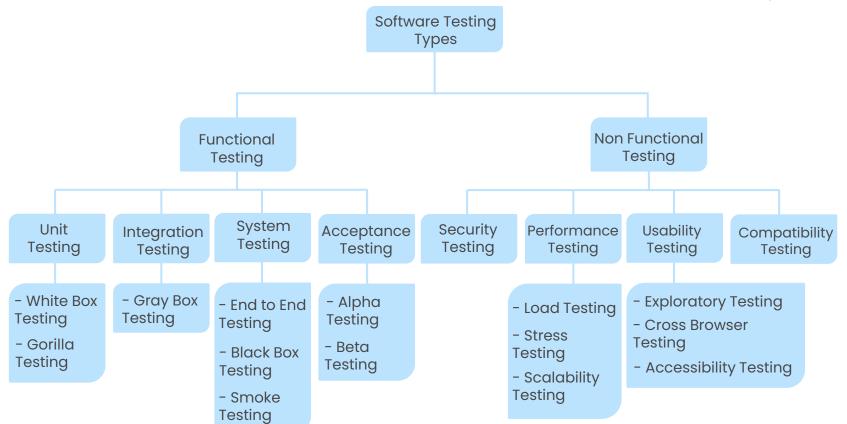
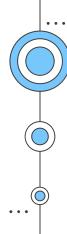


Professional Software Testing & Quality Assurance

Instructor
Parvez Hossain







Security Testing



Security testing is done to check how the software or application is **secure from internal and external threats.**

- How secure & strong the <u>authorization</u> and <u>authentication</u> processes are.
- Security means authorized access is granted to protected data and unauthorized access is restricted.

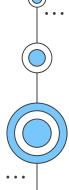
Authorization:

It is the process of defining that a client is permitted to perform an action and also receive the services. ""What You Can Do""

Authentication:

The authentication process comprises confirming the individuality of a person \ user. ""Who You Are""

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Performance Testing



Performance testing is testing of an application's **stability and response time** by applying load.

- Stability means the ability of the application to withstand in the presence of load.
- Response time is how quickly an application is available to user.

Load Testing:

It's the testing of an application's stability and response time by applying load, which is <u>equal to or less</u> than the designed number of users for an application.

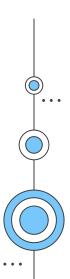
Stress Testing:

It's the testing of an application's stability and response time by applying load, which is <u>more than</u> the designed number of users for an application.

Scalability Testing:

It's the testing of an application's stability and response time by applying load, which is <u>more than</u> the designed number of users for an application.

** Gradually increase the number of users to find out where exactly the application is crashing**





Usability Testing



Usability testing is testing an application from the user's perspective to check the look and feel and user-friendliness.

Exploratory Testing:

Exploratory testing is **informal testing** performed by the testing team. The objective of this testing is to **explore the application and look for defects** the exist in the application.

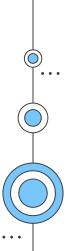
Cross browser Testing:

Cross browser is testing an application on different browsers, operating systems, mobile devices t see look & fell and performance. The goal of this testing is to get good user experience in all of the devices and browsers.

Accessibility Testing:

The aim of accessibility testing is to determine whether the software or application is accessible for disabled people or not.

** Here, disability means color blindness, old age, blind and other disable groups**





Other Types of Testing



Compatibility Testing:

This is a testing in which it validates how software behaves and runs in different environment, web services, hardware and network environment.

Database Testing:

Whenever an input or **data is entered on the front-end application, it is stored in the database** and the testing of such database is known as Database Testing or Backend Testing.

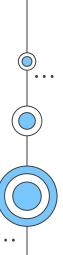
- Database testing involves testing of table structure, schema, data structure an so on.
- Testers can easily **verify data by running few queries** on the database.

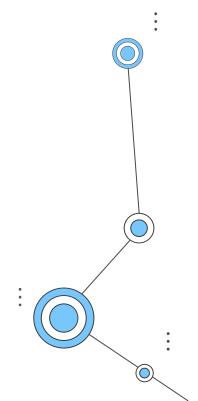
Regression Testing:

Regression testing is **testing of unchanged features** of the application to make sure that **any bug fixes**, **adding new features**, **deleting or updating existing features are not impacting the working application**.

 Tester need to find out the area of application where changes happened and the impact of those changes on the entire application.

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Thanks!

Do you have any questions?

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