

Lecture 4: Prefix sum

⑥ Given an array of N elements, find sum of all elements from index "s" to "e"

Brute Force

```
sum = 0
for i in range(s, e+1):
    sum += A[i]
return sum
```

TC: $O(N)$
SC: $O(1)$

But if there are multiple pairs of (s, e)

TC: $O(N^2)$ SC: $O(1)$

Prefix sum: sum of all elements starting from s to e

$ps = [0] * N$

$ps[0] = A[0]$

for i in range(1, n):

$ps[i] = ps[i-1] + A[i]$

sum from index 4 to 8

$ps[8] - ps[3]$

sum from index 0 to 6

$ps[6]$

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Find the equilibrium index of an array

→ sum on left == sum on right

```
for i in range(1, n):  
    if ps[i-1] == ps[n-1] - ps[i]:  
        return True  
return False
```

⑧ find the count of special indices in an array if that element is removed,

sum of even-indexes = sum of odd-indexes

$N = \text{len}(A)$

even-PS = [0 for i in range(N)]

odd-PS = [0 for i in range(N)]

even-PS[0] = A[0]

odd-PS[0] = 0

for i in range(1, N):

if i % 2 == 0:

even-PS[i] = even-PS[i-1] + A[i]

odd-PS[i] = odd-PS[i-1]

else

odd-PS[i] = odd-PS[i-1] + A[i]

even-PS[i] = even-PS[i-1]

count = 0

for i in range(N):

if i == 0:

even-sum = odd-PS[N-1]

odd-sum = even-PS[N-1] - even-PS[0]

else:

even-sum = even-PS[i-1] + odd-PS[N-1] - odd-PS[i]

odd-sum = odd-PS[i-1] + even-PS[N-1] - even-PS[i]

if even-sum == odd-sum:

count += 1

return count

⑨ Pick from both sides!

Given an array of A of N elements, select B elements; some from left / right to get all

maximum sum

"get prefix sum array"

if $B == N$
return $ps[N-1]$

$max_sum_possible = ps[N-1] - ps[N-B-1]$

for i in $range(B)$:
 $prospect = ps[i] + ps[N-1] - ps[N-B+i]$

if $prospect > max_sum_possible$:

$max_sum_possible = prospect$

return $max_sum_possible$