



REACT CORE CONCEPTS

PART1

NOVEMBER 15, 2016

AGENDA

1. Intro to React library
2. React “Hello world”
3. What is React Element
4. JSX syntax
5. Intro to Components (props and state)

Prerequisites

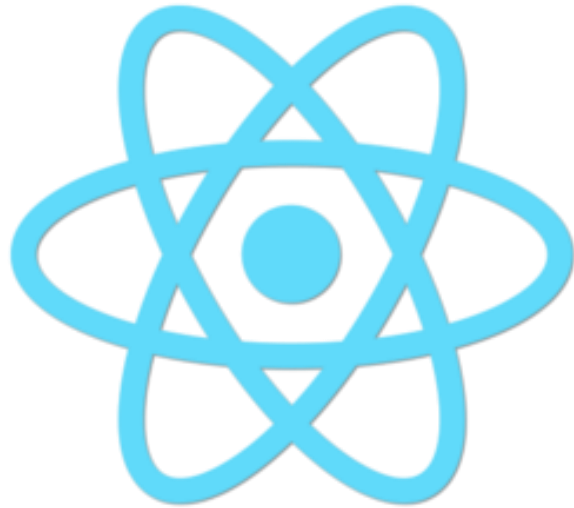


Certainly refresh ES5

- `Function.prototype.bind()`
- `Array.prototype.map()/filter()/forEach()`

Intro to React

What is React?



A JAVASCRIPT LIBRARY FOR BUILDING USER INTERFACES

THE “V” IN MVC

Notification Widget

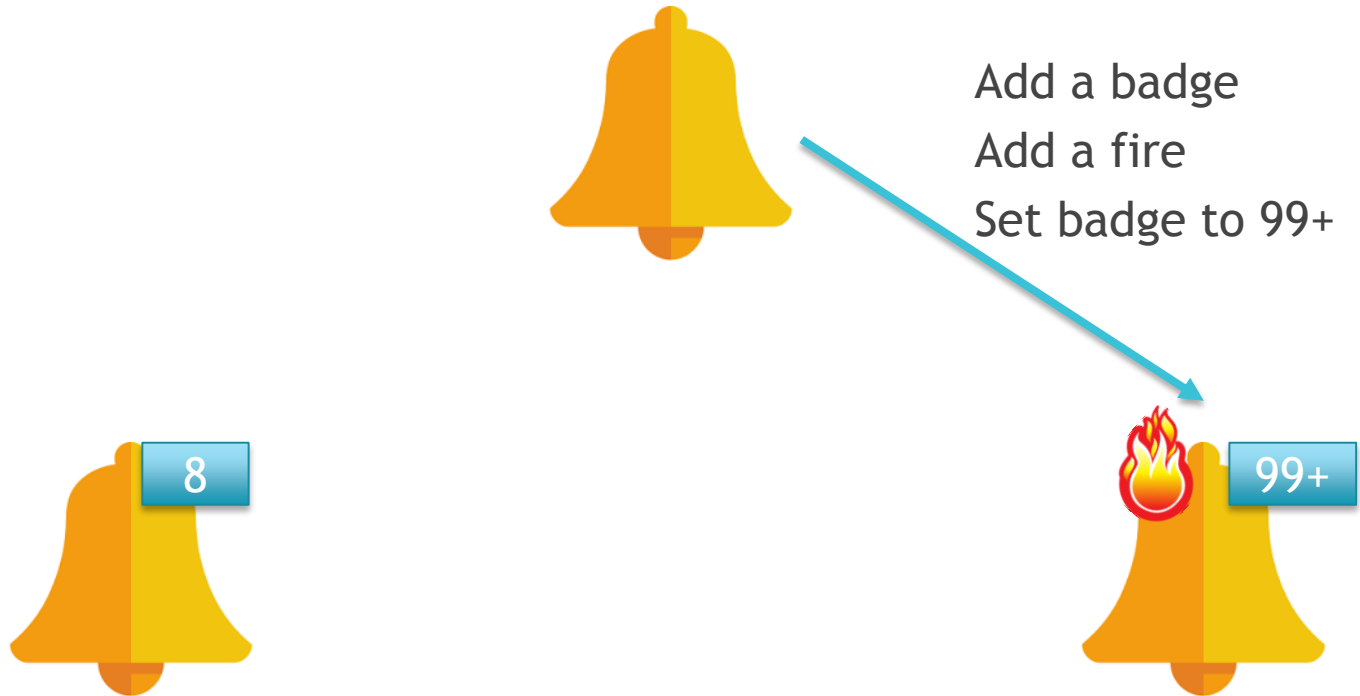


Notification Widget

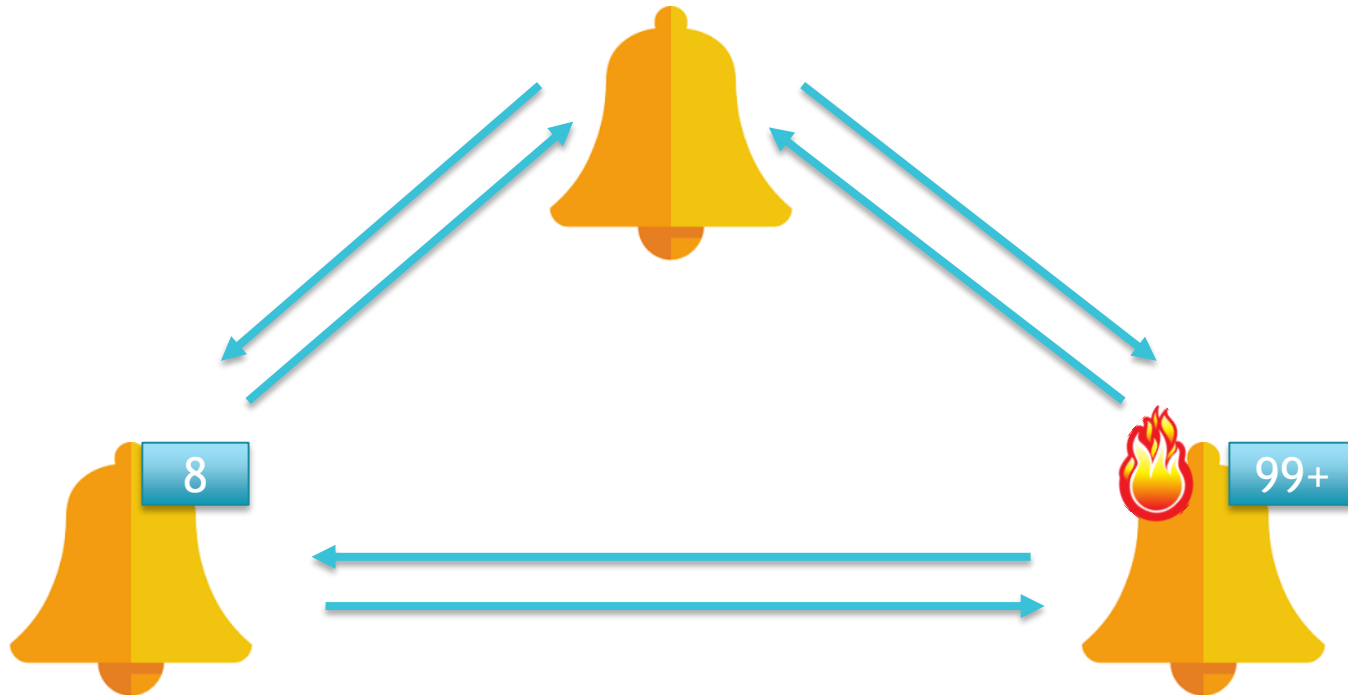
Add a badge
Set badge to 8



Notification Widget

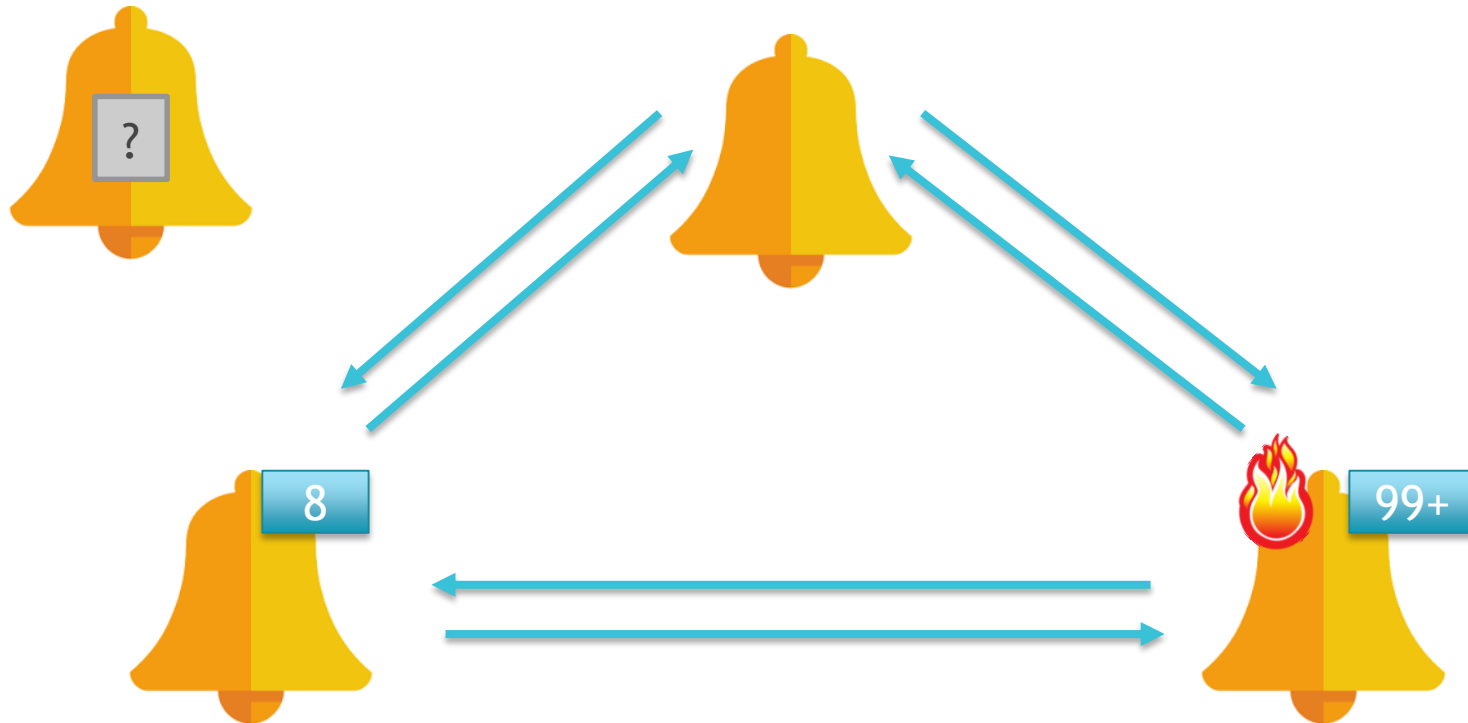


Notification Widget



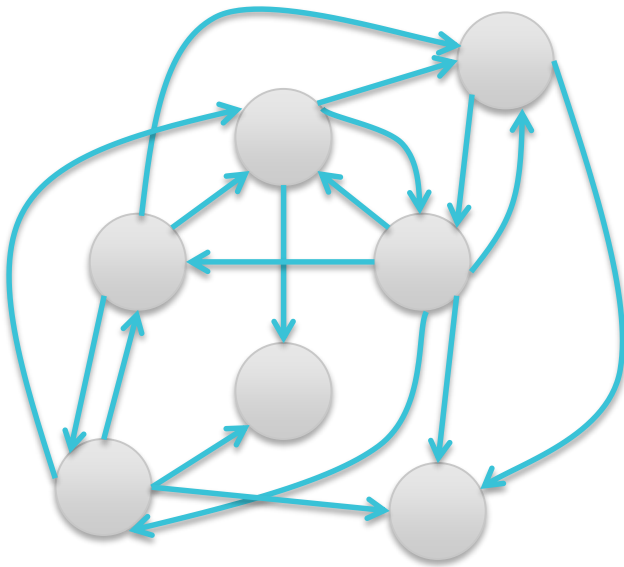
Notification Widget

New state



State transition complexity

$$O(N*(N-1)) \rightarrow O(N^2 - N)$$



States	State transitions
3	6
5	20
10	90
100	9900
500	249500

State transition complexity

$$O(N*(N-1)) \rightarrow O(N^2-N)$$

Mutation is hard

State transition complexity

$$O(N*(N-1)) \rightarrow O(N^2-N)$$

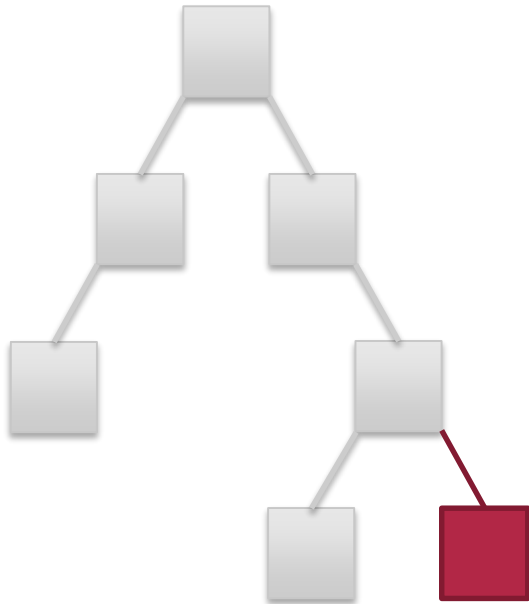
Mutation is hard

Let's not do mutation!

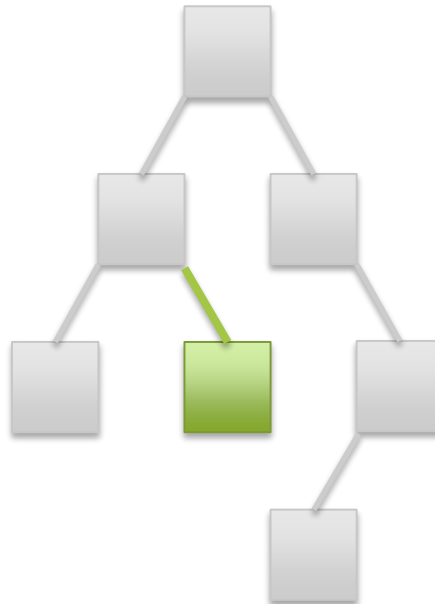
Rebuild the whole DOM, for every change

Sounds expensive

Virtual DOM



Virtual DOM t=1



Virtual DOM t=2



Mutations in real DOM

Benefits

- 1 Quite simple
- 2 Highly scalable
- 3 Good performance



Companies that use React

★ Star

53,570



NETFLIX



YAHOO!

and others...

<https://github.com/facebook/react/wiki/Sites-Using-React>

React “Hello world”

