



Name : Azaria Cindy Sahasika  
 Number Id : 2341760169 / 07  
 Class : 1G – Business Information System  
 Lesson : Algorithm and Data Structure  
 Material : Jobsheet 1

## JOBSHEET I

### KONSEP DASAR PEMROGRAMAN

#### 1. Tujuan Praktikum

Setelah melakukan materi praktikum ini, mahasiswa mampu:

1. Mengimplementasikan pemilihan, perulangan, array, dan fungsi dalam kode program Java

#### 2. Praktikum

##### 2.1 Pemilihan

**Waktu percobaan : 50 menit**

Materi pada praktikum ini telah dijelaskan pada matakuliah Dasar Pemrograman, Sehingga didalam praktikum ini, tidak akan dilakukan langkah-langkah percobaan. Jawablah pertanyaan-pertanyaan yang ada berikut ini :

##### 2.2.1 Praktikum Pemilihan

###### Pertanyaan

1. Buatlah program untuk menghitung nilai akhir dari mahasiswa dengan ketentuan 20% nilai tugas, 20% dari nilai kuis, 30% nilai UTS, dan 40% nilai UAS. Setiap nilai yang dimasukkan mempunyai batas nilai 0 - 100. Ketika pengguna memasukkan diluar rentang tersebut maka akan keluar output "nilai tidak valid". Ketika nilai akhir sudah didapatkan selanjutnya lakukan konversi nilai dengan ketentuan sebagai berikut:

Nilai Angka	Nilai Mutu		
	Nilai Huruf	Nilai Setara	Kualifikasi
$80 < N \leq 100$	A	4	Sangat Baik
$73 < N \leq 80$	B+	3,5	Lebih dari Baik
$65 < N \leq 73$	B	3	Baik
$60 < N \leq 65$	C+	2,5	Lebih dari Cukup
$50 < N \leq 60$	C	2	Cukup
$39 < N \leq 50$	D	1	Kurang
$N \leq 39$	E	0	Gagal

Jika Nilai Huruf yang didapatkan adalah A,B+,B+C+,C maka LULUS, jika nilai huruf D dan E maka TIDAK LULUS.

- Input dari program berupa komponen nilai tugas,kuis, UTS, UAS
- Output dari program “nilai tidak valid” jika nilai yang dimasukkan diluar ketentuan
- Output dari program berupa hasil nilai akhir, nilai huruf, dan keterangan LULUS/TIDAK LULUS

#### Contoh hasil Running program

```
Program Menghitung Nilai Akhir
=====
Masukkan Nilai Tugas: 85
Masukkan Nilai Kuis: 90
Masukkan Nilai UTS: 120
Masukkan Nilai UAS: 70
=====
nilai tidak valid
=====
Mamluatuls-MacBook-Air:Praktikum
```

```
Program Menghitung Nilai Akhir
=====
Masukkan Nilai Tugas: 90
Masukkan Nilai Kuis: 40
Masukkan Nilai UTS: 75
Masukkan Nilai UAS: 85
=====
nilai akhir : 74.0
Nilai Huruf :B+
=====
SELAMAT ANDA LULUS
```

#### OUTPUT:

```
PS D:\cooleyah\smstr2\algorithm and data structure\assignment\jobsheet1\code> java selection07
Enter the assignment score: 20
Enter the quiz score: 30
Enter the midterm exam score: 60
Enter the final exam score: 50
=====
Student's Grade Analysis
Final Grade: 48.0
Grade Conversion: D (Less)
=====
Sorry, you didn't pass.
```

