

Date: _____

Name:

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Section:

BS(CS)-4A

Question # 1

Given that

$$p = \frac{3}{4} = 0.75$$

$$n = 4.$$

$$P\{X=2\} = ?$$

As we know that

$$P\{X=i\} = \binom{n}{i} p^i (1-p)^{n-i}$$

Putting the values

$$P\{X=2\} = \binom{4}{2} (0.75)^2 (1-0.75)^{4-2}$$

$$= 0.210$$

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Question #2

Defective rate of device = 3% = 0.03

$$n = 20.$$

We need to find the probability that there will be at least one defective item i.e

$$P\{X \geq 1\}$$

So for that we can right say that

$$P\{X \geq 1\} = 1 - P\{X = 0\}$$

$$P\{X \geq 1\} = 1 - \left[\binom{20}{0} (0.03)^0 (1-0.03)^{20-0} \right]$$
$$= 1 - 0.543$$

$$P\{X \geq 1\} = 0.456$$

Question #3

$$p(\text{Accident}) = 0.005$$

let x be the number of accidents in any given period of 400 days.
So

$$\lambda = np$$

$$\lambda = 400 \times 0.005$$

$$= 2$$

So probability mass function of X is

$$P\{X=x\} = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x}{x!}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-2} (2)^x}{x!}$$

a) We need to find $P(X=1)$ so.

$$P\{X=1\} = \frac{e^{-2} (2)^1}{1!}$$

$$= 0.2707$$

b) $P\{X \leq 3\} = ?$

$$P\{X \leq 3\} = P\{X=0\} + P\{X=1\} + P\{X=2\} +$$

$$P\{X=3\}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-2} (2)^0}{0!} + \frac{e^{-2} (2)^1}{1!} + \frac{e^{-2} (2)^2}{2!} + \frac{e^{-2} (2)^3}{3!}$$

$$= 0.1353 + 0.2706 + 0.2706 + 0.1804$$

$$= 0.8571.$$

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Question #4

Given that $\lambda = 5$

a) $P\{X \leq 3\} = ?$

$$P\{X \leq 3\} = P\{X=0\} + P\{X=1\} + P\{X=2\} + P\{X=3\}$$

$$P\{X \leq 3\} = \frac{e^{-5}(5)^0}{0!} + \frac{e^{-5}(5)^1}{1!} + \frac{e^{-5}(5)^2}{2!} + \frac{e^{-5}(5)^3}{3!}$$

$$P\{X \leq 3\} = 0.26$$

b) $P\{X > 1\} = ?$

$$P\{X \geq 1\} = 1 - P\{X=0\} - P\{X=1\}$$

$$P\{X \geq 1\} = 1 - \left[\frac{e^{-5}(5)^0}{0!} - \frac{e^{-5}(5)^1}{1!} \right]$$

$$P\{X \geq 1\} = 0.95$$

Question #5

$$p = 20 \times 0.2$$

$$P\{X \geq 5\} = ?$$

$$P\{X \geq 5\} = 1 - P\{X < 5\}$$

$$= 1 - P\{X \leq 4\}$$

But we have to find $P\{X < 5\}$ i.e.

$$P\{X < 5\} = P\{X=4\} + P\{X=3\} + P\{X=2\} +$$

$$P\{X=1\} + P\{X=0\}$$

$$= \binom{10}{4} (0.2)^4 (1-0.2)^6 + \binom{10}{3} (0.2)^3 (1-0.2)^7 +$$

$$\binom{10}{2} (0.2)^2 (1-0.2)^8 + \binom{10}{1} (0.2)^1 (1-0.2)^9 +$$

$$\binom{10}{0} (0.2)^0 (1-0.2)^{10}$$

$$= 0.96$$

Now.

$$P\{X \geq 5\} = 1 - P\{X < 5\}$$

$$= 1 - 0.96$$

$$= 0.0328$$

b) $P\{X \geq 5\}$ for first occurrence of keyword

$$P\{X \geq 5\} = (1-p)^{i-1}$$

$$= (1-p)^{5-1}$$

$$= (1-p)^4$$

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$$P\{X \geq 5\} = (1 - 0.2)^4$$

$$= \cancel{0.16} \quad 0.4096$$