2. For the PCY algorithm, create up to 5 compact hash tables. What is the difference in results and time of execution for 1,2,3,4 and 5 tables? Comment your results.

```
In [1]:
         import itertools
         def readdata(k, fname="groceries.csv", report=False):
             C k = []
             b = 0
             with open("groceries.csv", "rt", encoding='utf-8') as f:
                 for line in f:
                     line = line.replace('\n', '') # remove newline symbol
                     if line != "":
                         # gather all items in one basket
                         C k.append(line)
                         # end of basket, report all itemsets
                         for itemset in itertools.combinations(C k, k):
                             yield frozenset(itemset)
                         C k = []
                         # report progress
                         # print every 1000th element to reduce clutter
                         if report:
                             if b % 1000 == 0:
                                 print('processing bin ', b)
                             b += 1
             # last basket
             if len(C k) > 0:
                 for itemset in itertools.combinations(C k, k):
                     yield frozenset(itemset)
In [2]:
         import time
         import numpy as np
         N = 50
In [3]:
         # find frequent 1-tuples (individual items)
         for key in readdata(k=1, report=False):
             if key not in C1:
                 C1[key] = 1
                 C1[key] += 1
         print("{} items".format(len(C1)))
```

```
7011 items
In [4]: # filter stage
L1 = {}
    for key, count in C1.items():
        if count >= N:
            L1[key] = count
        print('{} items with >{} occurances'.format(len(L1), N))

8 items with >50 occurances
In [5]: C2_items = set([a.union(b) for a in L1.keys() for b in L1.keys()])
In [6]: len(C2_items)
Out[6]: 36

1-table
```

```
In [7]: start_time_table1 = time.time()
    # hash table
    max_hash1_table1 = 5*1000000-673

    H1_table1 = np.zeros((max_hash1_table1,), dtype=np.int)

for key in readdata(k=2, report=True):
    hash_cell_1_table1 = hash(key) % max_hash1_table1
    H1_table1[hash_cell_1_table1] += 1
In [8]: # compact hash table
H_good_1_table1 = set(np.where(H1_table1 >= N)[0])

del H1_table1
```

```
In [9]:
          # find frequent 2-tuples
          C2 table1 = {}
          for key in readdata(k=2):
              # hash-based filtering stage from PCY
              hash cell 1 table1 = hash(key) % max hash1 table1
              if hash cell 1 table1 not in H good 1 table1:
                  continue
              # filter out non-frequent tuples
              if key not in C2 items:
                  continue
              # record frequent tuples
              if key not in C2 table1:
                  C2 table1[key] = 1
              else:
                  C2 table1[key] += 1
          print("{} items".format(len(C2 table1)))
         36 items
In [10]:
          # filter stage
          L2 table1 = {}
          for key, count in C2_table1.items():
              if count >= N:
                  L2 table1[key] = count
          print('{} items with >{} occurances'.format(len(L2 table1), N))
          end time table1=time.time()
          table1_time=end_time_table1-start_time_table1
         36 items with >50 occurances
```

```
In [11]:
L2_table1 = [ elem for elem in list(L2_table1) if len(elem)>1] # clean our .
count=1
    for i in range(len(L2_table1)):

        A, B = list(L2_table1[i])
        support_AB = C2_table1[frozenset([A, B])]
        support_A = C1[frozenset([A])]
        conf_A_leads_to_B = support_AB / support_A

        support_B = C1[frozenset([B])]
        prob_B = support_B / 2750.0

        interest_A_leads_to_B = conf_A_leads_to_B - prob_B
        if interest_A_leads_to_B > 0.7:
            print("{}: {}: {} --> {} with interest {:3f}".format(count,A, B, interest count+=1
1: whole milk --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
```

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2: whole milk --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455 3: whole milk --> canned beer with interest 259.905455

```
4: whole milk --> bottled water with interest 66.975636
5: whole milk --> soda with interest 155.943273
6: newspapers --> whole milk with interest 120.956000
7: whole milk --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
8: other vegetables --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
9: canned beer --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
10: bottled water --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
11: soda --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
12: newspapers --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
13: bottled beer --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
14: other vegetables --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
15: bottled water --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
16: other vegetables --> soda with interest 155.943273
17: newspapers --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
18: other vegetables --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
19: bottled water --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
20: soda --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
21: newspapers --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
22: bottled beer --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
23: bottled water --> soda with interest 155.943273
24: newspapers --> bottled water with interest 66.975636
25: bottled water --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
26: newspapers --> soda with interest 155.943273
27: bottled beer --> soda with interest 155.943273
```

