

This report presents the results of a channel advertisement picker using a self-implemented greedy method.

Greedy Algorithm

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Table of Contents

THEORY.....	2
IN THIS REPORT.....	2
AFTER READING DATA.....	2
Variables and Functions.....	2
Main Method.....	3
Reading File - void read_file(inFile);.....	3
Sorting Data - void sortByStart() & void swapContent().....	4
Creating Channels - void createChannels();.....	5
Creating Ad Listing - Based Only On Timing - void createListings().....	6
Creating Ad Listing - Based On Profit Values.....	6
After Reading Data - Results.....	8
Only based on timings:.....	8
Based on profit ratings.....	8
WHILE READING DATA.....	8
Variables and Functions.....	8
Main Method.....	8
The Process.....	9
The Code.....	9
The Result.....	13
Only based on timings.....	13
Based on profit ratings.....	13
RESULT ANALYSIS.....	13

THEORY

A greedy algorithm, as the name suggests, always makes the choice that seems to be the best at that moment. This means that it makes a locally-optimal choice in the hope that this choice will lead to a globally-optimal solution.

Assume that you have an objective function that needs to be optimized (either maximized or minimized) at a given point. A Greedy algorithm makes greedy choices at each step to ensure that the objective function is optimized. The Greedy algorithm has only one shot to compute the optimal solution so that it never goes back and reverses the decision.

IN THIS REPORT

In this report, I compare the results i.e., number of advertisements that can fit into any given channel. The ads will be sorted in four different ways:

1. After all data has been read - by timing only
2. After all data has been read - by profit values
3. While reading data - by timing only
4. While reading data - by profit value

AFTER READING DATA

Variables and Functions

```
static vector<int> _starts; //Contains starting times
static vector<int> _ends; //Contains ending times
static vector<int> _values; //Contains raw profit values
static vector<float> _profitValues; //Calculated [profit value / (end time - start time)]
static vector<vector<bool>> _channels; //Contains what channel each ad. can air on
static vector<int> _Ch1, _Ch2, _Ch3, _Ch4; //Positions for each channel's advertisements
static vector<int> _times1, _times2, _times3, _times4; //Final listings for each channel

//Creates vectors using data from input.txt
void read_file(ifstream& inFile);
//Sorts data based on starting times (QUICK SORT)
void sortByStart(int left = 0, int right = _starts.size()-1);
// Used by sortByStart(); Swaps elements of each vector, helps maintain order
void swapContent(int _currentPos, int _newPos);
// Indexing : Creates _Ch1, _Ch2, _Ch3, _Ch4;
void createChannels();
// Creates final listing for each channel [Contains indexes]
void createListings(vector<int> _chNum, vector<int> &_list);
// Prints values using _Ch1, _Ch2, _Ch3, _Ch4
void printChannelAvailability();
// Prints values using _times1, _times2, _times3, _times4
void printFinalListings();
// Creates values to be stored in _profitValues
void createProfitRatings();
// Prints all data including the values from _profitValues
void printProfitRatings();
// Creates final listing for each channel based on profit values [Contains indexes]
void createProfitListings(vector<int> _chNum, vector<int> &_list);
```

Main Method

```
output.open("allread-output.txt");
```

```
//*****GETTING DATA*****//
ifstream inFile;           // Input file variable, inFile
inFile.open("input.txt");  // Open file with name, 'input.txt'
if (inFile.fail()) {       // Checking to make sure file was opened
    //cout << "Fail to open the file" << endl; // If failed to open file
    exit(1);               // Prevents program from crashing...regular clean up
}                           //
read_file(inFile);         // Getting data from the file and creating vectors
inFile.close();            // Close the file
//*****DONE GETTING DATA*****//

//*****"SORT DATA"*****//
sortByStart();             //----->> Sorting all data based on the starting times
//*****DONE*****//

//*****CREATE AND SHOW CHANNELS*****//
createChannels();          //
printChannelAvailibity();  //
//*****DONE*****//

createProfitRatings();
printProfitRatings();

//*****CREATE AND SHOW LISTINGS*****//
createListings(_Ch1, _times1); //
createListings(_Ch2, _times2); //
createListings(_Ch3, _times3); //
createListings(_Ch4, _times4); //
printFinalListings();         //
//*****DONE*****//

//*****CREATE AND SHOW LISTINGS*****//
createProfitListings(_Ch1, _times1); //
createProfitListings(_Ch2, _times2); //
createProfitListings(_Ch3, _times3); //
createProfitListings(_Ch4, _times4); //
printFinalListings();         //
//*****DONE*****//
```

