US Accidents Exploratory Data Analysis

Description This is a countrywide car accident dataset that covers 49 states of the USA. The accident data were collected from February 2016 to March 2023, using multiple APIs that provide streaming traffic incident (or event) data. These APIs broadcast traffic data captured by various entities, including the US and state departments of transportation, law enforcement agencies, traffic cameras, and traffic sensors within the road networks. The dataset currently contains approximately 7.7 million accident records. For more information about this dataset, please visit here.

TODO - TALK ABOUT EDA TODO - TALK ABOUT DATASET (SOURCES, WHAT IT CONTAINS, HOW IT WILL USEFUL)

KAGGLE, INFORMATION ABOUT ACCIDENTS, CAN BE USEFUL TO PREVENT ACCIDENTS Mention that this does not contain data about New York

Importing the important python libraries

```
In [2]: # Importing the important python libraries
  import numpy as np
  import pandas as pd
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import seaborn as sns
```

DATA PREPARATION AND CLEANING

```
In [3]: df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\AYUSH\Downloads\archive (1)\US_Accidents_March23.csv")
```

In [4]: df

Out [4]:

:			ID	Source	Severity	Start_Time	End_Time	Start_Lat	Start_Lng	End_Lat	End_Lng	Distance(mi)	 Roundabout	Station	Stop
	0	A-1		Source2	3	2016-02-08 05:46:00	2016-02- 08 11:00:00	39.865147	-84.058723	NaN	NaN	0.010	 False	False	False
	1	A-2		Source2	2	2016-02-08 06:07:59	2016-02- 08 06:37:59	39.928059	-82.831184	NaN	NaN	0.010	 False	False	False
	2	A-3		Source2	2	2016-02-08 06:49:27	2016-02- 08 07:19:27	39.063148	-84.032608	NaN	NaN	0.010	 False	False	False
	3	A-4		Source2	3	2016-02-08 07:23:34	2016-02- 08 07:53:34	39.747753	-84.205582	NaN	NaN	0.010	 False	False	False
	4	A-5		Source2	2	2016-02-08 07:39:07	2016-02- 08 08:09:07	39.627781	-84.188354	NaN	NaN	0.010	 False	False	False
772													 		
	8389	A- 7777	757	Sourcel	2	2019-08-23 18:03:25	2019-08- 23 18:32:01	34.002480	-117.379360	33.99888	-117.37094	0.543	 False	False	False
772	8390	A- 7777	758	Sourcel	2	2019-08-23 19:11:30	2019-08- 23 19:38:23	32.766960	-117.148060	32.76555	-117.15363	0.338	 False	False	False
772	28391	A- 7777	759	Sourcel	2	2019-08-23 19:00:21	2019-08- 23 19:28:49	33.775450	-117.847790	33.77740	-117.85727	0.561	 False	False	False
772	8392	A- 7777	760	Sourcel	2	2019-08-23 19:00:21	2019-08- 23 19:29:42	33.992460	-118.403020	33.98311	-118.39565	0.772	 False	False	False
772	8393	A- 7777	1761	Sourcel	2	2019-08-23 18:52:06	2019-08- 23 19:21:31	34.133930	-117.230920	34.13736	-117.23934	0.537	 False	False	False

