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["Actually I am different." Subjective constructions of ethnic identity in a migration context and new ways in psychological acculturation research]

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The causes for no causation: A computational perspective.

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Abstract [English]

'the promotion of democracy has been one of the highest priorities of western foreign and development policy for many years. india is the largest democracy and is increasingly perceived as an important international actor by germany, europe and the usa. given their common democratic values, the question arises as to whether india can be a partner to the west in the promotion of democratic regimes. the promotion of democracy plays only a subordinate role in indian foreign policy. india's national interests are determined by security considerations in respect to china and pakistan, trade and economic motives, as well as by the need to secure energy and resources, india has only a limited interest in promoting democracy in the western sense, as a foreign policy instrument for the transformation of authoritarian regimes. following the improvement of relations with the usa in the 1990's, some first approaches towards the promotion of democracy have been developed. democratic development is propagated in a very broad, multilateral context or in a very narrow bilateral form as development cooperation. india thus remains a difficult partner in german and european politics in respect to the promotion of democracy. nevertheless, since india's democratic know-how can be of advantage in the building up of new democracies, the dialogue with india concerning this issue should be intensified.' (author's abstract)

Keywords: Ethnic identity, acculturation orientations, domain specificity

Abstract [Deutsch]

'demokratieförderung zählt seit vielen jahren zu den hauptanliegen westlicher außen- und entwicklungspolitik. indien gilt als größte demokratie und wird von deutscher, europäischer und amerikanischer seite zunehmend als wichtiger internationaler akteur wahrgenommen. angesichts der gemeinsamen demokratischen werte stellt sich die frage, ob indien ein partner des westens bei der förderung demokratischer regime sein kann. in der indischen außenpolitik spielt demokratieförderung nur eine untergeordnete rolle. indiens nationale interessen werden von sicherheitspolitischen erwägungen gegenüber china und pakistan, handels- und wirtschaftspolitischen motiven sowie