# MA582 Homework 4

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# 1 Problems 1-2

Suppose for the family  $\mathcal{F} = \{f_{\theta} : \theta \in \Theta\}$  we have a CAN estimator  $\hat{\theta}_n$  with an ANV of  $v(\theta)$  which is continuous with respect to  $\theta$ .

- 1. Show step-by-step how to find a reparameterization function  $g: \Theta \to \mathbb{R}$  such that the new ANV for the new estimator of the new parameter is completely parameter-free.
- 2. Show how, for your new parameter/estimator's CI, the margin of error is quite simplified.

Solution. 1. By the reparameterization lemma ( $\Delta$  method), if  $g:\Theta\to\mathbb{R}$  is 1-1 and differentiable,  $\hat{\delta}_n=g(\hat{\theta}_n)$  is a CAN estimator of  $\delta=g(\theta)$  with ANV  $v(\theta)\cdot g'(\theta)^2$ . Without loss of generality, we can aim for this to be constantly 1, which is achieved if  $g'(\theta)=v(\theta)^{-1/2}$  for all  $\theta$ . Therefore, we can take as a candidate reparameterization function any of the antiderivatives specified by

$$g(\theta) = \int v(\theta)^{-1/2} d\theta.$$

To see that any such g meets the hypotheses of the reparameterization lemma, observe that v being continuous tells us that g is differentiable by the fundamental theorem of calculus, and v > 0 tells us that g is a strictly increasing function, hence 1-1.

2. From homework 3, since  $\hat{\delta}_n$  is a CAN estimator for  $\delta$  with ANV 1, our CI for  $\delta$  is

$$\hat{\delta}_n - \frac{z_{\alpha/2}}{\sqrt{n}} \le \delta \le \hat{\delta}_n + \frac{z_{\alpha/2}}{\sqrt{n}}.$$

## 2 Problem 3

For  $\text{Exp}(\lambda)$ , where  $\lambda > 0$ , we found a CAN estimator in lectures. Apply variance stabilization.

Solution. The CAN estimator we found in lectures is  $\hat{\lambda}_n = 1/\overline{X_n}$  with ANV  $v(\lambda) = \lambda^2$ , so we let

$$g(\lambda) = \int v(\lambda)^{-1/2} d\lambda = \int d\lambda/\lambda = \log \lambda.$$

That is,  $\log(\hat{\lambda}_n) = -\log \overline{X_n}$  is a CAN estimator for  $\log \lambda = -\log(\text{mean})$  with constant ANV 1.  $\square$