7728394 rows × 46 columns

```
In [5]: df.columns
```

```
df.info()
           <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          RangeIndex: 7728394 entries, 0 to 7728393
Data columns (total 46 columns):
                Column
                                            Dtype
           0
                ID
                                            object object
                Source
                Severity
                                             int64
                Start_Time
End_Time
                                            object
object
           3
                Start_Lat
                                             float64
                Start_Lng
           6
7
                                            float64
                End_Lat
                                             float64
                End_Lng
                                             float64
                Distance(mi)
                                            float64
           10
                Description
                                            object
                                            object
                Street
                City
County
                                            object
object
           12
           13
                State
                                            object
           15
                Zipcode
                                            object
object
           16
                Country
                Timezone
                                            object
                Airport_Code
Weather_Timestamp
           18
                                            object
           19
                                            object
                Temperature(F)
                                             float64
                Wind_Chill(F)
Humidity(%)
Pressure(in)
           21
22
                                            float64
                                            float64
           23
24
                                             float64
                Visibility(mi)
Wind_Direction
                                            float64
           25
                                            object
           26
27
                Wind_Speed(mph)
                                             float64
                Precipitation(in)
Weather_Condition
                                            float64
           28
                                            object
                Amenity
                                            bool
           30
31
                Bump
                                            bool
                Crossing
                                            bool
           32
                Give_Way
                                            bool
           33
34
                Junction
No_Exit
                                            bool
                                            bool
           35
                Railway
                                            bool
           36
37
                Roundabout
                                            bool
                Station
                                            bool
                Stop
Traffic_Calming
Traffic_Signal
           38
                                            bool
           39
                                            bool
           40
                                            bool
                Turning_Loop
           41
                                            bool
                Sunrise_Sunset
Civil Twilight
           42
                                            object
           43
                                            object
           44
                Nautical_Twilight
                                            object
          45 Astronomical_Twilight object dtypes: bool(13), float64(12), int64(1), object(20)
          memory usage: 2.0+ GB
 In [7]: # Descriptive Statistics of all the numerical columns
           df.describe()
Out [7]:
                                     Start_Lat
                                                    Start_Lng
                                                                     End_Lat
                                                                                    End_Lng
                                                                                               Distance(mi)
                                                                                                             Temperature(F)
                                                                                                                               Wind_Chill(F)
                        Severity
                                                                                                                                               Humidity(%)
                                                                                                                                                             Pressure
                  7.728394e+06
                                  7.728394e+06
                                                 7.728394e+06
                                                                4.325632e+06
                                                                               4.325632e+06
                                                                                              7.728394e+06
                                                                                                             7.564541e+06
                                                                                                                              5.729375e+06
                                                                                                                                             7.554250e+06
                                                                                                                                                            7.587715e+
           count
                                                 -9.470255e+01 3.626183e+01
                                                                               -9.572557e+01
                                                                                                                                                            2.953899e+
            mean 2.212384e+00
                                  3.620119e+01
                                                                                              5.618423e-01
                                                                                                             6.166329e+01
                                                                                                                              5.825105e+01
                                                                                                                                             6.483104e+01
             std 4.875313e-01
                                  5.076079e+00 1.739176e+01
                                                                5.272905e+00 1.810793e+01
                                                                                              1.776811e+00
                                                                                                             1.901365e+01
                                                                                                                              2.238983e+01
                                                                                                                                             2.282097e+01
                                                                                                                                                            1.006190e+0
             min 1.000000e+00
                                  2.455480e+01
                                                 -1.246238e+02 2.456601e+01
                                                                               -1.245457e+02
                                                                                              0.000000e+00
                                                                                                             -8.900000e+01
                                                                                                                              -8.900000e+01
                                                                                                                                             1.000000e+00
                                                                                                                                                            0.000000e-
             25% 2.000000e+00 3.339963e+01
                                                 -1.172194e+02
                                                                3.346207e+01
                                                                               -1.177543e+02
                                                                                              0.000000e+00
                                                                                                            4.900000e+01
                                                                                                                              4.300000e+01
                                                                                                                                             4.800000e+01
                                                                                                                                                            2.937000e-
             50% 2.000000e+00 3.582397e+01
                                                 -8.776662e+01 3.618349e+01
                                                                               -8.802789e+01 3.000000e-02
                                                                                                             6400000e+01
                                                                                                                              6200000e+01
                                                                                                                                             6.700000e+01
                                                                                                                                                            2.986000e+
             75%
                  2.000000e+00 4.008496e+01
                                                 -8.035368e+01 4.017892e+01
                                                                               -8.024709e+01
                                                                                              4.640000e-01
                                                                                                             7.600000e+01
                                                                                                                              7.500000e+01
                                                                                                                                             8.400000e+01
                                                                                                                                                            3.003000e-
                  4.000000e+00 4.900220e+01
                                                 -6.711317e+01
                                                                4.907500e+01
                                                                               -6.710924e+01
                                                                                              4.417500e+02
                                                                                                             2.070000e+02
                                                                                                                              2.070000e+02
                                                                                                                                             1.000000e+02
                                                                                                                                                           5.863000e+
             max
           numerics = ['int16','int32','int64','float16','float32','float64']
           numeric_df = df.select_dtypes(include=numerics)
           len(numeric_df.columns)
Out [8]: 13
 In [9]: # Missing entry
           df.isna().sum()
Out [9]: ID
           Source
                                                0
          Severity
Start_Time
                                                0
                                                0
          End_Time
                                                0
          Start_Lat
Start_Lng
                                                0
                                                0
                                         3402762
           End_Lat
          End_Lng
                                         3402762
                                                0
          Distance(mi)
          Description
                                           10869
          Street
          City
                                              253
          County
```

In [6]:

Overall Information about the Data

```
Country
                                          7808
           Timezone
          Airport_Code
Weather_Timestamp
Temperature(F)
                                         22635
                                        120228
                                        163853
           Wind_Chill(F)
                                       1999019
           Humidity(%)
                                        174144
           Pressure(in)
                                        140679
           Visibility(mi)
                                        177098
          Wind_Direction
Wind_Speed(mph)
                                        175206
                                        571233
           Precipitation(in)
                                       2203586
           Weather_Condition
                                        173459
           Amenity
           Bump
           Crossing
                                             Ö
           Give Way
           Junction
           No Exit
                                             0
           Railway
           Roundabout
           Station
                                             0
          Stop
Traffic_Calming
          Traffic_Signal
Turning_Loop
Sunrise_Sunset
                                             0
          Civil_Twilight
Nautical Twilight
                                         23246
23246
           Astronomical_Twilight
                                         23246
           dtype: int64
 In [10]: #percentage of missing values per columns
           missing_df = df.isna().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)/len(df)
 In [11]: | missing_df[missing_df!=0].plot(kind='barh')
Out [11]: <Axes: >
                      Description
                             City
                         Zipcode
                        Timezone
                           Street
                    Airport Code
                 Nautical_Twilight
            Astronomical_Twilight
                    Civil_Twilight
                  Sunrise_Sunset
             Weather_Timestamp
                     Pressure(in)
                  Temperature(F)
               Weather_Condition
                     Humidity(%)
                  Wind_Direction
                     Visibility(mi)
               Wind Speed(mph)
                    Wind_Chill(F)
                  Precipitation(in)
                         End_Lat
                         End_Lng -
                                 0.0
                                                0.1
                                                               0.2
                                                                              0.3
 In [12]: percentage_miss = missing_df[missing_df != 0]
           percentage_miss
Out [12]: End_Lng
                                       4.402935e-01
           End_Lat
                                       4.402935e-01
                                       2.851286e-01
           Precipitation(in)
           Wind_Chill(F)
                                       2.586590e-01
          Wind_Speed(mph)
Visibility(mi)
                                       7.391355e-02
                                       2.291524e-02
           Wind_Direction
                                       2.267043e-02
          Humidity(%)
Weather_Condition
Temperature(F)
                                       2.253301e-02
                                       2.244438e-02
                                       2.120143e-02
           Pressure(in)
                                       1.820288e-02
          Weather_Timestamp
Sunrise_Sunset
                                       1.555666e-02
                                       3.007869e-03
           Civil_Twilight
                                       3.007869e-03
          Astronomical_Twilight
Nautical_Twilight
                                       3.007869e-03
                                       3.007869e-03
           Airport_Code
                                       2.928810e-03
                                       1.406372e-03
           Street
           Timezone
                                       1.010300e-03
           Zipcode
                                       2.477876e-04
           City
                                       3.273643e-05
           Description
                                       6.469649e-07
          dtype: float64
          remove columns that are not useful
 In [13]: # Converting Series to Dataframe
            percentage_miss = percentage_miss.to_frame()
```

State Zipcode

1915

```
In [14]: # Heatmap Visualization
          sns.heatmap(percentage_miss,annot=True)
Out [14]: <Axes: >
                      End_Lng -
                                                    0.44
                      End Lat -
                                                    0.44
                                                                                   - 0.40
               Precipitation(in)
                  Wind_Chill(F)
             Wind_Speed(mph)
                                                   0.074
                                                                                   0.35
                  Visibility(mi)
                                                   0.023
                Wind_Direction
                                                   0.023
                                                                                   - 0.30
                  Humidity(%)
                                                   0.023
             Weather_Condition
                                                   0.022
                                                   0.021
                Temperature(F)
                                                                                   0.25
                                                   0.018
                   Pressure(in)
                                                   0.016
           Weather_Timestamp
                                                                                   - 0.20
                Sunrise_Sunset
                                                   0.003
                  Civil_Twilight -
                                                   0.003
           Astronomical_Twilight
                                                   0.003
                                                                                   - 0.15
               Nautical_Twilight
                                                   0.003
                                                   0.0029
                  Airport_Code
                                                                                   - 0.10
                        Street
                                                   0.0014
                    Timezone
                                                   0.001
                      Zipcode
                                                  0.00025
                                                                                   0.05
                         City
                                                  3.3e-05
                   Description
                                                  6.5e-07
                                                     0
 In [15]: # # We will exclude the columns that contain more than 5% of missing values, as they are not app
          cols = [var for var in df.columns if df[var].isnull().mean()>0.05]
          cols
Out [15]: ['End_Lat', 'End_Lng', 'Wind_Chill(F)', 'Wind_Speed(mph)', 'Precipitation(in)']
 In [16]: # Unnecessary columns removal
          df.drop(columns = cols,inplace = True)
         Exploratory Data And Visualisation
         columns we will analyse
             1. city
            2. start time
             3. start lat, start Ing
            4. state
            5. temperature
             6. weather condition
 In [17]: df.columns
City
 In [18]: cities = df.City.nunique()
          cities
Out [18]: 13678
 In [19]: | cities_by_accident = df.City.value_counts()
          cities_by_accident
Out [19]: City
          Miami
                          186917
                          169609
          Houston
          Los Angeles
                          156491
          Charlotte
                          138652
         Dallas
                          130939
          Rapid River
         Cat Spring
Glenwood City
          Downing
          Marfa
         Name: count, Length: 13678, dtype: int64
```

```
In [20]: cities_by_accident[:10]
Out [20]: City
Miami
                           186917
          Houston
                           169609
          Los Angeles
Charlotte
                           156491
                           138652
          Dallas
                           130939
          Orlando
                           109733
                           97359
          Austin
          Raleigh
                            86079
                           72930
71588
          Nashville
          Baton Rouge 71588
Name: count, dtype: int64
 In [21]: "New York" in df.City
Out [21]: False
 In [22]: "NY" in df.State
Out [22]: False
 In [78]: # Plot
           city_by_accidents[:20].plot(kind="barh",title='Top 20 cities having most number of accidents',xl
Out [78]: <Axes: title={'center': 'Top 20 cities having most number of accidents'}, xlabel='Number of Accidents', ylabel='Cities'>
                                      Top 20 cities having most number of accidents
                   Columbia
                    Tucson
                Jacksonville
              Oklahoma City
                  Richmond
                 Minneapolis
                   Phoenix
                  San Diego
                 Sacramento
                    Atlanta
               Baton Rouge
                   Nashville
                    Raleigh
```

In [27]: sns.set_style("darkgrid")

100000 125000 150000

175000

In [31]: sns.distplot(cities_by_accident)

0

25000

50000

75000

Number of Accidents

Austin Orlando Dallas Charlotte Los Angeles Houston Miami

```
C:\Users\AYUSH\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_24380\3405282844.py:1: UserWarning:

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751

sns.distplot(cities_by_accident)
```

Out [31]: <Axes: xlabel='count', ylabel='Density'>

```
0.0005

0.0003

0.0002

0.0001

0.0000

0 25000 50000 75000 100000 125000 150000 175000 count
```

```
In [28]: high_accident_cities = cities_by_accident[cities_by_accident >= 1000]
            low_accident_cities = cities_by_accident[cities_by_accident < 1000]</pre>
 In [34]: len(high_accident_cities)/len(cities_by_accident)
Out [34]: 0.08904810644831115
 In [81]: # Distribution II(Accidents are high)
            sns.histplot(high_accident_city,bins=100,log_scale=True,kde=True,).set(xlabel='Number of Accident_city)
                                                                                                                                                 Traceback (
           1 # Distribution II(Accidents are high)
----> 2 sns.histplot(high_accident_city, bins=100,log_scale=True,kde=True,).set(xlabel='Number of Accidents', ylabel='Number of C
NameError: name 'high_accident_city' is not defined
 In [38]: cities_by_accident[cities_by_accident==1]
Out [38]: City
           American Fork-Pleasant Grove
           Waldoboro
           Kinslev
           Killona
           Jeanerette
           Rapid River
           Cat Spring
Glenwood City
           Downing
           Name: count, Length: 1023, dtype: int64
 In [83]: | sns.distplot(low_accident_cities)
           C:\Users\AYUSH\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_24380\469555131.py:1: UserWarning:
            `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.
           Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
           For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see \verb|https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751|
              sns.distplot(low_accident_cities)
Out [83]: <Axes: xlabel='count', ylabel='Density'>
```

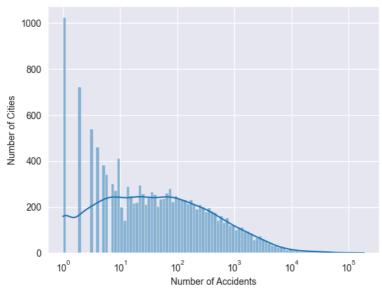
```
0.020
0.015
0.010
0.005
0.000
                          200
                                      400
                                                  600
                                                               800
                                                                          1000
                                           count
```

```
In [79]: # Number of Accidents reported in New York
        (df[df['City']== 'New York'].shape[0])
```

Out [79]: 21699

```
In [80]: # Distribution I(Accidents-City Analysis)
        sns.set_style('darkgrid')
        sns.histplot(city_by_accidents,bins=100,log_scale=True,kde=True,).set(xlabel='Number of Accident
```

```
Out [80]: [Text(0.5, 0, 'Number of Accidents'), Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Cities')]
```

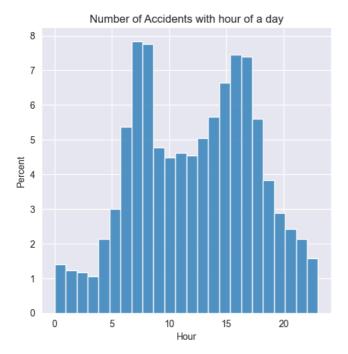


Start Time

```
In [39]: df.columns
dtype='object')
In [44]: df.Start_Time[0]
Out [44]: '2016-02-08 05:46:00'
In [48]: # Datatype Conversion
       time=df['Start_Time']
       time = pd.to_datetime(time, errors='coerce')
```

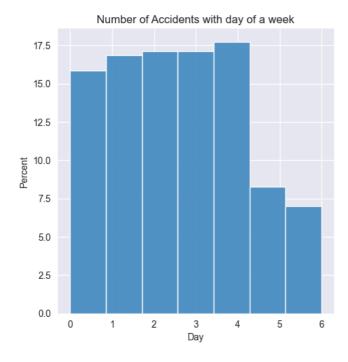
```
In [50]: \# # Number of Accidents with hour of a day
        sns.displot(time.dt.hour, bins=24,stat='percent')
        plt.title('Number of Accidents with hour of a day')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Hour')
plt.show()
```



High Percentage Of Accidents occur between 6 to 10 am. (Probably, people are in a hurry to get to work) Next Highest percentage is 3 to 6 pm.

```
In [51]: # Number of Accidents with day of a week
        sns.displot(time.dt.dayofweek, bins=7,stat='percent')
        plt.title('Number of Accidents with day of a week')
        plt.xlabel('Day')
        plt.show()
```



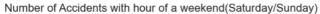
Is the distribution of accidents by hour the same on weekends as on weekdays.

