

## Homework 7

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### Chapter 6: Continuous-Time Markov Chains

2. Suppose that a one-celled organism can be in one of two states - either  $A$  or  $B$ . An individual in state  $A$  will change to state  $B$  at an exponential rate  $\alpha$ ; an individual in state  $B$  divides into two new individuals of type  $A$  at an exponential rate  $\beta$ . Define an appropriate continuous-time Markov chain for a population of such organisms and determine the appropriate parameters for this model.
5. There are  $N$  individuals in a population, some of whom have a certain infection that spreads as follows. Contacts between two members of this population occur in accordance with a Poisson process having rate  $\lambda$ . When a contact occurs, it is equally likely to involve any of the  $\binom{N}{2}$  pairs of individuals in the population. If a contact involves an infected and non-infected individual, then with probability  $p$  the non-infected individual becomes infected. Once infected, an individual remains infected throughout. Let  $X(t)$  denote the number of infected members of the population at time  $t$ .
  - (a) Is  $\{X(t), t \geq 0\}$  a continuous-time Markov chain?
  - (b) Specify its type.
  - (c) Starting with a single infected individual, what is the expected time until all members are infected?
6. Consider a birth and death process with birth rates  $\lambda_i = (i + 1)\lambda, i \geq 0$ , and death rates  $\mu_i = i\mu, i \geq 0$ .
  - (a) Determine the expected time to go from state 0 to state 4.
  - (b) Determine the expected time to go from state 2 to state 5.
  - (c) Determine the variances in parts (a) and (b).
9. The birth and death process with parameters  $\lambda_n = 0$  and  $\mu_n = \mu, n > 0$  is called a pure death process. Find  $P_{ij}(t)$ .