```
In [1]:
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```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import scipy.constants
```

In [2]:

```
class Ising:
         _init__(self,x,y,B=1.0,J=1.0,M=1.0,kT=1.0,xr=2,yr=2):
        ''' The initialization of the Ising class object, the enteries in order are x-len
gth, y-length, Magnetic Field, Coupling Factor, Mu, kT, Periodic Boundary conditions x an
        self.xlen = x
        self.ylen = y
        #Default Config
        self.config = np.ones((x,y),dtype=int)
        #Characteristic properties --> Optional (Defaults already present)
        self.mag = B
        self.coup = J
        self.mu = M
        self.kT = kT
        self.xr = xr
        self.yr = yr
        self.prob = 0
    def __str__(self):
    ''' Returns the configuration when the object is printed'''
        return str(self.config)
    def reset(self):
        ''' Reset the configuration to all ones'''
        self.config = np.ones((self.xlen,self.ylen),dtype=int)
        returno11111
    def random(self):
        ''' Randomizes the configurations'''
        for i in range(self.xlen):
            for j in range(self.ylen):
                if np.random.randint(2) == 0 :
                    self.confiq[i][j] = -1
                else:
                    self.confiq[i][j] = 1
    def magnetization(self):
        ''' Returns the magnetization of the current configuration'''
        return self.mu*np.sum(self.config)/(self.xlen*self.ylen)
    def energy(self):
        ''' Calculates the energy of the current configuration od the given Ising model''
        # Potential only from magnetic field
        V = -1 * self.mag * np.sum(self.config)
        V \star = self.xr + self.yr - 1
        # Potential from interactions
        # For the interactions coupling with only the element below it and after it is co
nsidered
        # so as to not have any duplications
        temp = 0
        temp1=0
        temp2=0
        for i in range(self.xlen):
            for j in range(self.ylen):
                if i != self.xlen - 1:
                    temp -= self.config[i][j] * self.config[i+1][j]
                if j != self.ylen - 1:
                    temp -= self.config[i][j] * self.config[i][j+1]
```

```
temp *= (self.xr + self.yr - 1)
        #Applying PBC conditions
        for j in range(self.ylen):
           temp1 -= self.config[-1][j] * self.config[0][j]
        temp1 *= self.xr
        for j in range(self.xlen):
            temp2 -= self.config[j][-1] * self.config[j][0]
        temp2 *= self.yr
        temp += temp1 + temp2
        #Complete energy due to Coupling
        temp*=self.coup
        #Total Energy
        V += temp
        return V
    def MC(self):
        nx = np.random.randint(0, self.xlen)
        ny = np.random.randint(0, self.ylen)
        SumSpin=0
        if nx!=self.xlen-1:
            SumSpin+=self.config[nx+1][ny]
        else:
            SumSpin+=self.config[0][ny]
        if ny!=self.ylen-1:
            SumSpin+=self.config[nx][ny+1]
        else:
            SumSpin+=self.config[nx][0]
        if nx!=0:
            SumSpin+=self.config[nx-1][ny]
        else:
            SumSpin+=self.config[-1][ny]
        if ny!=0:
            SumSpin+=self.config[nx][ny-1]
        else:
            SumSpin+=self.config[nx][-1]
        V = self.config[nx,ny]*(self.mag*self.mu*2 + self.coup*SumSpin)
        #Due to the PBC, multiple changes happen at once
        #Hence Potential =
        V *= self.xr + self.yr -1
        p acc = np.exp(-1.0/self.kT*V)
        if V < 0 or np.random.random() < p acc:</pre>
            self.config[nx,ny] *=-1
            accept=True
        else:
            accept=False
        self.prob = p acc
        return accept
    def Store(self, stepSize, totStep, filename):
        f = open(filename, "w")
        fa = open("Config.dle", "w")
        f.write("Step No:Magnetization:Temp:Energy\n")
        fa.write("Config according to step\n")
        Step=0
        while Step < totStep:</pre>
            flag = self.MC()
            if flag == True:
                Step+=1
                if Step%stepSize == 0:
                    rem temp = str(self.config) + "\n\n"
                    fa.write(rem temp)
                    temp_str = str(Step) + ":" + str(self.magnetization()) + ":" + str(s
elf.kT/scipy.constants.k) + ":" + str(self.energy()) + "\n"
                    f.write(temp str)
```

```
f.close()
        fa.close()
    def Heat(self, stepSize, totStep):
        Step=0
        E=0
        U=0
        while Step < totStep:</pre>
             flag = self.MC()
             if flag == True:
                 Step+=1
                 if Step%stepSize == 0:
                     temp=self.energy()
                     E+=temp
                     U+=temp*temp
        totEnergy= U - E*E
        totEnergy/=Step
        C = totEnergy/(self.kT*self.kT)
        return C
    def Mag Step(self, stepSize, totStep):
        Step=0
        E=0
        U=0
        while Step < totStep:</pre>
            flag = self.MC()
             Step+=1
            if Step%stepSize == 0:
                 E = self.magnetization()
        E/=Step
        return E
    def equiibration(self, steps):
        x = np.array([])
        y = np.array([])
        while i < steps * self.xlen * self.ylen * (self.xr + self.yr - 1):</pre>
            flag = modObj.MC()
            val = modObj.energy()
            x=np.append(x, val)
            y = np.append(y,i)
             i+=1
        return [x,y]
In [3]:
```

```
modObj = Ising(50, 50, 0)
print(modObj)
modObj.mag = 0
modObj.energy()
[[1 1 1 ... 1 1 1]
 [1 1 1 ... 1 1 1]
 [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ \dots \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]
 . . .
 [1 1 1 ... 1 1 1]
 [1 1 1 ... 1 1 1]
 [1 1 1 ... 1 1 1]]
Out[3]:
-14900.0
```

