# 6-MAVZU. O'G'IL BOLALAR SHIMINING KONSTRUKTSIYA ASOSINI CHIZISH

#### **REJA:**

- 1. O'g'il bolalar shimining konstruktsiya asosini chizish uchun kerakli o'lchovlar.
- 2. Baza to'rini chizish.
- 3. Shim old bo'lagini chizish
- 4. Shim orqa boʻlagini chizish

# Shim konstruksiyasini chizish uchun zarur o'lchamlar

No	O'lchov belgisi	O'lchov nomi	O'lchov, sm
1	$C_b$	Bel yarim aylanasi	30
2	$C_{s}$	Son yarim aylanasi	36,9
3	$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{tiz}}$	Tizzagacha uzunlik	45,8
4	$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{sh}}$	Shim uzunligi	80

# Asosiy qo'shimchalar

Kiyim turi	Gavdaga yopishish darajasi	Bel yarim aylanasi	Son yarim aylanasi
Chim	O'rta	1,5-2	2 - 3,5
Shim	Bemalol	2,5-3	4 - 6



1. Shim uzunligi– TN

ToNo = Ush=90 sm

To

 $\mathbf{A1}$ 

1. Shim uzunligi– ToNo

$$ToNo = Ush = 80 sm$$

2. Bo'ksa balandligi-ToA1

$$ToA1 = 0.5 Cs+1.0=$$
 0.5x36.9+1.0=19.5sm.

To

**B1** 

**A1** 

2. Bo'ksa balandligi– ToA1

$$ToA1 = 0.5 Cs+1.0=$$
  
0.5x36,9+1,0=19,5sm.

3. Bo'ksa chizig'i – A1B1

$$A_1B_1 = 1/3 T_0A_1 = 1/3 \times 19,5 = 6,5 \text{ sm}$$

To

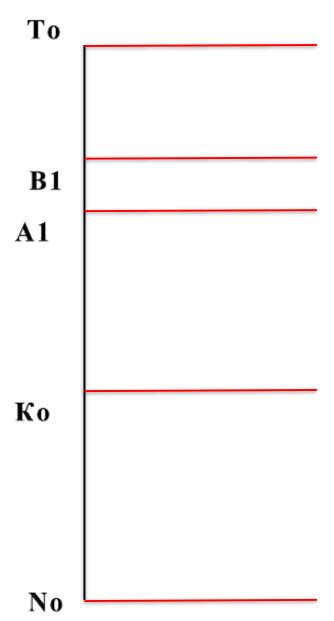
**B**1

 $\mathbf{A1}$ 

Ко

3. Bo'ksa chizig'i – A1B1
$$A_1B_1 = 1/3 T_0A_1 = 1/3 x 19,5 = 6,5 \text{ sm}$$
4. Tizza chizig'i– BK
$$T_0K_0 = U_{tiz} = 45,8 \text{ sm}$$

