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Assignment 1

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Note 1: The key steps involve setting the filters and executing commands on terminal. These have been mentioned at the beginning of each answer as and where necessary.

Note 2: Justifications are written in italics.

Question 1

List the different protocols that you observe in the packet trace, at application, transport and network layer for each of the UDP and TCP test cases.

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```
Answer
TCP
Command: wget --no-proxy http://10.5.18.163:8000/1.jpg
Frame 480: 217 bytes on wire (1736 bits), 217 bytes captured (1736 bits) on interface en0, id 0
Ethernet II, Src: Apple_c4:82:1c (9c:f3:87:c4:82:1c), Dst: All-HSRP-routers_50 (00:00:0c:07:ac:50)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.147.178.147, Dst: 10.5.18.163
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 49859, Dst Port: 8000, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 151
Hypertext Transfer Protocol
1. Application Layer: HTTP
2. Transport Layer: TCP
3. Network Layer: IPv4
wget is an application layer tool for sending HTTP requests.
UDP
Command: iperf3 -c 10.5.18.163 -u -b 28000
 Frame 63: 1416 bytes on wire (11328 bits), 1416 bytes captured (11328 bits) on interface en0, id 0
Ethernet II, Src: Apple_c4:82:1c (9c:f3:87:c4:82:1c), Dst: All-HSRP-routers_50 (00:00:0c:07:ac:50)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.147.178.147, Dst: 10.5.18.163
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 61849, Dst Port: 5201
Data (1374 bytes)
1. Transport Layer: UDP
2. Network Layer: IPv4
iperf is a transport layer tool and -u flag is used to send UDP packets.
```

Question 2

Analyse the packet trace using Wireshark and compute the following:

(a)

How many TCP packets are transferred for each cases while accessing the files 1.jpg to 5.jpg? Are all packets of same size? What are the different packet size you observe for each of the file access?

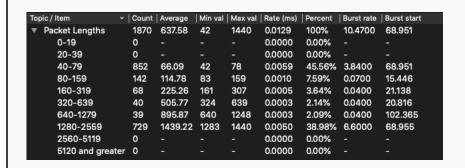
```
Answer

Filters: ip.addr==10.5.18.163 && ip.addr==client_ip

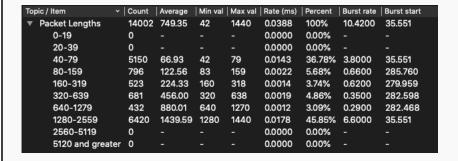
Screenshots of Packet Lengths

Count value of the first row shows the total no. of packets.

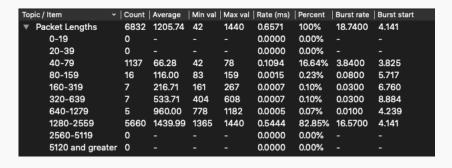
1.jpg
```



2.jpg



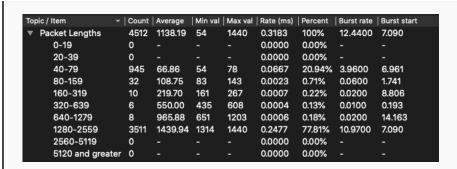
3.jpg



4.jpg



5.jpg



Justification

- 1. Since the pictures are of different sizes and downloaded using a TCP protocol, number of data packets are different in all the cases.
- 2. All the packets are not of the same size and there were various sizes ranging from 45 to a few thousands. Generally, the ACK packets are of less size compared to the data packets.

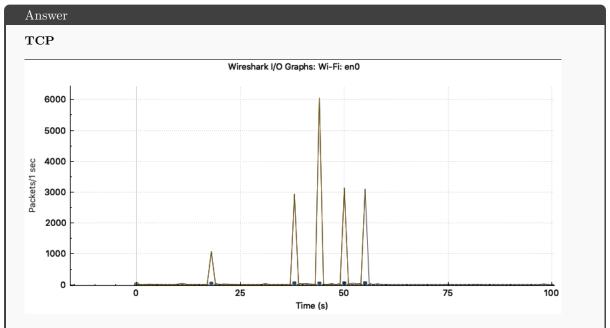
(b)

For the test case with UDP, are all the UDP packets of the same size? If not, what are the different UDP packet sizes you observe?

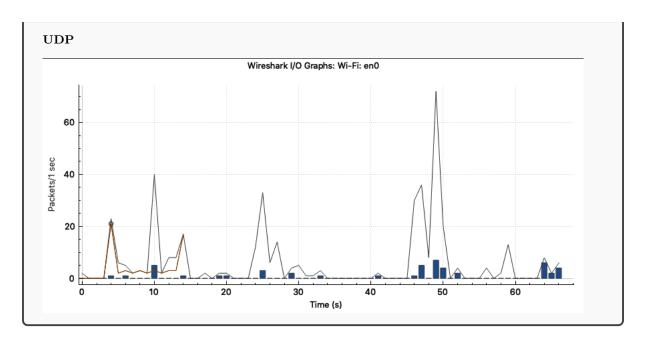
Answer
All packets are of the same size i.e. 1416

(c)

Observe the TCP and UDP throughput using Wireshark (Menu - Statistics - IO Graphs)



5 elevations in the graphs corresponds to 5 pictures transferred from server to client. Since each picture is requested only after receiving the previous picture each peak corresponds to one picture.



(d)

Compute the UDP throughput (amount of UDP data sent per second) for following cases of UDP traffic generation rates (bandwidth):

(i) 64 Kbps (ii) 128 Kbps (iii) 256 Kbps (iv) 512 Kbps (v) 1024 Kbps (vi) 2048 Kbps