## ANSWER:

```
code > J selection07.java > ...
  Click here to ask Blackbox to help you code faster |
1  import java.util.Scanner;
   Comment Code
2  public class selection07 {
3
4      Run | Debug
   public static void main(String[] args) {
5          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7          System.out.print(s:"Enter the assignment score: ");
8          int assignmentScore = scanner.nextInt();
9
10         System.out.print(s:"Enter the quiz score: ");
11         int quizScore = scanner.nextInt();
12
13         System.out.print(s:"Enter the midterm exam score: ");
14         int midtermScore = scanner.nextInt();
15
16         System.out.print(s:"Enter the final exam score: ");
17         int finalScore = scanner.nextInt();
18
19         // Check the validity of the scores
20         if (isValidScore(assignmentScore) && isValidScore(quizScore) && isValidScore(midtermScore) && isValidScore(finalScore)) {
21             // Calculate the final score
22             double finalGrade = calculateFinalGrade(assignmentScore, quizScore, midtermScore, finalScore);
23
24             // Convert the grade and determine PASS/NOT PASS
25             String gradeConversion = convertGrade(finalGrade);
26             String passStatus = determinePassStatus(finalGrade);
27
28             // Output the result
29             System.out.println(x:"=====");
30             System.out.println(x:"\nStudent's Grade Analysis");
31             System.out.println("Final Grade: " + finalGrade);
32             System.out.println("Grade Conversion: " + gradeConversion);
33             System.out.println(x:"=====");
34             System.out.println(passStatus);
35         } else {
36             System.out.println(x:"Invalid scores. Ensure that scores are within the range of 0-100.");
37         }
38
39         scanner.close();
40     }
41
42     // Function to check the validity of scores (0-100)
43     public static boolean isValidScore(int score) {
44         return score >= 0 && score <= 100;
45     }
}
```

```
J practice1.java X J selection07.java X
code > J selection07.java > ...
47 // Function to calculate the final grade
48 public static double calculateFinalGrade(int assignment, int quiz, int midterm, int finalExam) {
49     return 0.2 * assignment + 0.2 * quiz + 0.3 * midterm + 0.4 * finalExam;
50 }
51
52 // Function to convert the grade
53 public static String convertGrade(double finalGrade) {
54     if (finalGrade > 80 && finalGrade <= 100) {
55         return "A (Excellent)";
56     } else if (finalGrade > 73 && finalGrade <= 80) {
57         return "B+ (Very Good!)";
58     } else if (finalGrade > 65 && finalGrade <= 73) {
59         return "B (Good)";
60     } else if (finalGrade > 60 && finalGrade <= 65) {
61         return "C+ (More than Enough)";
62     } else if (finalGrade > 50 && finalGrade <= 60) {
63         return "C (Fair)";
64     } else if (finalGrade > 39 && finalGrade <= 50) {
65         return "D (Less)";
66     } else if (finalGrade <= 39) {
67         return "E (Fail!)";
68     } else {
69         return "Grade not included in the given qualification.";
70     }
71 }
72
73 // Function to determine PASS/NOT PASS status
74 public static String determinePassStatus(double finalGrade) {
75     // Define the passing threshold (adjust as needed)
76     double passingThreshold = 51;
77
78     if (finalGrade >= passingThreshold) {
79         return "Congratulations you passed!";
80     } else {
81         return "Sorry, you didn't pass.";
82     }
83 }
84 }
```



## 2.2 Perulangan

**Waktu percobaan : 50 menit**

Materi pada praktikum ini telah dijelaskan pada matakuliah Dasar Pemrograman. Sehingga didalam praktikum ini, tidak akan dilakukan langkah-langkah percobaan. Jawablah pertanyaan-pertanyaan yang ada berikut ini :

### 2.3.1 Praktikum Perulangan

#### Pertanyaan

1. Buatlah program yang dapat menampilkan deretan bilangan dari angka 1 sampai n kecuali angka 6 dan 10, angka ganjil dicetak dengan asterik "\*", angka genap dicetak sesuai bilangan aslinya, dengan n = 2 digit terakhir NIM anda.

\*bila  $n < 10$  maka tambahkan 10 ( $n += 10$ )

Contoh:

Input NIM: 2341720102 maka  $n=12$

**OUTPUT : \* 2 \* 4 \* \* 8 \* \* 12**

Contoh 2:

Input NIM: 2341720113 maka  $n=13$

**OUTPUT : \* 2 \* 4 \* \* 8 \* \* 12**

Contoh hasil running program

```
Masukkan Nim :2341720102
=====
n : 12
* 2 * 4 * * 8 * * 12
```

