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["Actually I am different." Subjective constructions of ethnic identity in a migration context and new ways in psychological acculturation research]

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## The Missing New Funds.

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## **Abstract [English]**

"this case study originated in the context of the collaborative research center 597 'transformations of the state' as part of the research project 'regulation and legitimation on the internet'. the goal of the case study was to empirically trace the transformation of statehood over a period of nearly three decades, the subject matter for investigation is address systems, or more precisely name spaces for digital communication networks, name spaces provide users of communication services with a unique identity, a name space's organizational structure reflects specific ideas about the role of the state concerning the operation of communication infrastructures. the case study is based on the assumption that transformations of statehood occur along two different dimensions; on an organizational level through a (partial) privatization of previously public tasks, and on a spatial level through a trans- or internationalization of previously national responsibilities. by means of a comparison, the case study seeks to ascertain if the organization of name spaces has been subject to a process of trans-nationalization. the study arrives at the conclusion that a transnationalization of former public tasks can indeed be identified. however, the long term extent of trans-nationalization is still under negotiation and therefore an open issue." (author's abstract)

Keywords: Ethnic identity, acculturation orientations, domain specificity

## **Abstract [Deutsch]**

"die vorliegende fallstudie ist im rahmen des sonderforschungsbereichs 597 'wandel von staatlichkeit' im projekt 'regulation und legitimation im internet' an der universität bremen entstanden. das ziel der fallstudie ist, den wandel von staatlichkeit über einen zeitraum von knapp drei iahrzehnten empirisch nachzuzeichnen, den untersuchungsgegenstand bilden adressierungssysteme, genauer: namensräume für digitale kommunikationsnetze. namensräume dienen dazu, nutzer von kommunikationsdiensten mit einer unverwechselbaren identität auszustatten. ihre organisationsstruktur spiegelt vorstellungen über die rolle des staates im betrieb von kommunikationsinfrastrukturen wider, der fallstudie liegt die hypothese zugrunde, dass veränderungen von staatlichkeit in zwei dimensionen zu finden sind, auf der organisatorischen ebene in form einer (teil-)privatisierung vormals öffentlicher