Data with Http



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Overview



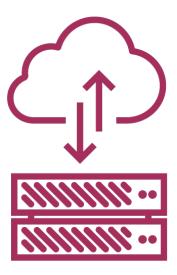
Http

Observables and Subscriptions

Async Pipe

Promises





Http



Http

We use Http to get and save data with Promises or Observables. We isolate the http calls in a shared Service.



Http Then and Now

Angular 1

```
this.getVehicles = function() {
  return $http.get('api/vehicles')
    .then(function(response) {
     return response.data.data;
  })
    .catch(handleError);
}
```

Angular 2

```
getVehicles() {
  return this._http.get('api/vehicles')
    .map((response: Response) =>
        <Vehicle[]>response.json().data
    )
    .catch(this.handleError);
}
```



Index.html

<script src="../node_modules/angular2/bundles/http.dev.js"></script>

Http script

Http is in a separate module

Add the reference to http.dev.js



```
import { Component } from 'angular2/core';
                                                               Providers
import { HTTP_PROVIDERS } from 'angular2/http';
import { Vehicle, VehicleService } from './vehicle.service';
import { VehicleListComponent } from ' /vehicle-list.component';
@Component({
                                                        Located in module angular2/http
  selector: 'my-app',
 template: '<my-vehicle-list></my-vehicle-list>',
  directives: [VehicleListComponent],
  providers: [
   HTTP_PROVIDERS,
                                                        Declaring the providers
   VehicleService
export class AppComponent {}
```

Http Requirements

HTTP_PROVIDERS is an array of service providers for Http



vehicle.service.ts

```
@Injectable()
                                                 Make and return the async
export class VehicleService {
                                                 GET call
  constructor(private _http: Http) { }
  getVehicles()
    return this._http.get('api/vehicles.json')
      .map((response: Response) => <Vehicle[]>response.json().data)
      .catch(this.handleError);
                                                 Map the response
 private handleError(error: Response)
                                                 Handle any exception
    console.error(error);
    return Observable.throw(error.json().error || 'Server error');
```

vehicle-list.component.ts

```
constructor(private _vehicleService: VehicleService) {
  ngOnInit() { this.getHeroes(); }
  getHeroes() {
    this._vehicleService.getVehicles()
        .subscribe(
        vehicles => this.vehicles = vehicles,
        error => this.errorMessage = <any>error
    );
}
Subscribe to the
observable

Success and failure cases
```

Subscribing to the Observable

Component is handed an Observable

We Subscribe to it



Http Step by Step

Add script reference to http in index.html

Register the Http providers

Call Http.get in a Service and return the mapped result

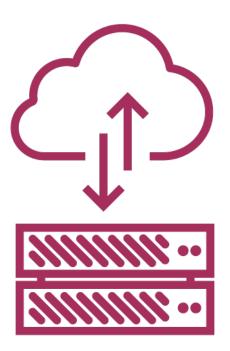
Subscribe to the Service's function in the Component



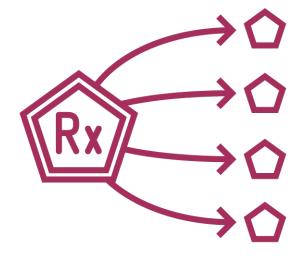
Http

Demo









RxJs



http://reactivex.io/

RxJs

RxJs (Reactive Js) implements the asynchronous observable pattern and is widely used in Angular 2



```
main.ts
```

```
import 'rxjs/Rx';
```

Import all of RxJs ... for now

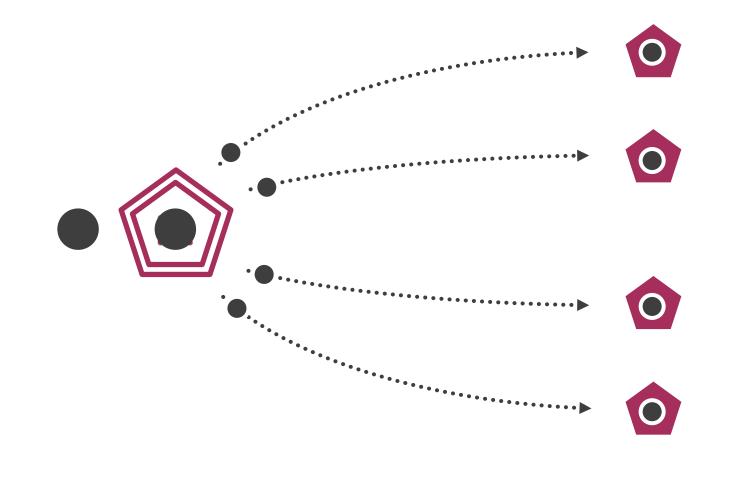
Importing RxJs

RxJs is a large library

For learning, import it all

For production, only import the modules you require







vehicle.service.ts

json() is defined by the http spec

data is what we defined on the server

Returning from Http

We do not return the response

Service does the dirty work

The consumers simply get the data



Catching Errors

```
getVehicles() {
  return this._http.get('api/vehicles')
    .map((response: Response) => <Vehicle[]>response.json().data)
    .catch(this.handleError);
}

Catch

private handleError(error: Response) {
  console.error(error);
  return Observable.throw(error.json().error || 'Server error');
}
```