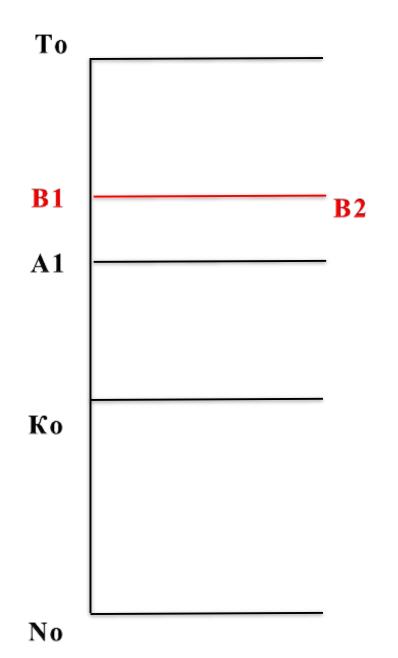
No



4. Tizza chizig'i– BK

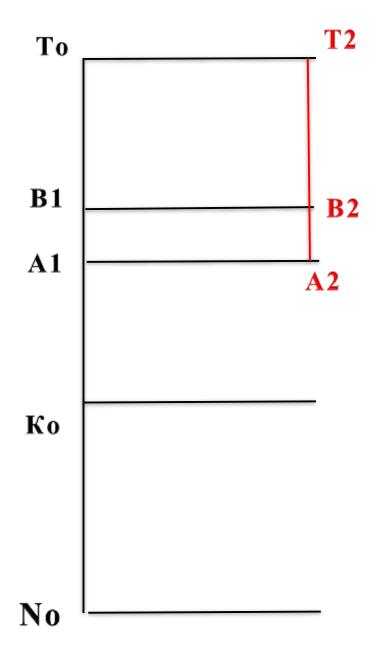
$$T_0 K_0 = U_{tiz} = 45.8 \text{ sm}$$

To, B1, A1, Ko, No nuqtalardan gorizontal chiziqlar o'tkaziladi



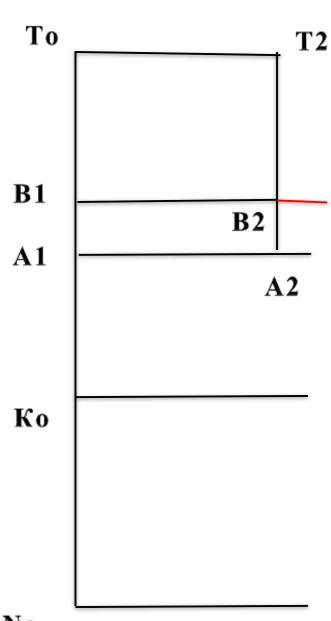
To, B1, A1, Ko, No nuqtalardan gorizontal chiziqlar o'tkaziladi

5. Old bo'lakning bo'ksa sathidagi eni:  $B_1B_2 = 0.5(Cs + Ps) - 1.0 = 0.5(36.9 + 3.0) - 1.0 = 0.5 \times 39.9 - 1.0 = 20.0 - 1.0 = 19 \text{ sm}$ 



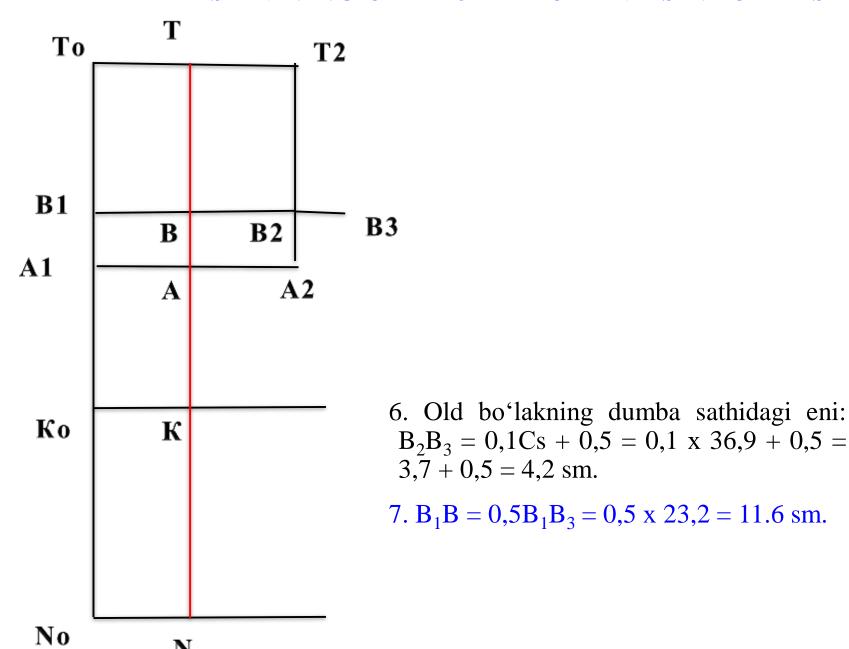
- 5. Old bo'lakning bo'ksa sathidagi eni:  $B_1B_2 = 0.5(Cs + Ps) 1.0 = 0.5(36.9 + 3.0) 1.0 = 0.5 \times 39.9 1.0 = 20.0 1.0 = 19 \text{ sm}$
- B<sub>2</sub> nuqta orqali vertikal oʻtkazib T<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>2</sub> nuqtalar bilan belgilanadi.

