Congratulations! You passed!

TO PASS 70% or higher



grade 71.42%

List Manipulation

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE 71.42% 1. Given the list $my_{list} = [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]$, which of the following slices returns the list [3, 5, 7, 9]? 1 / 1 point my_list[1:] ✓ Correct This slice returns the list [3, 5, 7, 9]. my_list[1:-1] my_list[1:4] my_list[2 : 4] 2. While of the following expressions returns a tuple of length one? 1/1 point [1] (1,) This expression returns the tuple (1,). tuple([1]) ✓ Correct This expression returns the tuple (1,). (1) 3. Why does following code snippet raise an error in Python? 0 / 1 point 1 instructors = ("Scott", "Joe", "John", "Stephen")
2 instructors[2 : 4] = []
3 print(instructors) O Slices cannot be used with tuples. O John and Stephen are irreplaceable. O Tuples are immutable. The tuple doesn't contain an element with index 4. Incorrect This slice is valid. Try changing the tuple in the code snippet to a list. 4. Given a non-empty list my_{list} , which item in the list does the operation $my_{list.pop}$ () remove? 1 / 1 point O The item my_list[0] O The item my_list[len(my_list)] The item my_list[-1] O The item my_list[1] ✓ Correct

The method ${f pop}$ () removes the last item in the list.

```
1 my_list = [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]
2 my_list.reverse()
3 print(my list.reverse())
```

Note that this question is easily answered by running this snippet in Python. Instead, **carefully** evaluate this code snippet mentally when you attempt this problem.

None

O [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]

O Executing this code snippet raises an error.

O [9, 7, 5, 3, 1]

```
✓ Correct
Since reverse() is a method, it mutates my_list and returns None.
```

6. Given a list **fib** = **[0, 1]**, write a loop that appends the sum of the last two items in **fib** to the end of **fib**. What is the value of the last item in **fib** after twenty iterations of this loop? Enter the answer below as an integer.

As a check, the value of the last item in **fib** after ten iterations is 89.

```
    ✓ Correct
        Correct. The values in this list are the <u>Fibonacci numbers</u>.
```

One of the first examples of an algorithm was the <u>Sieve of Eratosthenes</u>. This algorithm computes all prime numbers up
to a specified bound. The provided code below implements all but the innermost loop for this algorithm in Python. Review
the linked Wikipedia page and complete this code.

Running your completed code should print two numbers in the console. The first number should be 46. Enter the second number printed in the console as the answer below.

No answer

Incorrect

The answer you gave is not a number.