Exception Handling

We catch errors in the Service

We sometimes pass error messages to the consumer for presentation



vehicle-list.component.ts

```
getHeroes() {
  this._vehicleService.getVehicles()
    .subscribe(
    vehicles => this.vehicles = vehicles,
    error => this.errorMessage = <any>error
);
}
Subscribe to the
observable

Success and failure cases
```

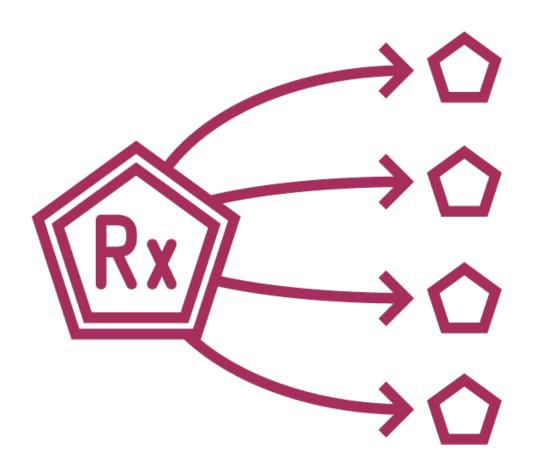
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Component is handed an Observable

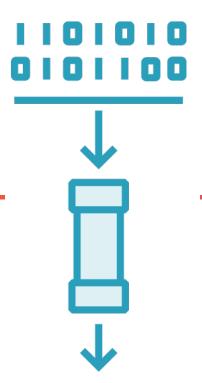
We Subscribe to it



RxJs







Async Pipe



Async Pipe

The Async Pipe receives a Promise or Observable as input and subscribes to the input, eventually emitting the value(s) as changes arrive.



vehicle-list.component.ts

Observable Properties

Component is simplified

Grab the Observable and set it to the property



vehicle-list.component.html

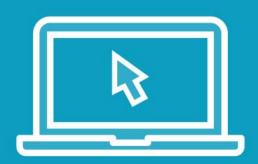
Async Pipe in the Template

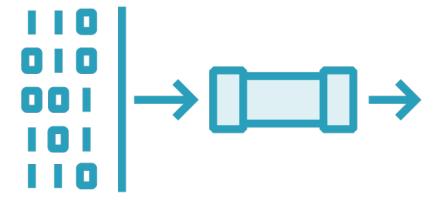
Apply the async Pipe



Async

Demo





Promises

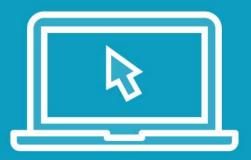
Demo



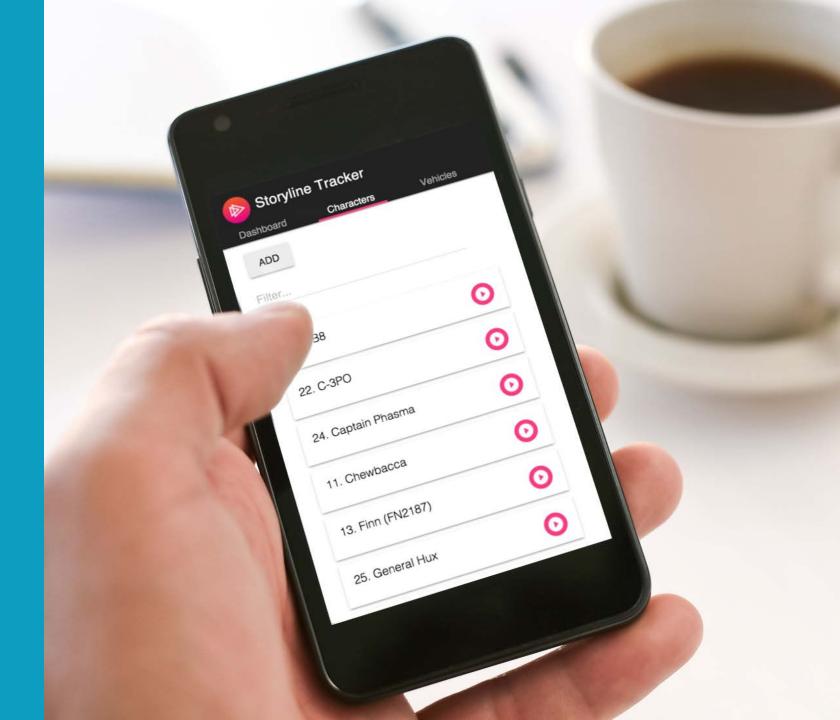




Demo



Putting It All Together



Http



Http

Observables and Subscriptions

Async Pipe

Promises