React Installation

```
npm install --save react react-dom
```

```
import React from "react";  
import ReactDOM from "react-dom"
```

I don't want to use npm:

```
<script src= "https://unpkg.com/react@15/dist/react.js"></script>  
<script src= "https://unpkg.com/react-dom@15/dist/react-dom.js"></script>
```

React Native Renderer

```
npm install --save react-native-renderer
```

Hello world

```
import React from "react";
import ReactDOM from "react-dom";

var element1 = React.createElement(
  "h1",
  {id:"id_001", className:"main_title"},
  "Hello World!"
);

ReactDOM.render(element1, document.getElementById("container"));
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
...<html> == $0
  <head>...</head>
  <body>
    <div id="root">
      <div id="container">
        <h1 data-reactroot id="id_001" class="my_title">Hello World!</h1>
      </div>
    </div>
```

Render into DOM

```
Import React from "react"
Import ReactDOM from "react-dom"

var element1 = React.createElement(
  "h1",
  {id:"id_001", className:"main_title"},
  "Hello World!"
);

ReactDOM.render(element1, document.getElementById("container"));
```

```
/*
 * @param {ReactElement} nextElement element to render.
 * @param {DOMElement} container DOM element to render into.
 * @param {function} callback function triggered on completion.
 */
```

```
ReactDOM.render(nextElement, container, [callback]);
```

React Element

React Element

```
Import React from "react"
Import ReactDOM from "react-dom"

var element1 = React.createElement(
  "h1",
  {id:"id_001", className:"main_title"},
  "Hello World!"
);

ReactDOM.render(element1, document.getElementById("container"));
```

```
/*
 * @param {string || function || class} type element type.
 * @param {Object || null} config element properties.
 * @param {string || Array} children element children.
 */

React.createElement(type, config, children);
```

Structure of React Element

```
var ReactElement = function(...) {  
  // ...  
  var element = {  
    // ...  
    type: type, // "h1"  
    props: {}, // {id:"id_001", className:"main_title", children:"Hello World!"}  
    key: key,  
    ref: ref,  
    // ...  
  };  
  // ...  
  // ReactElement is immutable!  
  Object.freeze(element.props);  
  Object.freeze(element);  
  
  return element;  
};
```


