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Group: 21

# Information Management XML Report

# Contents

1: Int	roduction	. 3
1.1	l Background Research:	. 3
1.2	2 Communication:	. 3
1.3	3 Platform and Research:	. 3
1.4	4 Work Distribution:	. 3
2.XIV	IL Design:	. 4
	What (if anything) did we need to change when going from a UML design to an XML plementation?	
2.2	2 XML and DTD documents	. 4
l	UML and XQuery Table from most to least important	. 4
2.4	Strengths and Weaknesses of the XML design	13
,	Strengths:	13
١	Weaknesses:	13
XQue	ery Design	14
3.1	xQueries , their supporting UML case and their purposes:	14
I	Bank Details:	14
I	Payment Details :	15
I	Max Payment paid by customer	16
,	Just Eat Customer search	16
,	Just Eat Customer search	17
I	Finder	18
(	Settings to check if phone number is valid	18

Settings to check if email is valid	19
Customer to search the phone number	19
Customer to print the total bill	20
Customers Payment types for the orders	21
Customers Payment Sum	21
Customer Order Type	22
Customer Order Number	22
3.2 Strengths and Weaknesses of the Query design	23
Strengths:	23
Weaknesses:	23
Reflection	24

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# 1: Introduction

# 1.1 Background Research:

For the first six weeks of the semester, we were tasked with creating a UML use case diagram, class diagram and activity diagram. Once finished we were then asked to undertake an XML implementation for our domain.

Our group meetings were in person, as a team we discussed possible issues and problems that can arise during our conversion of UML to XML. We discussed problems in installing our XML software. We also considered possible problems that our UML domain may have had and may impact our XML experience. However, with help from demonstrators as well as the given examples of XML, DTD and xQuery projects, we found ourselves in a very comfortable position to convert our UML domain.

Our background research consisted of examples given to us from our instructors as well as a huge library of online resources that helped us make our lives easier during the transition. The blackboard tutorials and lectures were particularly helpful in getting us started.

# 1.2 Communication:

Communication can be considered the easiest part for us as a group as we had a compulsory tutorial at 5PM in Trinity on a Tuesday where we discussed issues, problems and solutions. We regularly used the app 'WhatsApp' to directly communicate with each other in a group chat format to ensure everyone is on the same page when we are not all present together on campus.

# 1.3 Platform and Research:

We used Google Docs to fill in our report. Google docs makes it very easy to work together as a team in writing a report as you can have all members writing simultaneously into the report.

Our software of choice was 'BaseX' which was recommended to us by our demonstrator during our first lab. Although it was slightly tricky to install, it was more than worth the effort as the editor was extremely useful in helping us write our XML files and allow us to test it smoothly.

# 1.4 Work Distribution:

During our first few labs in Trinity as well as using 'WhatsApp' we immediately distributed our work as evenly as possible. There are six team members and most tasks required six

implementations which made our lives easier in terms of distribution. We assigned every group member to do at least 1 XML, a DTD document and it's xQueries.

**Abdelaziz Abushark:** Whole report, Bank.XML, Bank.DTD, and 2 XQueries for Bank which are bankCustomerDetails.xq, bankCustomerPaymentDetails.xq. Finder.XML, Finder.DTD and 1 XQuery which is finderResturantandFoodType.

Ali Al Ani: Whole report, Just\_Eat.XML, Just\_Eat.DTD, xQuery for Just\_Eat.

**Saif Ali**: Strengths and weaknesses for XQueries and Customer.XML, Customer.DTD and 2 XQueries for Customer which are customerPhoneNumber.x q and customerBill.xq

**Noel Austin :** Settings.XML , Settings.DTD and 2 XQueries for settings which are checklfValidPhoneNumber.xq , checklfValidEmail.xq

Adam Beatty: order.XML, order.DTD and two XQueries for order.

**Anastasiya Bogoslovskaya :** Payment.XML , Payment.DTD and 2 XQueries for payment which are paymentTypes.xq and paymentSum.xq

# 2.XML Design:

# 2.1 What (if anything) did we need to change when going from a UML design to an XML implementation?

In order to make XML easier to understand, we had to make slight adjustments to our existing UML classes to suit our new XML model. The changes made included changing elements as well as adding new attributes/elements to meet the minimum/standard XML model requirements. We didn't make any changes to our ethics model as we believed it was suitable for both our UML and XML documents.