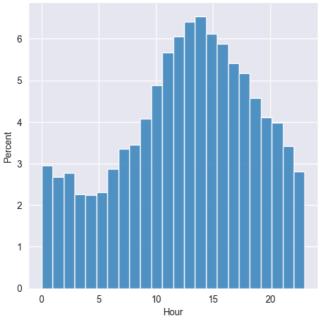
```
In [52]: # Weekends-Accident Analysis
           weekends = time[(time.dt.dayofweek==6) | (time.dt.dayofweek==5)]
           weekends
Out [52]: 129
                     2016-02-13 11:05:00
                     2016-02-13 11:05:21
2016-02-13 11:17:01
2016-02-13 11:25:42
          130
          131
                     2016-02-13 12:56:31
          133
```

2019-08-18 23:24:10 2019-08-17 03:36:35 2019-08-18 22:56:56 7726177 7726252 2019-08-18 22:56:56 7726292 2019-08-18 22:54:41 Name: Start_Time, Length: 1069268, dtype: datetime64[ns]

7726137

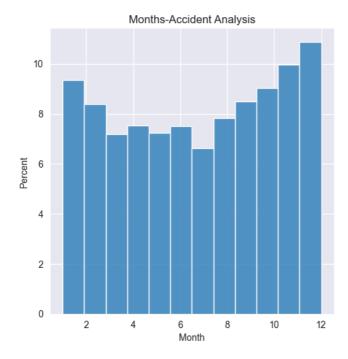
```
In [53]: # Number of Accidents with hour of a weekend(Saturday/Sunday)
    sns.displot(weekends.dt.hour, bins=24,stat='percent')
    plt.title('Number of Accidents with hour of a weekend(Saturday/Sunday)')
    plt.xlabel('Hour')
    plt.show()
```





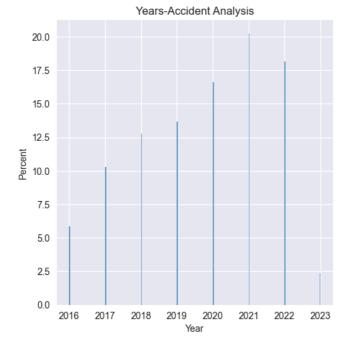
On weekends, peak occur between 10 am to 3 pm , unlike weekdays.

```
In [54]: # Months-Accident Analysis
    sns.displot(time.dt.month, bins=12,stat='percent')
    plt.title('Months-Accident Analysis')
    plt.xlabel('Month')
    plt.show()
```



The majority of accidents tend to occur at the end of the year.

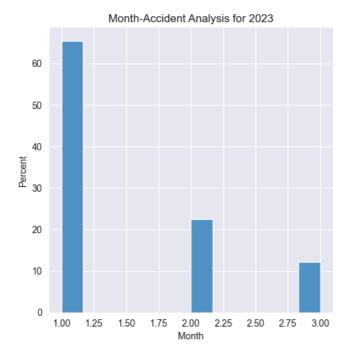
```
In [55]: # Years-Accident Analysis
    sns.displot(time.dt.year,stat='percent')
    plt.title('Years-Accident Analysis')
    plt.xlabel('Year')
    plt.show()
```



The number of accidents has been increasing each year, yet 2023 recorded the lowest number of accidents. This is highly unusual. We need to examine the data for 2023.

```
In [56]: # 2023 Analysis
    time_2023 = time[time.dt.year==2023]
```

```
In [63]: # Visualization Plot
    sns.displot(time_2023.dt.month,bins = 12,stat='percent')
    plt.title('Month-Accident Analysis for 2023')
    plt.xlabel('Month')
    plt.show()
```



The reason for the seemingly lower number of accidents in 2023 is primarily due to data availability

```
count
                                                                     Source3
                                                Source2
            Start Latitude & Longitude
 In [67]: df.Start_Lng
Out [67]: 0
                         -84.058723
                         -82.831184
-84.032608
                         -84.205582
            4
                         -84.188354
                        -117.379360
            7728389
                        -117.148060
-117.847790
            7728390
            7728391
            7728392
                        -118.403020
                        -117.230920
            7728393
            Name: Start_Lng, Length: 7728394, dtype: float64
 In [68]: df.Start_Lat
Out [68]: 0
                         39.865147
                         39.928059
39.063148
            3
4
                         39.747753
                         39.627781
            7728389
                         34.002480
            7728390
7728391
                         32.766960
33.775450
            7728392
7728393
                         33.992460
                         34.133930
            Name: Start_Lat, Length: 7728394, dtype: float64
 In [72]: # Latitude
            lat = df['Start_Lat']
            lat
Out [72]: 0
                         39.865147
                         39.928059
                         39.063148
                         39.747753
            4
                         39.627781
            7728389
                         34.002480
                         32.766960
33.775450
33.992460
            7728390
            7728391
            7728392
            7728393
                         34.133930
            Name: Start_Lat, Length: 7728394, dtype: float64
 In [71]: # Longitude
             lon = df['Start_Lng']
             lon
                         -84.058723
-82.831184
Out [71]: 0
                         -84.032608
                         -84.205582
-84.188354
            3
4
            7728389
7728390
                        -117.379360
-117.148060
-117.847790
            7728391
            7728392 -118.403020
7728393 -117.230920
Name: Start_Lng, Length: 7728394, dtype: float64
```