#### OUTPUT:

```
PS D:\cooleyah\smstr2\algorithm and data structure\assignment\jobsheet1\code> java looping07
Enter your NIM: 2341760169
Number Series Output:
* 2 * 4 * * 8 * * 12 * 14 * 16 * 18 * 20 * 22 * 24 * 26 * 28 * 30 * 32 * 34 * 36 * 38 * 40 * 42 * 44 * 46 * 48 * 50 * 52 * 54 * 56 * 58 * 60 * 62 * 64 * 66 * 68 *
PS D:\cooleyah\smstr2\algorithm and data structure\assignment\jobsheet1\code> java looping07
Enter your NIM: 2341720102
Number Series Output:
* 2 * 4 * * 8 * * 12
PS D:\cooleyah\smstr2\algorithm and data structure\assignment\jobsheet1\code> java looping07
Enter your NIM: 2341720113
Number Series Output:
* 2 * 4 * * 8 * * 12
```

#### ANSWER:

```

J practice1.java J selection07.java J looping07.java X
code > J looping07.java > ...
  Click here to ask Blackbox to help you code faster |
1  import java.util.Scanner;
   Comment Code
2  public class looping07 {
3
   Run | Debug
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7          System.out.print("Enter your NIM: ");
8          long nim = scanner.nextLong();
9
10         // Get the last 2 digits of NIM
11         int n = (int) (nim % 100);
12
13         // If n < 10, add 10
14         if (n < 10) {
15             n += 10;
16         }
17
18         // Display the number series based on the rules
19         System.out.println("Number Series Output:");
20         displayNumberSeries(n);
21
22         scanner.close();
23     }
  
```

```

J practice1.java J selection07.java J looping07.java X
code > J looping07.java > ...
25     // Function to display the number series
26     public static void displayNumberSeries(int n) {
27         for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
28             if (i != 6 && i != 10) {
29                 if (i % 2 != 0) {
30                     System.out.print(s:"* ");
31                 } else {
32                     System.out.print(i + " ");
33                 }
34             }
35         }
36         System.out.println(); // Move to the next line after displaying the series
37     }
38 }
  
```

## 2.3 Array

**Waktu percobaan : 50 menit**

Materi pada praktikum ini telah dijelaskan pada matakuliah Dasar Pemrograman, sehingga didalam praktikum ini, tidak akan dilakukan langkah-langkah percobaan. Jawablah pertanyaan-pertanyaan yang ada berikut ini :

### 2.4.1 Praktikum Array

#### Pertanyaan

1. Buatlah program untuk menghitung IP Semester dari matakuliah yang Anda tempuh semester lalu. Formula untuk menghitung IP semester sebagai berikut :

$$IP \text{ Semester} = \frac{\sum_i (\text{Nilai Setara}_i * \text{bobot SKS}_i)}{\sum SKS}$$

Nilai setara didapatkan dari tabel konversi berikut ini :

Nilai Angka	Nilai Mutu		
	Nilai Huruf	Nilai Setara	Kualifikasi
80 < N ≤ 100	A	4	Sangat Baik
73 < N ≤ 80	B+	3,5	Lebih dari Baik
65 < N ≤ 73	B	3	Baik
60 < N ≤ 65	C+	2,5	Lebih dari Cukup
50 < N ≤ 60	C	2	Cukup
39 < N ≤ 50	D	1	Kurang
N ≤ 39	E	0	Gagal

Input dari program berupa nama matakuliah, bobot SKS, serta nilai huruf dari matakuliah tersebut.

Contoh Hasil Running Program

```

=====
Program Menghitung IP Semester
=====
masukkan nilai Angka untuk MK Pancasila: 75
masukkan nilai Angka untuk MK Konsep Teknologi Informasi: 85
masukkan nilai Angka untuk MK Critical Thinking dan Problem Solving: 70
masukkan nilai Angka untuk MK Matematika Dasar: 85
masukkan nilai Angka untuk MK Bahasa Inggris: 85
masukkan nilai Angka untuk MK Dasar Pemrograman: 62
masukkan nilai Angka untuk MK Praktikum Dasar Pemrograman: 62
masukkan nilai Angka untuk MK Keselamatan dan Kesehatan Kerja: 85
=====
hasil Konversi Nilai
=====
MK                               Nilai Angka    Nilai Huruf    Bobot Nilai
Pancasila                        75.00          B+             3.50
Konsep Teknologi Informasi       85.00          A              4.00
Critical Thinking dan Problem Solving 70.00          B              3.00
Matematika Dasar                 85.00          A              4.00
Bahasa Inggris                   85.00          A              4.00
Dasar Pemrograman                62.00          C+             2.50
Praktikum Dasar Pemrograman      62.00          C+             2.50
Keselamatan dan Kesehatan Kerja   85.00          A              4.00
=====
IP : 3.42