# 2.2 XML and DTD documents

UML and XQuery Table from most to least important

XML Case Query	Related Use Case	<u>For</u>	<u>Interlinked</u>	<u>User</u> <u>Defined</u> <u>Function</u>	<u>LET</u>	Built in function	
----------------	------------------------	------------	--------------------	--	------------	----------------------	--

Customer. xml	<u>Total</u> <u>bill</u>	Customer	X		X		
Bank.xml	Bank Details	<u>Bank</u>	<u>X</u>				
Bank.xml	Bank Payme nt Details	<u>Bank</u>	X				
Just Eat.xml	Just Eat Informa tion	Just Eat	X	X			
Finder.xml	Finder for restaur ant and food	<u>Search</u>	X	<u>X</u>			
Settings.xm <u>I</u>	Setting s to check if phone is valid	<u>Settings</u>				X	X
Settings.xm <u>I</u>	Setting s to check email	Settings				<u>X</u>	X
Payment.x ml	Payme nt Sum	<u>Payment</u>	X			<u>X</u>	X
Payment.x ml	Payme nt Types	<u>Payment</u>	X			<u>X</u>	X
Customer. xml	Custom er phone number	Customer	X		X		
Order.xml	Order Type	<u>Order</u>	X				
Order.xml	Order Numbe	<u>Order</u>	X				

	<u>r</u>					
Just Eat.xml	Just Eat informa tion	Just Eat	X	X		
Payment.x ml	Max amount Paid	<u>Payment</u>	X		<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>

#### Bank:

#### Please note:

The addition of a bank name as an attribute to the Bank class.

```
<?xml version="1.0" ?>
<!DOCTYPE doc [
<!ELEMENT doc (payment* , bank*)>
<!ELEMENT payment ( bank*,amount? , type+)>
<!ELEMENT bank ( number*, name?, type+)>
<!ATTLIST doc type CDATA #REQUIRED >
<!ATTLIST doc xml:lang CDATA #IMPLIED >
<!ATTLIST bank name CDATA #IMPLIED >
<!ELEMENT amount (#PCDATA) >
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)
<!ELEMENT type (#PCDATA)
<!ELEMENT number (#PCDATA) >
<doc type="bank" xml:lang="en">
 <payment>
        <bank name="Allied Irish Banks">
          <number>20331234
          <name>Folabi</name>
          <type>Student account</type>
       </bank>
<bank name="Bank Of Ireland">
          <number>20554553
          <name>Mousa</name>
          <type>Business account</type>
       </bank>
<bank name="Permenant TSB">
          <number>20784553
          <name>Anton</name>
```

```
<type>Personal account</type>
</bank>

<amount>1000</amount>
<type>Apple pay</type>
</payment>

<amount>12.95</amount>
<type>Cash</type>
</payment>

</payment>

<amount>43.65</amount>
<amount>43.65</amount>
<type>camount>43.65</amount>

</payment>

<amount>43.65</amount>
<amount>43.65</amoun
```

# Just Eat:

#### Please note:

resutrant\_search and food\_search was added as an attribute.

```
<?xml version="1.0" ?>
<!DOCTYPE Just Eat [
<!ELEMENT Just Eat (Search*)>
<!ELEMENT Search (name+, email, phone, dateofbirth)>
<!ATTLIST Search restaurant_search CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST Search food_search CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT email (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT phone (#PCDATA)>
]>
<Just_Eat>
      <Search restaurant_search = 'Mad Egg' food_search = 'Beef Burger'>
             <name> Abdel Azuzzy </name>
             <email> elrayah@hotmail.com </email>
             <phone> "089334252 </phone>
             <dateofbirth> 9/01/2000 </dateofbirth>
      <Search restaurant_search = 'Burger King' food_search = 'Triple Cheesy</pre>
Whopper'>
             <name> Ben Dover </name>
             <email> bdove@gmail.com </email>
             <phone> 0872637478 </phone>
             <dateofbirth> 27/09/1998 </dateofbirth>
```

```
</free</pre>
</free</pre>
</free</pre>
</free</pre>
</free</pre>
</free</pre>
</free</pre>
```

#### Finder:

#### Please note:

This class was changed from search to finder.

