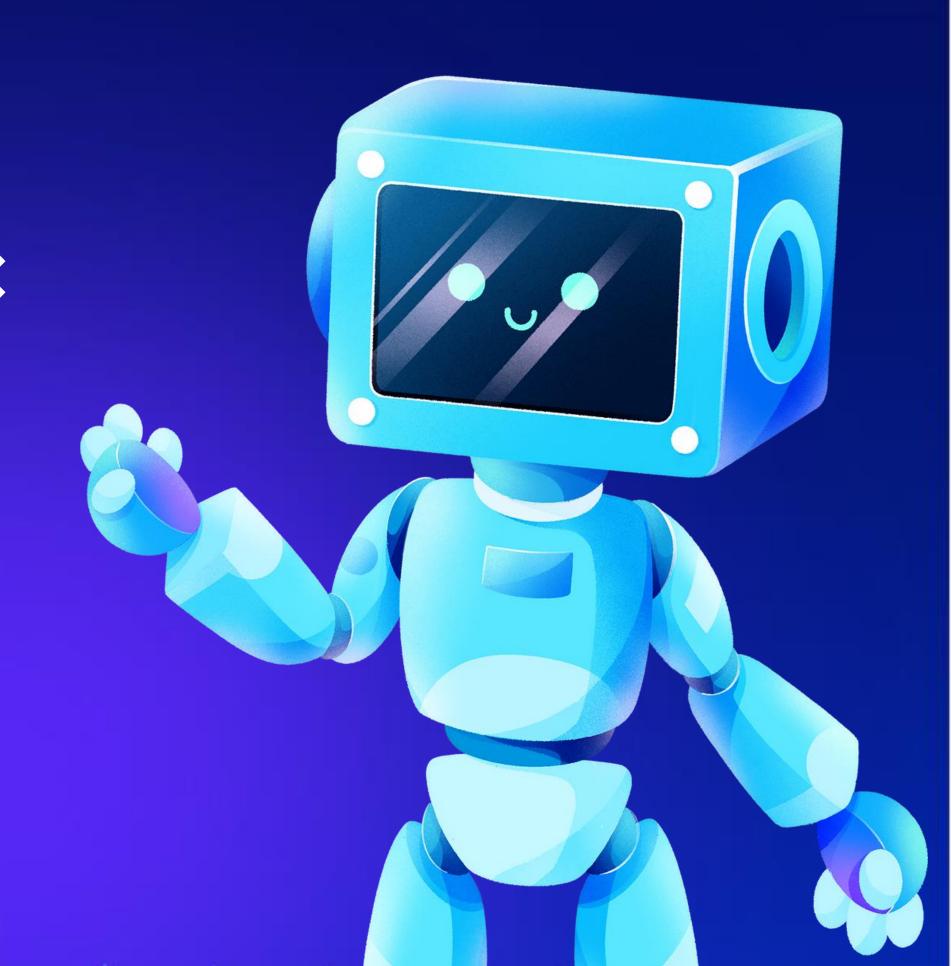


WEEKLY REPORT LAB FTDC TEAM 5

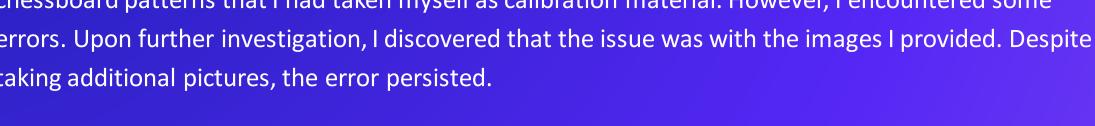
Team Members : Abdul Aziz



Report on Abdul Aziz

Learning Camera Calibration and Trying to Run the Camera Calibration Program

This week, I have been exploring camera calibration through a variety of sources, including a reference guide and YouTube tutorials. I attempted to run a camera calibration program using pictures of chessboard patterns that I had taken myself as calibration material. However, I encountered some errors. Upon further investigation, I discovered that the issue was with the images I provided. Despite taking additional pictures, the error persisted.



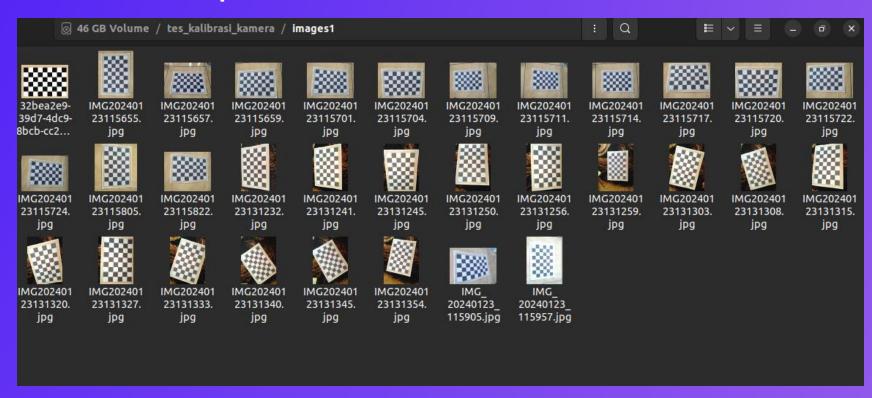
Capture Error

```
ichika@ichika-VivoBook-14-ASUS-Laptop-X441MA-X441MA:/media/ichika/3F4DD044061E65E3/tes kalibrasi kamera$ python3 kalibras
i.py
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "/media/ichika/3F4DD044061E65E3/tes kalibrasi kamera/kalibrasi.py", line 56, in <module>
    ret, mtx, dist, rvecs, tvecs = cv2.calibrateCamera(objpoints, imgpoints, gray.shape[::-1], None, None)
cv2.error: OpenCV(4.9.0) /io/opencv/modules/calib3d/src/calibration.cpp:3752: error: (-215:Assertion failed) nimages > 0
in function 'calibrateCameraRO'
ichika@ichika-VivoBook-14-ASUS-Laptop-X441MA-X441MA:/media/ichika/3F4DD044061E65E3/tes kalibrasi kamera$
* History restored
```



Capture Program import cv2 import numpy as np import glob 7 CHECKERBOARD = (6, 9)8 criteria = (cv2.TERM CRITERIA EPS + cv2.TERM CRITERIA MAX ITER, 30, 0.001) 11 objpoints = [] imgpoints = [] # Defining the world coordinates for 3D points objp = np.zeros((1, CHECKERBOARD[0] * CHECKERBOARD[1], 3), np.float32) objp[0, :, :2] = np.mgrid[0:CHECKERBOARD[0], 0:CHECKERBOARD[1]].T.reshape(-1, 2)19 prev_img_shape = None 21 # Extracting path of individual image stored in a given directory 22 images = glob.glob('./images1/*.jpg') 24 for fname in images: img = cv2.imread(fname) gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY) # If desired number of corners are found in the image then ret = true ret, corners = cv2.findChessboardCorners(gray, CHECKERBOARD, cv2.CALIB CB ADAPTIVE THRESH + cv2.CALIB CB FAST CHECK + cv2.CALIB CB NORMALIZE IMAGE) we refine the pixel coordinates and display them on the images of checker board corners2 = cv2.cornerSubPix(gray, corners, (11, 11), (-1, -1), criteria) imgpoints.append(corners2) img = cv2.drawChessboardCorners(img, CHECKERBOARD, corners2, ret) cv2.imshow('img', img) cv2.waitKey(0) 48 h, w = img.shape[:2]51 Performing camera calibration by 52 passing the value of known 3D points (objpoints) 53 and corresponding pixel coordinates of the 54 detected corners (imgpoints) 56 ret, mtx, dist, rvecs, tvecs = cv2.calibrateCamera(objpoints, imgpoints, gray.shape[::-1], None, None) print("Camera matrix : n") print(mtx) 59 print("dist : n") 60 print(dist) 61 print("rvecs : n") 63 print("tvecs : n") 64 print(tvecs) 66 cv2.destroyAllWindows()

chess board pictures



Report on Abdul Aziz

2. Learning Fundamentals of Python

This week, I had the opportunity to study basic Python, specifically functions, and I was able to use this knowledge to create a program that calculates the area and perimeter of a rectangle.

Source

- https://github.com/aziz-0110/weekly-report-1-FTDC
- https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2021/10/a-comprehensiveguide-for-camera-calibration-in-computer-vision/



I am endeavoring to
enhance my English
language proficiency, so I
kindly request your pardon
for any imprecisions in my
vocabulary selection.

Capture Program

```
import numpy as np
   import alob
   CHECKERBOARD = (6, 9)
   criteria = (cv2.TERM CRITERIA EPS + cv2.TERM CRITERIA MAX ITER, 30, 0.001)
  # Creating vector to store vectors of 3D points for each checkerboard image
  # Creating vector to store vectors of 2D points for each checkerboard image
   # Defining the world coordinates for 3D points
   objp = np.zeros((1, CHECKERBOARD[0] * CHECKERBOARD[1], 3), np.float32)
   objp[0, :, :2] = np.mgrid[0:CHECKERBOARD[0], 0:CHECKERBOARD[1]].T.reshape(-1, 2)
   prev_img shape = None
  # Extracting path of individual image stored in a given directory
  images = glob.glob('./images1/*.jpg')
  for fname in images:
       img = cv2.imread(fname)
       gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
       # If desired number of corners are found in the image then ret = true
       ret, corners = cv2.findChessboardCorners(gray, CHECKERBOARD,
                                                cv2.CALIB CB ADAPTIVE THRESH + cv2.CALIB CB FAST CHECK + cv2.CALIB CB NORMALIZE IMAGE)
       If desired number of corner are detected,
       we refine the pixel coordinates and display
       them on the images of checker board
           # refining pixel coordinates for given 2d points.
           corners2 = cv2.cornerSubPix(gray, corners, (11, 11), (-1, -1), criteria)
           imgpoints.append(corners2)
           # Draw and display the corners
           img = cv2.drawChessboardCorners(img, CHECKERBOARD, corners2, ret)
           cv2.waitKey(0)
47 # Ensure that the variable 'img' is defined outside the loop
48 h, w = img.shape[:2]
   Performing camera calibration by
   passing the value of known 3D points (objpoints)
   and corresponding pixel coordinates of the
   detected corners (imgpoints)
  ret, mtx, dist, rvecs, tvecs = cv2.calibrateCamera(objpoints, imgpoints, gray.shape[::-1], <u>None, None)</u>
   print("Camera matrix : n")
   print(dist)
   print("rvecs : n")
   print(rvecs)
   print("tvecs : n")
   print(tvecs)
   cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```