Example with children

```
var elem1 = React.createElement(  
  "h1",  
  {id:"id_001", className:"my_title"},  
  "Hello World!"  
);  
  
var elem2 = React.createElement(  
  "div",  
  {id:"id_002", className:"my_desc"},  
  "Some description..."  
);  
  
var root = React.createElement("div",null,elem1,elem2);  
  
ReactDOM.render(root, document.getElementById("container"));
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
...<html> == $0  
  ▶ <head>...</head>  
  ▼ <body>  
    ▼ <div id="root">  
      ▼ <div id="container">  
        ▼ <div data-reactroot=>  
          <h1 id="id_001" class="my_title">Hello World!</h1>  
          <div id="id_002" class="my_desc">Some description...</div>  
        </div>  
      </div>  
    </div>  
  </div>
```

Structure of React tree (the simplest VDOM)

```
var root={
  type: type,
  key: key,
  ref: ref,
  props:{
    children:[
      elem1 = {...},
      elem2 = {
        type: type,
        key: key,
        ref: ref,
        props:{
          //..
          children:[...]
          //..
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

Updating the Rendered Element

```
function tick(){  
  
  const root = React.createElement(  
    "div",  
    null,  
    React.createElement("h1",null,"Hello, World!"),  
    React.createElement("h2",null, ("It is " + new Date()))  
  );  
  
  ReactDOM.render(root, document.getElementById("root"));  
}  
  
setInterval(tick,1000);
```

Hello, world!

It is 12:26:46 PM.

Console	Sources	Network	Timeline
▼ <div id="root"> ▼ <div data-reactroot> <h1>Hello, world!</h1> ▼ <h2> <!-- react-text: 4 --> "It is " <!-- /react-text --> <!-- react-text: 5 --> "12:26:46 PM" <!-- /react-text --> <!-- react-text: 6 --> "." <!-- /react-text --> </h2> </div> </div>			

HTML vs React.createElement()

ReactElement tree

```
React.createElement("div", null,  
  React.createElement("h1", null, "Title"),  
  React.createElement("div", {className: "child1"},  
    React.createElement("div", {className: "child1_1"},  
      "Sometext"),  
    React.createElement("div", {  
      className: "child1_2"}, "Sometext")),  
  React.createElement("div", {className: "child2"},  
    React.createElement("ul", null,  
      React.createElement("li", null, "1"),  
      React.createElement("li", null, "2"),  
      React.createElement("li", null, "3"))));
```

HTML

```
<div>  
  <h1>Title</h1>  
  <div class = "child1">  
    <div class = "child1_1">Some text</div>  
    <div class = "child1_2">Some text</div>  
  </div>  
  <div class = "child2">  
    <ul>  
      <li>1</li>  
      <li>2</li>  
      <li>3</li>  
    </ul>  
  </div>  
</div>
```

JSX syntax

Why do we need JSX?

JSX

```
var elem = <div>
  <h1>Title</h1>
  <div className = "child1">
    <div className = "child1_1">Some text</div>
    <div className = "child1_2">Some text</div>
  </div>
  <div className = "child2">
    <ul>
      <li>1</li>
      <li>2</li>
      <li>3</li>
    </ul>
  </div>
</div>
```

HTML

```
<div>
  <h1>Title</h1>
  <div class = "child1">
    <div class = "child1_1">Some text</div>
    <div class = "child1_2">Some text</div>
  </div>
  <div class = "child2">
    <ul>
      <li>1</li>
      <li>2</li>
      <li>3</li>
    </ul>
  </div>
</div>
```

JSX → JS



React preset

```
$ npm install -save -dev babel-preset-react
{
  "presets": ["react"]
}
```

Simple way for dev purposes

```
<script src="https://unpkg.com/babel-
core@5.8.38/browser.min.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/babel" src=".jsx"></script>
```

JSX Basics

JSX

```
<div> Hello world! </div>
```



JS

```
'use strict'
```

```
React.createElement(  
  "div",  
  null,  
  "Hello world");
```


JSX Tricks

JSX

```
<div>  
</div>  
<div>  
</div>
```



Console

✖ ▶ Uncaught SyntaxError: <http://localhost:8080/test/tt10.js>: Adjacent JSX elements must be wrapped in an enclosing tag (1:11)
<div></div><div></div>

```
<div></span>
```



✖ ▶ Uncaught SyntaxError: <http://localhost:8080/test/tt10.js>: Expected corresponding JSX closing tag for <div> (1:5)(...)

JSX is an Expression

