

# Scheduling

Notes 10

# Palmer's Heuristic for Minimizing Makespan in Flow Shop Problems

- This algorithm will try and find out a weighted sum for each of the jobs. So, we will try and give some weights to each of these machines, and then we find a weighted sum for every job.
- The algorithm has 2 steps.
- Step 1: For n job m machine flow shop problem, determine the slope  $A_i$  for i th job.
- $A_i = - \sum_{j=1}^m \{m - (2j - 1)\} P_{ij}$
- Step 2: Order the jobs in the sequence based on decreasing order of the  $A_i$  values.
- Find  $C_{max}$  value.

# Example

Job \ Machine	Machine		
	1	2	3
1	6	5	4
2	8	1	4
3	3	5	4
4	4	4	2

# Solution

	m=1	m=2	m=3	
Job	$3-(2 \times 1 - 1) = 2$	$3-(2 \times 2 - 1) = 0$	$3-(2 \times 3 - 1) = -2$	$A_i$
1	6	5	4	-4
2	8	1	4	-8
3	3	5	4	2
4	4	4	2	-4

Sequences: 3-1-4-2 or 3-4-1-2

# Finding Cmax for the 3-1-4-2 Sequence

	1	2	3
3	3/3	5/8	4/12
1	6/9	5/14	4/18
4	4/13	4/18	2/20
2	8/21	1/22	4/26

Cmax: 26

# Finding Cmax for the 3-4-1-2 Sequence

	1	2	3
3	3/3	5/8	4/12
4	4/7	4/12	2/14
1	6/13	5/18	4/22
2	8/21	1/22	4/26

Cmax: 26

According to Palmers's heuristic 3-1-4-2 and 3-4-1-2 are the best sequences.

# Comparing CDS, (NEH)and Palmer's algorithms

	M1	M2	M3
J1	16	18	12
J2	14	10	11
J3	13	20	15

# CDS

- According to CDS 3-1-2 is the best sequence and Cmax is 74.

	M1	M2	M3
J3	13/13	20/33	15/48
J1	16/29	18/51	12/63
J2	14/43	10/61	11/74



# NEH heuristic

- 3-2-1 is the best sequence and Cmax is 73.

	M1	M2	M3
J3	13/13	20/33	15/48
J2	14/27	10/43	11/59
J1	16/43	18/61	12/73

# Palmer's Heuristic

- According to Palmer's heuristic the best sequence is 3-2-1 and  $C_{max}$  is 73.

# N Job M Machine Heuristics in Job Shop Scheduling Problems

- In job shop problems, there are different routes for different jobs.
- Each job has a pre specified route or order of visit of the machine, it is also not absolutely necessary that all the jobs will visit all the machines.

- In job shop scheduling problems, different heuristics can be used to solve the problem. Some of the methods are based on dispatching rules and some of them are not.
- Most common dispatching based methods are SPT, LPT or EDD based approaches. They are easy to understand and implement.
- First off all, the dispatching rule is determined and then the Gantt chart is drawn and the solution is found.
- We analyze SPT based heuristic for job shop scheduling problem.

- We will not keep a machine idle if there are jobs waiting in front of it.
- If we have to choose between two jobs or among a set of jobs that are waiting, we would pick a job which has the smallest processing time.

There are 3 jobs , 3 machines job shop problem.  
We will find Cmax according to SPT based heuristic.

J1	M1 (7)	M3(8)	M2 (10)
J2	M2(6)	M1(4)	M3(12)
J3	M1(8)	M2(8)	M3(7)

Cmax is 40

# Resources

- Algorithms for Sequencing and Scheduling, Ibrahim M. Alharkan
- <https://fenix.tecnico.ulisboa.pt/downloadFile/282093452004307/5.1%20-%20Scheduling.pdf>
- [http://nptel.ac.in/reviewed\\_pdfs/110106045/lec27.pdf](http://nptel.ac.in/reviewed_pdfs/110106045/lec27.pdf)
- [http://prolog.univie.ac.at/teaching/LVAs/KFK-PM/SS08/pm\\_ch8.pdf](http://prolog.univie.ac.at/teaching/LVAs/KFK-PM/SS08/pm_ch8.pdf)
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