Plot of Energy vs Temperature

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In [6]:
```

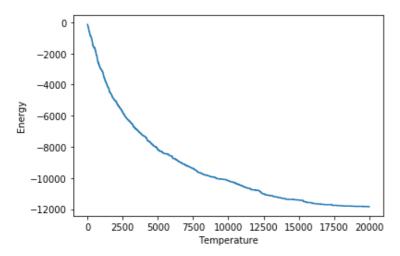
```
step = 100
totStep = 2000
modObj.kT = 1
modObj.random()
```

```
x = np.array([])
y = np.array([])
i = 0
while i < 20000:
    flag = modObj.MC()
    val = modObj.energy()
    x=np.append(x,val)
    y = np.append(y,i)
    i+=1

plt.xlabel('Temperature')
plt.ylabel('Energy')
plt.plot(y,x)</pre>
```

Out[6]:

[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f3247ac7a10>]



Plot of Magnetization vs Temperature

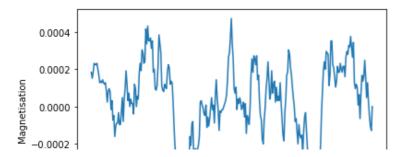
in the following code we shall plot m vs k_bT T is plotted

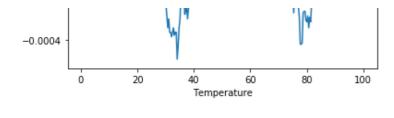
```
In [7]:
```

```
modObj.mag = 0
step = 100
totStep = 100
finTemp = 100
minTemp = 0.5
x = np.array([])
y = np.array([])
for i in np.linspace(minTemp, finTemp, 300):
    modObj.kT = i
    val = modObj.Mag_Step(step, totStep)
    x=np.append(x, val)
    y = np.append(y, i)
plt.xlabel('Temperature')
plt.ylabel('Magnetisation')
```

Out[7]:

[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f3247a3f610>]





In []: