CSE 203N

2021132040

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Problem-1

C program to check whether an integer is an Armstrong number.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int armstrong(int num, int power);
int size(int num); //to get the length of the integer
int main(){
   int num, sum, power;
   scanf("%d",&num);
   power = size(num);
   sum = armstrong(num, power);
   if(sum == num){
       printf("%d is an Armstrong number.\n", num);
   } else {
       printf("%d is not an Armstrong number.\n", num);
   }
   return 0;
}
int armstrong(int num, int power){
   int sum=0, remainder,i;
   while(1){
       int temp = 1;
       remainder = num % 10;
       for(i=0; i<power; i++){</pre>
           temp = temp*remainder;
       }
       sum += temp;
       num = num / 10;
       if (num == 0){
           break;
   }
   return sum;
}
int size(int num){
   int count = 0;
   while(1){
       num = num/10;
       count++;
       if (num == 0){
           break;
   }
   return count;
```

Problem-2

C program to reverse an integer number.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
   int a, reverse = 0, remainder;
   printf("Enter a number: ");
   scanf("%d", &a);
   do{
      remainder = a%10;
      reverse = reverse * 10 + remainder;
      a = a/10;
   } while (a != 0);
   printf("reverse = %d\n", reverse);
   return 0;
}
```

Problem-3

C program for printing the larger among the sums and odd numbers in an array.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
   int n, i, even_sum = 0, odd_sum = 0;
   printf("Enter the length of the array: ");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   int arr[n];
   printf("Enter values: ");
   for(i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
       scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
       if(arr[i]%2 == 0){
           even_sum += arr[i];
       } else {
           odd_sum += arr[i];
   }
   if(even_sum > odd_sum){
       printf("Sum of even numbers is greater. Which is %d\n", even_sum);
   } else if(even_sum == odd_sum) {
       printf("Sum of even numbers is equal to the sum of odd numbers. Which is %d\n", even_sum);
       printf("Sum of odd numbers is greater. Which is %d\n", odd_sum);
   }
   return 0;
}
```

Problem-4

C program for counting the duplicate integer in an array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
   int n, i, j, count = 0;
   printf("Enter length of the array: ");
   scanf("%d", &n);
   int arr[n];
   printf("Enter array elements:\n");
   for(i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
       scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
   for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
       for(j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
          if(arr[i] == arr[j]) {
              count++;
              break; // avoiding counting the same duplicate again
       }
   printf("Total number of duplicate elements: %d\n", count);
   return 0;
```