```



OUTPUT:

```
PS D:\cooleyah\smstr2\algorithm and data structure\assignment\jobsheet1\code> java array07
=====
Semester IP calculation program
=====
Enter numerical grade for course Pancasila:
75
Enter numerical grade for course Concept of Information Technology:
85
Enter numerical grade for course Critical Thinking and Problem Solving:
70
Enter numerical grade for course Basic Mathematics:
85
Enter numerical grade for course English:
85
Enter numerical grade for course Basic Programming:
62
Enter numerical grade for course Programming Lab:
62
Enter numerical grade for course Occupational Health and Safety:
85
=====
Grade Conversion Results
=====
Course                                Numerical Grade    Letter Grade    Grade Weight
Pancasila                             75.00              B+              3.50
Concept of Information Technology       85.00              A               4.00
Critical Thinking and Problem Solving  70.00              B               3.00
Basic Mathematics                      85.00              A               4.00
English                               85.00              A               4.00
Basic Programming                      62.00              C+              2.50
Programming Lab                       62.00              C+              2.50
Occupational Health and Safety         85.00              A               4.00
GPA: 3.50
```

ANSWER:

```

J practice1.java J selection07.java J looping07.java J array07.java X J function07.java
code > J array07.java > ...
  Click here to ask Blackbox to help you code faster |
1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3  Comment Code
4  public class array07 {
5
6      Run | Debug
7      public static void main(String[] args) {
8          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
9
10         // Define the number of courses
11         int numberOfCourses = 8;
12         String[] courseNames = new String[numberOfCourses];
13         double[] numericalGrades = new double[numberOfCourses];
14         int[] sksValues = {2, 3, 3, 4, 2, 3, 1, 2}; // Credits for each course
15         double[] gradeWeights = new double[numberOfCourses];
16
17         // Input course names and grades
18         courseNames[0] = "Pancasila";
19         courseNames[1] = "Concept of Information Technology";
20         courseNames[2] = "Critical Thinking and Problem Solving";
21         courseNames[3] = "Basic Mathematics";
22         courseNames[4] = "English";
23         courseNames[5] = "Basic Programming";
24         courseNames[6] = "Programming Lab";
25         courseNames[7] = "Occupational Health and Safety";
26
27         System.out.println(x:"=====");
28         System.out.println(x:"Semester IP calculation program");
29         System.out.println(x:"=====");
30
31         for (int i = 0; i < numberOfCourses; i++) {
32             System.out.println("Enter numerical grade for course " + courseNames[i] + ": ");
33             numericalGrades[i] = scanner.nextDouble();
34             gradeWeights[i] = convertGradeToWeight(convertNumericalGradeToLetter(numericalGrades[i]));
35         }
36
37         double totalGrade = 0;
38         int totalCredits = 0;

```

```

J practice1.java J selection07.java J looping07.java J array07.java X J function07.java
code > J array07.java > ...
38     System.out.println(x:"=====");
39     System.out.println(x:"Grade Conversion Results");
40     System.out.println(x:"=====");
41     System.out.printf(format:"%-40s%-20s%-15s%-15s\n", ...args:"Course", "Numerical Grade", "Letter Grade", "Grade Weight");
42
43     for (int i = 0; i < numberOfCourses; i++) {
44         totalGrade += gradeWeights[i] * sksValues[i];
45         totalCredits += sksValues[i];
46         System.out.printf(format:"%-40s%-20.2F%-15s%-15.2F\n", courseNames[i], numericalGrades[i],
47             convertNumericalGradeToLetter(numericalGrades[i]), gradeWeights[i]);
48     }
49
50     double gpa = totalGrade / totalCredits;
51     System.out.printf(format:"GPA: %.2F\n", gpa);
52
53     scanner.close();
54 }
55
56 private static String convertNumericalGradeToLetter(double numericalGrade) {
57     if (numericalGrade > 80 && numericalGrade <= 100) return "A";
58     else if (numericalGrade > 73 && numericalGrade <= 80) return "B+";
59     else if (numericalGrade > 65 && numericalGrade <= 73) return "B";
60     else if (numericalGrade > 60 && numericalGrade <= 65) return "C+";
61     else if (numericalGrade > 50 && numericalGrade <= 60) return "C";
62     else if (numericalGrade > 39 && numericalGrade <= 50) return "D";
63     else return "E";
64 }
65
66 private static double convertGradeToWeight(String letterGrade) {
67     switch (letterGrade) {
68         case "A":
69             return 4.0;
70         case "B+":
71             return 3.5;
72         case "B":
73             return 3.0;
74         case "C+":
75             return 2.5;
76         case "C":
77             return 2.0;
78         case "D":
79             return 1.0;
80         default:
81             return 0.0;
82     }
83 }
84 }

