

28.05.2021

**Tanım:** Bir  $G$  çizgesi için dayanıklılık (toughness) değeri;  $w(G-S)$ ,

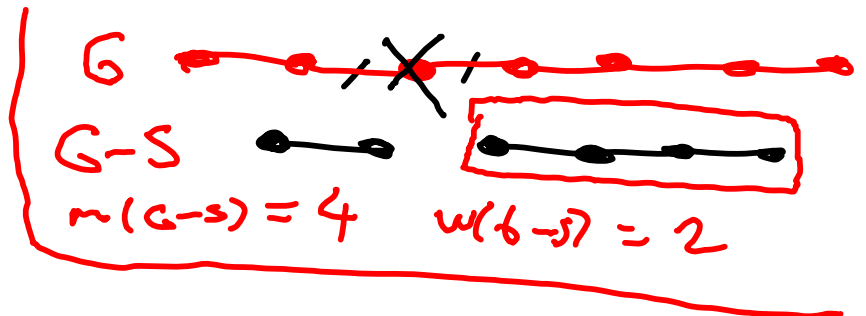
~~$G-S$  çizgesindeki en büyük bileşenin tepe sayısı olmak üzere:~~

$$\boxed{w(G-S) \geq 1}$$

$G-S$  'nin bileşen sayısı

$$t(G) = \min_{S \subseteq V} \left\{ \frac{|S|}{m(G-S)} \right\}$$

olarak tanımlanır.



Örnek  $t(K_{1,5}) = ?$

Kesimlere ←

$S$	$ S $	$w(G-S)$	$\frac{ S }{w(G-S)}$
$\{a\}$	1	5	$\frac{1}{5}$
$\{1\}$	1	5	$\frac{1}{5}$
$\{1, a\}$	2	4	$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$
$\{1, a, 3\}$	3	3	$\frac{3}{3} = 1$

$$I(G) = \min \{ |S| + m(G-S) \}$$

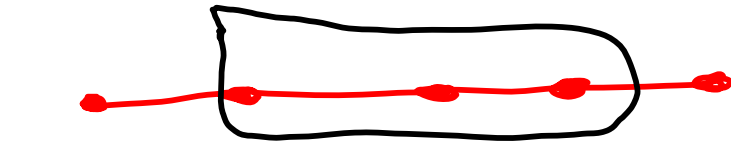
$$t(G) = \min \left\{ \frac{|S|}{w(G-S)} \right\}$$

Çizge kelen  
grafikte en  
büyük bileşenin  
tepe sayısı

Çizge kelen  
grafikte:

bilge san sayan

$$t(P_n) = ?$$



$P_5$

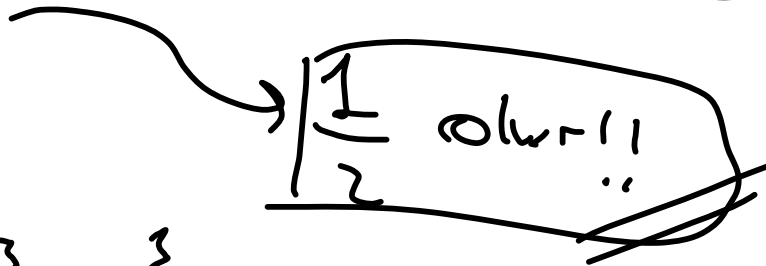


min  $s=2$   
 $w(s-1) = 3$   
 $\frac{|S|}{w(s-1)} = \frac{2}{3}$   
 $\frac{2}{3} \left\lfloor \frac{1}{\frac{2}{3}} \right\rfloor = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{2} = 1$

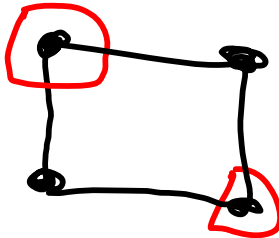
1 for  $\frac{1}{2}$

2 for  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{2}$

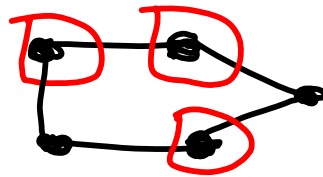
3 for  $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{3}$



$$t(C_n) = ?$$

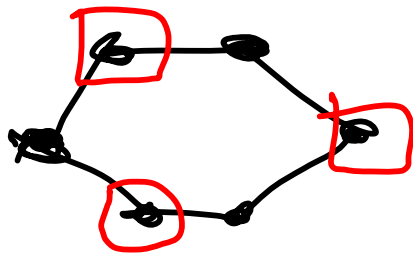


$$\frac{2}{2} = 1$$



$$\frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\left\lfloor \frac{3}{2} \right\rfloor = 1$$



$$\frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\frac{3}{3} = 1$$

$$\star t(G) = \min_{S \subseteq V(G)} \left\{ \frac{|S|}{w(G-S)} \right\}$$

→  $S$  kojm kőme  
 graf peremkőde !!!

$w(G-S) \Rightarrow$  kőben szőn

**Tanım:** Bir  $G$  çizgesi için  $S \subseteq V$  ve  $w(G-S)$ ,  $G-S$  çizgesinin bileşen sayısı olmak üzere, bir çizgenin *kararlılık (tenacity) değeri* aşağıdaki biçimde tanımlıdır:

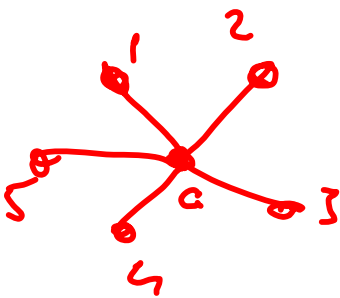
$$T(G) = \min_{S \subseteq V} \left\{ \frac{|S| + w(G-S)}{w(G-S)} \right\}$$

integrity

+ toughness

$S$ , kömürleme

$$T(K_{1,5}) = \frac{2}{5}$$



$S$	$ S $	$w(G-S)$	$w(G-S)$	$\frac{ S  + w(G-S)}{w(G-S)}$
$\{a\}$	1	1	5	$\frac{2}{5}$
$\{a, 1\}$	2	1	4	$\frac{3}{4}$
$\{a, 1, 3\}$	3	1	3	$\frac{4}{3}$
$\vdots$				

Scotling Number } Cuna Sāñ (Sal, gain)  
Rupture boree