Reading File – void read_file(inFile);

This function reads the file and stores the data in the appropriate vectors.

```
static vector<int> _starts; //Contains starting times
static vector<int> _ends;   //Contains ending times
static vector<int> _values; //Contains raw profit values
```

The implementation of this function:

```
//*****READ FILE FUNCTION*****//
// INPUT : ifstream & (reference) //
void read_file(ifstream& inFile) { //
    int start,           Will store starting time
        end,             Will store ending time
        value;           Will store profit value
    bool _channel[4];     Will store True/False for each channel
```

```

vector<bool> _channelVector(4); Vector containing values of _channel[4]
while (!inFile.eof()) {      While the end of file is not reached
    inFile >> start          Get start time
        >> end              Get end time
        >> value            Get profit value
        >> _channel[0] >> _channel[1] >> _channel[2] >> _channel[3];
    _starts.push_back(start); Starting time pushed to ** VECTOR<INT> _STARTS**
    _ends.push_back(end);    Ending time pushed to ** VECTOR<INT> _ENDS**
    _values.push_back(value); Profit values pushed to ** VECTOR<INT> _VALUES**
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) _channelVector[i] = _channel[i];
    _channels.push_back(_channelVector);
    Channel availibilty pushed to **STATIC VECTOR<VECTOR<BOOL>> _CHANNELS**
}
}

```

Sorting Data - void sortByStart() & void swapContent()

After the channels are created, two functions:

void sortByStart(int left = 0, int right = _starts.size()-1);

void swapContent(int _currentPos, int _newPos);

work together to sort all the read data

```

//*****SORT DATA FUNCTION*****//
//*****Uses Quick Sort algorithm*****//
// INPUT : int left & int right      //
void sortByStart(int left, int right) {    //
    int i = left, j = right;      // Left and Right ends of the array to be sorted
    int pivot = _starts[(left + right) / 2]; // Pivot used by Quick Sort
    while (i <= j) {      // As long as the left and right cursors don't cross
        while (_starts[i] < pivot) { // Increment left cursor
            i++;
        }
        while (_starts[j] > pivot) { // Increment right
            j--;
        }
        if (i <= j) {      // If left cursor is less than right cursor
            swapContent(i, j); // Swap values at these cursors...
            i++;              // Increase 'i' by 1
            j--;              // Decrease 'j' by 1
        }
    }
    if (left < j) sortByStart(left, j); // Recursive call to partition [left half]
    if (i < right) sortByStart(i, right); // Recursive call to partition [right half]
}
//*****//

//*****SWAP CONTENT FUNCTION*****//
//*****Collectively swaps content*****//
// INPUT : int _currentPos & int _newPos      //
void swapContent(int _currentPos, int _newPos) { //Swaps content of _starts,_ends,_values
    int _tmpStart, _tmpEnd, _tmpValue; // Stores temporary value
    bool _tmpChannels[4]; // Temporarily stores the array of channel listings
    _tmpStart = _starts[_newPos];
    _tmpEnd = _ends[_newPos];
    _tmpValue = _values[_newPos];
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        _tmpChannels[i] = _channels[_newPos][i];
    }
}

```

```

        _starts[_newPos] = _starts[_currentPos];    // Swaps starting time value
        _ends[_newPos] = _ends[_currentPos];      // Swaps ending time value
        _values[_newPos] = _values[_currentPos];  // Swaps profit value
        for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {             // Swaps channel listings
            _channels[_newPos][i] = _channels[_currentPos][i];
        }

        _starts[_currentPos] = _tmpStart;
        _ends[_currentPos] = _tmpEnd;
        _values[_currentPos] = _tmpValue;
        for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
            _channels[_currentPos][i] = _tmpChannels[i];
        }
    }

    ////////////////////////////////////////////////////

```

Creating Channels - void createChannels();