```
Command: iperf3 -c 10.5.18.163 -u -b 28000

Filters: ip.addr==10.5.18.163 && ip.addr==client_ip && udp

Sample Output on Terminal

systhtiwsri@yushs-MacBook-Air udp % iperf3 -c 19.5.18.163 -u -b 512080
Connecting to host 19.5.18.163, port 5261
[ 5] local 10.147.178.147 port 52849 connected to 19.5.18.163 port 5261
[ 10] Interval Transfer Birrate Total Datagrams
[ 5] 0.00-1.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 515 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 1.00-2.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 515 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 1.00-3.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 515 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 1.00-3.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 515 Kbits/sec 46
[ 5] 5.00-6.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 515 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 7.00-8.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 515 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 7.00-8.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 8.00-6.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 7.00-8.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 7.00-8.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 9.00-10.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 9.00-10.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 518 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 518 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 47
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 63.1 KBytes 518 Kbits/sec 46
[ 10] Interval Transfer Bitrate Jitter Lost/Total Datagrams
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 625 KBytes 512 Kbits/sec 0.000 ms 0/466 (0%) sender
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 625 KBytes 512 Kbits/sec 0.000 ms 0/466 (0%) sender
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 623 KBytes 516 Kbits/sec 0.000 ms 0/466 (0%) sender
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 623 KBytes 516 Kbits/sec 0.000 ms 0/466 (0%) sender
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 625 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 0.000 ms 0/466 (0%) sender
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 625 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 0.000 ms 0/466 (0%) sender
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 625 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 0.000 ms 0/466 (0%) sender
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[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 625 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 0.000 ms 0/466 (0%) sender
[ 5] 0.00-10.00 sec 625 KBytes 517 Kbits/sec 0.000 ms 0/466 (0%) sender
[ 6] 0.00-10.00 sec 625 KBytes
```

Data Sent: 165672 No. of Packets: 117

Time taken: 9.9598s Throughput: 16634Kbps

iii) 256Kbps

Data Sent: 329928 No. of Packets: 233 Time taken: 9.9610s Throughput: 33121Kbps

iv) 512Kbps

Data Sent: 659856 No. of Packets: 466 Time taken: 9.9619s Throughput: 66237Kbps

v) 1024**Kbps**

Data Sent: 1318296 No. of Packets: 931 Time taken: 9.9630s

Throughput: 132319Kbps

vi) 2048Kbps

Data Sent: 2636592 No. of Packets: 1862 Time taken: 9.9641s

Throughput: 264609Kbps

Question 3

Analyze the number of TCP packets retransmitted (Use: tcp.analysis.retransmission filter.) from Wireshark.

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Answer

Filters: ip.addr==10.5.18.163 && ip.addr==client_ip && tcp.analysis.retransmission

Observed number of TCP packets retransmitted: 0

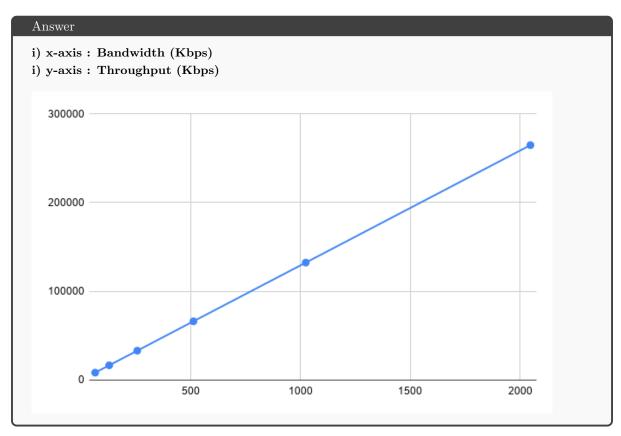
Number of retransmissions packets lost will depend on strength and traffic of the network connection.

Question 4

Plot the following:

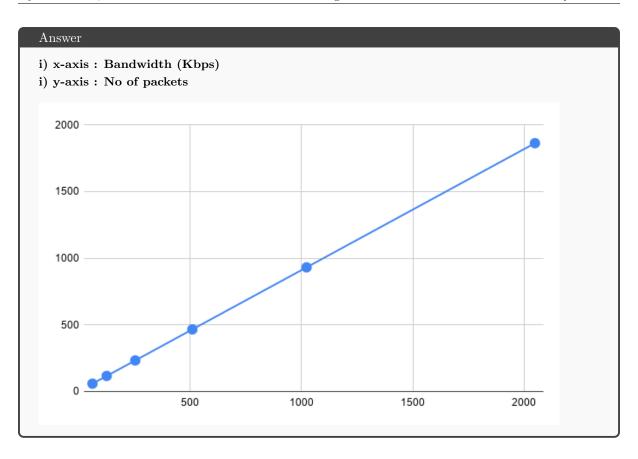
(a)

UDP throughput with respect to the UDP bandwidth.



(b)

Number of UDP packets transmitted with respect to UDP bandwidth.



What are your observations from these plots?

Answer

As bandwidth increases, the number of packets being transferred in the same time (about 10s) and throughput also increase. The relationship observed is linear.