware that sends logs to external API
- RESTful endpoints for URL shortening and analytics
- Basic error handling and validation

## Actual System Architecture

### Real Implementation Architecture (What We Built)





## Component Structure (Actual Files)

backend/

```
|— src/
|   |— server.js      # Main Express application
|   |— storage.js     # In-memory storage using Maps
|   |— utils.js       # Utility functions
|   |— controllers/
|       |— urlController.js # URL creation and stats
|   |— handlers/
|       |— redirectHandler.js # URL redirection logic
|   |— routes/
|       |— urlRoutes.js   # Route definitions
```

```
|   └── middleware/
|       └── index.js      # Custom middleware
└── .env                  # Environment variables
└── package.json          # Dependencies
└── tests/
    └── api.test.js       # Basic API tests
```

## Technology Stack (Implemented)

### Actually Used Technologies

Component	Technology	Version	Why Chosen
Runtime	Node.js	18+	Required for JavaScript backend
Framework	Express.js	^4.18.0	Simple, fast web framework
Language	JavaScript	ES6+	Project requirement
HTTP Client	Axios	^1.6.0	For external API calls
Storage	JavaScript Maps	Native	Simple in-memory storage
Environment	dotenv	^16.0.0	Environment variable management
CORS	cors	^2.8.5	Cross-origin support
Testing	Jest + Supertest	^29.0.0	Testing framework

### Dependencies (package.json)

```
{
  "dependencies": {
```

```
"express": "^4.18.0",
"cors": "^2.8.5",
"body-parser": "^1.20.0",
"axios": "^1.6.0",
"dotenv": "^16.0.0"
},
"devDependencies": {
  "nodemon": "^3.0.0",
  "jest": "^29.0.0",
  "supertest": "^6.3.0"
}
}
```

## Data Models (Current Implementation)

### In-Memory Storage Structure

#### URL Storage (Map)

```
// Key: shortcode (string)
// Value: urlData (object)
{
  originalUrl: "[https://example.com/very-long-url](https://example.com/very-long-url)",
  shortcode: "abc123",
  createdAt: "2025-09-08T10:30:00.000Z",
  expiresAt: "2025-09-08T11:00:00.000Z",
  validity: 30 // minutes
}
```

#### Analytics Storage (Map)

```
// Key: shortcode (string)
// Value: Array of click events
[
  {
    timestamp: "2025-09-08T10:35:00.000Z",
    referrer: "[https://google.com](https://google.com)",
    userAgent: "Mozilla/5.0...",
    ipAddress: "192.168.1.1",
    location: "Local Network"
  }
]
```

```
]
```

## Storage Implementation (storage.js)

```
class URLStorage {  
  constructor() {  
    this.urls = new Map();    // shortcode -> url data  
    this.analytics = new Map(); // shortcode -> click data array  
  }  
  
  // Methods: storeURL, getURL, shortcodeExists, recordClick, getAnalytics  
}
```

## API Design (As Built)

### Implemented Endpoints

#### 1. Create Short URL

POST /shorturls  
Content-Type: application/json

```
{  
  "url": "[https://example.com](https://example.com)",  
  "validity": 30,    // optional, default 30  
  "shortcode": "custom123" // optional  
}
```

Response 201:

```
{  
  "shortLink": "http://localhost:3000/custom123",  
  "expiry": "2025-09-08T11:00:00.000Z"  
}
```

#### 2. Get Statistics

GET /shorturls/custom123

Response 200:

```
{
```

```
"shortcode": "custom123",  
"originalUrl": "[https://example.com](https://example.com)",  
"createdAt": "2025-09-08T10:30:00.000Z",  
"expiresAt": "2025-09-08T11:00:00.000Z",  
"isExpired": false,  
"totalClicks": 3,  
"clickHistory": [...]  
}
```

### 3. Redirect

GET /custom123

Response 302:

Location: [https://example.com](https://example.com)

### 4. Health Check

GET /health

Response 200:

```
{  
  "status": "healthy",  
  "timestamp": "2025-09-08T10:30:00.000Z",  
  "uptime": 1234  
}
```

## Design Patterns

### 1. Express Middleware Pattern

```
// middleware/index.js  
app.use(corsConfig);  
app.use(requestLogger);  
app.use(errorHandler);  
app.use(notFoundHandler);
```

### 2. Controller Pattern

```
// controllers/urlController.js
async function createShortUrl(req, res) {
  // Handle URL creation logic
}
```

### 3. Simple Repository Pattern

```
// storage.js - Data access abstraction
class URLStorage {
  async storeURL(shortcode, urlData) { /* ... */ }
  async getURL(shortcode) { /* ... */ }
}
```

### 4. Utility Functions Pattern

```
// utils.js
function generateShortcode(length = 6) { /* ... */ }
function isValidUrl(url) { /* ... */ }
function createExpiryDate(minutes) { /* ... */ }
```

### 5. Logging Middleware Pattern

```
// Custom logging throughout application
await Log('backend', 'info', 'controller', 'URL created successfully');
```

## Logging Implementation

### Actual Logging Middleware Structure

```
// logging_middleware/src/
|—— constants.js  # Validation constants
|—— logger.js     # Core logging logic
|—— index.js      # Main exports
```

### How Logging Actually Works

#### 1. Import in Backend:

```
const { Log } = require('../../logging_middleware/src/index');
```

## 2. Usage Throughout Code:

```
await Log('backend', 'info', 'controller', 'URL created successfully');  
await Log('backend', 'error', 'db', 'Failed to store URL');
```

## 3. External API Call:

```
// Sends POST to: [http://20.244.56.144/evaluation-  
service/logs](http://20.244.56.144/evaluation-service/logs)  
{  
  "stack": "backend",  
  "level": "info",  
  "package": "controller",  
  "message": "URL created successfully"  
}
```

## 4. Authentication:

Authorization: Bearer <Token>

## Log Levels Used:

- debug - Detailed debugging info
- info - General operations
- warn - Warning conditions
- error - Error conditions
- fatal - Critical errors

## Backend Packages Logged:

- service - Server startup/shutdown
- controller - API request handling
- handler - Business logic
- db - Data operations
- route - Route access
- middleware - Middleware operations