2-table

In [12]:

```
start time table2 = time.time()
          # hash table
          max_hash1_table2 = 5*1000000-673
          max hash2 table2 = 5*1000000+673
          H1 table2 = np.zeros((max hash1 table2,), dtype=np.int)
          H2 table2 = np.zeros((max hash2 table2,), dtype=np.int)
          for key in readdata(k=2, report=True):
              hash cell 1 table2 = hash(key) % max hash1 table2
              H1 table2[hash cell 1 table2] += 1
              hash_cell_2_table2 = hash(key) % max_hash2_table2
              H2 table2[hash cell 2 table2] += 1
In [13]:
          # compact hash table
          H good 1 table2 = set(np.where(H1 table2 \geq N)[0])
          H good 2 table2 = set(np.where(H2 table2 \geq N)[0])
          del H1 table2
          del H2 table2
```

```
In [14]:
          # find frequent 2-tuples
          C2 table2 = {}
          for key in readdata(k=2):
              # hash-based filtering stage from PCY
              hash_cell_1_table2 = hash(key) % max_hash1_table2
              if hash_cell_1_table2 not in H_good_1_table2:
                  continue
              hash_cell_2_table2 = hash(key) % max_hash2_table2
              if hash cell 2 table2 not in H good 2 table2:
                  continue
              # filter out non-frequent tuples
              if key not in C2 items:
                  continue
              # record frequent tuples
              if key not in C2_table2:
                  C2 \text{ table2[key]} = 1
              else:
                  C2_{table2[key]} += 1
          print("{} items".format(len(C2 table2)))
         36 items
In [15]:
          # filter stage
          L2_table2 = {}
          for key, count in C2_table2.items():
              if count >= N:
                  L2 table2[key] = count
          print('{} items with >{} occurances'.format(len(L2_table2), N))
          end time table2=time.time()
          table2 time=end time table2-start time table2
```

36 items with >50 occurances

Generate rules A -> B

```
In [16]:
          L2 table2 = [ elem for elem in list(L2 table2) if len(elem)>1] # clean our
          count=1
          for i in range(len(L2 table2)):
              A, B = list(L2 table2[i])
              support AB = C2 table2[frozenset([A, B])]
              support A = C1[frozenset([A])]
              conf A leads to B = support AB / support A
              support B = C1[frozenset([B])]
              prob B = support B / 2750.0
              interest A leads to B = conf A leads to B - prob B
              if interest A leads to B > 0.7:
                  print("{}: {} --> {} with interest {:3f}".format(count, A, B, interest
                  count+=1
         1: whole milk --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         2: whole milk --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         3: whole milk --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         4: whole milk --> bottled water with interest 66.975636
         5: whole milk --> soda with interest 155.943273
         6: newspapers --> whole milk with interest 120.956000
         7: whole milk --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         8: other vegetables --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         9: canned beer --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         10: bottled water --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         11: soda --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         12: newspapers --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         13: bottled beer --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         14: other vegetables --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         15: bottled water --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         16: other vegetables --> soda with interest 155.943273
         17: newspapers --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         18: other vegetables --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         19: bottled water --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         20: soda --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         21: newspapers --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         22: bottled beer --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         23: bottled water --> soda with interest 155.943273
         24: newspapers --> bottled water with interest 66.975636
         25: bottled water --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         26: newspapers --> soda with interest 155.943273
         27: bottled beer --> soda with interest 155.943273
         28: newspapers --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
```

