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[„Actually I am different.“  
Subjective constructions of ethnic identity in a migration context and new ways in psychological acculturation research]

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## **Informative gene selection and design of regulatory networks using integer optimization.**

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### **Abstract [English]**

'this paper discusses the causes for establishing a state police force and legal system and the impact of those processes on the use of capital punishment. the author argues that there is a strong link between the characteristics of state-building processes and formal and institutionalized control and punishment. these processes determine the role of capital punishment within a society. the main argument is that states with powerful bureaucracies tend to maintain a less harsh penal law, though only under certain conditions. in states with strong bureaucracies the distance between the authorities and the defendants and those who seek redress is larger. the use of bureaucratic types of social control is characterized by non-emotional and a more subdued use of symbols and discourse. a state with strong local and non-governmental forces, on the other hand, tends to use highly expressive, exemplary and deterrent forms of social control. the case of eighteenth century england shows clearly, that the empowerment of local elites made death penalty more important as a medium of social control. after the renewal of the power of the central bureaucracy capital punishment began to lose its importance. the same happened in austria, where capital punishment however did not play the role it had in eighteenth century england.' (author's abstract)

Keywords: Ethnic identity, acculturation orientations, domain specificity

### **Abstract [Deutsch]**

'in diesem aufsatz wird analysiert, welche auswirkungen ver- und entstaatlichungsprozesse von polizei und rechtssystem auf die anwendung der todesstrafe haben. ich werde argumentieren, dass stark bürokratisierte staaten unter bestimmten umständen dazu neigen, weniger grausame strafen zu verhängen als plutokratische staaten mit einer dünnen verwaltungsstruktur. das ist deshalb so, weil bürokratisch betriebene gerichtsbarkeit und polizei ein stark distanziertes verhältnis zu tätern und opfern von verbrechen aufbauen. deshalb herrscht in einer solchen konstellation eine form der sozialkontrolle vor, die sich durch zurückhaltung und