

# Package ‘mSigHdp’

May 29, 2020

**Title** Mutational signature extraction using hdp (Hierarchical Dirichlet Process)

**Version** 0.0.0.9009

**Description** Calls hdp for mutational signature analysis, with performance issues in hdp::stirling() corrected.

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**Language** en-US

**biocViews**

**Imports** hdp,  
SynSigGen

**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

**Depends** R (>= 3.5)

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.0

**Remotes** github::steverozen/hdp,  
github::steverozen/SynSigGen,  
github::WuyangFF95/SynSigEval

**Suggests** testthat,  
ICAMS,  
utils,  
SynSigEval

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PlotExposure	<i>Plot a single exposure plot</i>
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### Description

Plot a single exposure plot

### Usage

```
PlotExposure(exposures, plot.proportion = FALSE, plot.legend = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>exposures</code>	Exposures as a numerical matrix (or data.frame) with signatures in rows and samples in columns. Rownames are taken as the signature names and column names are taken as the sample IDs. If you want <code>exp</code> sorted from largest to smallest use <a href="#">SortExp</a> . Do not use column names that start with multiple underscores. The exposures will often be mutation counts, but could also be e.g. mutations per megabase.
<code>plot.proportion</code>	Plot exposure proportions rather than counts.
<code>plot.legend</code>	If TRUE plot a legend.
<code>...</code>	Parameters passed to <a href="#">barplot</a> .

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PlotExposureByRange	<i>Plot exposures in multiple plots each with a manageable number of samples.</i>
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### Description

Plot exposures in multiple plots each with a manageable number of samples.

### Usage

```
PlotExposureByRange(exposures, num.per.line = 30, plot.proportion = FALSE, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>exposures</code>	Exposures as a numerical matrix (or data.frame) with signatures in rows and samples in columns. Rownames are taken as the signature names and column names are taken as the sample IDs. If you want <code>exposures</code> sorted from largest to smallest use <a href="#">SortExp</a> . Do not use column names that start with multiple underscores. The exposures will often be mutation counts, but could also be e.g. mutations per megabase.
<code>num.per.line</code>	Number of samples to show in each plot.
<code>plot.proportion</code>	Plot exposure proportions rather than counts.

... Other arguments passed to [PlotExposure](#). If `ylab` is not included, it defaults to a value depending on `plot.proportion`. If `col` is not supplied the function tries to do something reasonable.

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RunAndEvalHdp4

*Run and evaluate hdp*


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## Description

Run and evaluate hdp

## Usage

```
RunAndEvalHdp4(
  input.catalog,
  ground.truth.exp = NULL,
  ground.truth.sig.file = NULL,
  ground.truth.sig.catalog = NULL,
  out.dir,
  CPU.cores = 1,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.guess,
  multi.types = FALSE,
  remove.noise = FALSE,
  test.only = 0,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  num.posterior = 4,
  post.burnin = 4000,
  post.n = 50,
  post.space = 50,
  post.cpiter = 3,
  post.verbosity = 0,
  cos.merge = 0.9,
  min.sample = 1
)
```

## Arguments

`input.catalog`

Either a character string, in which case this is the path to a file containing a spectra catalog in [ICAMS](#) format, or an [ICAMS](#) catalog.

`ground.truth.exp`

Ground truth exposure matrix or path to file with ground truth exposures. If `NULL` skip checks that need this information.

`ground.truth.sig.file`

Path to file with ground truth signatures.

`ground.truth.sig.catalog`

[ICAMS](#) catalog with signatures used to construct the ground truth spectra. Specify only one of `ground.truth.sig.file.path` or `ground.truth.sig.catalog`.

<code>out.dir</code>	Directory that will be created for the output; if <code>overwrite</code> is <code>FALSE</code> then abort if <code>out.dir</code> already exists.
<code>CPU.cores</code>	Number of CPUs to use in running <code>hdp_posterior</code> ; this is used to parallelize running the posterior sampling chains, so there is no point in making this larger than <code>num.posterior</code> .
<code>seedNumber</code>	An integer that is used to generate separate random seeds for each call to <code>dp_activate</code> , and each call of <code>hdp_posterior</code> ; please see the code on how this is done. But repeated calls with same value of <code>seedNumber</code> and other inputs should produce the same results.
<code>K.guess</code>	Suggested initial value of the number of signatures, passed to <code>dp_activate</code> as <code>initcc</code> .
<code>multi.types</code>	A logical scalar or a character vector. If <code>FALSE</code> , <code>hdp</code> will regard all input spectra as one tumor type.  If <code>TRUE</code> , <code>hdp</code> will infer tumor types based on the string before ":" in their names. e.g. tumor type for "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA::S.500" would be "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA"  If <code>multi.types</code> is a character vector, then it should be of the same length as the number of columns in <code>input.catalog</code> , and each value is the name of the tumor type of the corresponding column in <code>input.catalog</code> , e.g. <code>c("SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA", ...)</code>
<code>remove.noise</code>	Deprecated; ignored
<code>test.only</code>	If <code>&gt; 0</code> , only analyze the first <code>test.only</code> columns in <code>input.catalog</code> .
<code>overwrite</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> overwrite <code>out.dir</code> if it exists, otherwise raise an error.
<code>verbose</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> then message progress information.
<code>num.posterior</code>	Number of posterior sampling chains; can set to 1 for testing.
<code>post.burnin</code>	Pass to <code>hdp_posterior</code> <code>burnin</code> .
<code>post.n</code>	Pass to <code>hdp_posterior</code> <code>n</code> .
<code>post.space</code>	Pass to <code>hdp_posterior</code> <code>space</code> .
<code>post.cpiter</code>	Pass to <code>hdp_posterior</code> <code>cpiter</code> .
<code>post.verbosity</code>	Pass to <code>hdp_posterior</code> <code>verbosity</code> .
<code>cos.merge</code>	The cosine similarity threshold for merging raw clusters from the posterior sampling chains into "components" i.e. signatures; passed to <code>hdp_extract_components</code> .
<code>min.sample</code>	A "component" (i.e. signature) must have at least this many samples; passed to <code>hdp_extract_components</code> .

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Runhdp4

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Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file using hdp4

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## Description

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file using hdp4

**Usage**

```
Runhdp4 (
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  CPU.cores = 1,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.guess,
  multi.types = FALSE,
  remove.noise = FALSE,
  test.only = 0,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  num.posterior = 4,
  post.burnin = 4000,
  post.n = 50,
  post.space = 50,
  post.cpiter = 3,
  post.verbosity = 0,
  cos.merge = 0.9,
  min.sample = 1,
  checkpoint.aft.post = NULL,
  plot.extracted.sig = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>input.catalog</code>	Either a character string, in which case this is the path to a file containing a spectra catalog in <a href="#">ICAMS</a> format, or an <a href="#">ICAMS</a> catalog.
<code>out.dir</code>	Directory that will be created for the output; if <code>overwrite</code> is <code>FALSE</code> then abort if <code>out.dir</code> already exists.
<code>CPU.cores</code>	Number of CPUs to use in running <a href="#">hdp_posterior</a> ; this is used to parallelize running the posterior sampling chains, so there is no point in making this larger than <code>num.posterior</code> .
<code>seedNumber</code>	An integer that is used to generate separate random seeds for each call to <a href="#">dp_activate</a> , and each call of <a href="#">hdp_posterior</a> ; please see the code on how this is done. But repeated calls with same value of <code>seedNumber</code> and other inputs should produce the same results.
<code>K.guess</code>	Suggested initial value of the number of signatures, passed to <a href="#">dp_activate</a> as <code>initcc</code> .
<code>multi.types</code>	A logical scalar or a character vector. If <code>FALSE</code> , <code>hdp</code> will regard all input spectra as one tumor type.  If <code>TRUE</code> , <code>hdp</code> will infer tumor types based on the string before ":" in their names. e.g. tumor type for "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA::S.500" would be "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA"  If <code>multi.types</code> is a character vector, then it should be of the same length as the number of columns in <code>input.catalog</code> , and each value is the name of the tumor type of the corresponding column in <code>input.catalog</code> , e.g. <code>c("SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoC</code>
<code>remove.noise</code>	Deprecated; ignored
<code>test.only</code>	If <code>&gt; 0</code> , only analyze the first <code>test.only</code> columns in <code>input.catalog</code> .

<code>overwrite</code>	If TRUE overwrite <code>out.dir</code> if it exists, otherwise raise an error.
<code>verbose</code>	If TRUE then message progress information.
<code>num.posterior</code>	Number of posterior sampling chains; can set to 1 for testing.
<code>post.burnin</code>	Pass to <code>hdp_posterior</code> burnin.
<code>post.n</code>	Pass to <code>hdp_posterior</code> n.
<code>post.space</code>	Pass to <code>hdp_posterior</code> space.
<code>post.cpiter</code>	Pass to <code>hdp_posterior</code> cpiter.
<code>post.verbosity</code>	Pass to <code>hdp_posterior</code> verbosity.
<code>cos.merge</code>	The cosine similarity threshold for merging raw clusters from the posterior sampling chains into "components" i.e. signatures; passed to <code>hdp_extract_components</code> .
<code>min.sample</code>	A "component" (i.e. signature) must have at least this many samples; passed to <code>hdp_extract_components</code> .
<code>checkpoint.aft.post</code>	If non-NULL, a file path to checkpoint the list of values returned from the calls to <code>hdp_posterior</code> as a .Rdata file.
<code>plot.extracted.sig</code>	If TRUE then plot the extracted signatures.

### Details

Creates several files in `out.dir`. These are: `call.and.session.info.txt`, `hdp.diagnostics.pdf`, `Runhdp4.retval.Rdata`, `extracted.signatures.csv`, `extracted.signature.pdf` (optional), `inferred.exposures.csv`.

### Value

The same list as returned by `RunhdpInternal4`.

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RunhdpInternal4	<i>Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file</i>
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### Description

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

### Usage

