

Problem Editorial Submissions Comments

Output Window

Compilation Results Custom Input Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)

Problem Solved Successfully ✓ Suggest Feedback

Test Cases Passed Attempts : Correct / Total
1111 / 1111 1 / 1 Accuracy : 100%

Points Scored Time Taken
4 / 4 0.79 Your Total Score: 54 ↑

Solve Next

Max sum in the configuration Boolean Matrix Row with Minimum 1s

Stay Ahead With:

Java (21) Start Timer

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    int firstOneIndex = firstOne(arr[i], m);  
    if (firstOneIndex != -1) {  
        int onesCount = m - firstOneIndex;  
        if (onesCount > maxOnes) {  
            maxOnes = onesCount;  
            rowIndex = i;  
        }  
    }  
}  
return rowIndex;  
}  
// Binary search to find first 1 in a row  
private int firstOne(int[] row, int m) {  
    int low = 0, high = m - 1;  
    int ans = -1;  
    while (low <= high) {  
        int mid = (low + high) / 2;  
        if (row[mid] == 1) {  
            ans = mid;  
            high = mid - 1;  
        } else {  
            low = mid + 1;  
        }  
    }  
    return ans;  
}
```

Custom Input Compile & Run Submit

☰ Problem Editorial Submissions Comments

Output Window

Compilation Results Custom Input Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)

Problem Solved Successfully ✓ Suggest Feedback

Test Cases Passed Attempts : Correct / Total
1117 / 1117 1 / 1 Accuracy : 100%

Points Scored 1 Time Taken
4 / 4 0.99 Your Total Score: 50 ↑

Solve Next

Reverse Spiral Form of Matrix Binary Matrix with at most K 1s Aggressive Cows

Stay Ahead With:

Java (21) Start Timer

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    low = Math.min(low, mat[i][0]);  
    high = Math.max(high, mat[i][m - 1]);  
}  
  
int desired = (n * m + 1) / 2;  
  
while (low < high) {  
    int mid = low + (high - low) / 2;  
    int count = 0;  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        count += upperBound(mat[i], mid);  
    }  
  
    if (count < desired) {  
        low = mid + 1;  
    } else {  
        high = mid;  
    }  
}  
return low;  
}  
  
private int upperBound(int[] row, int target) {  
    int l = 0, r = row.length;  
    while (l < r) {  
        int mid = l + (r - 1) / 2;  
        if (row[mid] <= target) {  
            l = mid + 1;  
        } else {  
            r = mid;  
        }  
    }  
    return l;  
}
```

Custom Input Compile & Run Submit Ctrl + Enter

Description | Accepted X Editorial Solutions Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted 133 / 133 testcases passed
amit_89333 submitted at Feb 08, 2026 00:18

Runtime: 0 ms | Beats 100.00% | Memory: 44.08 MB | Beats 39.09%

Analyze Complexity

Runtime distribution chart showing a single bar at 0ms.

Code | Java

```
1 class Solution {
2     public boolean searchMatrix(int[][] matrix, int target) {
3         int m = matrix.length;
4         int n = matrix[0].length;
5
6         int left = 0;
7         int right = m * n - 1;
8
9         while (left <= right) {
10            int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
11            int row = mid / n;
12            int col = mid % n;
13
14            if (matrix[row][col] == target) {
15                return true;
16            }
17            else if (matrix[row][col] < target) {
18                left = mid + 1;
19            }
20            else {
21                right = mid - 1;
22            }
23        }
24        return false;
25    }
26}
```

Saved | Ln 26, Col 2

Testcase | Test Result

Problem Editorial Submissions Comments Java (21) Start Timer

Output Window

Compilation Results Custom Input Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)

Problem Solved Successfully ✓ Suggest Feedback

Test Cases Passed Attempts : Correct / Total
1115 / 1115 **1 / 1**

Accuracy : 100%

Points Scored Time Taken
4 / 4 **2.13**

Your Total Score: 46 ↑

Solve Next

Find kth element of spiral matrix Rotate by 90 degree Reverse Spiral Form of Matrix