After all of the data is read, and sorted I used the createChannels() function. This function checked which channels the ad can be aired on. This function handles:
static vector<int> _Ch1,_Ch2,_Ch3,_Ch4; //Positions for each channel's advertisements
The implementation of this function:

```

//*****CREATE CHANNEL FUNCTION*****//
//*****Creates _ch1, _ch2, _ch3, _ch4*****//
// INPUT : [none]                                //
void createChannels() {
    for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
        for (int i = 0; i < _channels.size(); i++) {
            if (_channels[i][j] == 1) {
                if (j == 0) {
                    _Ch1.push_back(i);
                }
                else if (j == 1) {
                    _Ch2.push_back(i);
                }
                else if (j == 2) {
                    _Ch3.push_back(i);
                }
                else if (j == 3) {
                    _Ch4.push_back(i);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
//*****

```

Creating Ad Listing – Based Only On Timing – void createListings()

After channels are created, the createListings() function will handle inserting appropriate ad listings to `static vector<int> _times1, _times2, _times3, _times4;` //Final listings for each channel.

Implementation of the function:

```
//*****CREATE LISTINGS FUNCTION*****//
//***** Creates final listings based on timings*****//
// INPUT : vector<int> _chNum & vector<int> &_list //
void createListings(vector<int> _chNum, vector<int> &_list) { //
    int _lastEnd = 0; // Stores the value of the last ending time
    for (int i = 0; i < _chNum.size(); i++) { // Will iterate through each
        if (_starts[_chNum[i]] >= _lastEnd) { // If starting time is after/equal
            _list.push_back(_chNum[i]); // Will insert index of the listing
            _lastEnd = _ends[_chNum[i]]; // Updates the value of the last ending
        }
        else {
            //do nothing
        }
    }
}
//*****//
```

Creating Ad Listing – Based On Profit Values

To sort ads by their profit values, we first need to create profit ratings for all ads. The profit rating is calculated by finding the average profit per time unit, i.e.:

$$\text{Profit Value} = \text{Given Value} / (\text{End Time} - \text{Start Time})$$

$$\text{If } (\text{End Time} - \text{Start Time}) = 0 \Rightarrow \text{Profit Value} = \text{Given Value}$$

Implementation of createProfitRatings():

```
//*****PROFIT RATINGS FUNCTION*****//
//*****Creates profit values (profit / run time)*****//
// INPUT : [none] //
void createProfitRatings() {
    //
    for (int i = 0; i < _starts.size() - 1; i++) {
        //
        if (_ends[i] - _starts[i] == 0) _profitValues.push_back(_values[i]);
        else _profitValues.push_back((_values[i] * 1.0) / (_ends[i] - _starts[i]));
    }
}
//*****//
```

Now we are ready to create channel listings based on the profit ratings. The function createProfitListings() checks the following conditions:

1. If the start time of the **to-be inserted** ad is before the end time of an already existing ad – check if it has a greater profit value, if so, replace the already existing ad with the to-be inserted ad.
2. If the ad only takes up one unit of time (Example: Start time = 3 and End time = 3), check if the **to-be inserted** ad is not conflicting with an ad that

also takes up the same one-unit time. If it does conflict, check for the greater profit value, keep the greater profit ad.

Since the ads have already been sorted, there are only these are the only two conditions to worry about. Implementation of the function:

```
//*****CREATE LISTINGS FUNCTION*****//
//*****Creates listings based on profit values*****//
// INPUT : vector<int> _chNum & vector<int> &_list
void createProfitListings(vector<int> _chNum, vector<int> &_list) {
    _list.clear();
    int _lastEnd = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < _chNum.size() - 1; i++) {
        if (_starts[_chNum[i]] < _lastEnd) {
            int checkIndex = 0;
            if ((i - 1) < 0) { checkIndex = 0; }
            else { checkIndex = i - 1; }
            if (_profitValues[_chNum[i]] > _profitValues[_chNum[checkIndex]]) {
                _list.back() = _chNum[i];
                _lastEnd = _ends[_chNum[i]];
            }
        }
        else if (_starts[_chNum[i]] >= _lastEnd) {
            if (_list.size() == 0) {
                cout << "Size is 0, inserting..." << endl;
                _list.push_back(_chNum[i]);
                _lastEnd = _ends[_chNum[i]];
            }
            else {
                bool none = true;
                if (_ends[_chNum[i]] == _lastEnd) {
                    for (int k = _list.size() - 1; k > 0; k--) {
                        if (_starts[_list[k]] == _lastEnd) {
                            if (_profitValues[_chNum[i]] > _profitValues[_list[k]]) {
                                none = false;
                                _lastEnd = _ends[_chNum[i]];
                                _list[k] = _chNum[i];
                                break;
                            }
                        }
                        else {
                            none = false;
                            break;
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }
        if (none) {
            _list.push_back(_chNum[i]);
            _lastEnd = _ends[_chNum[i]];
        }
    }
    else {
        //do nothing
    }
}
//*****
```