```
RunhdpInternal4(
  input.catalog,
  CPU.cores = 1,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.guess,
  multi.types = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  num.posterior = 4,
  post.burnin = 4000,
  post.n = 50,
  post.space = 50,
```

```

    post.cpiter = 3,
    post.verbosity = 0,
    cos.merge = 0.9,
    min.sample = 1,
    checkpoint.aft.post = NULL
)

```

## Arguments

<code>input.catalog</code>	Input spectra catalog as a matrix or in <a href="#">ICAMS</a> format.
<code>CPU.cores</code>	Number of CPUs to use in running <a href="#">hdp_posterior</a> ; this is used to parallelize running the posterior sampling chains, so there is no point in making this larger than <code>num.posterior</code> .
<code>seedNumber</code>	An integer that is used to generate separate random seeds for each call to <a href="#">dp_activate</a> , and each call of <a href="#">hdp_posterior</a> ; please see the code on how this is done. But repeated calls with same value of <code>seedNumber</code> and other inputs should produce the same results.
<code>K.guess</code>	Suggested initial value of the number of signatures, passed to <a href="#">dp_activate</a> as <code>initcc</code> .
<code>multi.types</code>	A logical scalar or a character vector. If <code>FALSE</code> , <code>hdp</code> will regard all input spectra as one tumor type. If <code>TRUE</code> , <code>hdp</code> will infer tumor types based on the string before ":" in their names. e.g. tumor type for "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA::S.500" would be "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA" If <code>multi.types</code> is a character vector, then it should be of the same length as the number of columns in <code>input.catalog</code> , and each value is the name of the tumor type of the corresponding column in <code>input.catalog</code> , e.g. <code>c("SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoC</code>
<code>verbose</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> then message progress information.
<code>num.posterior</code>	Number of posterior sampling chains; can set to 1 for testing.
<code>post.burnin</code>	Pass to <a href="#">hdp_posterior</a> <code>burnin</code> .
<code>post.n</code>	Pass to <a href="#">hdp_posterior</a> <code>n</code> .
<code>post.space</code>	Pass to <a href="#">hdp_posterior</a> <code>space</code> .
<code>post.cpiter</code>	Pass to <a href="#">hdp_posterior</a> <code>cpiter</code> .
<code>post.verbosity</code>	Pass to <a href="#">hdp_posterior</a> <code>verbosity</code> .
<code>cos.merge</code>	The cosine similarity threshold for merging raw clusters from the posterior sampling chains into "components" i.e. signatures; passed to <a href="#">hdp_extract_components</a> .
<code>min.sample</code>	A "component" (i.e. signature) must have at least this many samples; passed to <a href="#">hdp_extract_components</a> .
<code>checkpoint.aft.post</code>	If non-NULL, a file path to checkpoint the list of values returned from the calls to <a href="#">hdp_posterior</a> as a .Rdata file.

## Value

A list with the following elements:

**signature** The extracted signature profiles as a matrix; rows are mutation types, columns are samples (e.g. tumors).

**exposure** The inferred exposures as a matrix of mutation counts; rows are signatures, columns are samples (e.g. tumors).

**exposure.p** `exposure` converted to proportions.

**multi.chains** A `hdpSampleMulti-class` object. This object has the method `chains` which returns a list of `hdpSampleChain-class` objects. Each of these sample chains objects has a method `final_hdpState` (actually the methods seems to be just `hdp`) that returns the `hdpState` from which it was generated.

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SortExp	<i>Sort columns of an exposure matrix from largest to smaller (or vice versa).</i>
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## Description

Sort columns of an exposure matrix from largest to smaller (or vice versa).

## Usage

```
SortExp(exposures, decreasing = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

<code>exposures</code>	The exposures to sort; columns are samples.
<code>decreasing</code>	If TRUE sort from largest to smallest.



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