3-table

```
In [17]:
          start time table3 = time.time()
          # hash table
          max_hash1_table3 = 5*1000000-673
          max hash2 table3 = 5*1000000+673
          max hash3 table3 = 5*1000000+673
          H1 table3 = np.zeros((max hash1 table3,), dtype=np.int)
          H2 table3 = np.zeros((max hash2 table3,), dtype=np.int)
          H3_table3 = np.zeros((max_hash3_table3,), dtype=np.int)
          for key in readdata(k=2, report=True):
              hash_cell_1_table3 = hash(key) % max_hash1_table3
              H1 table3[hash cell 1 table3] += 1
              hash_cell_2_table3 = hash(key) % max_hash2_table3
              H2_table3[hash_cell_2_table3] += 1
              hash cell 3 table3 = hash(key) % max hash3 table3
              H3 table3[hash cell 3 table3] += 1
In [18]:
          # compact hash table
          H good 1 table3 = set(np.where(H1 table3 \geq N)[0])
          H good 2 table3 = set(np.where(H2 table3 \gt= N)[0])
          H_good_3_table3 = set(np.where(H3_table3 >= N)[0])
          del H1 table3
          del H2 table3
          del H3 table3
```

```
In [19]:
          # find frequent 2-tuples
          C2 table3 = \{\}
          for key in readdata(k=2):
              # hash-based filtering stage from PCY
              hash cell 1 table3 = hash(key) % max hash1 table3
              if hash cell 1 table3 not in H good 1 table3:
                  continue
              hash_cell_2_table3 = hash(key) % max_hash2_table3
              if hash cell 2 table3 not in H good 2 table3:
                  continue
              hash cell 3 table3 = hash(key) % max hash3 table3
              if hash_cell_3_table3 not in H_good_3_table3:
                  continue
              # filter out non-frequent tuples
              if key not in C2_items:
                  continue
              # record frequent tuples
              if key not in C2 table3:
                  C2 table3[key] = 1
              else:
                  C2 table3[key] += 1
          print("{} items".format(len(C2 table3)))
         36 items
In [20]:
          # filter stage
         L2 table3 = {}
          for key, count in C2 table3.items():
              if count >= N:
                  L2 table3[key] = count
          print('{} items with >{} occurances'.format(len(L2 table3), N))
          end time table3=time.time()
          table3 time=end time table3-start time table3
         36 items with >50 occurances
```

```
In [21]:
          L2 table3 = [ elem for elem in list(L2 table3) if len(elem)>1] # clean our
          count=1
          for i in range(len(L2 table3)):
              A, B = list(L2 table3[i])
              support AB = C2 table3[frozenset([A, B])]
              support A = C1[frozenset([A])]
              conf A leads to B = support AB / support A
              support B = C1[frozenset([B])]
              prob B = support B / 2750.0
              interest A leads to B = conf A leads to B - prob B
              if interest A leads to B > 0.7:
                  print("{}: {} --> {} with interest {:3f}".format(count, A, B, interest
                  count+=1
         1: whole milk --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         2: whole milk --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         3: whole milk --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         4: whole milk --> bottled water with interest 66.975636
         5: whole milk --> soda with interest 155.943273
         6: newspapers --> whole milk with interest 120.956000
         7: whole milk --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         8: other vegetables --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         9: canned beer --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         10: bottled water --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         11: soda --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         12: newspapers --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         13: bottled beer --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         14: other vegetables --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         15: bottled water --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         16: other vegetables --> soda with interest 155.943273
         17: newspapers --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         18: other vegetables --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         19: bottled water --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         20: soda --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         21: newspapers --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         22: bottled beer --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         23: bottled water --> soda with interest 155.943273
         24: newspapers --> bottled water with interest 66.975636
         25: bottled water --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         26: newspapers --> soda with interest 155.943273
         27: bottled beer --> soda with interest 155.943273
         28: newspapers --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
```

