Question 1. D -2x, +2x2-x3+3x4 -3x1 + x2 +4x3 + x4 +W1) 3 x1 - x2 -3x3-2x4 +W2 +3 22 Fousible solution: WI=0, Wz=3, XI=Xz=X3=XK=0, 200 Tucrease X4 to increase 8. X4= min 50, 003=0. 7x1-x2-13x3 -3W1 -3x1+x2+4x3+xy+W1 -3 x1 + x2 +5x3 +2w1 +(w2) =3 Feesible soluthen: 14=0, W2=3, N1=12=12=W1=0. Increase X, to increase 8: x1= {00,00}= 00 => the L.P. is unbounded for some t 20 consider solution: 1x1=t, 1x4=3t, W== 3+3t, x2=x3=W1=0 Z=7t => arbitrarily large. so DL.P. is unbounded. Question 2 0 5x1 +7x2-12 x3-10 X4 $2x_1 - 2x_2 - 3x_3 - 2x_4 + w_1 = 6$ $2x_1 + 5x_2 - 4x_3 - 4x_4 + w_2 = 3$ Feasible Solution: W,=6, wz=3, X1=Xz=X3=X4=0, Z=0 Increase X2 to increase 8: Nz= min { 00, 3/5} = 3/5 - 3W2 = 2 - 21 K 14 × - 23 × 3 - 18 × 4 + W1 + 2 W2 = 36 5 7-2 = X1 + X2 - = X3 - = X4 + = = = = 1 Feasible Solition: Nz=35, W= 36, N=N3=N4=Wz=0. Increase ox, to increase 2: (X1=min {36/4, 3/2} = 3 - \frac{5}{2}W_2 = 2 - \frac{15}{2} 2+1 x= -7x2 + x3 + 2x4 fw) - w2 = 3 $(x_1) + \frac{5}{2}x_2 - 2x_3 - 2x_4 + 2w_2 = \frac{3}{5}$ Feasible solution: N== 3, w1=3 1/2=X3=X4=W=0, 2=15 No positive coefficient in objective further. But 74 has O coefficient. => has alternative optimal solution. Increase X4: X4= min { 3/2,003=3/2

Feasible solution: $x_1 = \frac{9}{2}$, $x_2 = \frac{3}{2}$, $x_2 = x_3 = w_1 = w_2 = 0$, $z = \frac{15}{2}$ No positive coefficient in objective function = also optimal

solution -

Question3 -X1+ 4x2+4x3-x4 -x1 - 2x2 + 4 x3 + 2x4 + w1 = 1 51 -2 2x2 + 2x3 + 2x4 + w2 = 3 51 x = Feasible solution: W=1, W=3, X=X=X==x==0, 8=0 Increase X2 to increase 8: x==min f 00 , 3/23 = 3/2. -X4 -ZW2 = 2-6 +6×3+2×4+(W)+W2=4 +±W2=32-1/6 ×/6 Feasible solution: $x_2 = \frac{3}{2}$, $w_1 = 4 \cdot x_1 = x_2 - x_4 = w_2 = 0$, 3 = 6. No positive coefficient variable in objective further => optimal @ But 1/3 has coefficient 0 in objective further => has alternative optival solution: Increase x3: 1x3 = min {46, 32} = 33 (3) $-x_1$ $-x_4$ $-2w_2=8-6$ -tx1 + x2 + x4+ tw1+ tw2 = 2/3 - = x4 - 6W1 + = W2 = 5/6 6x1+(x2) Feasible solution: Xz= 1/6, X3= 1/3, X1= X4= W1= W2=0, Z=6 No positive coefficient variable in objective fuetour => eptimal => Two possible optimal solutions: $\mathbb{D}_{X_2=\frac{3}{2}}$, $X_1=X_3=X_4=0$, optimal value: 6. 2 N2= 5, X3= 2, X1=X4=0, optimal value:6 Two possible optimal solutions:

1 1x1= 3, 1x20, 1x3=0, 1x4=0, optimal value: 15

(2) x1=9, 5x2-0, x2-0, x4=3, optical value: 15

Question 4. $0 -4x_1 + 19x_2 + 5x_3 = 2 -\frac{19}{6}$ $6x_2 - x_3 + m_3 = 4 -\frac{19}{2} \times \frac{1}{6}$ $-2x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 + m_2 = 3 -\frac{19}{6}$ Feasible solution: MI=4, M==3, XI=X==X3=0. Increase X2 to increase 8. 1x=min {4/6, 3/3} = 43 Featble solution: $x_2 = \frac{2}{5}$, $m_2 = 1$, $x_1 = x_3 = m_1 = 0$, $z = \frac{38}{2}$ Increase Xs to increase 2: X3=min { 00, 1/3}=== $\frac{2}{3}x_{1} \qquad -2m_{1} - \frac{7}{3}m_{2} = 2 - 15$ $-\frac{2}{3}x_{1} + x_{2} \qquad +\frac{1}{2}m_{1} + \frac{1}{2}m_{2} = \frac{5}{7}$ $-\frac{4}{7}X_1$ $+(X_3)$ $-\frac{1}{7}m_1+\frac{2}{7}m_2=\frac{2}{7}$ Feasible solution: X== =, X3===, X1=M1=M=0, Z=15 Increase XI to increase 2: X = min { 00,00 } = 00 => L.P. is unbounded for some t 30 consider Solution: K1=t, X2= =+=t, X3==++t, m,=m2=0, 2=15+ => arbitrarily large => so. L.P. is unbounded.