Food\_search and resutrant\_search were added as attribute.

Adding more details to search such as the orderID and orderNumber.

```
<?xml version="1.0" ?>
<!DOCTYPE Finder[
<!ELEMENT Finder (Search* )>
<!ELEMENT Search (orderID* , orderNumber*)>
<!ATTLIST Search restaurant_search CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ATTLIST Search food search CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT orderID (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT orderNumber (#PCDATA)>
<Finder>
<Search restaurant search = 'Mad Egg' food search = 'Beef Burger'>
<orderID> 2020213 </orderID>
<orderNumber> 20 </orderNumber>
</Search>
<Search restaurant_search = 'Burger King' food_search = 'Triple Cheesy Whopper'>
<orderID> 2020213 </orderID>
<orderNumber> 30 </orderNumber>
</Search>
<Search restaurant_search = 'Dominos Pizza' food_search = 'Mighty Meaty'>
<orderID> 2020213 </orderID>
<orderNumber> 40 </orderNumber>
</Search>
</Finder>
```

#### Customer:

Please note:

Interlinking payment, order, search and bank to customer XML document Customer id was added as an attribute.

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE Doc[
<!ELEMENT Doc ( Customer* , Payment* , Order+ , Search+ , Bank*)>
<!ELEMENT Customer (first_name , last_name , email , phone_number , address)>
<!ELEMENT Payment ( amount+ , type* )>
<!ELEMENT Order (name+ , order type* , number*)>
<!ELEMENT Search ( resturant_search+ , food_search+)>
<!ELEMENT Bank ( bank Name* , account Number* , account Name* , account Type*)>
<!ATTLIST Customer id CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT first_name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT last_name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT email (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT phone number (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT address (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT amount (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT type (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT order_type (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT number (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT resturant_search (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT food_search (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT bank_Name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT account Number (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT account Name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT account_Type (#PCDATA)>
<Doc>
<Customer id = '22323'>
<first name>Philip </first name>
<last name> Tairov </last name>
<email> tariovp@gmail.com </email>
<phone_number> 089433435 </phone_number>
<address> 1 spagethi mafia </address>
</Customer>
<Payment>
<amount> 100 </amount>
<type> Apple Pay </type>
</Payment>
```

```
<Payment>
<amount> 12.95</amount>
<type> Cash </type>
</Payment>
<Payment>
<amount> 43.65 </amount>
<type> card </type>
</Payment>
<Order>
<name> Chicken Nuggets </name>
<order_type> Takeaway</order_type>
<number> 203992123 </number>
</Order>
<Search>
<resturant_search> Mad eggs </resturant_search>
<food search> Beef Burger </food search>
</Search>
<Bank>
<bank_Name> Allied Irish Banks </bank_Name>
<account Number> 20331234
</account_Number>
<account Name> Folabi
</account Name>
<account_Type> Student account </account_Type>
</Bank>
</Doc>
```

#### Order:

#### Please note:

Interlinked between payment and order xml documents.

Order\_payment idref was added as an attribute.

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE Orders [
<!ELEMENT Orders (Order*)>
<!ELEMENT Order ( Order_name* , Order_type+ , Order_number* , Order_Payment*)>
<!ATTLIST Order_Payment idref CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT Order_name (#PCDATA)>
```

```
<!ELEMENT Order_type (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Order number (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Order Payment (#PCDATA)>
<Orders>
 <Order>
   <Order_name>Chicken Nuggets
   <Order_type>Takeaway</Order_type>
    <Order number>203992123</order number>
    <Order Payment idref="201">
    </Order_Payment>
 </Order>
 <Order>
    <Order name>Chicken Burger</Order name>
    <Order type>Delivery</Order type>
    <Order_number>203992123</order_number>
<Order_Payment idref="207">
    </Order_Payment>
  </Order>
</Orders>
```

## Payment:

Please note:

Payment id attribute was added.

Payment type was added.

```
</Payment>

</payment id = "101">
<payment_amount> 12.95</payment_amount>
<payment_type> Cash </payment_type>
</Payment>

<payment id = "301">
<payment_amount> 43.65 </payment_amount>
<payment_type> card </payment_type>
</Payment>

</payment>
</payment>
</payment>
```

# Settings:

#### Please note:

Interlinks between settings and Just\_eat xml documents.

Doc number was added as an attribute.

settings.User\_Email was added new type.

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE doc[
<!ELEMENT doc ( settings, Just_eat )>
<!ELEMENT settings (firstname*, lastname*, emailaddress?, password?,
phonenumber*, address)>
<!ELEMENT Just_eat ( settings.User_Name, settings.User Email,</pre>
settings.User Phone)>
<!ATTLIST doc number CDATA #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT settings.User_Name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT settings.User_Email (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT settings.User_Phone (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT firstname (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT lastname (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT emailaddress (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT password (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT phonenumber (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT address (#PCDATA)>
<doc number = "2">
<settings>
<firstname> Matt </firstname>
    <lastname> Murdock </lastname>
```

# 2.4 Strengths and Weaknesses of the XML design

# Strengths:

#### XML documents:

- You can add comments easily anywhere not like UML documents.
- Communication between the reader and the author.
- Converting from UML to XML was easy and straightforward (especially in xBase).
- DTD documents summarize everything that's included in the XML document.
- You can create your own tags that have the attributes you need and make sense to your users and you.
- It is 100 percent portable and fully compatible with JavaTM. Your data can be used by any application that can parse XML, regardless of platform.
- Easy language to be understood as anyone can read it and understand it as it uses human language.

#### Weaknesses:

# XML documents:

- XML syntax can be hard to understand due to its redundancy.
- It does not offer much use for binary data as it is only useful for text data
- XML is not a small format. There is no standard XML compression technique.
   Uncompressed text is expected by XML parsers. Either you have to deal with big text

- files or you have to build a sophisticated method for compressing and decompressing data on the fly, which will increase your processing time.
- XML documents can be very resource intensive due to the redundancy of the language.
- Lack of array support.

# XQuery Design

3.1 xQueries, their supporting UML case and their purposes:

# Bank Details:

- Supporting UML Use-Case : Bank Details
- Purpose of Query: presents the customer's name, number and bank account type

```
3 Results, 349 b
                                                                                                       Result
<bank details>
 <bank>Folabi</bank>
 <number>20331234
 <type>Student account</type>
</bank details>
<bank_details>
 <bank>Mousa</bank>
 <number>20554553</number>
 <type>Business account</type>
</bank_details>
<bank_details>
 <bank>Anton</bank>
 <number>20784553
 <type>Personal account</type>
</bank_details>
```

# Payment Details:

```
for $x in doc("bankDone.xml")/doc/payment
return
<payment details>
<amount>
{ string($x/amount) }
</amount>
<type>
{ string($x/type) }
</type>

</payment details>
```

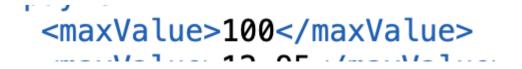
- Supporting UML Use-Case: Bank & Payment Details
- Purpose of Query : Present the payments amounts and types

Result

# Max Payment paid by customer

- Supporting UML Use-Case: Bank & Payment Details
- Purpose of Query : Present the max payment

## Example output



Just Eat Customer search

- Supporting UML Use-Case : Just Eat
- Purpose of Query: Present the date of birth and email address of the customer

# Example output

```
<Search>
<dob>06/03/1991</dob>
<email>jken@gmail.com</email>
</Search>
```

# Just Eat Customer search

- Supporting UML Use-Case: Just Eat
- Purpose of Query: Present the date of birth and phone of the customer

# Finder

- Supporting UML Use-Case : Finder
- Purpose of Query: Present the Order ID and Number of the order

# Example output

```
<Search>
  <OI>2020213</OI>
  <OD>20</OD>
</Search>
```

# Settings to check if phone number is valid

```
let $x := doc("settings.xml") /doc/settings/phonenumber
return
<phone_number_check>
{$x}
{if(fn:string-length($x) = 10)
then "this phone number is valid"
else "phone number is not valid"}
</phone_number_check>
```

- Supporting UML Use-Case : Settings
- Purpose of Query: Checks if the phone number is valid or not valid

```
<phone_number_check>
  <phonenumber>0874532242</phonenumber>this phone number is valid</phone_number_check>
```

# Settings to check if email is valid

- Supporting UML Use-Case : Settings
- Purpose of Query: Checks if the email is valid or not valid

# Example output