7728393

Out [66]: <Axes: ylabel='count'>

Source1

Name: Source, Length: 7728394, dtype: object

In [66]: df.Source.value_counts().plot(kind='pie')

Source1

```
In [70]: # Approximate Map of US
                                         sns.scatterplot(x=df.Start\_Lng,y=df.Start\_Lat)
Out [70]: <Axes: xlabel='Start_Lng', ylabel='Start_Lat'>
                                                   45
                                                   40
                                         Start_Lat
                                                   30
                                                   25
                                                                                     -120
                                                                                                                          -110
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             -80
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  -70
                                                                                                                                                                -100
                                                                                                                                                                        Start_Lng
   In [74]: | !pip install folium
                                     Collecting folium
                                    Downloading folium-0.17.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (3.8 kB)

Collecting branca>=0.6.0 (from folium)

Downloading branca-0.7.2-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.5 kB)

Requirement already satisfied: jinja2>=2.9 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from folium)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from folium) (

Requirement already satisfied: requests in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from folium)

Collecting xyzservices (from folium)

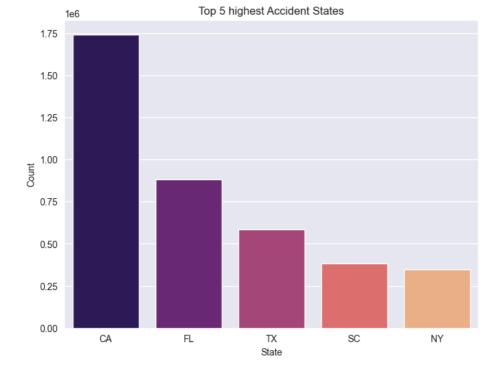
Downloading xyzservices (324.6.0 py2 pope any wbl. motadata (4.0 kB)
                                     Downloading xyzservices (170m 1011um)

Downloading xyzservices-2024.6.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (4.0 kB)

Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.0 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from re Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (from re Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (f Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (f Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (f Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (f Sequirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python\python312\lib\site-packages (f Sequirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python\python312\lib\site-packages (f Sequirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python\python312\lib\site-packages (f Sequirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\python312\lib\site-packages (f Sequirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\ayush\appdata\local\programs\python\p
                                     Downloading folium-0.17.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (108 kB)
Downloading branca-0.7.2-py3-none-any.whl (25 kB)
Downloading xyzservices-2024.6.0-py3-none-any.whl (83 kB)
                                     Installing collected packages: xyzservices, branca, folium Successfully installed branca-0.7.2 folium-0.17.0 xyzservices-2024.6.0
In [103]: # Using folium to visualize the location of accidents on the map
                                         import folium
                                         from folium.plugins import HeatMap
                                         lat_lon_pairs = list(zip(list(lat), list(lon)))
                                        map = folium.Map()
                                        HeatMap(lat_lon_pairs).add_to(map)
                                        map
```

```
■ Leaflet | © OpenStreetMap contributors
         State
 In [87]: state = df['State']
 In [88]: state.nunique()
Out [88]: 49
 In [89]: \# The top 5 states with the highest number of accidents
          top_state = state.value_counts().head(5).reset_index()
 In [90]: # Visualization Plot
          plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
          sns.barplot(x='State', y='count', data=top_state, palette="magma")
          plt.title('Top 5 highest Accident States')
          plt.xlabel('State')
          plt.ylabel('Count')
          plt.show()
          C:\Users\AYUSH\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_24380\941678388.py:3: FutureWarning:
          Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.
            sns.barplot(x='State', y='count', data=top_state, palette="magma")
```

Out [103]:



Temperature

```
In [91]: df['Temperature(F)'].describe()
```

Out [91]: count 7.564541e+06
mean 6.166329e+01
std 1.901365e+01
min -8.900000e+01
25% 4.900000e+01
50% 6.40000e+01
75% 7.600000e+01
max 2.070000e+02

Name: Temperature(F), dtype: float64

In [92]: # Checking the maximum recorded temperature
df[df['Temperature(F)']==207]

Out [92]:		ID	Source	Severity	Start_Time	End_Time	Start_Lat	Start_Lng	Distance(mi)	Description	Street	 Roundabout
	4208142	A- 4239885	Sourcel	2	2023-02-22 19:24-00.0000000000	2023-02-22 21:32:35.000000000	34.066720	-117.238034	0.021	Accident on I-10 W from California St (I-10) t	I-10 W	 False
	4546366	A- 4580836	Sourcel	2	2023-02-22 20:10:00.000000	2023-02-23 00:01:38.000000	34.228800	-117.301024	0.417	Accident on CA-18 from N Sierra Way (N Waterma	Rim of the World Hwy	 False
	5029338	A- 5067455	Sourcel	4	2023-02-22 14:30:00	2023-02-23 00:00:53	34.228728	-117.251234	0.543	CA-189 is closed from CA- 18/Lake Gregory Dr (C	Lake Gregory Dr	 False