Stay Ahead With:

Java (21) Start Timer

```
1 class Solution {
2     public ArrayList<Integer> spirallyTraverse(int matrix[][]){
3         ArrayList<Integer> res=new ArrayList<>();
4         if (matrix == null || matrix.length == 0) return res;
5         int m = matrix.length, n = matrix[0].length;
6         int top = 0, left = 0, bottom = m - 1, right = n - 1;
7         while(top<bottom && left<=right){
8             for(int i=left;i<=right;i++){
9                 res.add(matrix[top][i]);
10            }
11            top++;
12            for(int i=top;i<=bottom;i++){
13                res.add(matrix[i][right]);
14            }
15            right--;
16            if(top<bottom){
17                for(int i=right;i>=left;i--){
18                    res.add(matrix[bottom][i]);
19                }
20                bottom--;
21            }
22            if(left<=right){
23                for(int i=bottom;i>=top;i--){
24                    res.add(matrix[i][left]);
25                }
26                left++;
27            }
28        }
29        return res;
30    }
31 }
32 }
```

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Output Window

Compilation Results Custom Input Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)

Problem Solved Successfully [Suggest Feedback](#)

Test Cases Passed Attempts : Correct / Total
1115 / 1115 **1 / 1** Accuracy : 100%

Points Scored Time Taken
1 / 1 **0.68**

Your Total Score: **42**

Solve Next

[Multiply Array](#) [Mean of an Array](#) [Greatest of three numbers](#)

Stay Ahead With:

[Custom Input](#) [Compile & Run](#) [Submit](#)

```
1 import java.util.Arrays;
2
3 class Solution {
4     public double findMedian(int[] arr) {
5         Arrays.sort(arr);
6         int n = arr.length;
7         if (n % 2 != 0) {
8             return (double) arr[n / 2];
9         } else {
10            return (arr[n / 2] + arr[(n / 2) - 1]) / 2.0;
11        }
12    }
13 }
```

Problem Editorial Submissions Comments

Output Window

Compilation Results Custom Input Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)

Problem Solved Successfully ✓ [Suggest Feedback](#)

Test Cases Passed Attempts : Correct / Total
1115 / 1115 **1 / 1**
Accuracy : 100%

Points Scored Time Taken
1 / 1 **0.12**
Your Total Score: 41 ↑

Solve Next

Palindrome Array Smaller and Larger Find the left over element

Stay Ahead With:

Java (21) Start Timer

```
1 class Solution {  
2     public static boolean isPalinArray(int[] arr) {  
3         // add code here.  
4         for(int i : arr){  
5             int reverse = 0;  
6             int num = i;  
7             while(num != 0){  
8                 reverse = reverse*10 + num%10;  
9                 num/=10;  
10            }  
11            if(i != reverse){  
12                return false;  
13            }  
14        }  
15        return true;  
16    }  
17}  
18 }
```

Custom Input Compile & Run Submit Ctrl + Enter

Output Window

Compilation Results Custom Input Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)

Problem Solved Successfully ✓ [Suggest Feedback](#)

Test Cases Passed Attempts : Correct / Total
1112 / 1112 **1 / 5** Accuracy : 20%

Points Scored ⓘ Time Taken
4 / 4 **0.45**

Your Total Score: 40 ↗

Solve Next [Rearrange Array Alternately](#) [Count Number](#) [Subarray Inversions](#)

Stay Ahead With:

Custom Input [Compile & Run](#) [Submit](#) Ctrl + Enter

```
1* class Solution {
2*   public static int minswap(int[] arr, int k) {
3*     int n = arr.length;
4*
5*     // Count elements <= k (window size)
6*     int good = 0;
7*     for (int x : arr) {
8*       if (x <= k) good++;
9*     }
10*
11*    if (good == 0 || good == n) return 0;
12*
13*    // Count bad elements in first window
14*    int bad = 0;
15*    for (int i = 0; i < good; i++) {
16*      if (arr[i] > k) bad++;
17*    }
18*
19*    int minSwaps = bad;
20*
21*    // Slide the window
22*    for (int i = 0, j = good; j < n; i++, j++) {
23*      if (arr[i] > k) bad--;
24*      if (arr[j] > k) bad++;
25*
26*      minSwaps = Math.min(minSwaps, bad);
27*
28*    }
29*
30*    return minSwaps;
31* }
```

