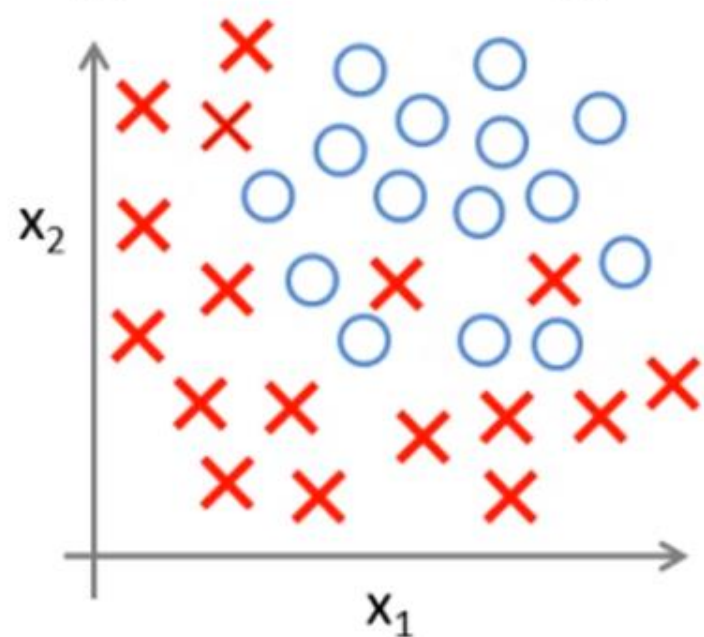


Regularized Logistic Regression

Solving the Problem of Overfitting

Regularization

Regularized logistic regression.



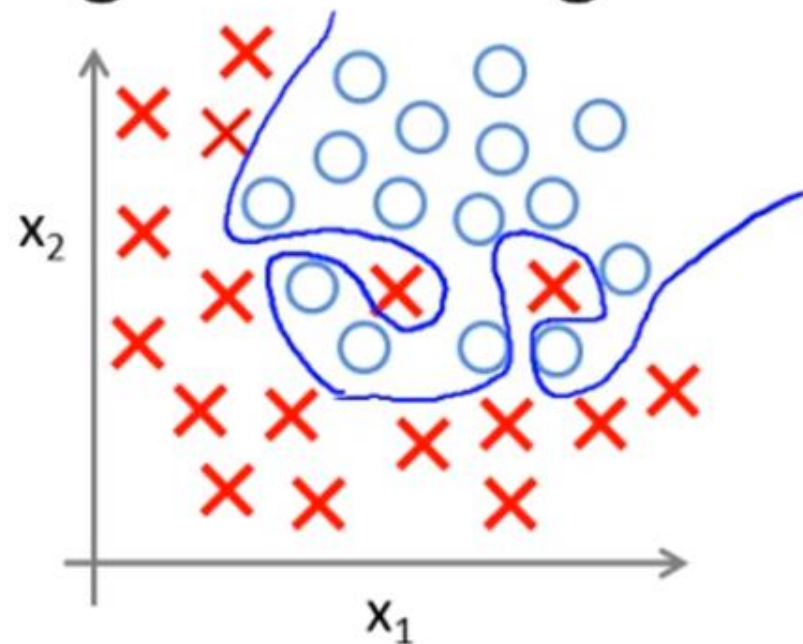
$$h_{\theta}(x) = g(\theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_1^2 + \theta_3 x_1^2 x_2 + \theta_4 x_1^2 x_2^2 + \theta_5 x_1^2 x_2^3 + \dots)$$

Cost function:

$$J(\theta) = - \left[\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m y^{(i)} \log h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log (1 - h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})) \right]$$

Windows'u Etkinleştir
Windows'u etkinleştirmek için Ayarlar'a gidin.

Regularized logistic regression.



$$h_{\theta}(x) = g(\theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_1^2 + \theta_3 x_1^2 x_2 + \theta_4 x_1^2 x_2^2 + \theta_5 x_1^2 x_2^3 + \dots)$$

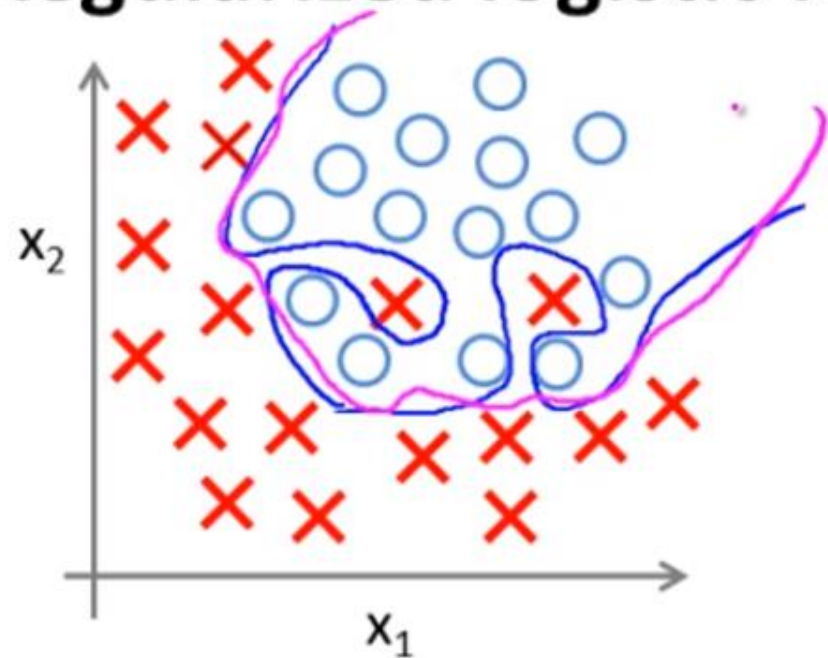
Cost function:

$$\rightarrow J(\theta) = - \left[\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m y^{(i)} \log h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log (1 - h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})) \right] + \frac{\lambda}{2m} \sum_{j=1}^n \theta_j^2$$

Windows'u Etkinleştir
Windows'u etkinleştirmek için Ayarlar'a gidin.

