Question 1

(a) the primal problem

max
$$4x_1+3x_2$$

St $x_1+4x_2 \leq 140$ (41)

 $6x_1+3x_2 \leq 190$ (42)

 $x_2 \leq 30$ (43)

 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

the dual problem is:

min $140y_1 + 190y_2 + 30y_3$

St $y_1 + 6y_2 \neq 4$
 $4y_1 + 3y_2 + y_3 \geq 3$
 $y_1, y_2, y_3 \geq 0$

(b)
$$\frac{4\alpha_1 + 3\alpha_2}{\alpha_1 + 4\alpha_2 + \omega_1} = \frac{2}{140} \int_{-\frac{2}{3}}^{-\frac{2}{3}} \int_{-\frac{1}{6}}^{-\frac{2}{3}} w_1 = 140 \quad \forall x_1 = x_2 = 0 \quad \forall x_2 = 140 \quad \forall x_3 = 140 \quad \forall x_4 = 140 \quad \forall x_5 = 140 \quad$$

increase X, to min[30, 140] = 30

$$\frac{\chi_{2} - \frac{2}{3}\omega_{2}}{\frac{7}{2}\chi_{2} + \omega_{1} - \frac{1}{6}\omega_{2}} = \frac{2 - 120}{10} \qquad \chi_{1} = 30 \quad \omega_{1} = 110 \quad \omega_{3} = 30$$

$$\chi_{1} + \frac{1}{2}\chi_{2} + \frac{1}{6}\omega_{2} = 30 \quad \chi_{2} = 0 \quad Z = 120$$

$$\chi_{2} + \omega_{3} = 30$$

increase 1/2 to min [220, 30, 60]=30

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{3}w_{2} - w_{3} = 2 - 150}{w_{1} - \frac{1}{6}w_{2} - \frac{1}{2}w_{3} = 5} \qquad x_{1} = 1\overline{2} \qquad x_{2} = 30 \qquad z = 150$$

$$x_{1} + \frac{1}{6}w_{2} - \frac{1}{2}w_{3} = 1\overline{2} \qquad x_{2} = 30 \qquad z = 150$$

The optimal solution is (15.30, 5.0,0)

.c) By using the last system of equations, the optimal of the dual problem is $(0, \frac{2}{3}, 1, 0, 0)$

(d) Check to feasible solution

for primal problem
$$x_{1} + 4x_{2} + w_{1} = 15 + 4 \times 30 + 5 = 140 \quad (x_{1} + 4x_{2} \le 140)$$

$$6x_{1} + 3x_{2} + w_{2} = 6 \times 15 + 3 \times 30 + 0 = 130 \quad (6x_{1} + 3x_{2} \le 180)$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x_{1} + 3x_{2} = 4 \times 15 + 3 \times 30 = 150$$

$$y_{1} + 6y_{2} = 0 + 6 \times \frac{2}{3} > 4$$

$$4y_{1} + 3y_{2} + y_{3} = 3 \times \frac{2}{3} + 1 > 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 140 y_{1} + 180y_{2} + 30y_{3} = 0 + 130 \times \frac{2}{3} + 30 \times 1 = 150$$

Because of weak duality, the optimal solution to the dual problem that start in Part c is indeed the optimal solution to the dual problem.

(e) Replacing all of the appearance of w_2 with $w_2 - \varepsilon$. Thus, we get $\frac{4x_1 + 3x_2}{x_1 + 4x_2 + w_1} = \frac{3}{140}$ $6x_1 + 3x_2 + (w_2 - \varepsilon) = 130$ $x_1 + w_3 = 30$

Apply the same sequence of row operation, we can obtain

$$-\frac{2}{3}(w_{2}-\xi)-w_{3}=z-150 \qquad -\frac{2}{3}w_{1}-w_{2}=z-150-\frac{2}{3}\xi$$

$$w_{1}-\frac{1}{5}(w_{2}-\xi)-\frac{1}{2}w_{3}=5$$

$$\chi_{1}+\frac{1}{5}(w_{2}-\xi)-\frac{1}{2}w_{3}=15$$

$$\chi_{2}+w_{3}=30$$

$$v=can obtain$$

$$-\frac{2}{3}w_{1}-w_{2}=z-150-\frac{2}{3}\xi$$

$$w_{1}-\frac{1}{5}w_{2}-\frac{1}{2}w_{3}=1-\frac{1}{5}\xi$$

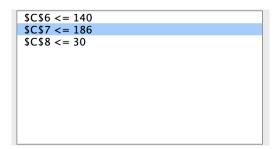
$$\chi_{2}+w_{3}=30$$

$$\chi_{2}+w_{3}=30$$

Thus, the optimal solution is (15+6 \pm , 30, 5-6 \pm , 0.0) and the objective value is 150+ $\frac{2}{3}$ \xi\text{ thus the change botween objective values is $\frac{2}{3}$ \xi\text{ f} if we cannot generate the optimal solution using the system above. We cannot make the objective value increase when we add \pm to the right of the constrains.

When \pm 30, \pm 6 \pm is smaller than 0, which means we can't find the optimal value for W1 since W170, Thus, the largest value of \pm is 30

(g) ϵ =6, using excel to solve the problem. We set the second constrain to 180+6=186, the figure is shown as follows:



We get the optimal solution:

x1	16		
x2	30		
4x1+3x2	154		
st	x1 + 4x2	136	
	$6 \times 1 + 3 \times 2$	186	
	x2	30	

We find that the optimal solution goes to (16, 30) and the objective value goes to 154. As we mentioned in Part e, $x1 = 15+\epsilon/6 = 16$ and objective value = $150+2\epsilon/3 = 150+4 = 154$.

The optimal objective value increases 4 and matches my solution in Part e.

(h) ϵ =36, using excel to solve the problem. We set the second constrain to 180+36=216, the figure is shown as follows:

We get the optimal solution:

x1	21.1428571	
x2	29.7142857	
4x1+3x2	173.714286	
st	x1 + 4x2	140
	$6 \times 1 + 3 \times 2$	216
	x2	29.7142857
	XZ	29.114203

We find that the optimal solution goes to (21.142857, 29.714285) and the objective value goes to 173.714286. The objective value increases 23.714286.

If we use the solution mentioned in Part e, x1 should be $15+\epsilon/6=21$, x2 should be 30 and objective value should be $150+2\epsilon/3=150+24=174$. Which does not match our solution in Part e. But using the solution in Part f, our solution in Part e can only be usable when $\epsilon <= 30$, so the result of Part h matches the solution of Part f.