☰ Problem Editorial Submissions Comments

Output Window X

Compilation Results Custom Input Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)

Problem Solved Successfully ✓ Suggest Feedback

Test Cases Passed Attempts : Correct / Total
1111 / 1111 You can see all your attempts in submission tab
Accuracy : 100%

Points Scored 1 Time Taken
You can see the score in submission tab 0.24

Calculating score...

Solve Next

Wave Array Sort by Absolute Difference Convert an array to reduced form

Java (21) Start Timer

```
1 class Solution {
2     // Function to partition the array around the range such
3     // that array is divided into three parts.
4     public void threeWayPartition(int arr[], int a, int b) {
5         // code here
6         int start = 0;
7         int end = 0;
8
9         while(end < arr.length){
10            if(arr[end] >= a){
11                end++;
12            }
13            else{
14                int temp = arr[start];
15                arr[start] = arr[end];
16                arr[end] = temp;
17                start++;
18                end++;
19            }
20        }
21        end = start;
22
23        while(end < arr.length){
24            if(arr[end] >= b){
25                end++;
26            }
27            else{
28                int temp = arr[start];
29                arr[start] = arr[end];
30                arr[end] = temp;
31                start++;
32                end++;
33            }
34        }
35    }
36 }
37 }
```

Custom Input Compile & Run Submit

☰ Problem Editorial Submissions Comments

Output Window

Compilation Results Custom Input Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)

Problem Solved Successfully ✓ Suggest Feedback

Test Cases Passed Attempts : Correct / Total
1112 / 1112 **1 / 1**

Accuracy : 100%

Points Scored Time Taken
2 / 2 **0.93**

Your Total Score: 34 🎉

Solve Next

Sorted subsequence of size 3 Array Duplicates Two Sum - Pair with Given Sum

Stay Ahead With:

Java (21) Start Timer

```
22     ans=curr;
23     flag=true;
24   }
25   right--;
26 }
27 else if(sum<=x)
28 {
29   left++;
30   if(right!=(n-1))
31     right++;
32 }
33 return (flag==false)?0:ans;//if no such array, 0 will be returned as ans
34 /*
35 int n=arr.length,sum=0;
36 int res=n;boolean flag=false;
37 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
38 {
39   for(int j=i;j<n;j++)
40   {
41     for(int k=i;k<=j;k++)
42     {
43       sum+=arr[k];
44     }
45     if(sum>x)
46     {
47       int curr=j-i+1;
48       if(curr<=res){
49         res=curr;flag=true;
50       }
51       sum=0;
52     }
53   }
54 }
55 */
56
57
58 }
```

Custom Input Compile & Run Submit Ctrl + Enter

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Compilation Results Custom Input Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)

Problem Solved Successfully ✓ Suggest Feedback

Test Cases Passed Attempts : Correct / Total
1112 / 1112 1 / 1 Accuracy : 100%

Points Scored Time Taken
2 / 2 0.82

Your Total Score: 32 ↑

Solve Next

Bubble Sort Floor in a Sorted Array Closest Triplet

Stay Ahead With:

Java (21) Start Timer

```
1 class Solution {  
2     public int findMinDiff(ArrayList<Integer> arr, int m) {  
3         // your code here  
4         Collections.sort(arr);  
5           
6         int i = 0; int j = m-1;  
7         int n = arr.size();  
8         int ans = Integer.MAX_VALUE;  
9           
10        while(j < n){  
11            ans = Math.min(ans, arr.get(j)-arr.get(i));  
12            i++; j++;  
13        }  
14    }  
15    return ans;  
16}
```

Snipping Tool Screenshot copied to clipboard Automatically saved to screenshots folder. Markup and share