```
<email_address_check>
  <emailaddress>mattie@tcd.ie</emailaddress>email address is valid</email address check>
```

# Customer to search the phone number

```
declare function local:all_customers ()
{
   for $x in
doc("Customer/customer.xml")/Doc/Customer/phone_number
   return
   <phone>
   {($x)}
   </phone>
};
<all>
{local:all_customers() }
</all>
```

- Supporting UML Use-Case : Customer
- Purpose of Query: Customer phone number

# Example output

```
<all>
<phone>
<phone_number>089433435</phone_number>
</phone>
</all>
```

# Customer to print the total bill

```
declare function local:find_id ($paymentT as xs:string)
{
for $j in
doc("Customer/customer.xml")/Doc/Payment
return
<bill>
{ string($j/amount )}
</bill>
};
local:find_id("All three orders")
```

- Supporting UML Use-Case : Customer
- Purpose of Query: Customer total bill for orders

```
<br/>
<bill>100</bill>
<bill>12.95</bill>
<bill>43.65</bill>
```

# Customers Payment types for the orders

- Supporting UML Use-Case: Payment
- **Purpose of Query**: type of payments used by customers

# Example output

```
<list_of_payment_types>Apple Pay Cash card</list_of_payment_types>
```

# **Customers Payment Sum**

```
for $j in doc
doc("payment.xml")/Payments/Payment/payment_amount
order by $j/payment_amount descending

return
<payment_sum>
    {$j}
    </payment_sum>
```

- Supporting UML Use-Case: Payment
- Purpose of Query : payment sum by customers

```
<payment_sum>
    <payment_amount>100</payment_amount>
</payment_sum>
    <payment_sum>
     <payment_amount>12.95</payment_amount>
</payment_sum>
     <payment_sum>
     <payment_sum>
      <payment_amount>43.65</payment_amount>
</payment_sum>
</payment_sum>
</payment_sum>
</payment_sum>
</payment_sum>
</payment_sum>
</payment_sum>
</payment_sum>
</payment_sum>
```

# **Customer Order Type**

- Supporting UML Use-Case : Order
- Purpose of Query : present the customers order type

Example output

```
<0rder_type>Takeaway</0rder_type>
<0rder_type>Delivery</0rder_type>
```

## Customer Order Number

- Supporting UML Use-Case : Order
- Purpose of Query: present the customers order number

**Example Output** 

# 3.2 Strengths and Weaknesses of the Query design

# Strengths:

- It was easier for most people in our group to attempt the Xquery due to our previous experience and familiarity with other coding languages such as Java.
- Xquery allowed us to grab and output specific data that we needed from the XML databases
- The Xqueries that we attempted can now be used as a foundation to build webpages.
- The Xquery has helped us to improve our problem solving skills as a group.

#### Weaknesses:

- Xqueries only allow us to pinpoint information that we have specifically designed for our XML databases, it does not take into account all cases.
- Xqueries lacks the features for dynamic polymorphism (i.e. allowing us to output data in many different types such as Java).
- At first glance, it was difficult for out group to understand and adapt to the syntax
- Xqueries can be considered a smaller language and because of this longer and more diverse tasks may be harder to perform using the XML database.

# Reflection

After the great amount of work that we've put into this project. There is no doubt that we have learnt alot from it; both academically and personally. Thereafter, a glance at the trial exam papers, you can see that this project was the best integration for our preparation of the exam.

Looking back now, there are many changes that we wish we had made when facing this project. Our main factor of change would have been our organisation of time. Instead of our previous approach of having irregular meeting appointments, we should have co-ordinated on a set time and date each week to go back over our assignment. This would have assured us consistency during our time with this project.

Another aspect of change we would have gone through, is the background research undertaken for both the UML and XML aspects of the assignment. For instance, we believe that we should've undergone more in depth research about 'Just Eat' and how the organisation itself is managed and arranged. In terms of XML, it would have been great if each individual from our group had did more self research about the syntax and how XML is processed. From this it would have assured less time consumption to the adaption of the text editor

Nevertheless, we had great enjoyment undertaking this challenging yet satisfying project.

(: Thank you:)