## 作業五手寫

1. Prove that Heun's method has order 2 with respect to h. [Hint: notice that  $h\tau_{n+1} = y_{n+1} - y_n - h\Phi(t_n, y_n; h) = E_1 + E_2$ , where

$$E_1 = \int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} f(s, y(s)) ds - \frac{h}{2} [f(t_n, y_n) + f(t_{n+1}, y_{n+1})]$$

and

$$E_2 = \frac{h}{2} \left\{ \left[ f(t_{n+1}, y_{n+1}) - f(t_{n+1}, y_n + h f(t_n, y_n)) \right] \right\},\,$$

where  $E_1$  is the error due to numerical integration with the trapezoidal method and  $E_2$  can be bounded by the error due to using the forward Euler method.]

Note: Heun's method 
$$u_{n+1} = u_n + \frac{h}{2} \left[ f_n + f(t_{n+1}, u_n + h f_n) \right].$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{ Consider h} \text{ In+1} = y_{n+1} - y_n - h \, \overline{\pm} (t_n, y_n \, \overline{\phantom{a}} \, h) = E_1 + E_2$$

$$= \int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} \, f(s, y_1(s)) \, ds - \frac{h}{2} \left[ f(t_n, y_n) + f(t_{n+1}, y_{n+1}) \right]$$

$$+ \frac{h}{2} \left\{ \left[ f(t_{n+1}, y_{n+1}) - f(t_{n+1}, y_n + h f(t_n, y_n)) \right] \right\}$$

$$0 \quad E_{1} = -\frac{h^{3}}{12} f_{tt} (3, y(3)) = 0 (h^{3})$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad |E_{1}| \leq C_{1} h^{3}$$

② Assume 
$$f$$
 for  $y$  have Lipschitz  $L$ ,

then  $|E_2| \le \frac{h}{2} L | y_{h+1} - (y_h + h f(t_h, y_h))|$ 

$$\Rightarrow |E_2| = O(h) \times O(h^2)$$
Since  $E_1 = O(h^3)$  and  $E_2 = O(h^3)$ 
then  $z_{h+1} = E_1 + E_2 = O(h^3)$ 

$$\Rightarrow \bigcirc (h^{p+1}) \rightarrow \rho = 2$$

2. Prove that the Crank-Nicoloson method has order 2 with respect to h. [Solution: using (9.12) we get, for a suitable  $\xi_n$  in  $(t_n, t_{n+1})$ 

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} \left[ f(t_n, y_n) + f(t_{n+1}, y_{n+1}) \right] - \frac{h^3}{12} f''(\xi_n, y(\xi_n))$$

or, equivalently,

$$\frac{y_{n+1} - y_n}{h} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ f(t_n, y_n) + f(t_{n+1}, y_{n+1}) \right] - \frac{h^2}{12} f''(\xi_n, y(\xi_n)). \tag{11.90}$$

Therefore, relation (11.9) coincides with (11.90) up to an infinitesimal of order 2 with respect to h, provided that  $f \in C^2(I)$ .

Note: 
$$E_1(f) = -\frac{h^3}{12} f''(3)$$
,  $h = b - a$  (9.12)  
 $u_{n+1} = u_n + \frac{h}{2} [f_n + f_{n+1}]$  (11.5)

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} \left[ f(t_n, y(t_n)) + f(t_{n+1}, y(t_{n+1})) \right] + E_1$$

$$\Rightarrow y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} \left[ f(t_n, y(t_n)) + f(t_{n+1}, y(t_{n+1})) \right] - \frac{h^3}{12} f''(f_n, y(f_n))$$
(5) \$\beta \frac{h}{2}\$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y_{n+1} - y_n}{h} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ f(t_n, y(t_n)) + f(t_{n+1}, y(t_{n+1})) \right] - \frac{h^2}{12} f''(S_n, y(S_n))$$