4-table

```
In [22]:
          start time table4 = time.time()
          # hash table
          max hash1 table4 = 5*1000000-673
          max hash2 table4 = 5*1000000+673
          max hash3 table4 = 5*1000000+673
          max_hash4_table4 = 5*1000000+673
          H1 table4 = np.zeros((max hash1 table4,), dtype=np.int)
          H2_table4 = np.zeros((max_hash2_table4,), dtype=np.int)
          H3 table4 = np.zeros((max hash3 table4,), dtype=np.int)
          H4_table4 = np.zeros((max_hash4_table4,), dtype=np.int)
          for key in readdata(k=2, report=True):
              hash_cell_1_table4 = hash(key) % max_hash1_table4
              H1_table4[hash_cell_1_table4] += 1
              hash cell 2 table4 = hash(key) % max hash2 table4
              H2 table4[hash cell 2 table4] += 1
              hash_cell_3_table4 = hash(key) % max_hash3 table4
              H3_table4[hash_cell_3_table4] += 1
              hash cell 4 table4 = hash(key) % max hash4 table4
              H4 table4[hash cell 4 table4] += 1
In [23]:
          # compact hash table
          H good 1 table4 = set(np.where(H1 table4 \geq N)[0])
          H good 2 table4 = set(np.where(H2 table4 \geq N)[0])
          H good 3 table4 = set(np.where(H3 table4 \geq N)[0])
          H good 4 table4 = set(np.where(H4 table4 \geq N)[0])
          del H1 table4
          del H2 table4
          del H3 table4
          del H4 table4
```

```
In [24]:
          # find frequent 2-tuples
          C2 table4 = \{\}
          for key in readdata(k=2):
              # hash-based filtering stage from PCY
              hash cell 1 table4 = hash(key) % max hash1 table4
              if hash cell 1 table4 not in H good 1 table4:
                  continue
              hash_cell_2_table4 = hash(key) % max_hash2_table4
              if hash cell 2 table4 not in H good 2 table4:
                  continue
              hash cell 3 table4 = hash(key) % max hash3 table4
              if hash_cell_3_table4 not in H_good_3_table4:
              hash_cell_4_table4 = hash(key) % max_hash4_table4
              if hash cell 4 table4 not in H good 4 table4:
                  continue
              # filter out non-frequent tuples
              if key not in C2_items:
                  continue
              # record frequent tuples
              if key not in C2 table4:
                  C2_{table4[key]} = 1
              else:
                  C2 table4[key] += 1
          print("{} items".format(len(C2_table4)))
         36 items
In [25]:
          # filter stage
          L2 table4 = {}
          for key, count in C2 table4.items():
              if count >= N:
                  L2 \text{ table4[key]} = count
          print('{} items with >{} occurances'.format(len(L2 table4), N))
          end_time_table4=time.time()
          table4 time=end time table4-start time table4
         36 items with >50 occurances
```

```
In [26]:
          L2 table4 = [ elem for elem in list(L2 table4) if len(elem)>1] # clean our
          count=1
          for i in range(len(L2_table4)):
              A, B = list(L2 table4[i])
              support AB = C2 table4[frozenset([A, B])]
              support A = C1[frozenset([A])]
              conf A leads to B = support AB / support A
              support B = C1[frozenset([B])]
              prob B = support B / 2750.0
              interest A leads to B = conf A leads to B - prob B
              if interest A leads to B > 0.7:
                  print("{}: {} --> {} with interest {:3f}".format(count, A, B, interest
                  count+=1
         1: whole milk --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         2: whole milk --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         3: whole milk --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         4: whole milk --> bottled water with interest 66.975636
         5: whole milk --> soda with interest 155.943273
         6: newspapers --> whole milk with interest 120.956000
         7: whole milk --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         8: other vegetables --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         9: canned beer --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         10: bottled water --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         11: soda --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         12: newspapers --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         13: bottled beer --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         14: other vegetables --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         15: bottled water --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         16: other vegetables --> soda with interest 155.943273
         17: newspapers --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         18: other vegetables --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         19: bottled water --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         20: soda --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         21: newspapers --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         22: bottled beer --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         23: bottled water --> soda with interest 155.943273
         24: newspapers --> bottled water with interest 66.975636
         25: bottled water --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         26: newspapers --> soda with interest 155.943273
```

