

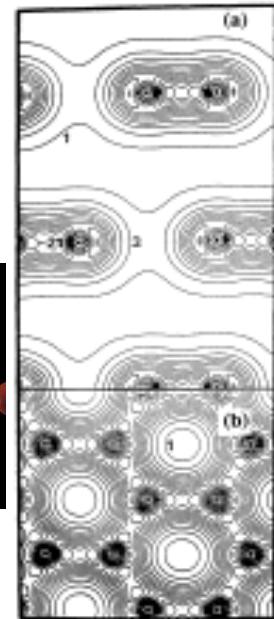
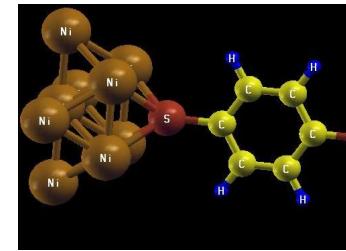
# **Guided tour of ABINIT : First-principles study of material properties**

> 40 ABINIT contributors yearly ...

# Properties from first principles

Computation of simple properties ...

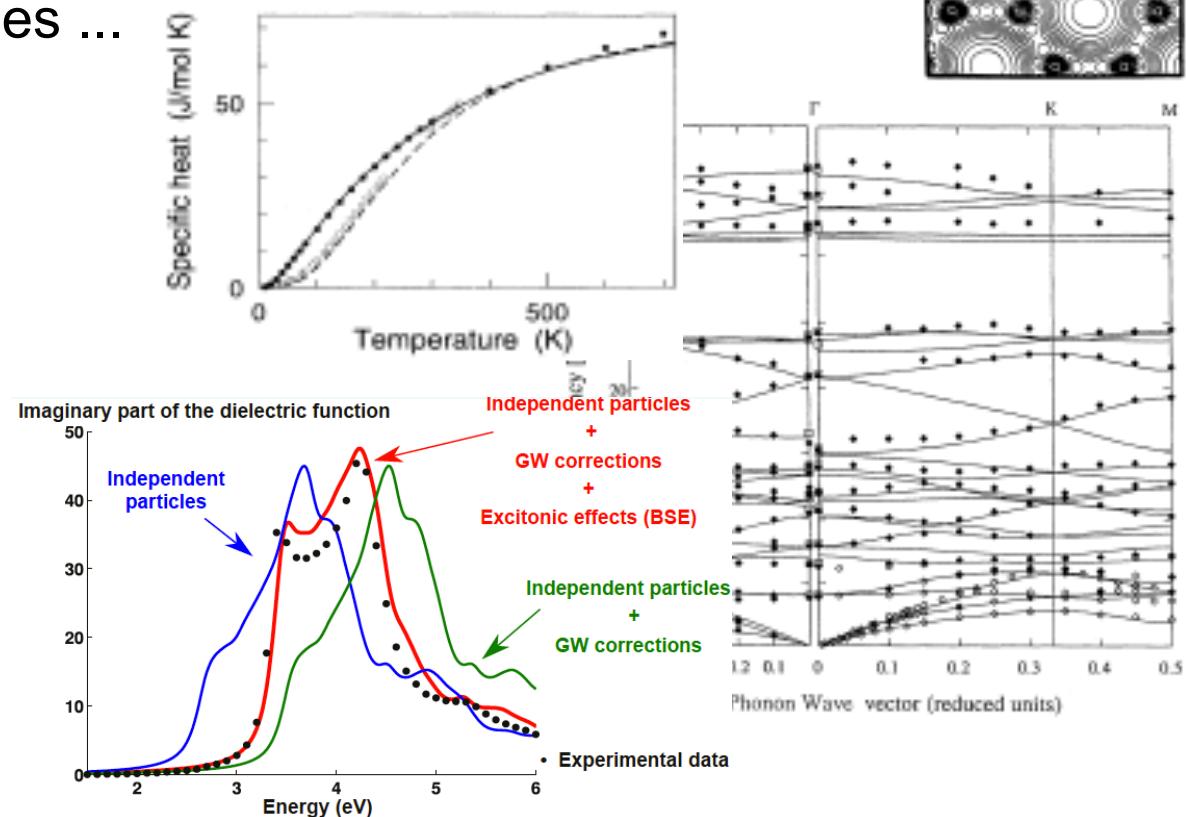
interatomic distances, angles, total energies  
electronic charge densities, electronic energies



Followed by more complex ones ...

vibrational properties  
thermal capacity  
dielectric behaviour  
optical response  
superconductivity  
surface properties  
spectroscopic responses  
piezoelectricity  
electronic transport

...



# ABINIT software project

Ideas (**1997**) :

- 1) Software applications for first-principles simulations are more and more sophisticated : one needs a worldwide collaboration, of specialized, complementary, groups
- 2) Linux software development : ‘free software’ model

Now (**2017**) :

- >1700 registered people on the forum
- 800 kLines of F90
- about 60 contributors to ABINITv7

# ABINIT milestones

- Precursor : the Corning PW code (commercialized 1992-1995 by Biosym)
- 1997 : beginning of the ABINIT project
- Dec 2000 : release of ABINITv3 under the GNU General Public License (GPL)
- Nov 2002 – May 2017 : **8 international ABINIT developer workshops**  
(between 35 and 60 participants each)
- Jan 2010 : launch of the Forum



Participants to the Frejus 2017 Int. ABINIT developer workshop

# A few references

- Description of the ABINIT project and ABINIT capabilities
  - X. Gonze et al, Comput. Mat. Science 25, 478 (2002)
  - X. Gonze et al, Z. Kristallogr. 220, 558 (2005)
  - X. Gonze et al, Comp. Phys. Comm. 180, 2582 (2009)
  - X. Gonze et al, Comp. Phys. Comm. 205, 106 (2016)
- Software engineering and management techniques used in ABINIT
  - Y. Pouillon et al, Computing in Science and Engineering 13, 62 (2011)
- File format description (ETSF-IO)
  - X. Gonze et al, Comput. Mat. Science 43, 1056 (2008)
- Focused papers on specific implementations within ABINIT (e.g. PAW, parallelism)
  - M. Torrent et al, Comput. Mat. Science 42, 337 (2008)
  - F. Bottin et al, Comp. Mat. Science 42, 329 (2008)

# Guided tour ...

1. Capabilities
2. License
3. Reliability, portability
4. Documentation
5. Miscellaneous

# Capabilities

# ABINIT v8 capabilities (I)

## Methodologies

Pseudopotentials/Plane Waves

+ Projector Augmented Waves (for selected capabilities)

Many pseudopotential types, different PAW generators  
(ATOMPAW is shipped with ABINIT)

Density functionals : LDA, GGA (many : PBE and variations, HCTH, ...),

LDA+U (or GGA+U)

hybrid functionals + some advanced functionals (exact exchange + RPA or ...)

LR-TDDFT for finite systems excitation energies (Casida)

GW for accurate electronic eigenenergies

(4 plasmon-pole models or contour integration ; non-self-consistent / partly self-consistent / quasiparticle self-consistent ; spin-polarized)

Bethe-Salpeter for accurate optical properties calculations

Dynamical mean field-theory for strongly-correlated materials

# ABINIT v8 capabilities (II)

Insulators/metals - smearings : Fermi, Gaussian, Gauss-Hermite ...

Collinear spin / non-collinear spin / spin-orbit coupling

Forces, stresses, automatic optimisation of atomic positions and unit cell parameters (Broyden and Molecular dynamics with damping)

Molecular dynamics (Verlet or Numerov), Nosé thermostat, Langevin dynamics

Path-Integral Molecular Dynamics, String / NEB method for saddle points

Susceptibility matrix by sum over states (Adler-Wiser)

Optical (linear + non-linear) spectra by sum over states

Polarization, finite electric field calculations

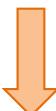
Electric field gradients

Positron lifetime

Symmetry analyser (database of the 230 spatial groups and the 1191 Shubnikov magnetic groups)

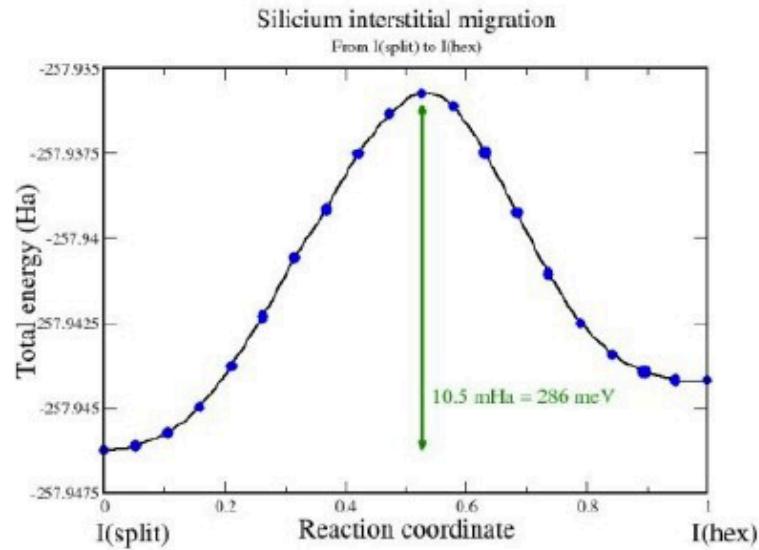
# ABINIT v8 capabilities (III)

Density-Functional Perturbation Theory :

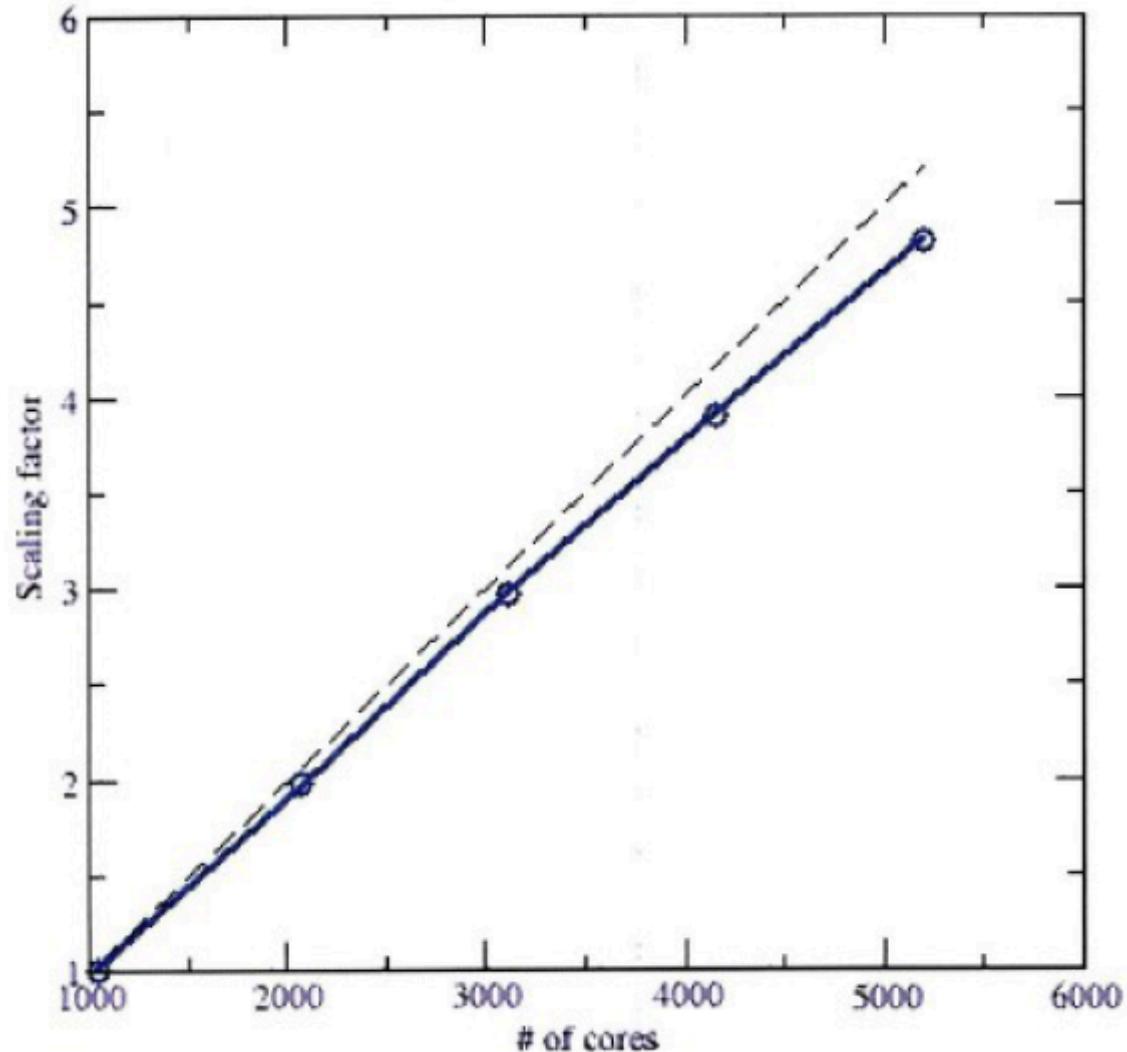
- Responses to atomic displacements, to static homogeneous electric field, to strain perturbations
- 
- Second-order derivatives of the energy, giving direct access to : dynamical matrices at any q, **phonon frequencies**, force constants ; **phonon DOS**, thermodynamic properties (quasi-harmonic approximation) ; dielectric tensor, Born effective charges ; elastic constants, internal strain ; piezoelectric tensor ...
  - Matrix elements, giving direct access to : **electron-phonon coupling**, deformation potentials, superconductivity, **temperature-depedence of the electronic structure**
  - Non-linear responses thanks to the 2n+1 theorem - at present : non-linear dielectric susceptibility; Raman cross-section ; electro-optic tensor

# Parallelisation : four levels

Parallelisation over space, bands, wavevectors, images can be used simultaneously



Test case: calculation of the energy barrier between two positions of a silicon interstitial atom  
65 silicon atoms ; 20 images of the cell  
4 *k*-points; 130 bands; PAW method



# ABINIT goes high-throughput : Abipy

Abipy is a library for launching ABINIT jobs,  
and analysing/plotting the results

<http://pythonhosted.org/abipy>

=> connecting ABINIT with tools for high-throughput  
calculations developed in the Materials Project context  
(e.g. Pymatgen, Fireworks).

See ABINIT Github Web site  
<http://github.com/abinit>

# The broader picture ... couplings ...

- Through files :
  - With pseudopotential generators  
(FHI98PP, OPIUM, APE, ATOMPAW, ONCVPSP, USPP, UPF ...)
  - With file “postprocessors”  
(EXC, DP, YAMBO, V\_SIM, XCRYSDEN, Pymatgen)
- Through libraries :
  - LibXC (from OCTOPUS), WANNIER90
- Also with packagers :
  - Debian, Gentoo, Ubuntu



Home

European Theoretical Spectroscopy Facility

ETSF

Intranet

Welcome to the European Theoretical Spectroscopy Facility

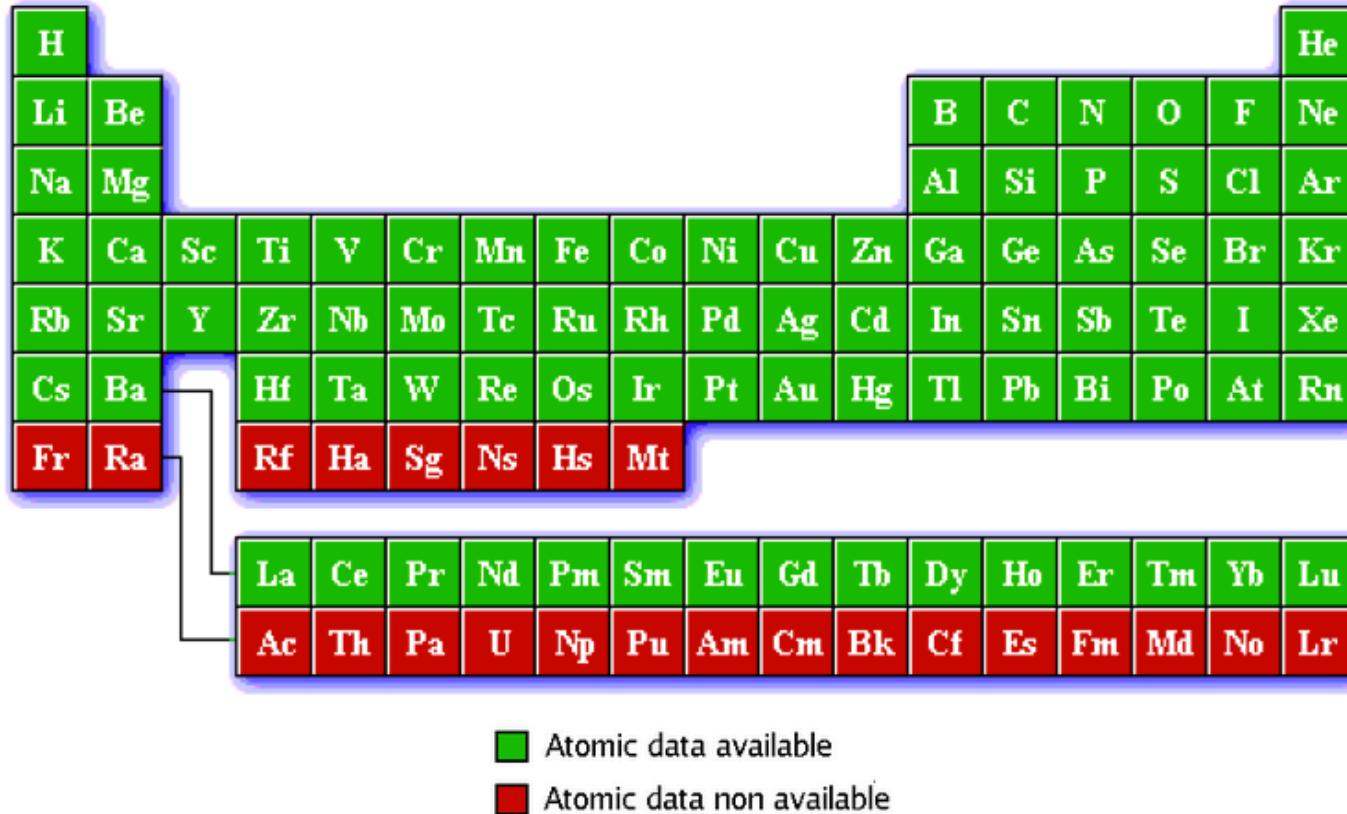
A screenshot of the European Theoretical Spectroscopy Facility (ETSF) website. The header features the ETSF logo (a wavy line and star) and the text "European Theoretical Spectroscopy Facility". Below the header is a collage of images: a lecture hall, a molecular orbital diagram, a 3D atomic model, and a heatmap. The bottom of the page has a "Intranet" link and the text "Welcome to the European Theoretical Spectroscopy Facility".

# Pseudopotentials/PAW data in ABINIT

- Preferred PAW atomic dataset table : JTH v1.0

<http://www.abinit.org/download/atomic-data-files>

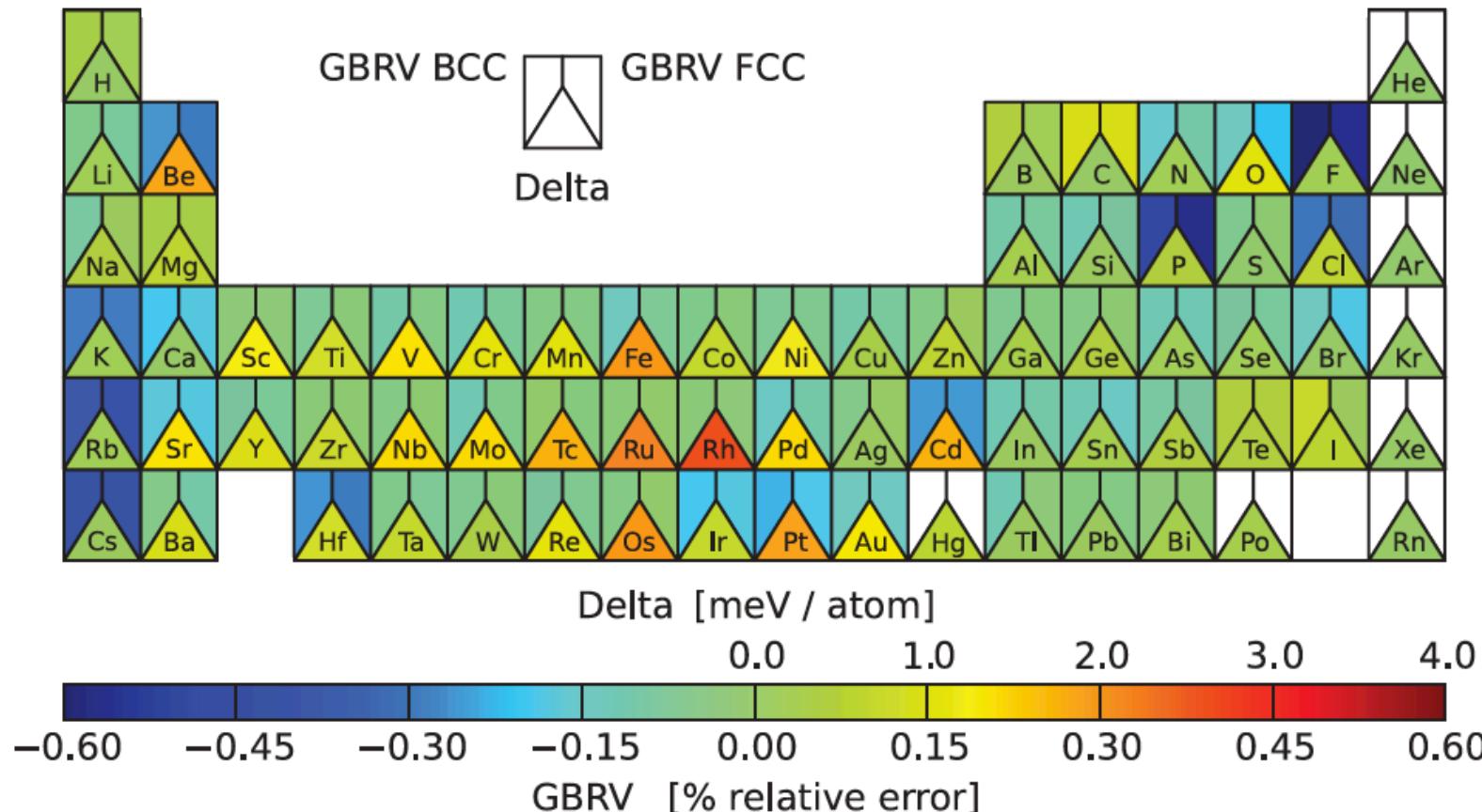
See Jollet, Torrent, Holzwarth, Computer Physics Comm. 185, 1246 (2014)



Also, possibility to use : GPAW table, GBRV v1.0 table, or norm-conserving pseudopotentials (e.g. ONVC pseudo generator), or many other pseudos ...

# Assessment of precision : NC, PAW

## ONCVPSP PBE table



# License

# The “Free” software concept

Free for freedom (also price ...)

- freedom 1 : unlimited use for any purpose
- freedom 2 : study and modify for your needs (need source access !)
- freedom 3 : copy
- freedom 4 : distribute modifications

From copyright to freedom (“copyleft”)

- copyright allows licensing
- licenses grants freedom

Terminology : Free software=Open source=Libre software

ABINIT pioneered the use of the GPL « Free software license » in the computational condensed matter community (2000)

<http://www.abinit.org> : download, documentation ...

# Reliability / portability

# Quality control : test suite + test farm

How to secure existing capabilities despite the development efforts (**by diverse groups**) and associated bug generation ?

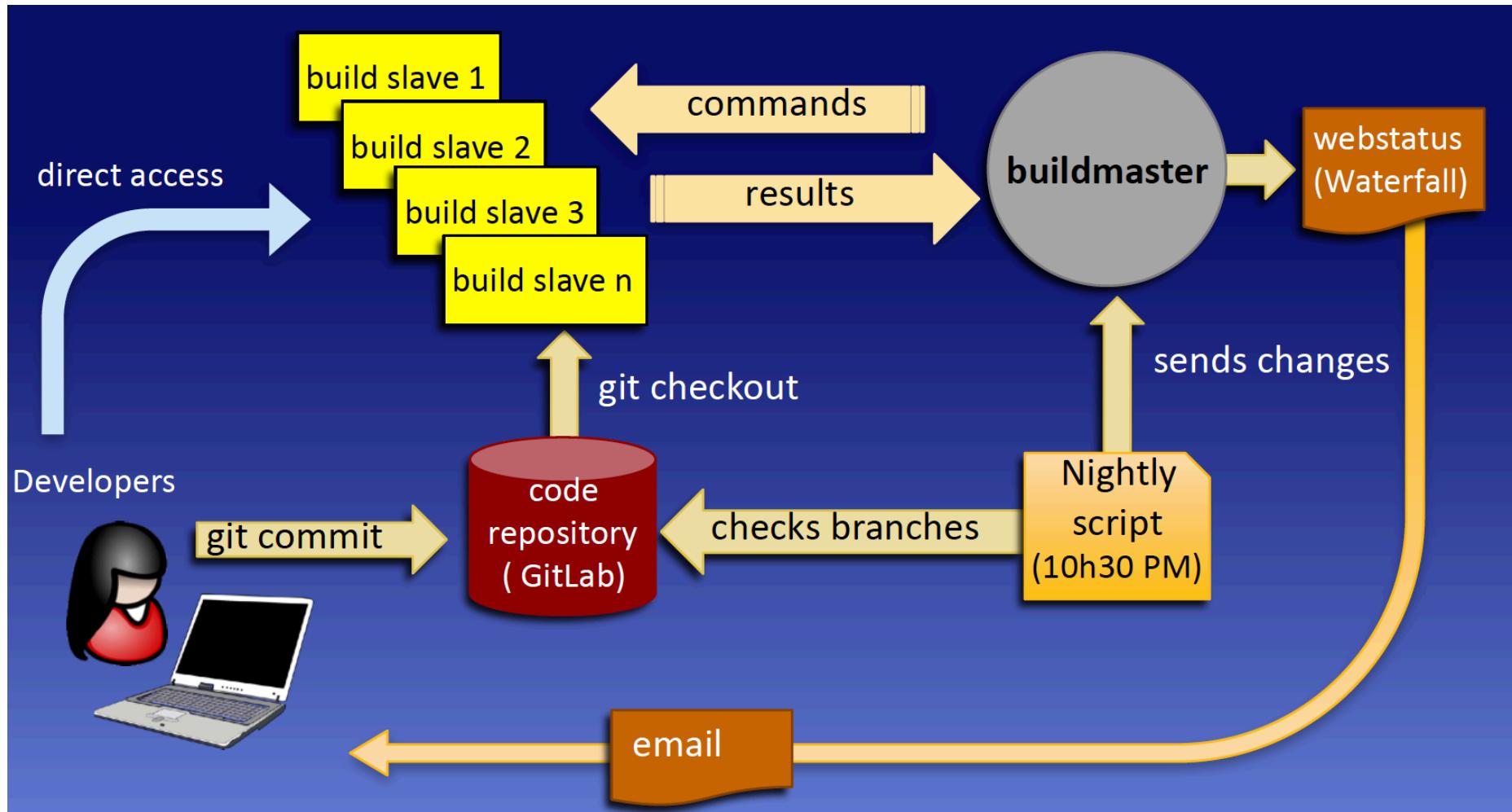
Test suite : >1000 automatic tests (+ new added for each capability)

Test farm : >12 computers (4 to 48 cores)

with 4 compilers (gfort, Intel, NAG, XLF) => over 20 ‘builders’

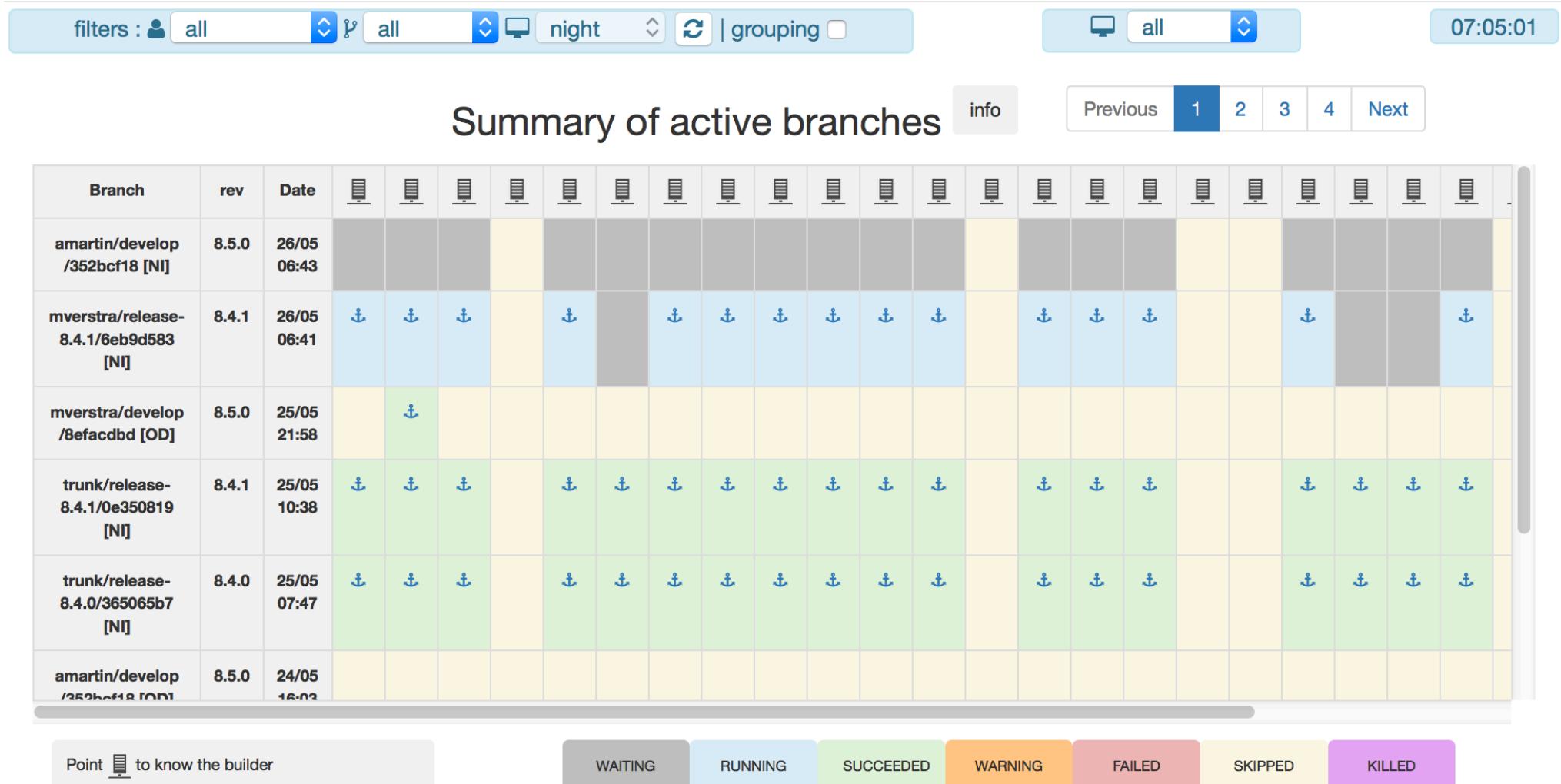
Name	Brand	CPU / Freq	# cores	RAM	OS	misc
abiref	HP DL360 gen9	Xeon E5-2670v3/ 2.30	2 x 24	32GB	CentOS 7.2	Ref
bob	Dell R430	Xeon E5-2603v3/ 1.60	2 x 6	8GB	Fedora 23	
buda	SuperMicro	Xeon X5570/ 2.7	2 x 4	12GB	CentOS 6.8	2xGPU K40 2xGPU C1060
coba2	HP Z400	Xeon W3520/ 2.7	4	12GB	CentOS 6.5	
cronos	HP DL185 G7	AMD Opteron 6276/ 2.3	2 x 16	16GB	Debian 5.0	
graphene	Apple MacPro	Xeon E5-2697/ 2.7	1 x 12	64GB	MacOS X 10.12	
ibm8	IBM Power S824	Power8/ 3.0	4	8GB	AIX 7.2	
inca	virtual machine	Opteron 6276/ 2.3	12	30GB	CentOS 6.9	
max2	HP DL185	Opteron 6140/ 2.6	2 x 8	12GB	Slinux 6.1	
petrus	Intel	Core i7 3930/ 3.2	6	16GB	openSUSE 12.1	
testf	Bull Novascale	Xeon X5570/ 2.9	2 x 4	12GB	CentOS 5.11	
tikal	Dell T5500	Xeon X5647/ 3.0	8	8GB	Slinux 6.9	
ubu	HP DL360 gen9	Xeon E5-2670v3/ 2.30	2 x 24	32GB	Ubuntu 16.04	

# ETSF Test farm, under buildbot



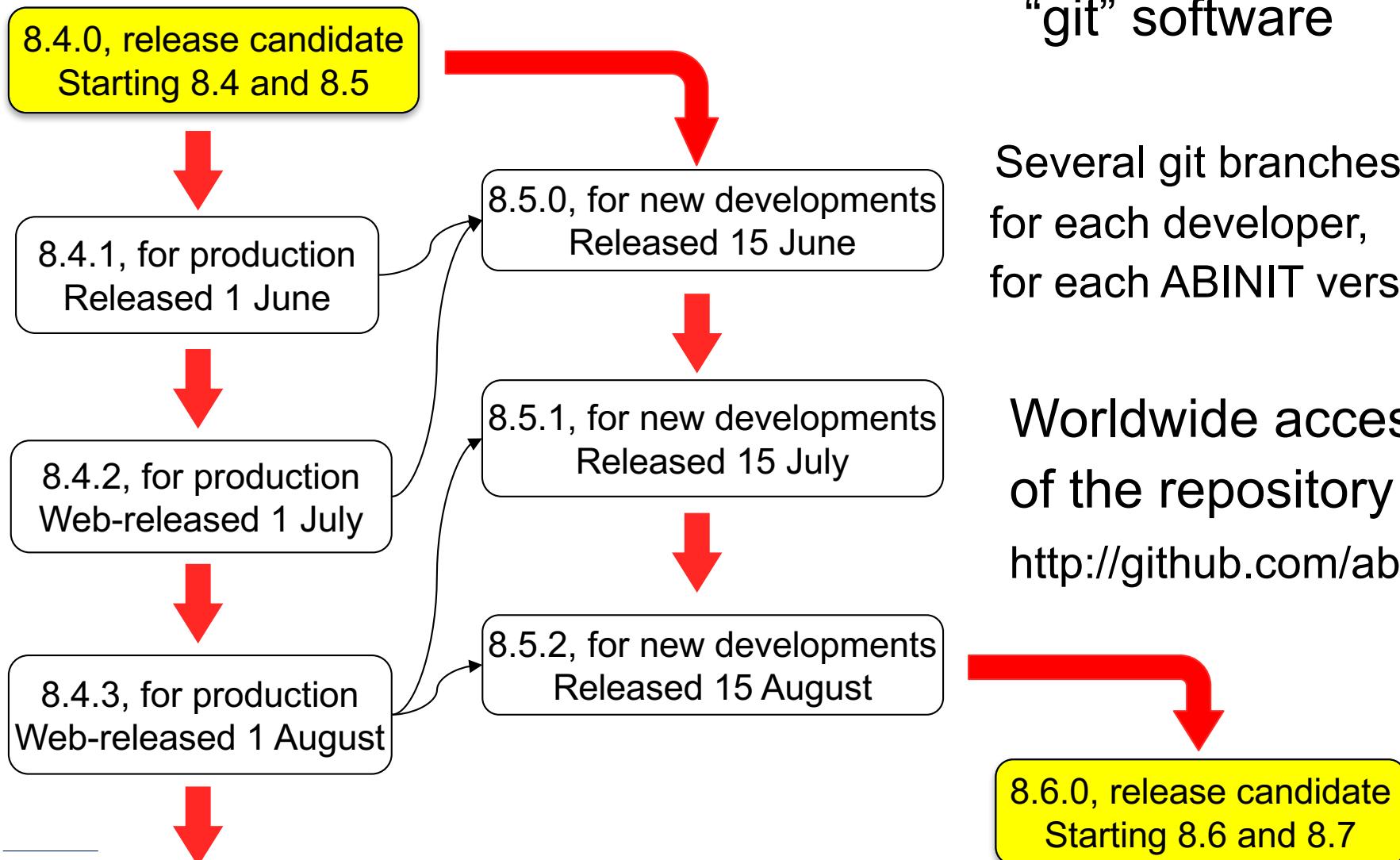
# Web-delivered analysis of tests

## Cross branch / builder success table



# Distributed development: versioning scheme

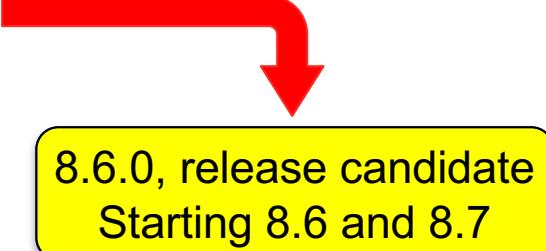
Iterative procedure :



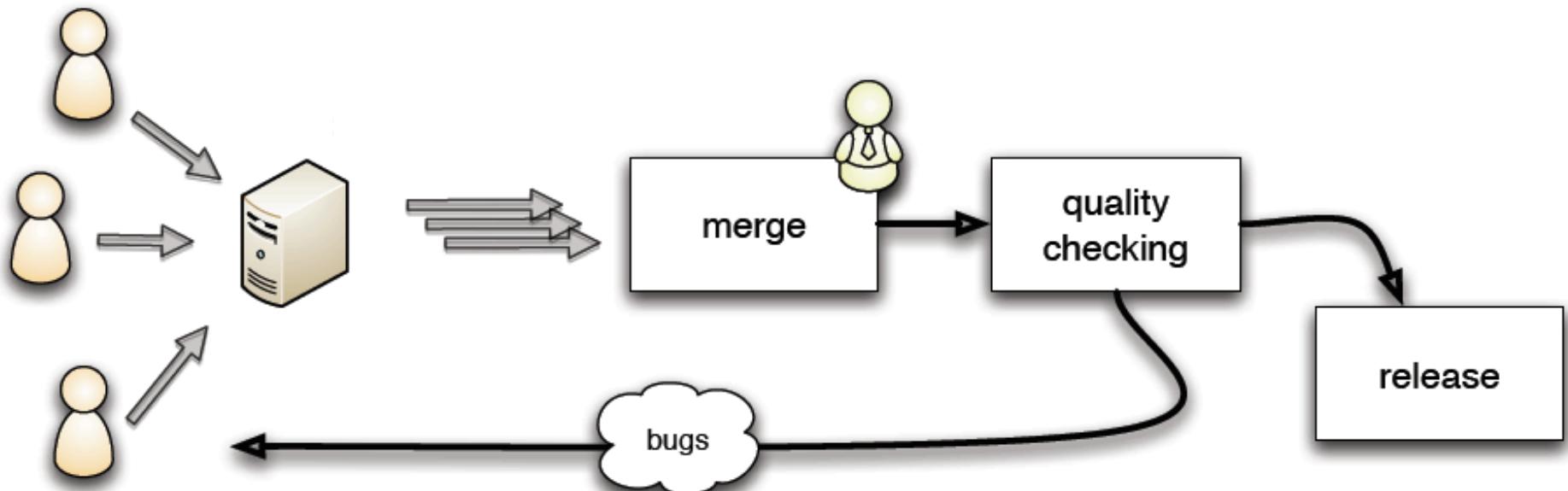
Version management :  
“git” software

Several git branches  
for each developer,  
for each ABINIT version

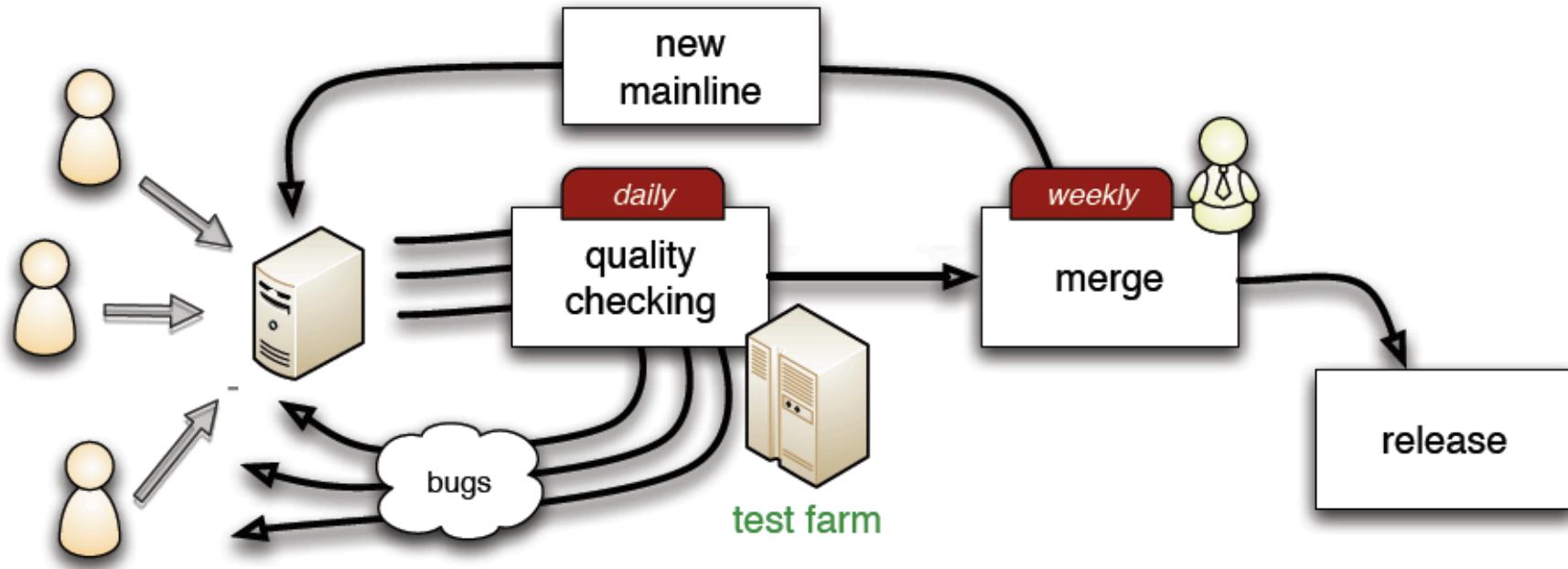
Worldwide access  
of the repository  
<http://github.com/abinit>



# Testing : traditional workflow



# Testing : continuous integration



# Documentation

# Documentation

Web site <http://www.abinit.org>

- User's guide
- Installations notes
- List of input variables
- >30 tutorials (each 1-2 hours)  
<http://www.abinit.org/tutorials>
- + Forum Web site <http://forum.abinit.org>

## Videos

How to install on Linux ?

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DppLQ-KQA68>

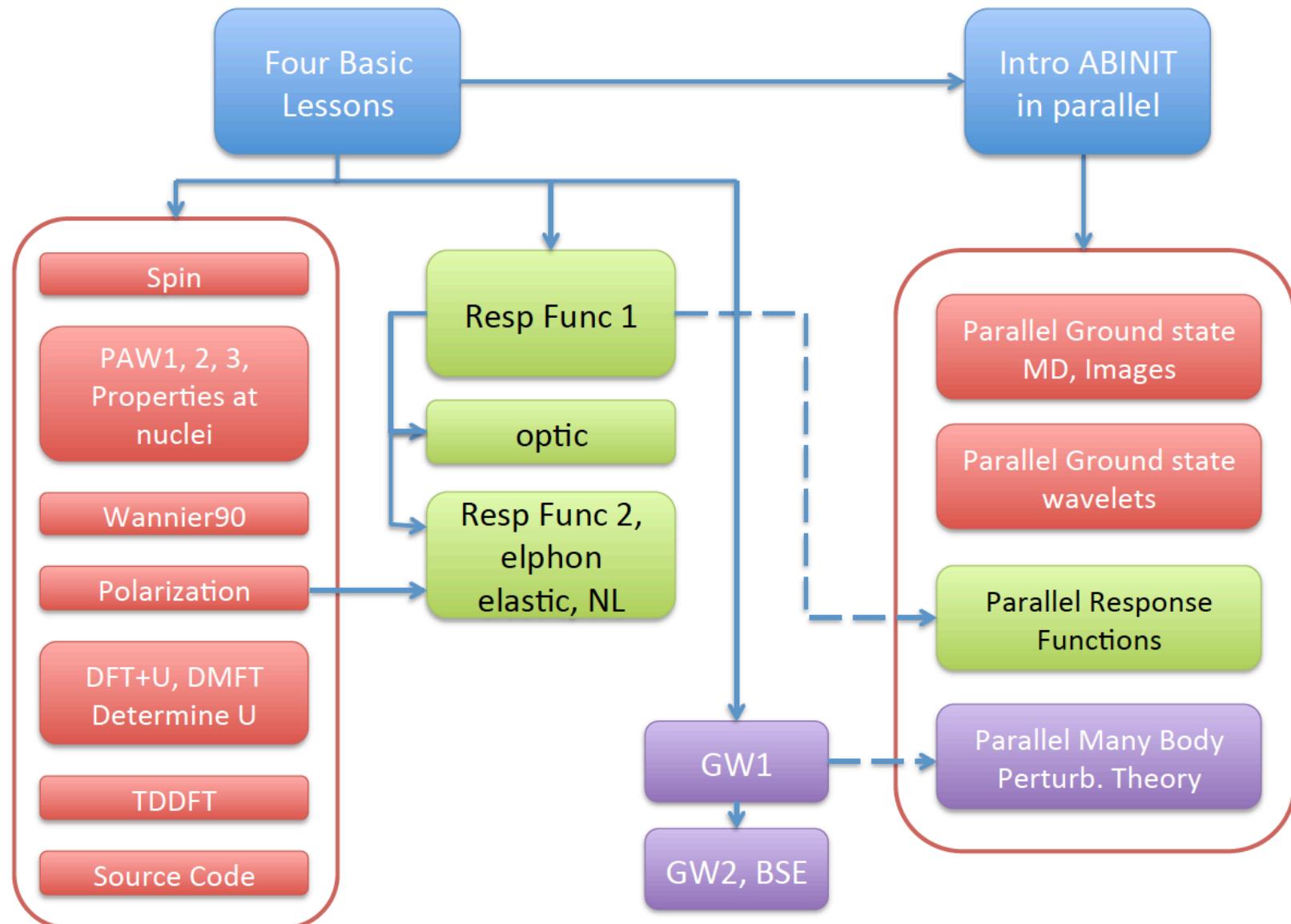
How to install on Windows 64bits ?

