ST565: Time Series HW5

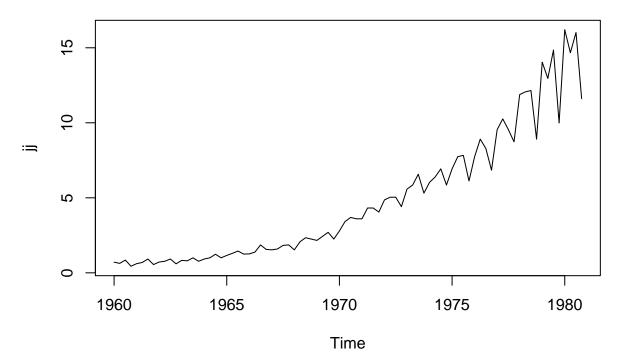
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Required reading 5.4~&~5.5 in Chatfield

Question 1

Fit a seasonal ARIMA model to the Johnson and Johnson quarterly returns data in the package astsa and forecast the next 12 quarters (including prediction intervals).

```
# install.packages("astsa")
library(astsa)
data(jj)
ts.plot(jj)
```

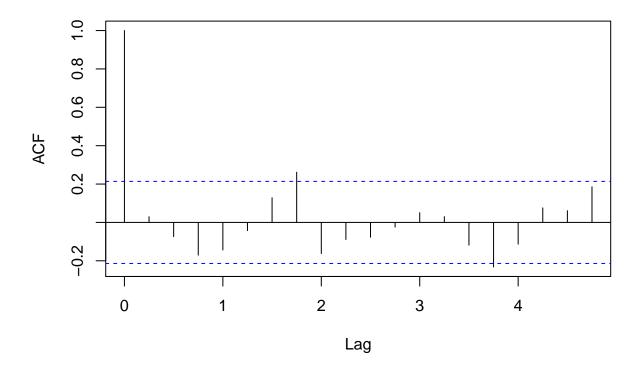


```
get.best.arima <- function(x.ts, maxord = c(1,1,1,1,1,1)) {
  best.aic <- 1e8
  n <- length(x.ts)
  for (p in 0:maxord[1]) for(d in 0:maxord[2]) for(q in 0:maxord[3])
    for (P in 0:maxord[4]) for(D in 0:maxord[5]) for(Q in 0:maxord[6])
    {
    fit <- arima(x.ts, order = c(p,d,q), seas = list(order = c(P,D,Q), frequency(x.ts)), method = "CS.
    fit.aic <- -2 * fit$loglik + (log(n) + 1) * length(fit$coef)
    if (fit.aic < best.aic)
    {
        best.aic <- fit.aic</pre>
```

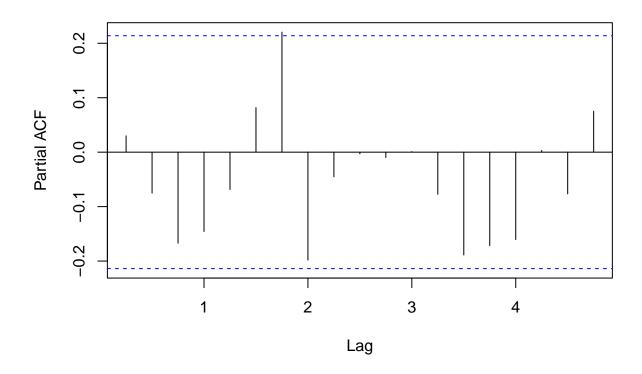
```
best.fit <- fit</pre>
        best.model <- c(p,d,q,P,D,Q)</pre>
 list(best.aic, best.fit, best.model)
# best.arima \leftarrow qet.best.arima(jj, maxord = c(3,3,3,3,3,3))
best.arima \leftarrow get.best.arima(jj, maxord = c(2,2,2,2,2))
## Warning in arima(x.ts, order = c(p, d, q), seas = list(order = c(P, D, q))
## Q), : possible convergence problem: optim gave code = 1
## Warning in arima(x.ts, order = c(p, d, q), seas = list(order = c(P, D, q))
## Q), : possible convergence problem: optim gave code = 1
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```
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## Q), : possible convergence problem: optim gave code = 1
## Warning in arima(x.ts, order = c(p, d, q), seas = list(order = c(P, D,
## Q), : possible convergence problem: optim gave code = 1
best.fit <- best.arima[[2]]</pre>
acf(best.fit$residuals)
```

Series best.fit\$residuals



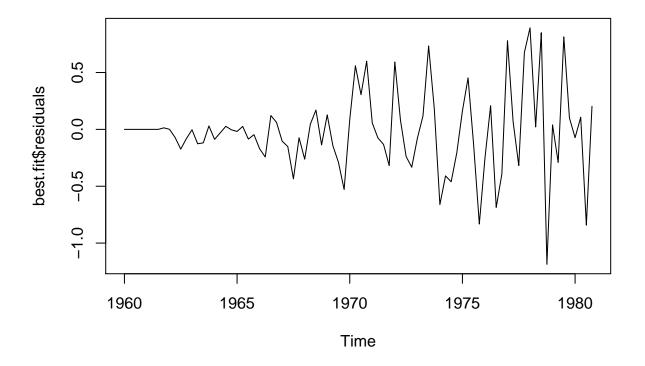
Series best.fit\$residuals



best.arima [[3]]

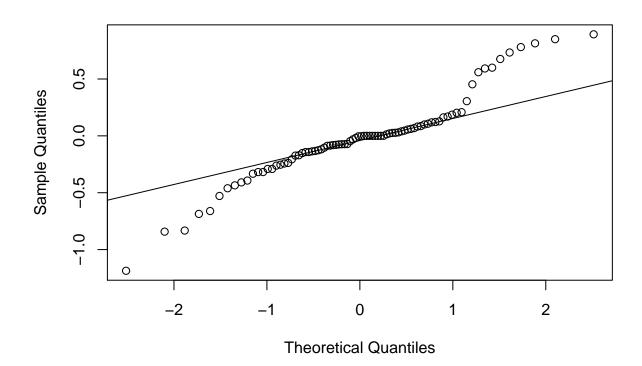
[1] 2 1 1 1 0 0

plot(best.fit\$residuals)



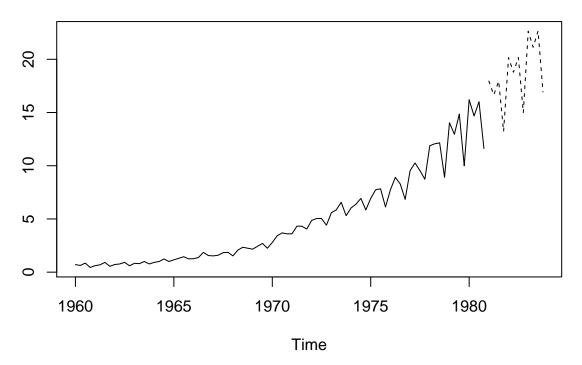
qqnorm(best.fit\$residuals)
qqline(best.fit\$residuals)

Normal Q-Q Plot



```
ts.plot(cbind(window(jj,start = 1960), predict(best.fit, 12)$pred), lty = 1:2)
```

Warning in predict.Arima(best.fit, 12): MA part of model is not invertible



as1 <- sarima(jj, 1,1,2,0,1,0,4)

```
## initial value -0.504277
         2 value -0.550534
## iter
## iter
          3 value -0.824365
## iter
          4 value -0.837005
## iter
          5 value -0.841083
          6 value -0.842730
## iter
## iter
          7 value -0.844963
## iter
          8 value -0.859063
          9 value -0.860614
## iter
## iter
         10 value -0.860949
        11 value -0.861072
## iter
## iter
         12 value -0.861211
         13 value -0.861238
## iter
## iter
        14 value -0.861239
        14 value -0.861239
## iter
## iter 14 value -0.861239
## final value -0.861239
## converged
## initial value -0.861022
          2 value -0.861101
## iter
          3 value -0.861117
## iter
## iter
          4 value -0.861118
          5 value -0.861118
## iter
```

```
## iter 6 value -0.861120

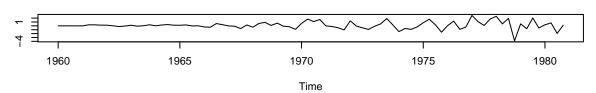
## iter 7 value -0.861120

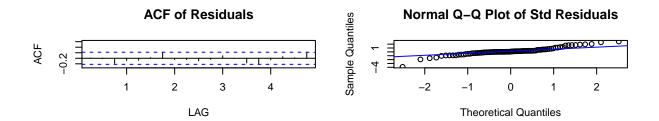
## iter 8 value -0.861120

## final value -0.861120

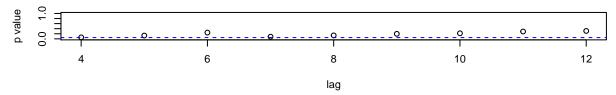
## converged
```

Standardized Residuals





p values for Ljung-Box statistic

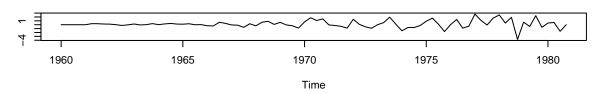


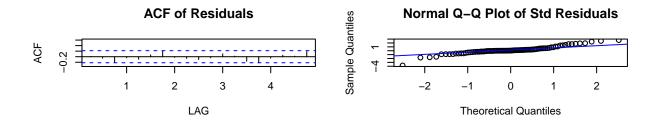
as2 <- sarima(jj, 2,1,1,1,1,0,4)

```
## initial value -0.471310
## iter
          2 value -0.624500
## iter
          3 value -0.783368
## iter
          4 value -0.809675
## iter
          5 value -0.819967
          6 value -0.822661
## iter
          7 value -0.823909
## iter
          8 value -0.824921
## iter
## iter
          9 value -0.825014
         10 value -0.825028
         11 value -0.825028
## iter
         12 value -0.825028
         13 value -0.825028
## iter
## iter
         14 value -0.825028
## iter 14 value -0.825028
## iter 14 value -0.825028
## final value -0.825028
```

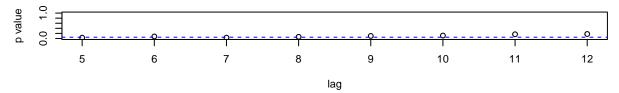
```
## converged
## initial value -0.858168
          2 value -0.858205
## iter
          3 value -0.858240
          4 value -0.858264
## iter
## iter
          5 value -0.858279
## iter
          6 value -0.858282
          7 value -0.858282
## iter
## iter
          8 value -0.858282
## iter
          8 value -0.858282
## iter
          8 value -0.858282
## final value -0.858282
## converged
```

Standardized Residuals

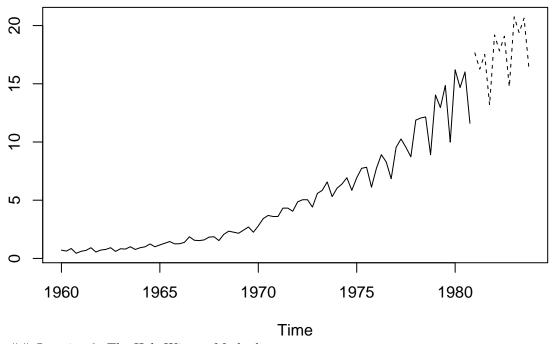




p values for Ljung-Box statistic



ts.plot(cbind(window(jj,start = 1960), predict(as2\$fit, 12)\$pred), lty = 1:2)



Question 2: The Holt Winters Method

- \bullet Read 5.2.3. in Chatfield
- What decisions need to be made to use a Holt Winters forecasting approach? What starting values do you need to specify? What parameters need estimating?
- Investigate the R function HoltWinters. How do you specify the decisions from above? How does the function choose starting values and estimate parameters?
- Use the function to produce forecasts (along with prediction intervals) for Johnson and Johnson returns in question 1.