$\theta_1, \theta_2, \dots, \theta_n$

Regularized logistic regression.



$$h_{\theta}(x) = g(\theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_1^2 + \theta_3 x_1^2 x_2 + \theta_4 x_1^2 x_2^2 + \theta_5 x_1^2 x_2^3 + \dots)$$


Cost function:

$$\rightarrow J(\theta) = - \left[\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m y^{(i)} \log h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log (1 - h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})) \right] + \frac{\lambda}{2m} \sum_{j=1}^n \theta_j^2$$

Windows'u Etkinleştir
Windows'u etkinleştirmek için Ayarlar'a gidin.

Gradient descent

Repeat {

 $\theta_j := \theta_j - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_j^{(i)}$
($j = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$)

}

Windows'u Etkinleştir
Windows'u etkinleştirmek için Ayarlar'a gidin.

Gradient descent

Repeat {

$$\rightarrow \theta_0 := \theta_0 - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_0^{(i)}$$

$$\rightarrow \theta_j := \theta_j - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_j^{(i)}$$

$(j = \cancel{0}, \underline{1, 2, 3, \dots, n})$
 $\theta_1 \dots \theta_n$

}

Windows'u Etkinleştir
Windows'u etkinleştirmek için Ayarlar'a gidin.

Gradient descent

Repeat {

$$\rightarrow \theta_0 := \theta_0 - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_0^{(i)}$$

$$\rightarrow \theta_j := \theta_j - \alpha \left[\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_j^{(i)} + \frac{\lambda}{n} \theta_j \right]$$

$(j = \textcolor{red}{\cancel{0}}, \underbrace{1, 2, 3, \dots, n}_{\theta_1, \dots, \theta_n})$

}

Windows'u Etkinleştir
Windows'u etkinleştirmek için Ayarlar'a gidin.

Gradient descent

Repeat {

$$\rightarrow \theta_0 := \theta_0 - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_0^{(i)}$$

$$\rightarrow \theta_j := \theta_j - \alpha \left[\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_j^{(i)} + \frac{\lambda}{n} \theta_j \right] \leftarrow$$

$(j = \text{~~0~~, 1, 2, 3, \dots, n})$
 $\theta_1, \dots, \theta_n$

}

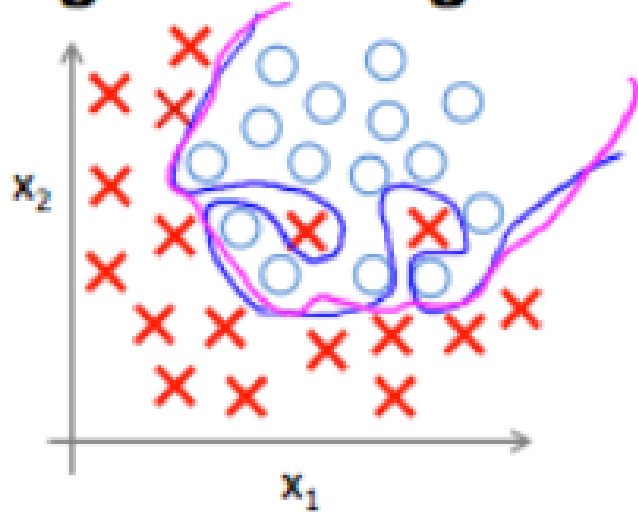
$$h_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\theta^T x}}$$

Windows'u Etkinleştir

Windows'u etkinleştirmek için Ayarlar'a gidin.

Summary

Regularized logistic regression.



$$h_{\theta}(x) = g(\theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_1^2 + \theta_3 x_1^2 x_2 + \theta_4 x_1^2 x_2^2 + \theta_5 x_1^2 x_2^3 + \dots)$$

Summary

- Recall that our cost function for logistic regression was:

- $$J(\theta) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m [y^{(i)} \log(h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})) + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log(1 - h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}))]$$

- We can regularize this equation by adding a term to the end:

$$J(\theta) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m [y^{(i)} \log(h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})) + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log(1 - h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}))] + \frac{\lambda}{2m} \sum_{j=1}^n \theta_j^2$$

Summary

Gradient descent

Repeat {

$$\rightarrow \theta_0 := \theta_0 - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_0^{(i)}$$

$$\rightarrow \theta_j := \theta_j - \alpha \left[\underbrace{\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_j^{(i)}}_{\substack{(j = \text{red X}, 1, 2, 3, \dots, n) \\ \theta_1, \dots, \theta_n}} + \frac{\lambda}{m} \theta_j \right] \leftarrow$$

}

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} J(\theta)$$

$$\underline{h_{\theta}(x)} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\theta^T x}}$$