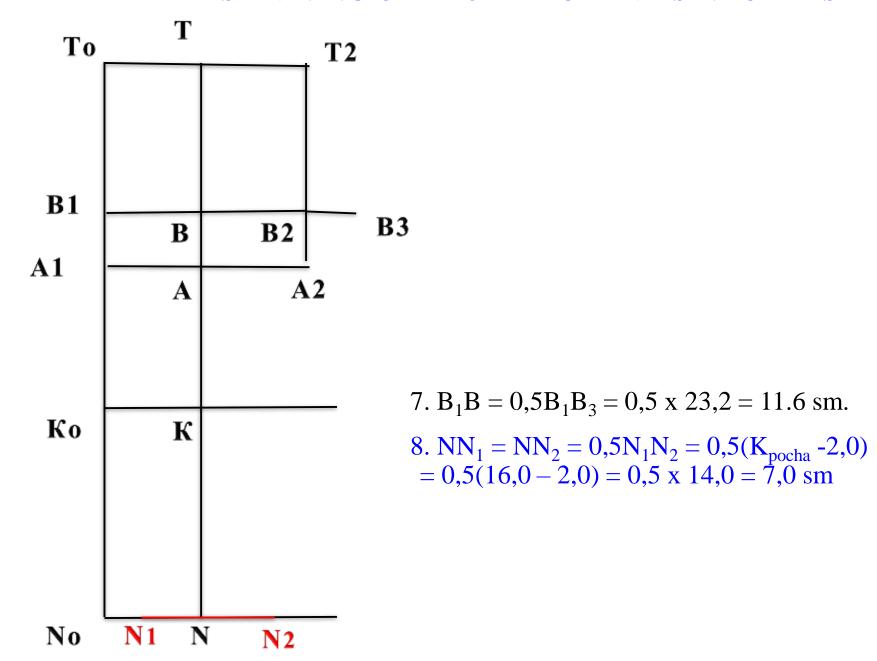
**B3** 

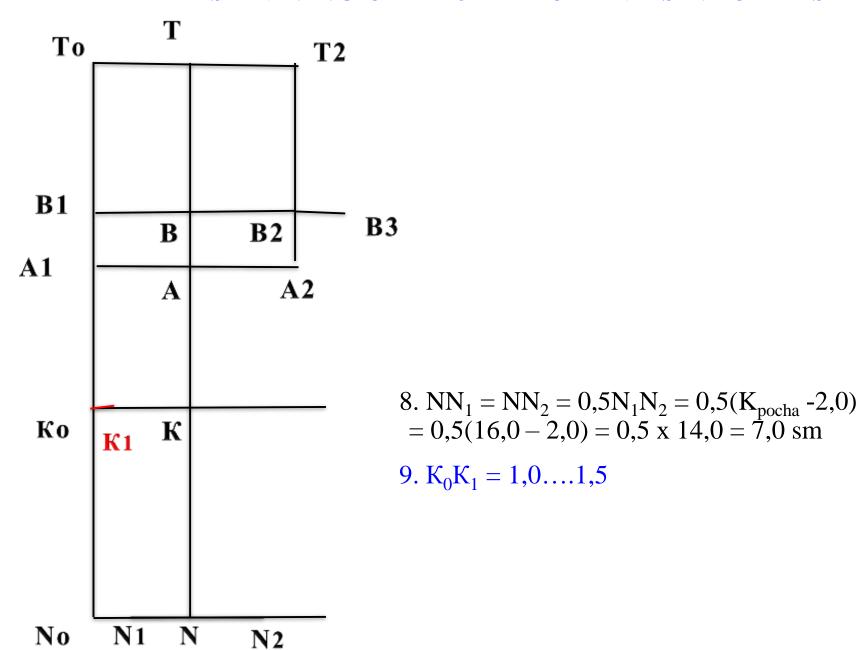


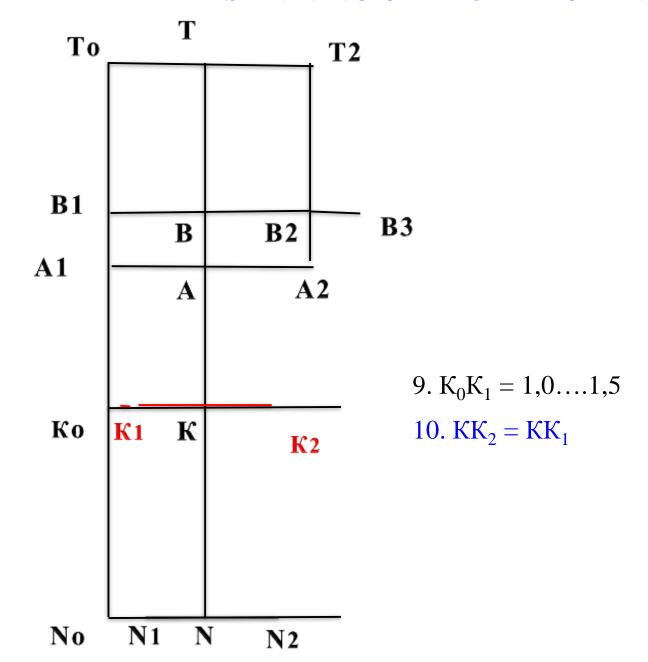
B<sub>2</sub> nuqta orqali vertikal oʻtkazib T<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>2</sub> nuqtalar bilan belgilanadi.

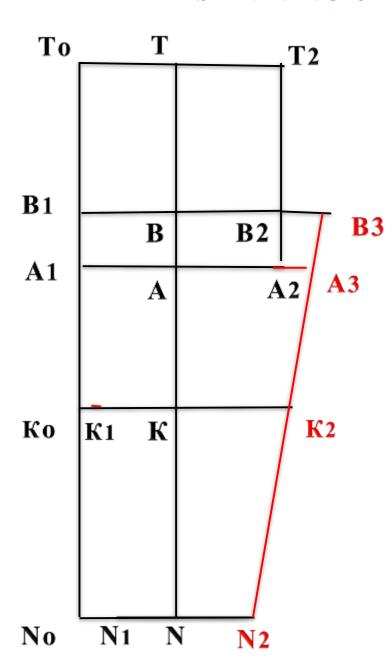
6. Old bo'lakning dumba sathidagi eni:  $B_2B_3 = 0.1Cs + 0.5 = 0.1 \times 36.9 + 0.5 = 3.7 + 0.5 = 4.2 \text{ sm}.$ 