```





## 2.4 Fungsi

**Waktu percobaan : 50 menit**

Materi pada praktikum ini telah dijelaskan pada matakuliah Dasar Pemrograman, sehingga didalam praktikum ini, tidak akan dilakukan langkah-langkah percobaan. Jawablah pertanyaan-pertanyaan yang ada berikut ini :

### 2.5.1 Praktikum Fungsi

#### Pertanyaan

RoyalGarden adalah toko bunga yang memiliki banyak cabang. Setiap hari Stock Bunga dan bunga-bunga yang dijual selalu dicatat dengan rincian seperti berikut ini:

Baris = Cabang Toko, Kolom = Stock bunga pada hari x

	Aglonema	Keladi	Alocasia	Mawar
RoyalGarden 1	10	5	15	7
RoyalGarden 2	6	11	9	12
RoyalGarden 3	2	10	10	5
RoyalGarden 4	5	7	12	9

Rincian Harga Aglonema =75.000 , Keladi = 50.000, Alocasia =60.000, Mawar =10.000.

1. Buatlah fungsi untuk menampilkan pendapatan setiap cabang jika semua bunga habis terjual.
2. Buatlah fungsi untuk mengetahui jumlah Stock setiap jenis bunga pada cabang royalgarden
3. Jika terdapat informasi tambahan berupa pengurangan stock karena bunga tersebut mati. Dengan rincian Aglonema -1, Keladi -2, Alocasia -0, Mawar -5.



## OUTPUT:

```
PS D:\cooleyah\smstr2\algorithm and data structure\assignment\jobsheet1\code> java function07
Income and stock for each branch after the reduction:
Branch RoyalGarden 1 - Income: 1970000
Flower stock at Branch RoyalGarden 1:
Aglonema: 9
Keladi: 3
Alocasia: 15
Mawar: 2

Branch RoyalGarden 2 - Income: 1660000
Flower stock at Branch RoyalGarden 2:
Aglonema: 5
Keladi: 9
Alocasia: 9
Mawar: 7

Branch RoyalGarden 3 - Income: 1300000
Flower stock at Branch RoyalGarden 3:
Aglonema: 1
Keladi: 8
Alocasia: 10
Mawar: 0

Branch RoyalGarden 4 - Income: 1535000
Flower stock at Branch RoyalGarden 4:
Aglonema: 4
Keladi: 5
Alocasia: 12
Mawar: 4
```

ANSWER:

```

J practice1.java J selection07.java J looping07.java J array07.java J function07.java X
code > J function07.java > function07 > displayIncomeAndStockForEachBranch()
Click here to ask Blackbox to help you code faster | Comment Code |
1 public class function07 {
2
3     private static int[][] flowerStock = {
4         {10, 5, 15, 7},
5         {6, 11, 9, 12},
6         {2, 10, 10, 5},
7         {5, 7, 12, 9}
8     };
9
10    private static int[] flowerPrices = {75000, 50000, 60000, 10000};
11
12    Run | Debug
13    public static void main(String[] args) {
14        displayIncomeAndStockForEachBranch();
15    }
16
17    private static void displayIncomeAndStockForEachBranch() {
18        System.out.println("Income and stock for each branch after the reduction:");
19
20        // Reduction details due to flower death
21        int[] deathReduction = {-1, -2, 0, -5};
22
23        for (int i = 0; i < flowerStock.length; i++) {
24            int branchIncome = calculateBranchIncome(i);
25            System.out.println("Branch RoyalGarden " + (i + 1) + " - Income: " + branchIncome);
26
27            // Reduce stock based on death information
28            for (int j = 0; j < flowerStock[i].length; j++) {
29                flowerStock[i][j] += deathReduction[j];
30            }
31
32            displayFlowerStock(i);
33        }
34
35        private static int calculateBranchIncome(int branchIndex) {
36            int branchIncome = 0;
37            for (int j = 0; j < flowerStock[branchIndex].length; j++) {
38                branchIncome += flowerStock[branchIndex][j] * flowerPrices[j];
39            }
40            return branchIncome;
41        }
42    }