3 rows × 41 columns

In [93]: temperature = df['Temperature(F)'].value_counts().reset_index()

In [94]: temperature = temperature.round(2)
temperature

Out [94]:

		Temperature(F)	count
	0	77.0	170991
	1	73.0	170898
	2	68.0	163767
	3	72.0	160498
	4	75.0	158448

```
    Temperature(F)
    count

    855
    -32.8
    1

    856
    -92
    1

    857
    -17.9
    1

    858
    16.8.8
    1

    859
    -12.1
    1
```

weather = weather.head(10)

weather

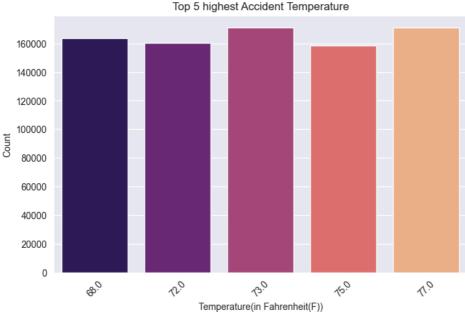
860 rows × 2 columns

```
In [95]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
    sns.barplot(x='Temperature(F)', y='count', data=temperature.head(5), palette="magma")
    plt.title('Top 5 highest Accident Temperature')
    plt.xlabel('Temperature(in Fahrenheit(F))')
    plt.ylabel('Count')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45,ha='center')
    plt.show()
```

```
C:\Users\AYUSH\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_24380\3890819157.py:2: FutureWarning:
```

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

sns.barplot(x='Temperature(F)', y='count', data=temperature.head(5), palette="magma")



```
In [96]: # Checking for data inconsistencies
          temperature[temperature['Temperature(F)']> 140].sum()
                          2272.6
Out [96]: Temperature(F)
                            22.0
         count
         dtype: float64
         Weather
In [97]: df['Weather_Condition']
                       Light Rain
Out [97]: 0
                      Light Rain
Overcast
                   Mostly Cloudy
Mostly Cloudy
         4
         7728389
                            Fair
         7728390
         7728391
                   Partly Cloudy
         7728392
                            Fair
         7728393
         Name: Weather_Condition, Length: 7728394, dtype: object
In [98]: weather = df['Weather_Condition'].value_counts().reset_index()
In [99]: # Top 10 Weather Conditions with most number of Accidents
```

```
Weather_Condition
                        count
0 Fair
                      2560802
 1 Mostly Cloudy
                      1016195
2 Cloudy
                      817082
3 Clear
                      808743
                      698972
4 Partly Cloudy
5 Overcast
                      382866
6 Light Rain
                      352957
7 Scattered Clouds
                      204829
8 Light Snow
                      128680
9 Fog
                      99238
```

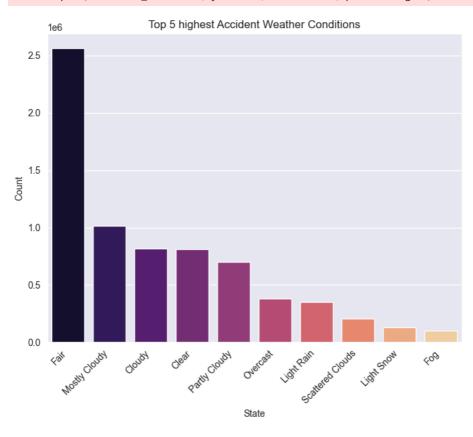
Out [99]:

```
In [100]: # Visualization Plot
   plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
   sns.barplot(x='Weather_Condition', y='count', data=weather, palette="magma")
   plt.title('Top 5 highest Accident Weather Conditions')
   plt.xlabel('State')
   plt.ylabel('Count')
   plt.xticks(rotation=45,ha='right')
   plt.show()
```

 $\verb| C:\Users\AYUSH\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_24380\2376085648.py:3: Future \verb| Warning: Part | P$

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

sns.barplot(x='Weather_Condition', y='count', data=weather, palette="magma")