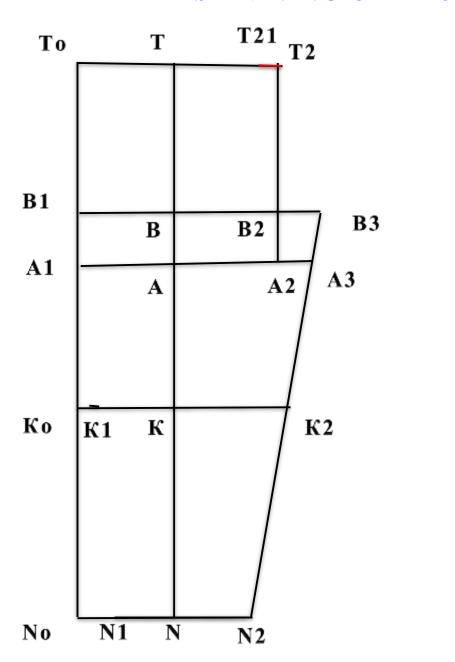




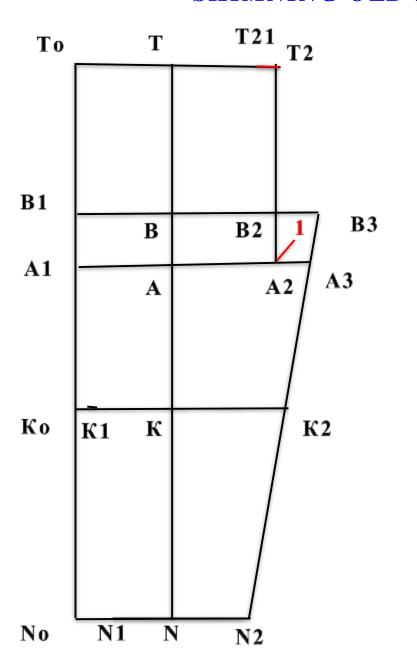


10. 
$$KK_2 = K K_1$$

B3, K2, N2 nuqtalar o'g'ri chiziq yordamida tutashtiriladi. A chizig'ida kesishgan nuqta A3 bilan belgilanadi.

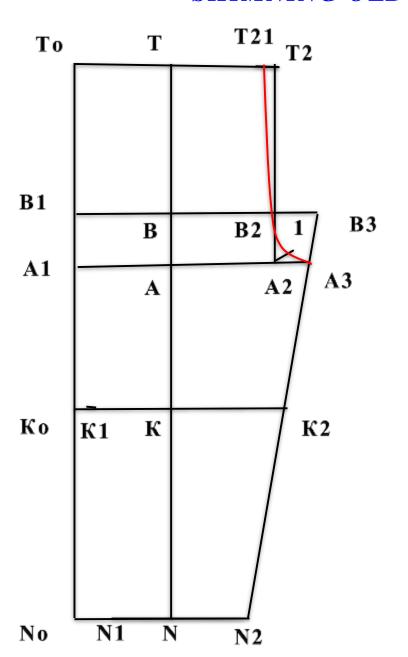


11.  $T_2T_{21} = 0,5$ 



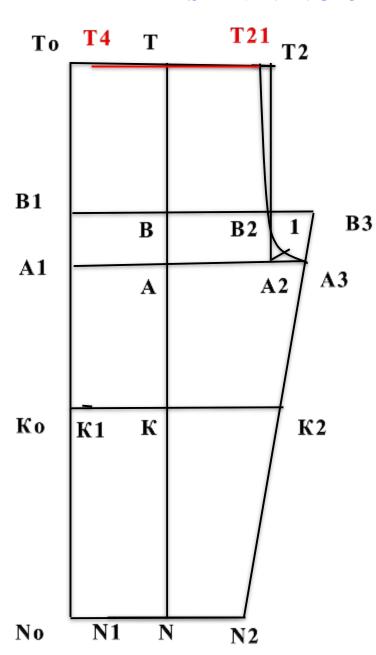
11. 
$$T_2T_{21} = 0,5$$

12. 
$$A_21 = 0.4A_2B_2 = 0.4 \times 6.5 = 2.6 \text{ sm}$$



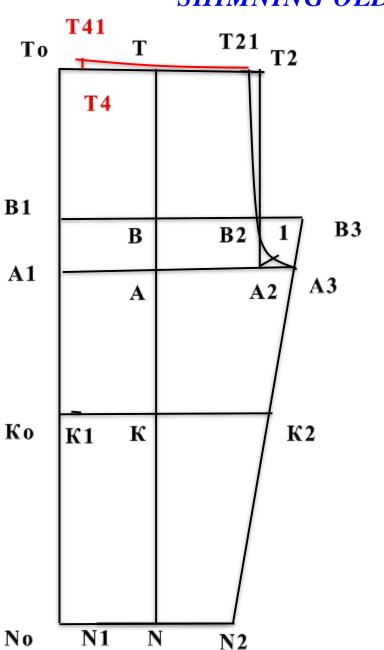
12.  $A_2 1 = 0.4 A_2 B_2 = 0.4 \times 6.5 = 2.6 \text{ sm}$ 

T<sub>21</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, 1, A<sub>3</sub> nuqtalarni birlashtirib, taqilma chizig'i chiziladi.