```

```

J practice1.java J selection07.java J looping07.java J array07.java J function07.java X
code > J function07.java > ...
43 private static void displayFlowerStock(int branchIndex) {
44     System.out.println("Flower stock at Branch RoyalGarden " + (branchIndex + 1) + ":");
45
46     for (int j = 0; j < flowerStock[branchIndex].length; j++) {
47         String flowerType = getFlowerType(j);
48         System.out.println(flowerType + ": " + flowerStock[branchIndex][j]);
49     }
50
51     System.out.println(); // Blank line as a separator
52 }
53
54 private static String getFlowerType(int index) {
55     switch (index) {
56     case 0:
57         return "Aglonema";
58     case 1:
59         return "Keladi";
60     case 2:
61         return "Alocasia";
62     case 3:
63         return "Mawar";
64     default:
65         return "";
66     }
67 }
68 }

```

### 3. Tugas

**Waktu pengerjaan : 100 menit**

1. Susun program untuk membuat dua buah array berikut isinya sebagai berikut. Array pertama adalah array satu dimensi char KODE[10], berisi kode plat mobil. Array kedua, array dua dimensi char KOTA[10][12] berisi nama kota yang berpasangan dengan kode plat mobil. Ilustrasi tampilan array tersebut adalah sebagai berikut :

A	B	A	N	T	E	N						
B	J	A	K	A	R	T	A					
D	B	A	N	D	U	N	G					
E	C	I	R	E	B	O	N					
F	B	O	G	O	R							
G	P	E	K	A	L	O	N	G	A	N		
H	S	E	M	A	R	A	N	G				
L	S	U	R	A	B	A	Y	A				
N	M	A	L	A	N	G						
T	T	E	G	A	L							

Ketika pengguna memberikan input kode plat nomor maka program akan mengeluarkan nama kota dari kode plat nomor tersebut.

ANSWER:

```

J practice106.java J selection06.java J looping06.java J array06.java J function06.java J assignment106.java X
code > J assignment106.java > ...
  Click here to ask Blackbox to help you code faster |
1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
  Comment Code
3  public class assignment106 {
    Run | Debug
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7          // Array for license plate codes
8          String[] CODES = {"A", "B", "D", "E", "F", "G", "H", "L", "N", "T"};
9          // Array for city names corresponding to the license plate codes
10         String[][] CITIES = {
11             {"Banten"},
12             {"Jakarta"},
13             {"Bandung"},
14             {"Cirebon"},
15             {"Bogor"},
16             {"Pekalongan"},
17             {"Semarang"},
18             {"Surabaya"},
19             {"Malang"},
20             {"Tegal"}
21         };
22
23         // Ask for input from the user
24         System.out.println("Enter the license plate code:");
25         String codeInput = scanner.nextLine();
26
27         // Find and display the city name
28         for (int i = 0; i < CODES.length; i++) {
29             if (CODES[i].equalsIgnoreCase(codeInput)) {
30                 System.out.println("City for license plate code " + codeInput + " is:");
31                 for (int j = 0; j < CITIES[i].length; j++) {
32                     System.out.println(CITIES[i][j]);
33                 }
34                 break; // Exit the loop after finding the code
35             }
36         }
37
38         scanner.close();
39     }
40 }

```

OUTPUT:

```

PS D:\cooleyah\smstr2\algorithm and data structure\assignment\jobsheet1\code> java assignment106
Enter the license plate code:
N
City for license plate code N is:
Malang