Impact of Weather on Accident Severity:

```
In [101]: # Creating a DataFrame that summarizes the mean severity for each weather condition by grouping.
severity_weather = df.groupby('Weather_Condition')['Severity'].mean().reset_index().sort_values()
In [102]: # Visualisation of the Top 10 Weather Conditions that are associated with severe accidents.

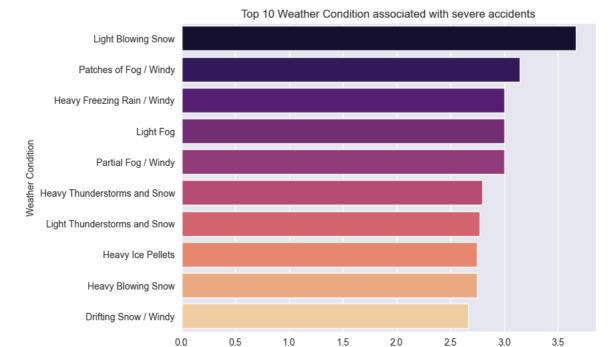
In figure(figsize=(8 6))
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.barplot(x='Severity', y='Weather_Condition', data=severity_weather[0:10], palette="magma")
plt.title('Top 10 Weather Condition associated with severe accidents')
plt.xlabel('Mean Severity')
plt.ylabel('Weather Condition')
plt.show()
```

 $\verb|C:\USers\AYUSH\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_24380\3304834884.py:3: Future \verb|Warning:Ruture| | Future Ruture| | Future Rutur$

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

sns.barplot(x='Severity', y='Weather_Condition', data=severity_weather[0:10], palette="magma")



Mean Severity

In []:

Ask & Answer Questions

- 1. are there more accidents in warmer and cooler areas?
- 2. which 5 states have the highest numbers of accidents? how about per capita?
- 3. does New York show up in the data? if yes, why the count lower if this the most populated city?
- 4. Among top 100 cities in number of accidents, which states do they belong the most frequently?
- 5. What time of the day are accidents most frequent in?
- 6. which day of the week have the most accidents?
- 7. which months have the most accidents?
- 8. what is the trends of accidents over the years (increase/decrease)?
- 9. when is accidents per unit of traffic the highest.

Summary & Conclusions

- 1. Approximately 9% of the cities experience more than 1,000 accidents.
- 2. About 1,023 cities (7%) have reported only one accident, suggesting the presence of potential outliers that may need to be addressed.
- 3. Miami leads with the highest number of accidents among the top 20 cities, while Columbia has the fewest accidents in this group.
- 4. New York accounts for only 21,699 accidents, which is approximately 0.28% of the total number of accidents in the US, despite being the most populated city in the country.
- 5. California, Florida, Texas, South Carolina, and New York emerge as the top 5 states with the highest number of accidents.
- 6. A high percentage of accidents occur between between 6 AM to 10 AM.
- 7. On Weekends, high percentage of accidents occur between 12PM to 4 PM with the peak accidents around 2PM.
- 8. Weekdays show a higher number of accidents compared to weekends.
- 9. The majority of accidents tend to occur at the end of the year.
- 10. The dataset used for analysis only includes information up to March 2023, which means it does not encompass the entire year. Consequently, the observed decrease in accidents for 2023 may not accurately represent the true accident rate for the entire year, as data for the subsequent months is missing. Therefore, any conclusions about accident trends in 2023 should be approached with caution, given the incomplete data for that year.
- 11. The top 10 most common weather conditions during accidents include: Fair, Mostly Cloudy, Cloudy, Clear, Partly Cloudy, Overcast, Light Rain, Scattered Clouds, Light Snow, and Fog.
- 12. Light Blowing Snow exhibits the highest average severity at 3.67.
- 13. Partial Fog with Wind, Heavy Thunderstorms and Snow, Light Thunderstorms and Snow, Heavy Ice Pellets, Heavy Blowing Snow, and Drifting Snow with Wind also demonstrate notable average severity levels.
- 14. Some weather conditions can significantly reduce visibility and create hazardous driving conditions. Heavy Thunderstorms and Snow are characterized by the lowest visibility among all weather conditions.
- 15. The initial analysis suggests a potential correlation between temperature and accident frequency within the range of 61.66% and 77%.
- 16. The dataset does contain approximately 22 entries that appear to be outliers based on expected temperature ranges. (The maximum reported temperature of US is around 134F)

- 17. There is a seasonal variation in accidents, with fewer incidents during the summer and an increasing trend as winter approaches.
 - 18. Accident rates are higher in coastal/bay areas than in inland regions.

Recommendations:

- 1. Safety Campaigns
 - Focus on cities with over 1,000 accidents.
 - Enhance awareness and enforcement during peak times (12 PM-4 PM weekends, 6 AM-10 AM weekdays).

2. Outlier Review

- o Investigate the 1,023 cities with only one accident for data accuracy.
- 3. Urban Traffic Management
 - · Monitor and improve traffic strategies in major cities like New York.
- 4. State-Specific Programs
 - o Develop safety programs for California, Florida, Texas, South Carolina, and New York.
- 5. Weather-Related Measures
 - Improve road safety and visibility during severe weather conditions.
 - Enhance road lighting in fog-prone areas.
- 6. Seasonal Adjustments
 - Increase safety measures for winter; analyze factors for fewer summer accidents.
- 7. Temperature Analysis
 - Investigate temperature-related accident trends and address outlier data.
- 8. Coastal Area Safety
 - Implement additional safety measures in coastal and bay areas.
- 9. Data Completeness
 - Ensure future datasets include full-year data for accurate trend analysis.

In []: