

# Memory

	Address 3
	Address 2
	Address 1
	Address 0

x

5

Bits 0, 1 (2 values)

- 1 byte = 8 bits
- 1 kilobyte = 1024 bytes
- 1 Mega byte = 1024 kilobytes
- 1 Gigabyte = 1024 Megabytes.

A memory that can hold two bits:

2	1	
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	2
1	1	3

$$2^2 - 1 = \underline{\underline{3}}$$

Max value

What about 3 bits?

4	2	1	
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	2
0	1	1	3
1	0	0	4
1	0	1	5
1	1	0	6
1	1	1	7

$$2^3 - 1 = \underline{\underline{7}}$$

What about negative numbers?

	sign	2	1		
	0	0	0	+	0
0 for +ve	0	0	1	+	1
1 for -ve	0	1	0	+	2
	0	1	1	+	3
	1	0	0	-	0 ?
	1	0	1	-	1
	1	1	0	-	2
	1	1	1	-	3

$$2^3 - 1 = \underline{\underline{3}}$$

→ 4 bytes for int

4 bytes = 32 bits

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2^{32}}{2} - 1 = 2147483647$$