```
function getGreeting(user){  
  if (user) {  
    return <h1>Hello, Friend</h1>  
  }  
  return <h1>Hello, Stranger</h1>  
}
```

Javascript Expression in JSX

```
function getGreeting(user){  
  if (user) {  
    return <h1>Hello, {formatName(user)}</h1>  
  }  
  return <h1>Hello, Stranger</h1>  
}
```

Javascript Expression in JSX

JSX

```
const planet = "Earth";
```

```
<div>  
  Hello {planet}!  
</div>
```



JS

```
const planet = "Earth";  
React.createElement(  
  "div",  
  null,  
  "Hello",  
  planet,  
  "!");
```

Javascript Statement in JSX

JSX

```
<div>  
  {if (true) return "Hello"}  
</div>
```



Console

```
✖ ▶ Uncaught SyntaxError: Unexpected  
token (2:2)  
<div>  
  {if (true) return "Hello"}  
</div>
```

Javascript Conditional Operator in JSX

JSX

```
<div>  
  {true? "Hello" :null}  
</div>
```



JS

```
React.createElement(  
  "div",  
  null,  
  true ? "Hello" : null  
);
```

String literals and default value

JSX

```
<div className={"my_best_class"}></div>  
<div className= "my_best_class" ></div>
```

```
<div className></div>
```



JS

```
React.createElement(  
  "div",  
  { className: "myClass" });
```

```
React.createElement(  
  "div",  
  { className: true });
```

Booleans, Null, and Undefined Are Ignored

```
<div />
```

```
<div></div>
```

```
<div>{false}</div>
```

```
<div>{null}</div>
```

```
<div>{true}</div>
```

```
<div>  
  {showHeader && <div>Header</div> }  
  <div>Content</div>  
</div>
```


Rendering a list of JSX expressions

```
var data = ["item1", "item2", "item3", "item4", "item5"];

var list =
  <ul>
    {data.map((elem) => <li>{elem}</li>)}
  </ul>

ReactDOM.render(list, document.getElementById("container"));
```

```
...<!DOCTYPE html> == $0
<html>
  <head>...</head>
  <body>
    <div id="root">
      <div id="container">
        <ul data-reactroot="">
          <li>item1</li>
          <li>item2</li>
          <li>item3</li>
          <li>item4</li>
          <li>item5</li>
        </ul>
      </div>
    </div>
  </body>
</html>
```



Console

✖ Warning: Each child in an array or iterator should have a unique "key" prop. Check the top-level render call using . See <https://fb.me/react-warning-keys> for more information.
in li

JSX tricks (common mistake)

JSX

```
<div>
  {
    comments.forEach((comment)=>{
      return
      <div>
        {comment}
      </div>
    })
  }
</div>
```



JS

```
React.createElement(
  "div",
  null,
  Comments.forEach(
    function(comment){
      return;
      React.createElement(
        "div",
        null,
        comment
      );
    }
  )
);
```

JSX tips

JSX

```
<div>
  {
    comments.forEach((comment)=>{
      return (
        <div>
          {comment}
        </div>
      );
    })
  }
</div>
```



JS

```
React.createElement(
  "div",
  null,
  Comments.forEach(
    function(comment){
      return React.createElement(
        "div",
        null,
        comment
      );
    }
  )
);
```

JSX and styles

JSX

```
var divStyle = {  
  color: "white",  
  background : "red",  
  WebkitTransition: "all",  
  msTransition: "all"  
};  
  
ReactDOM.render(  
  <div style={divStyle}>Hello world!</div>,  
  document.getElementById("container"));
```



HTML

```
<div id="container">  
  <div style = "transition: all;  
    color: white;  
    background-color: red;">  
    Hello world!  
  </div>  
</div>
```

All Supported HTML Attributes

accept acceptCharset accessKey action allowFullScreen allowTransparency alt async
autoComplete autoFocus autoPlay capture cellPadding cellSpacing challenge charSet
checked cite classID **className** colSpan cols content contentEditable contextMenu
controls coords crossOrigin data dateTime default defer dir disabled download draggable
encType form formAction formEncType formMethod formNoValidate formTarget
frameBorder headers height hidden high href hrefLang **htmlFor** httpEquiv icon id
inputMode integrity is keyParams keyType kind label lang list loop low manifest
marginHeight marginWidth max maxLength media mediaGroup method min minLength
multiple muted name noValidate nonce open optimum pattern placeholder poster preload
profile radioGroup readOnly rel required reversed role rowSpan rows sandbox scope
scoped scrolling seamless selected shape size sizes span spellCheck src srcDoc srcLang
srcSet start step style summary tabIndex target title type useMap value width wmode
wrap

Handling events

JSX