27: bottled beer --> soda with interest 155.943273

28: newspapers --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364

5-table

```
In [27]:
          start time table5 = time.time()
          # hash table
          max hash1 table5 = 5*1000000-673
          max hash2 table5 = 5*1000000+673
          max hash3 table5 = 5*1000000+673
          max hash4 table5 = 5*1000000+673
          max hash5 table5 = 5*1000000+673
          H1_table5 = np.zeros((max_hash1_table5,), dtype=np.int)
          H2 table5 = np.zeros((max hash2 table5,), dtype=np.int)
          H3_table5 = np.zeros((max_hash3_table5,), dtype=np.int)
          H4_table5 = np.zeros((max_hash4_table5,), dtype=np.int)
          H5 table5 = np.zeros((max hash5 table5,), dtype=np.int)
          for key in readdata(k=2, report=True):
              hash cell 1 table5 = hash(key) % max hash1 table5
              H1 table5[hash cell 1 table5] += 1
              hash cell 2 table5 = hash(key) % max hash2 table5
              H2_table5[hash_cell_2_table5] += 1
              hash cell 3 table5 = hash(key) % max hash3 table5
              H3 table5[hash cell 3 table5] += 1
              hash_cell_4_table5 = hash(key) % max_hash4_table5
              H4 table5[hash cell 4 table5] += 1
              hash cell 5 table5 = hash(key) % max hash5 table5
              H5 table5[hash cell 5 table5] += 1
In [28]:
          # compact hash table
          H good 1 table5 = set(np.where(H1 table5 \geq N)[0])
          H good 2 table5 = set(np.where(H2 table5 \gt= N)[0])
          H good 3 table5 = set(np.where(H3 table5 \geq N)[0])
          H good 4 table5 = set(np.where(H4 table5 \geq N)[0])
          H good 5 table5 = set(np.where(H5 table5 \geq N)[0])
          del H1 table5
          del H2 table5
          del H3 table5
          del H4 table5
          del H5_table5
```

```
In [29]:
          # find frequent 2-tuples
          C2 table5 = \{\}
          for key in readdata(k=2):
              # hash-based filtering stage from PCY
              hash cell 1 table5 = hash(key) % max hash1 table5
              if hash cell 1 table5 not in H good 1 table5:
                  continue
              hash_cell_2_table5 = hash(key) % max_hash2_table5
              if hash cell 2 table5 not in H good 2 table5:
                  continue
              hash cell 3 table5 = hash(key) % max hash3 table5
              if hash_cell_3_table5 not in H_good_3_table5:
              hash_cell_4_table5 = hash(key) % max_hash4_table5
              if hash cell 4 table5 not in H good 4 table5:
                  continue
              hash_cell_5_table5 = hash(key) % max_hash5_table5
              if hash cell 5 table5 not in H good 5 table5:
                  continue
              # filter out non-frequent tuples
              if key not in C2 items:
                  continue
              # record frequent tuples
              if key not in C2 table5:
                  C2 \text{ table5[key]} = 1
              else:
                  C2 table5[key] += 1
          print("{} items".format(len(C2 table5)))
         36 items
In [30]:
          # filter stage
          L2 table5 = \{\}
          for key, count in C2 table5.items():
              if count >= N:
                 L2 table5[key] = count
          print('{} items with >{} occurances'.format(len(L2 table5), N))
          end_time_table5=time.time()
          table5_time=end_time_table5-start_time_table5
         36 items with >50 occurances
```

```
In [31]:
          L2 table5 = [ elem for elem in list(L2 table5) if len(elem)>1] # clean our
          count=1
          for i in range(len(L2_table5)):
              A, B = list(L2 table5[i])
              support AB = C2 table5[frozenset([A, B])]
              support A = C1[frozenset([A])]
              conf A leads to B = support AB / support A
              support B = C1[frozenset([B])]
              prob B = support B / 2750.0
              interest A leads to B = conf A leads to B - prob B
              if interest A leads to B > 0.7:
                  print("{}: {} --> {} with interest {:3f}".format(count, A, B, interest
                  count+=1
         1: whole milk --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         2: whole milk --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         3: whole milk --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         4: whole milk --> bottled water with interest 66.975636
         5: whole milk --> soda with interest 155.943273
         6: newspapers --> whole milk with interest 120.956000
         7: whole milk --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         8: other vegetables --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         9: canned beer --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         10: bottled water --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         11: soda --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         12: newspapers --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         13: bottled beer --> rolls/buns with interest 108.960364
         14: other vegetables --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         15: bottled water --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         16: other vegetables --> soda with interest 155.943273
         17: newspapers --> other vegetables with interest 61.977455
         18: other vegetables --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364
         19: bottled water --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         20: soda --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         21: newspapers --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         22: bottled beer --> canned beer with interest 259.905455
         23: bottled water --> soda with interest 155.943273
```

Result

24: newspapers --> bottled water with interest 66.975636 25: bottled water --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364

28: newspapers --> bottled beer with interest 119.956364

26: newspapers --> soda with interest 155.943273 27: bottled beer --> soda with interest 155.943273

```
items 36
table 2:
    time: 422.3184566497803 sec,
    items 36
table 3:
    time: 536.6535396575928 sec,
    items 36
table 4:
    time: 600.8096449375153 sec,
    items 36
table 5:
    time: 709.8312077522278 sec,
    items 36
In []:
```