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EfJcYi1MNBg>

First ABINIT tutorial (H<sub>2</sub> molecule)

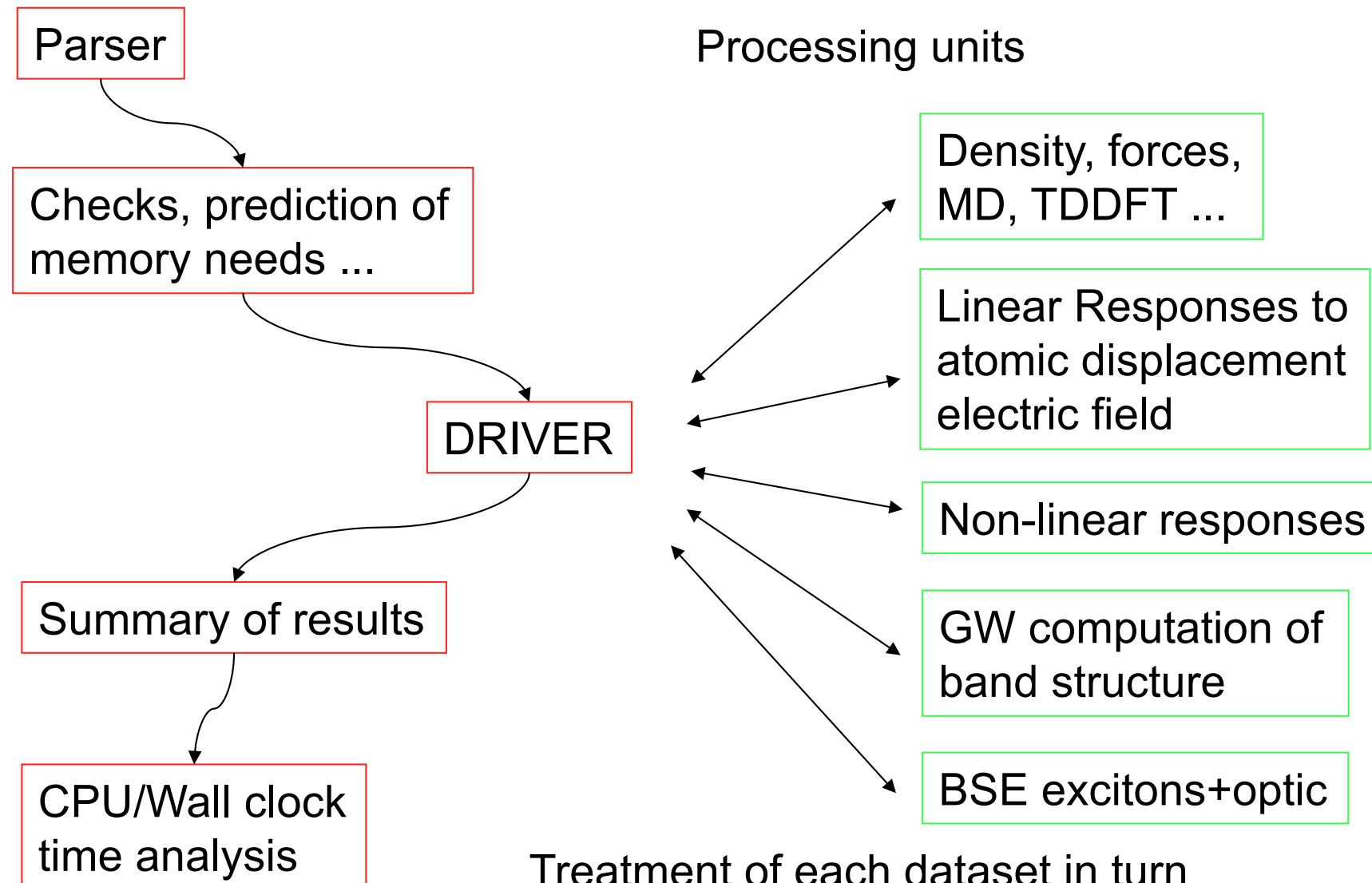
[http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gcbfb\\_Mteo4](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gcbfb_Mteo4)

# ABINIT Tutorial :global view

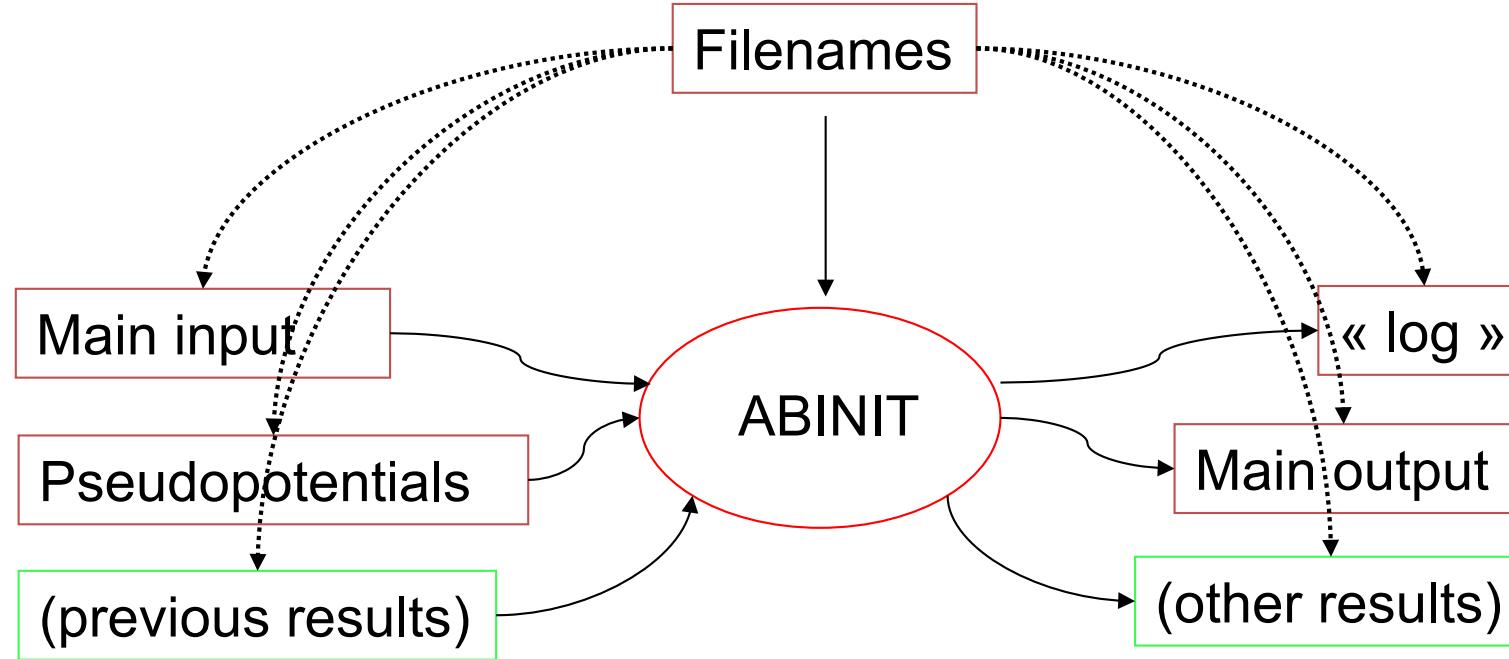


# Miscellaneous

# ABINIT : the pipeline and the driver



# External files in a ABINIT run



Results : density (\_DEN), potential (\_POT),  
wavefunctions (\_WFK), ...