T<sub>21</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, 1, A<sub>3</sub> nuqtalarni birlashtirib, taqilma chizig'i chiziladi.

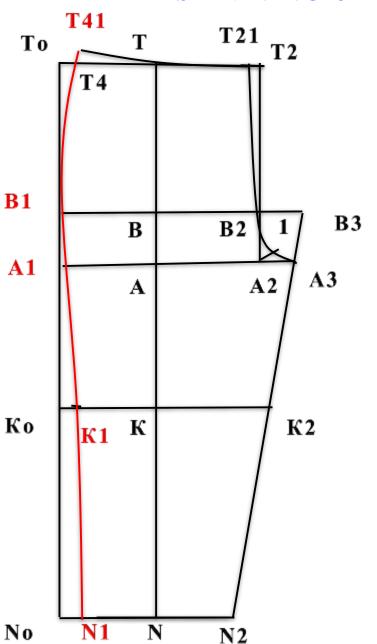
13. 
$$T_{21}T_4 = 0.5(Cb + Pb) + c = 0.5(30.0 + 1.0) + 3.0 = 18.5 \text{ sm}$$



13. 
$$T_{21}T_4 = 0.5(Cb + Pb) + c = 0.5(30.0 + 1.0) + 3.0 = 18.5 \text{ sm}$$

14. 
$$T_4T_{41} = 0,5...0,7$$

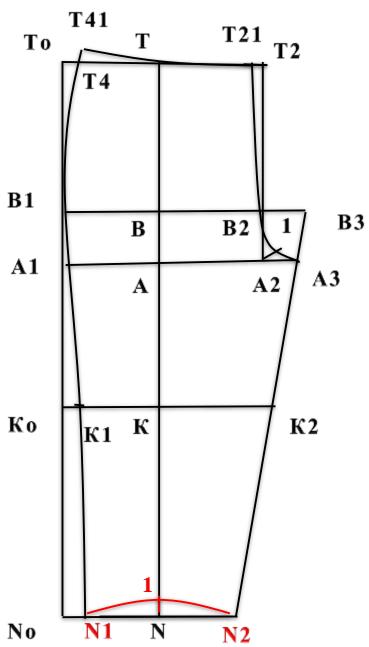
T<sub>4</sub>, T<sub>41</sub> nuqtalari tutashtiriladi.



14. 
$$T_4T_{41} = 0,5...0,7$$

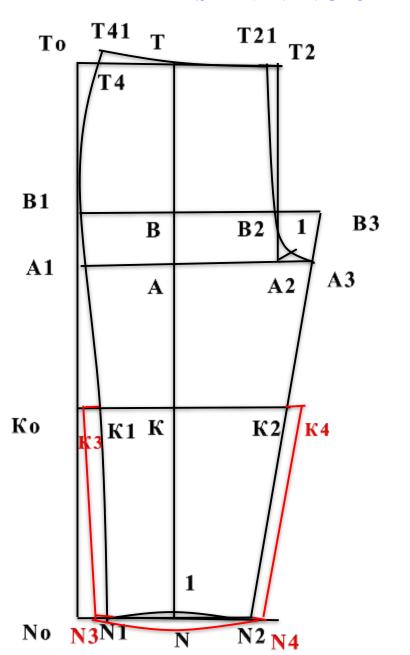
T<sub>4</sub>, T<sub>41</sub> nuqtalari tutashtiriladi.

Yon qirqim:  $T_{41}$ ,  $B_1$ ;  $A_1$ ,  $N_1$  nuqtalar ravon egri chiziq yordamida tutashtiriladi;  $K_2$  nuqta belgilanadi;  $T_{41}B_1$  qismi 0,5—1 sm qabariq chiziq,  $B_1K_1$  qismi 0,5 sm egik chiziq bilan chiziladi.



Yon qirqim:  $T_{41}$ ,  $B_1$ ;  $A_1$ ,  $N_1$  nuqtalar ravon egri chiziq yordamida tutashtiriladi;  $K_2$  nuqta belgilanadi;  $T_{41}B_1$  qismi 0,5—1 sm qabariq chiziq,  $B_1K_1$  qismi 0,5 sm egik chiziq bilan chiziladi.

Pocha chizigi: N<sub>1</sub> nuqtadan yuqoriga 1 sm oʻlchab qoʻyiladi; N<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>3</sub> nuqtalarni egik chiziq bilan tutashtiriladi.