```
<button onClick = {activeLasers}>  
  Active Lasers  
</button>
```



HTML

```
<button onclick = "activeLasers()">  
  Active Lasers  
</button>
```

Components

Simple functional component

```
function Welcome(props) {  
  return <h1>Hello, {props.name}</h1>;  
}  
  
const element = <Welcome name="Andrey"/>;  
  
ReactDOM.render(element, document.getElementById("container"));
```


Simple functional component

```
function Welcome(props) {  
  return <h1>Hello, {props.name}</h1>;  
}  
  
const element = <Welcome name = "Andrey"/>;  
  
ReactDOM.render(element, document.getElementById("container"));
```

Simple functional component

```
function Welcome(props) {  
  return <h1>Hello, {props.name}</h1>;  
}  
  
const element = <Welcome name="Andrey"/>;  
  
ReactDOM.render(element, document.getElementById("container"));
```

Rendering a Component

1. We call `ReactDOM.render()` with `<Welcome name="Andrey">` element;
2. React calls the `Welcome` component with `{name:'Andrey'}` as the props;
3. Our `Welcome` component returns a `<h1>Hello, Andrey</h1>` element as the result.
4. React DOM efficiently updates the DOM to match `<h1>Hello, Andrey</h1>`

Composing Components

```
function Welcome(props) {  
  return <h1> Hello, {props.name} </h1>;  
}
```

```
function App(){  
  return(  
    <div>  
      <Welcome name ="Andrey" />  
      <Welcome name ="Ivan" />  
      <Welcome name ="Olga" />  
    </div>  
  );  
}
```

```
ReactDOM.render(<App/>,  
document.getElementById("container"));
```

DOM

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
  <head>...</head>  
  <body>  
    <div id="root">  
      <div id="container">  
        <div data-reactroot>  
          <h1>...</h1>  
          <h1>...</h1>  
          <h1>...</h1>  
        </div>  
      </div>  
    </div>
```

Composing Components

```
var data = ["Andrey", "Ivan", "Olga"];

function Welcome(props) {
  return <h1> Hello, {props.name} </h1>;
}

function App(){
  return(
    <div>
      {data.map(elem=><Welcome name={elem}/>)}
    </div>
  );
}

ReactDOM.render(<App/>, document.getElementById("container"));
```

Class Component

```
class App extends React.Component {  
  constructor(props){  
    super(props);  
    this.state = {data: ["Andrey", "Ivan", "Olga"]}  
  }  
  render(){  
    return (  
      <div>  
        {this.state.data.map(elem=><Welcome name={elem}/>)}  
      </div>  
    );  
  }  
}  
ReactDOM.render(<App/>, document.getElementById("container"));
```

How to update Class Component

```
class App extends React.Component {
  constructor(props){
    super(props);
    this.state = {data: ["Andrey", "Ivan", "Olga"]}
  }
  handleClick(){
    const names = this.state.data;
    names.push('New Name');
    this.setState({data: names});
  }
  render(){
    return (
      <div>
        {this.state.data.map(elem=><Welcome name={elem}/>)}
        <button onClick={this.handleClick.bind(this)}>Add Name</button>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
ReactDOM.render(<App/>, document.getElementById("container"));
```

Updating of React App



ES6 and ES5 in Components

ES5

```
var Welcome = React.createClass({
  getInitialState: function() {
    return {date: new Date()};
  },

  handleClick: function(){
    this.setState ({date: new Date()});
  },

  render: function(){
    return (
      <div>
        <h1>Hello, {this.props.name}</h1>
        <h2>It is {this.state.date}</h2>
        <button
onClick={this.handleClick}>Refresh</button>
      </div>
    );
  }
});
```

ES6

```
class Welcome extends React.Component {
  constructor(props){
    super(props);
    this.state = {date: new Date()}
  }
  handleClick(){
    this.setState({date:new Date()});
  }
  render(){
    return (
      <div>
        <h1>Hello, {this.props.name}</h1>;
        <h2>It is {this.state.date}</h2>
        <button
onClick={this.handleClick.bind(this)}>Refresh</button>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
// or you can use arrow function
//... onClick={()=>this.handleClick()} ...
```

THANK YOU!

QUESTIONS?