After Reading Data – Results

Only based on timings:

Channel 1: 52 **Channel 2:** 62 **Channel 3:** 59 **Channel 4:** 51

Based on profit ratings

Channel 1: 202 **Channel 2:** 180 **Channel 3:** 209 **Channel 4:** 178

WHILE READING DATA

Variables and Functions

There is only one function that deals with everything because data needs to be processed as it is read.

```
// VOID CREATE CHANNEL -----//
// INPUT: vector<vector<int>> &channel, int start, int end, int value, bool byProfit
//          ^ channel to create      || ^ start || ^ end || ^ profit || ^ sort by profit?
void createChannel(vector<vector<int>> &channel, int start, int end, int value, bool byProfit = false)
//-----//
vector<vector<int>> _ch1, _ch2, _ch3, _ch4; // Vector with listings for each channel
ofstream output; // Output file for the data
ifstream input; // Input file to read the data
```

Main Method

```
int main() {
    vector<vector<int>> _ch1, _ch2, _ch3, _ch4;
    ofstream output;
    output.open("whileread-wo-profit-output.txt");
    ifstream input;
    input.open("input.txt");
    if (input.fail()) {
        output << "Fail to open the file" << endl;
        exit(1);
    }
    while (!input.eof()) {
        int start, end, value,
            _end1 = 0, _end2 = 0,
            _end3 = 0, _end4 = 0;
        bool _channel[4];
        input >> start >> end >> value
            >> _channel[0] >> _channel[1]
            >> _channel[2] >> _channel[3];
        if (_channel[0]) {
            createChannel(_ch1, start, end, value);
        }
        if (_channel[1]) {
            createChannel(_ch2, start, end, value);
        }
        if (_channel[2]) {
            createChannel(_ch3, start, end, value);
        }
        if (_channel[3]) {
            createChannel(_ch4, start, end, value);
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
    return 0;
}

```

The Process

Following is a text flow (pseudo-code) of how the `void createChannel()` function handles the data.

If the size of the channel is 0:

Insert this ad

Else:

Compare to every ad that already exists for:

If **to-be ad's** starting time is < ending time:

Compare profit values, and insert accordingly

If **to-be ad's** ending time is < starting time:

Compare profit values, and insert accordingly

If **to-be ad's** time surrounds existing ad's time:

Compare profit values, and insert accordingly

The above process is done when given either of these two cases:

1. The **to-be inserted** ad is after already existing ad

OR

2. The **to-be inserted** ad is before already existing ad

The Code

```

void createChannel(vector<vector<int>> &channel, int start, int end, int value, bool byProfit = false) {
    if (channel.size() == 0) {
        vector<int> _temp;
        _temp.push_back(start);
        _temp.push_back(end);
        _temp.push_back(value);
        channel.push_back(_temp);
    }
    else {
        for (int i = 0; i < channel.size(); i++) {
            if (start >= channel[i][1]) {
                bool none = true;
                for (int j = 0; j < channel.size(); j++) {
                    if ((end > channel[j][0]) && (end < channel[j][1])) {
                        if (byProfit) {
                            float currProfit = 0, compProfit = 0;
                            if ((end - start) == 0) currProfit = value;
                            else currProfit = value / (end - start);
                            if ((channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]) == 0) compProfit = channel[j][2];
                            else compProfit = channel[j][2] / (channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]);
                            if (currProfit > compProfit) {
                                vector<int> _temp;
                                _temp.push_back(start);
                                _temp.push_back(end);
                                _temp.push_back(value);
                                channel[j].swap(_temp);
                                none = false;
                                break;
                            }
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
            else {

