WVU CS350 Spring-2010 Assignment 1

Source Code Printout

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prompt.c	

```
Program to find Pythagorean Triples
        By:
               Paul A. Prince
        For:
               WVU CS 350 - Donald Adjeroh
               2010-02-10 (created)
        Date:
   Assignment 1, Question 1:
  Pythagorean triple is: set of 3 integers (a, b, c) where a^2 + b^2 = c^2
 * Finds all such triples where none of the 3 integers are <1 or >500.
 * Treats (3, 4, 5) and (4, 3, 5) as distinct triples.
 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main(void) {
                             /* the two sides (legs) of the right triangle, */
        int a, b;
        int c;
                              /* the hypotenuse. */
                             /* keep track of how many pythagorean triples we find. */
        int num found = 0;
        for (a=1; a<=500; a++) {
               for (b=1; b<=500; b++) {
                        for (c=1; c<=500; c++) {
                                     if a^2 +
                                                  b^2 == c^2,
                               if (pow(a,2) + pow(b,2) == pow(c,2)) {
                               /* then we have a pythagorean triple: */
                                       num found++;
                                       printf("result %3d : a= %3d, b= %3d, c= %3d\n", num found, a, b, c);
                               }
                       }
               }
        }
        return 0; /* exit successfully */
}
```

```
Program to find Perfect Numbers
        By:
                Paul A. Prince
        For:
                WVU CS 350 - Donald Adjeroh
        Date:
               2010-02-10 (created)
   Assignment 1, Question 2:
 * Perfect number is: integer whose factors including 1 (but not the integer itself) sum to the integer.
 * Examples: (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of perfect numbers)
       6 = 1 + 2 + 3
      28 = 1 + 2 + 4 + 7 + 14
* Finds all such numbers between 1 and 10000.
 */
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void) {
        int n;
        for (n=1; n<=10000; n++) {
                int sum = 0;
                int i;
                for ( i=1; i<n; i++ ) {
                        if (n%i==0) sum+=i;
                if (n==sum) printf("result: %4d\n", n);
        }
        printf("Stopping after %d attempts.\n", (n - 1));
        return 0; /* exit successfully */
}
```

```
Program to find Greatest Common Divisor
       By:
               Paul A. Prince
       For:
               WVU CS 350 - Donald Adjeroh
       Date: 2010-02-10 (created)
 * Assignment 1, Question :3
 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "prompt.c"
int gcd_recursive(int x, int y);
int gcd_iterative(int x, int y);
int main(void) {
       int x;
       int y;
       printf("\nFind Greatest Common Divisor...\n");
       printf( "======\n\n");
       x = int_prompt("Enter 1st value (X)");
       y = int_prompt("Enter 2nd value (Y)");
       printf("\n Values of ( X , Y ) are ( %d , %d ).\n\n", x, y);
                   ** Recursive algorithm result: %8d **\n", gcd recursive(x, y));
       printf("
                   ** Iterative algorithm result: %8d **\n", gcd_iterative(x, y));
       printf("
       printf("\n");
       return 0: /* exit successfully */
}
```

```
int gcd_iterative(int x, int y) {
    /* Euclidean algorithm */
    /* http://en.literateprograms.org/Euclidean_algorithm_(C) */
    if (y > x) { int t = x; x = y; y = t; }
    while (y != 0) {
        int m = x % y;
            x = y;
            y = m;
    }
    return x;
}

int gcd_recursive(int x, int y) {
    if ( y == 0 ) {
        return x;
    }
    return gcd_recursive( y, x % y );
}
```

```
int main(void) {
       /* keep track of Knight's current position */
       int row, col;
       /* 8x8 array to represent the chessboard, */
       int chessboard[8][8];
       /* and an 8x8 array for the accessibility heuristic employed. */
       int accessibility[8][8];
       /* initialize our chessboard (empty board by default) */
       init_chessboard( chessboard );
       /* build the initial accessibility table for an empty chessboard */
       build accessibility( chessboard, accessibility );
       /* Display some stuff to the user... */
       printf("\n ======\n");
       printf( " = KNIGHT'S TOUR =\n");
printf( " ========\n\n\n");
       printf(" An Empty Chessboard:\n");
       printf(" ======\n");
       print_chessboard( chessboard );
       printf("\n\n");
       printf(" Accessibility for Empty Board:\n");
       printf(" ======\n");
       print_chessboard( accessibility );
       printf("\n\n");
       row = int prompt("Enter Knight's starting row ");
       col = int_prompt("Enter Knight's starting column");
       /* catch invalid user input. */
       if ( row < 0 || row > 7 || col < 0 || col > 7 ) {
               printf("\n\n!!! Error: Invalid Knight's starting position specified. Exiting.\n");
                                  Rows and columns are numbered from 0 to 7.\n");
               printf("
               exit(1);
       }
```

```
/* place the Knight on his starting position */
chessboard[row][col] = -1;
/* rebuild the accessibility table, now that the Knight has been placed on the board
* (the board is no longer empty.) */
build_accessibility( chessboard, accessibility );
int move counter = 0;
while(1) {
       printf(" -----\n\n");
       int move;
       int best move
                                  = -1; /* magic value! */
       int best_move_accessibility = 10; /* magic value! */
       for(move=0; move<8; move++) {</pre>
               if ( is valid move(chessboard, row, col, move) ) {
                       if ( accessibility[ move_row(row, move) ][ move_col(col, move) ] < best_move_accessibility ) {</pre>
                               best move = move;
                               best move accessibility = accessibility[ move row(row, move) ][ move col(col, move) ];
                       }
               }
       }
       if ( best move == -1 ) {
               if ( move counter == 63 ) {
                       printf("\n Hurrah, A tour was found!\n\n");
                       exit(0);
               } else {
                       printf("failure: no more moves possible after %d moves.\n", move_counter);
                       exit(1):
               }
       }
       move counter++;
       chessboard[row][col] = move counter;
       row = move row(row, best move);
       col = move col(col, best move);
       chessboard[row][col] = -\overline{1};
       build accessibility( chessboard, accessibility );
       printf(" Chessboard: (move %2d)\n", move_counter);
       printf(" =======\n");
       print chessboard( chessboard );
       printf("\n\n");
```

```
printf(" Table of Accessibility Numbers:\n");
                printf(" ========
                print_chessboard( accessibility );
                printf("\n\n");
        }
        return 0; /* exit successfully */
}
void init_chessboard(int chessboard[8][8]) {
        <u>int</u> i, j;
        for (i=0; i<8; i++) {
                for (j=0; j<8; j++) {
                        chessboard[i][j]=0;
                }
        }
}
void build_accessibility(int chessboard[8][8], int accessibility[8][8]) {
        int i, j, k;
        for (i=0; i<8; i++) {
                for (j=0; j<8; j++) {
                        int squares_accessibility = 0;
                        for (k=0; k<8; k++) {
                                if ( is_valid_move(chessboard, i, j, k) ) {
                                        ___squares_accessibility++;
                        accessibility[i][j] = squares_accessibility;
                }
        }
}
```

```
int move_row( int row, int move ) {
         int horizontal[8];
         horizontal[ 0 ] = 2; horizontal[ 1 ] = 1; horizontal[ 2 ] = -1; horizontal[ 3 ] = -2;
         horizontal[ 4 ] = -2; horizontal[ 5 ] = -1; horizontal[ 6 ] = 1; horizontal[ 7 ] = 2;
         return row + horizontal[ move ];
}
int move col( int col, int move ) {
         int vertical[8];
         vertical \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} = -1; vertical \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix} = -2; vertical \begin{bmatrix} 2 \end{bmatrix} = -2; vertical \begin{bmatrix} 3 \end{bmatrix} = -1;
         vertical[ 4 ] = 1; vertical[ 5 ] = 2; vertical[ 6 ] = 2; vertical[ 7 ] = 1;
         return col + vertical[ move ];
}
int is_valid_move( int chessboard[8][8], int row, int col, int move ) {
         row = move_row( row, move );
         col = move col( col, move );
         if ( row > 7 || row < 0 || col < 0 || col > 7 ) {
                  return 0; // false; not a valid move
         } else if ( chessboard[row][col] != 0 ) {
                  return 0; // false; not a valid move
                            // can only move to an unoccupied square.
         } else {
                  return 1; // true; is a valid move
         }
}
```

```
void print_chessboard(int chessboard[8][8]) {
       int i, j;
       for (i=0; i<8; i++) {
              printf("+--+\n");
              for (j=0; j<8; j++) {
                     switch (chessboard[i][j]) {
                            case 1 /* Knight is on this square */
                                   printf("| K ");
                                   break;
                            case 0: /* define 0 as 'empty square' value */
                                   printf("| ");
                                   break;
                            case 2: /* special case: print row/col numbers */
                                   printf("|%d,%d", i, j);
                                   break;
                            default: /* normally, just print the value in the square */
                                   printf("|%2d ", chessboard[i][j]);
                                   break:
                     }
              printf("|\n");
       printf("+---+\n");
}
```

prompt.c

```
Simple routines to prompt the user for input (using scanf)
        By:
                Paul A. Prince
                WVU CS 350 - Donald Adjeroh
        For:
        Date: 2010-02-10 (created)
 * This file is intended as a sort of library.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int int_prompt(char* prompt_string) {
        /* scanf() can be tricky to make behave properly.
         * reference: http://bytes.com/topic/c/answers/212167-help-infinite-loops-scanf */
        int prompt_answer;
        int scanf_return;
        while(1) {
                printf("
                              ");
                printf(prompt_string);
printf(":");
                fflush(stdout);
                scanf_return = scanf("%d%*[^\n]", &prompt_answer);
                if ( scanf_return == 1 ) {
                         return(prompt answer);
                } else {
                        clearerr(stdin);
                        scanf("%*[^\n]");
                }
        }
}
```