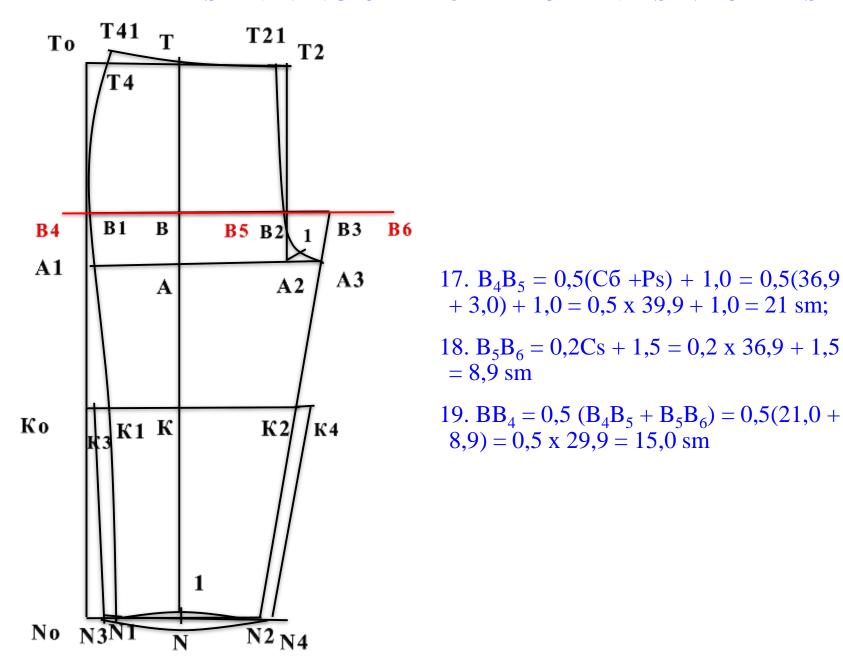


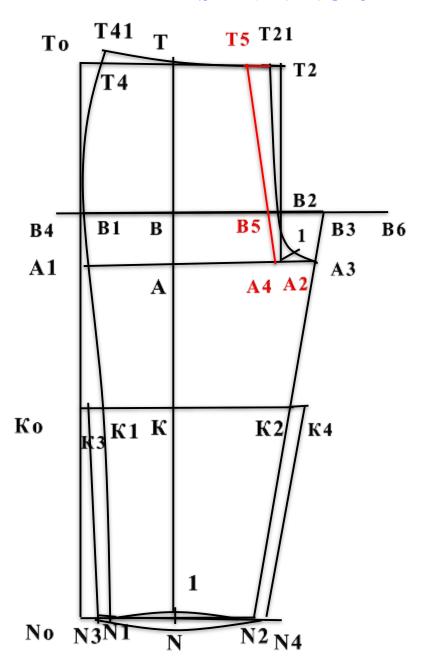
15. 
$$NN_3 = NN_4 = 0.5(K_{pocha} + 2.0) = 0.5(16.0 + 2.0) = 0.5 \times 18.0 = 9 \text{ sm}$$

16. 
$$K_1K_3 = K_2K_4 = 2,0 \text{ sm}$$

K3, N3 va K4, N4 nuqtalar tutashtiriladi.

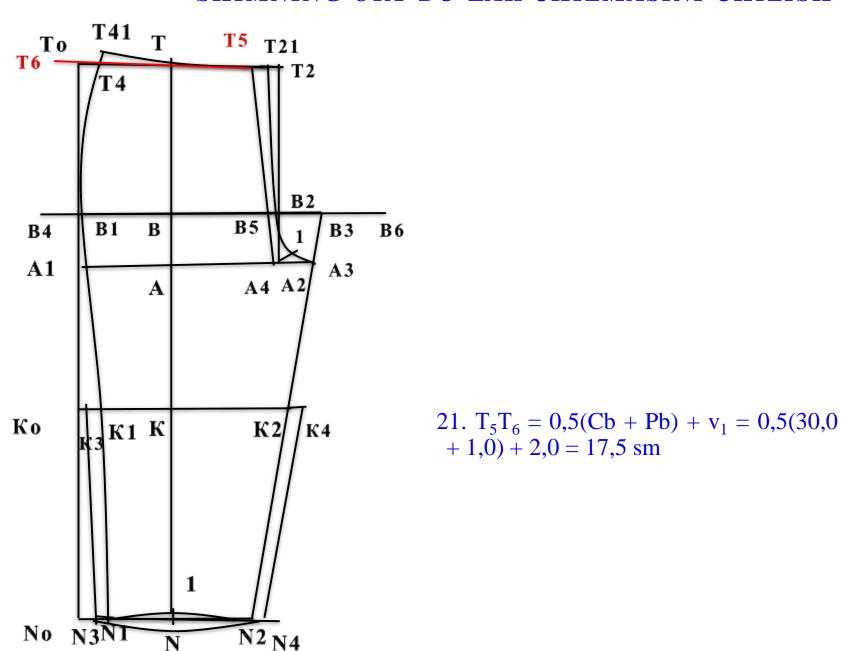
Pocha chizig'i: N<sub>4</sub>, N<sub>5</sub> nuqtalarni past tomonga 1 sm qabariq qilib birlashtiriladi.