```

```

        none = false;
        break;
    }
}
else {
    none = false;
    break;
}
}
else
{
}
if ((channel[j][0] < start) && (channel[j][1] > start)) {
    if (byProfit) {
        float currProfit = 0, compProfit = 0;
        if ((end - start) == 0) currProfit = value;
        else currProfit = value / (end - start);
        if ((channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]) == 0) compProfit = channel[j][2];
        else compProfit = channel[j][2] / (channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]);
        if (currProfit > compProfit) {
            vector<int> _temp;
            _temp.push_back(start);
            _temp.push_back(end);
            _temp.push_back(value);
            channel[j].swap(_temp);
            none = false;
            break;
        }
    }
    else {
        none = false;
        break;
    }
}
else
{
}
if (start <= channel[j][0] && end >= channel[j][0]) {
    if (byProfit) {
        float currProfit = 0, compProfit = 0;
        if ((end - start) == 0) currProfit = value;
        else currProfit = value / (end - start);
        if ((channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]) == 0) compProfit = channel[j][2];
        else compProfit = channel[j][2] / (channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]);
        if (currProfit > compProfit) {
            vector<int> _temp;
            _temp.push_back(start);
            _temp.push_back(end);
            _temp.push_back(value);
            channel[j].swap(_temp);
            none = false;
            break;
        }
    }
    else {
        none = false;
        break;
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
else
{
}
}
if (none) {
    vector<int> _temp;
    _temp.push_back(start);
    _temp.push_back(end);
    _temp.push_back(value);
    channel.push_back(_temp);
}
break;
}

    else if (end <= channel[i][0]) {

bool none = true;
for (int j = 0; j < channel.size(); j++) {
    if ((end > channel[j][0]) && (end < channel[j][1])) {
        if (byProfit) {
            float currProfit = 0, compProfit = 0;
            if ((end - start) == 0) currProfit = value;
            else currProfit = value / (end - start);
            if ((channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]) == 0) compProfit = channel[j][2];
            else compProfit = channel[j][2] / (channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]);
            if (currProfit > compProfit) {
                vector<int> _temp;
                _temp.push_back(start);
                _temp.push_back(end);
                _temp.push_back(value);
                channel[j].swap(_temp);
                none = false;
                break;
            }
        }
        else {
            none = false;
            break;
        }
    }
    else {
        none = false;
        break;
    }
}
else
{
}
if ((channel[j][0] < start) && (channel[j][1] > start)) {
    if (byProfit) {
        float currProfit = 0, compProfit = 0;
        if ((end - start) == 0) currProfit = value;
        else currProfit = value / (end - start);
        if ((channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]) == 0) compProfit = channel[j][2];
        else compProfit = channel[j][2] / (channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]);
        if (currProfit > compProfit) {
            vector<int> _temp;
            _temp.push_back(start);

```

```

        _temp.push_back(end);
        _temp.push_back(value);
        channel[j].swap(_temp);
        none = false;
        break;
    }
}
else {
    none = false;
    break;
}
}
else
{
}
if (start <= channel[j][0] && end >= channel[j][0]) {
    if (byProfit) {
        float currProfit = 0, compProfit = 0;
        if ((end - start) == 0) currProfit = value;
        else currProfit = value / (end - start);
        if ((channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]) == 0) compProfit = channel[j][2];
        else compProfit = channel[j][2] / (channel[j][1] - channel[j][0]);
        if (currProfit > compProfit) {
            vector<int> _temp;
            _temp.push_back(start);
            _temp.push_back(end);
            _temp.push_back(value);
            channel[j].swap(_temp);
            none = false;
            break;
        }
    }
    else {
        none = false;
        break;
    }
}
else
{
}
}
if (none) {
    vector<int> _temp;
    _temp.push_back(start);
    _temp.push_back(end);
    _temp.push_back(value);
    channel.push_back(_temp);
}
break;
}
}
}
}
}

```

The Result

Only based on timings

Channel 1: 111 **Channel 2:** 111 **Channel 3:** 112 **Channel 4:** 101

Based on profit ratings

Channel 1: 213 **Channel 2:** 224 **Channel 3:** 215 **Channel 4:** 219

RESULT ANALYSIS

Creating listings based on profit ratings consistently showed a greater number of ads for each channel. I think this is true because the best ads have these two properties - less running time and greater profit value as a result, the best ads took less time and allowed for insertion of more ads. We could have increased the number of ads inserted - based on only timings - if ads were sorted based on two factors, the starting and ending time. This would require using bucket data structures, where each starting time would have its own bucket and then the buckets would be sorted based on their ending times.