```



2. Buat program untuk menghitung rumus kecepatan, jarak, dan waktu

Berikut adalah persamaan untuk menghitung rumus tersebut :

Rumus Kecepatan

$$v = \frac{s}{t}$$

Rumus Jarak

$$s = v \cdot t$$

Rumus Waktu

$$t = \frac{s}{v}$$

Keterangan:

$v = \text{kecepatan}$

$s = \text{jarak}$

$t = \text{waktu}$

Program yang dibuat memiliki fungsi sebagai berikut:

- Menu (Untuk memilih rumus yang akan dihitung (kecepatan/jarak/waktu)
- Menghitung hasil perhitungan Kecepatan
- Menghitung hasil perhitungan Jarak
- Menghitung hasil perhitungan Waktu

Panggil fungsi-fungsi tersebut pada fungsi main!

ANSWER:

```
code > J assignment206.java > ...
  Click here to ask Blackbox to help you code faster |
1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
  Comment Code
3  public class assignment206 {
4
  Run | Debug
5  public static void main(String[] args) {
6      Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7      boolean exit = false;
8
9      while (!exit) {
10         System.out.println(x:"Choose the formula to calculate:");
11         System.out.println(x:"1. Speed");
12         System.out.println(x:"2. Distance");
13         System.out.println(x:"3. Time");
14         System.out.println(x:"4. Exit");
15         System.out.print(s:"Enter your choice (1/2/3/4): ");
16
17         int choice = scanner.nextInt();
18
19         switch (choice) {
20             case 1:
21                 calculateSpeed(scanner);
22                 break;
23             case 2:
24                 calculateDistance(scanner);
25                 break;
26             case 3:
27                 calculateTime(scanner);
28                 break;
29             case 4:
30                 exit = true;
31                 System.out.println(x:"Exiting the program.");
32                 break;
33             default:
34                 System.out.println(x:"Invalid choice. Please try again.");
35         }
36     }
37
38     scanner.close();
39 }
```

```
code > J assignment206.java > ...
41 private static void calculateSpeed(Scanner scanner) {
42     System.out.print(s:"Enter distance (in meters): ");
43     double distance = scanner.nextDouble();
44     System.out.print(s:"Enter time (in seconds): ");
45     double time = scanner.nextDouble();
46     double speed = distance / time;
47     System.out.printf(format:"Speed: %.2f m/s\n", speed);
48 }
49
50 private static void calculateDistance(Scanner scanner) {
51     System.out.print(s:"Enter speed (in m/s): ");
52     double speed = scanner.nextDouble();
53     System.out.print(s:"Enter time (in seconds): ");
54     double time = scanner.nextDouble();
55     double distance = speed * time;
56     System.out.printf(format:"Distance: %.2f meters\n", distance);
57 }
58
59 private static void calculateTime(Scanner scanner) {
60     System.out.print(s:"Enter distance (in meters): ");
61     double distance = scanner.nextDouble();
62     System.out.print(s:"Enter speed (in m/s): ");
63     double speed = scanner.nextDouble();
64     double time = distance / speed;
65     System.out.printf(format:"Time: %.2f seconds\n", time);
66 }
67 }
```

## OUTPUT:

```
PS D:\cooleyah\smstr2\algorithm and data structure\assignment\jobsheet1\code> java assignment206
Choose the formula to calculate:
1. Speed
2. Distance
3. Time
4. Exit
Enter your choice (1/2/3/4): 1
Enter distance (in meters): 2
Enter time (in seconds): 50
Speed: 0.04 m/s
Choose the formula to calculate:
1. Speed
2. Distance
3. Time
4. Exit
Enter your choice (1/2/3/4): 2
Enter speed (in m/s): 3
Enter time (in seconds): 40
Distance: 120.00 meters
Choose the formula to calculate:
1. Speed
2. Distance
3. Time
4. Exit
Enter your choice (1/2/3/4): 3
Enter distance (in meters): 4
Enter speed (in m/s): 30
Time: 0.13 seconds
Choose the formula to calculate:
1. Speed
2. Distance
3. Time
4. Exit
Enter your choice (1/2/3/4): 4
Exiting the program.
```