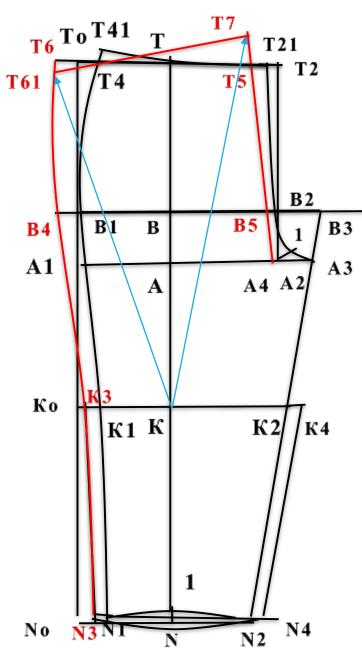


20. 
$$T_{21}T_5 = 3.0$$

Ts va Bs nuqtalari toʻgʻri chiziq yordamida tutashtiriladi. Ushbu chiziq A1 nuqtadan oʻtkazilgan gorizontal chiziq bilan kesishgan nuqta A4 nuqta boʻladi. A4 nuqta A2 nuqtaning oʻngida yoki chapida joylashishi mumkin.



**B6** 



T<sub>6</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, K<sub>3</sub> nuqtalar egri chiziq yordamida tutashtirilib, N<sub>3</sub> nuqtasigacha toʻgʻri chiziq oʻtkaziladi.

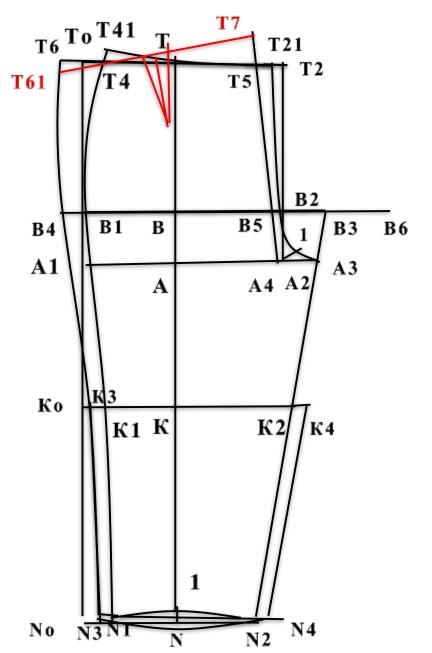
K<sub>3</sub> nuqtadan K<sub>1</sub>B<sub>1</sub>T<sub>41</sub> uzunligiga teng masofani oʻlchab, T<sub>61</sub> nuqta topiladi.

K nuqtadan T<sub>61</sub> radiusida yoy chizilib, B<sub>5</sub>T<sub>5</sub> chizigʻining davomida kesishgan nuqta T<sub>7</sub> boʻladi.

T<sub>61</sub> va T<sub>7</sub> nuqtalari tutashtirilib, orqa bel chizigʻi hosil qilinadi.

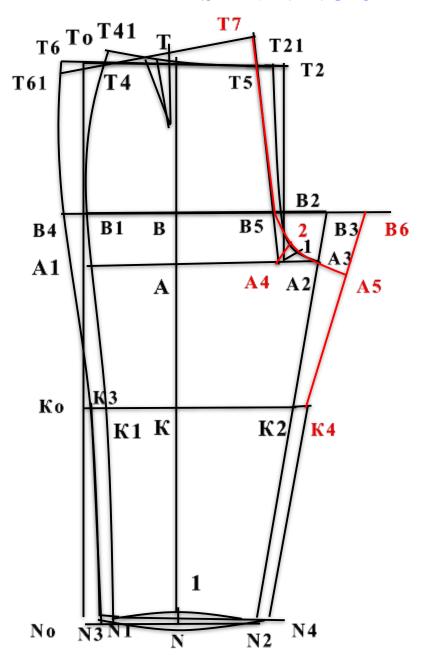
Bel burmasi (vitachka) T<sub>61</sub>T<sub>7</sub> kesmasining markazida joylashadi:

Uzunligi: 6,0...7,5 sm.



Bel burmasi (vitachka) T<sub>61</sub>T<sub>7</sub> kesmasining markazida joylashadi:

Uzunligi: 6,0...7,5 sm.

