Rafael Batres, Matthew West, David Leal, David Price, Katsube Masaki, Yukiyasu Shimada, Tetsuo Fuchino, Yuji Naka

["Actually I am different." Subjective constructions of ethnic identity in a migration context and new ways in psychological acculturation research]

Dresden International University

An upper ontology based on ISO 15926.

Rafael Batres, Matthew West , David Leal, David Price, Katsube Masaki, Yukiyasu Shimada, Tetsuo Fuchino, Yuji Nakavon Rafael Batres, Matthew West , David Leal, David Price, Katsube Masaki, Yukiyasu Shimada, Tetsuo Fuchino, Yuji Naka

Abstract [English]

'on the basis of its economic and political importance, china is seen as a great power and upcoming superpower, and beijing plans to quadruple gdp again between 2000 and 2020. but despite the 'reform miracle,' china's pro-capita gdp is still below the global average and the country is facing enormous domestic challenges. the price of more than three decades of rapid economic growth is high: wasteful use of energy, massive pollution, a threefold income gap (between rich and poor, city and countryside, and coastal and inland regions), and a threadbare social safety net. on top of that, there is corruption at all levels and a lack of good governance. these enormous domestic problems endanger china's stability and have international repercussions too, for example in the form of transfrontier pollution and climate change, in order to counteract these negative trends the communist party leadership introduced two new principles in 2003/2004namely, 'scientific development' and the 'harmonious society'in order to bolster its legitimacy and enhance its standing in society. specifically it is attempting to remedy the identified problems and at the same time offer a substitute for an ideological superstructure that has lost much of its relevance. this study focuses on the issues of environment/ energy and social inequality/ welfare and investigates what measures have been planned and enacted under the 'harmonious' society' policy, the impact they have actually had, and where their limits lie.' (author's abstract)

Keywords: Ethnic identity, acculturation orientations, domain specificity

Abstract [Deutsch]

'china wird aufgrund seiner wirtschaftlichen und politischen bedeutung in der welt als großmacht und kommende supermacht wahrgenommen. bis 2020 will peking die wirtschaftsleistung gegenüber 2000 nochmals vervierfachen. das 'reformwunderland' china belegt aber mit seinem pro-kopfeinkommen im weltweiten vergleich nach wie vor nur einen der unteren plätze im mittelfeld und steht im inneren vor massiven herausforderungen. der preis für das nunmehr über drei jahrzehnte verfolgte expansive wirtschaftswachstum ist hoch: energieverschwendung, massive umweltschäden, ein