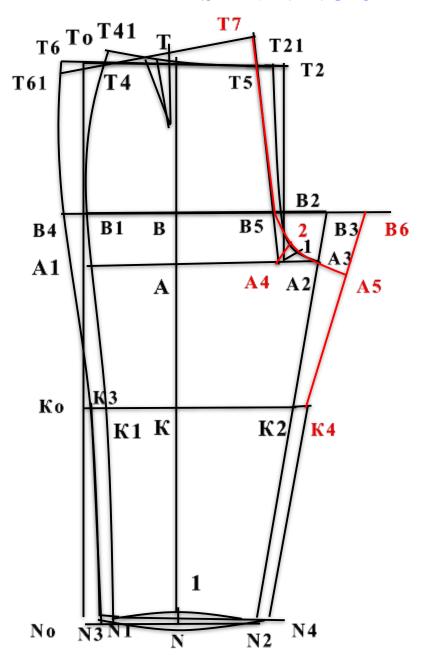


24. K<sub>4</sub> va B<sub>6</sub> nuqtalar tutashtiriladi va ushbu chiziq boʻylab K<sub>4</sub>A<sub>5</sub> kesmasi oʻlchanadi:

$$K_4A_5 = K_2A_3 - 0.5 = 26.4 - 0.5 = 25.9 \text{ sm}$$

$$25. A_4 2 = 2,5$$

A<sub>5</sub>, 2 va B<sub>5</sub> nuqtalari egri chiziq bilan tutashtiriladi, keyin T<sub>7</sub> nuqtagacha toʻgʻri chiziq oʻtkaziladi.

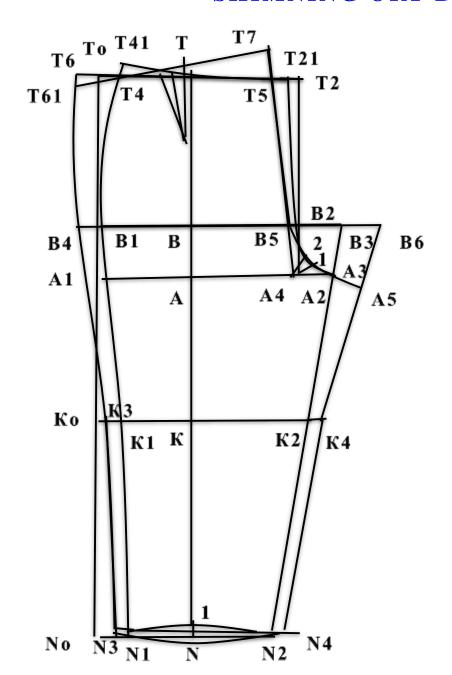


24. K<sub>4</sub> va B<sub>6</sub> nuqtalar tutashtiriladi va ushbu chiziq boʻylab K<sub>4</sub>A<sub>5</sub> kesmasi oʻlchanadi:

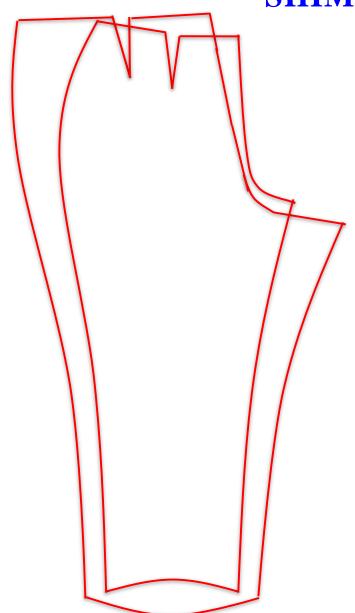
$$K_4A_5 = K_2A_3 - 0.5 = 26.4 - 0.5 = 25.9 \text{ sm}$$

$$25. A_4 2 = 2,5$$

A<sub>5</sub>, 2 va B<sub>5</sub> nuqtalari egri chiziq bilan tutashtiriladi, keyin T<sub>7</sub> nuqtagacha toʻgʻri chiziq oʻtkaziladi.



# **SHIM ASOSINING CHIZMASI**





# Nazorat uchun savollar:

- 1. Shim konstruksiyasi chizmasini chizish qanday bosqichlardan iborat?
- 2. Shim konstruksiyasining chizmasini chizish uchun qanday dastlabki ma'lumotlar kerak?
- 3. Baza to'rining asosiy gorizontal chiziqlari qanday ataladi?
- 4. Old qismining son, oʻtirish balandligi, tizza va pastki chiziqlari boʻyicha kengligi qanday hisoblanadi?
- 5. Old qismning oʻrta chizigʻi va bel chizigʻi qanday hisoblanadi?
- 6. Old qismning oʻrta chizigʻi, bel chizigʻi, yon va qadam chiziqlari qanday shakllantiriladi?
- 7. Orqa qismining son, oʻtirish balandligi, tizza va pastki chiziqlari boʻyicha kengligi qanday hisoblanadi?
- 8. Orqa qismning oʻrta chizigʻi, bel chizigʻi, yon va qadam chiziqlari qanday shakllantiriladi?



# E'tiboringiz uchun raxmat!

