

Assignment 02

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Section A

Problem-01

Here given;

$$Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2$$

Subject to,

$$x_1 \leq 4$$

$$2x_2 \leq 12$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 18$$

And

$$x_1 \geq 0; x_2 \geq 0$$

Turning the inequalities
to equalities:

$$Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2 = 0 \quad (0)$$

$$x_1 + x_3 = 4 \quad (1)$$

$$2x_2 + x_4 = 12 \quad (2)$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_5 = 18 \quad (3)$$

Here,

$$x_1 \leq 4$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 < 4 \text{ or } x_1 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 + x_3 = 4$$

$$\text{then, } 2x_2 \leq 12$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x_2 < 12 \text{ or } 2x_2 = 12$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x_2 + x_4 = 12$$

$$\text{And, } 3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 18$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x_1 + 2x_2 < 18$$

or

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 = 18$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_5 = 18.$$

P.T.O

Here, we find 5 different variable and 3 equation, so the degree of freedom is $(5-3)$ or 2.

Let, the basic variables x_1 and x_2 equal to zero. $x_1=0$, $x_2=0$.

calculation

$$\begin{array}{r}
 (+) \quad \begin{array}{cccccc} -3 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & 5/2 & 0 & 30 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{cccccc} -3 & 0 & 0 & 5/2 & 0 & 30 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 (+) \quad \begin{array}{cccccc} 3 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 18 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -12 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{cccccc} 3 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 6 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 (+) \quad \begin{array}{cccccc} -3 & 0 & 0 & 5/2 & 0 & 30 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 6 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{cccccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 3/2 & 1 & 36 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 (+) \quad \begin{array}{cccccc} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1/3 & -1/3 & -2 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{cccccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/3 & -1/3 & 2 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

Basic variable	Eq.	Coefficient of x_j						Right side	Ratio
		z	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5		
①	z (0)	1	-3	-5	0	0	0	0	
	x_3 (1)	0	1	0	1	0	0	4	$\rightarrow 4/0 = \infty$
	x_4 (2)	0	0	2	0	1	0	12	$\rightarrow 12/2 = 6$ (+min)
	x_5 (3)	0	3	2	0	0	1	18	$\rightarrow 18/2 = 9$
②	z (0)	1	-3	0	0	5/2	0	30	
	x_3 (1)	0	1	0	1	0	0	4	$\rightarrow 4/1 = 4$
	x_2 (2)	0	0	1	0	1/2	0	6	$\rightarrow 6/0 = \infty$
	x_5 (3)	0	3	0	0	-1	1	6	$\rightarrow 6/3 = 2$ (+min)
③	z (0)	1	0	0	0	3/2	1	36	$\rightarrow z$
	x_3 (1)	0	0	0	1	1/3	-1/3	2	
	x_2 (2)	0	0	1	0	1/2	0	6	$\rightarrow x_2$
	x_1 (3)	0	1	0	0	-1/3	1/3	2	$\rightarrow x_1$

\therefore Maximize, $z = 36$.

And $(x_1, x_2) = (2, 6)$ (Result).

Problem 02

Maximize,

$$Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$$

Subject to,

$$2x_1 + x_2 \leq 6$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 6$$

And,

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$$

Turning the inequalities
to equalities;

$$Z - 3x_1 - 2x_2 = 0 \quad (0)$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6 \quad (1)$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_4 = 6 \quad (2)$$

Here,

$$2x_1 + x_2 \leq 6$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x_1 + x_2 < 6 \quad \text{or}$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6$$

$$\text{then; } x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 6$$

$$\neq x_1 + 2x_2 < 6 \quad \text{or}$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 + 2x_2 + x_4 = 6$$

Here, we find 4 different variables
and 2 equations. So the degree of
freedom is $(4-2)$ or 2.

Let, the non Basic variables x_1, x_2
equal to zero. $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0$.

calculation

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} (+) & 1 & -3 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 3 & 3/2 & 3/2 & 0 & 9 \end{array}$$

$$1 \quad 0 \quad -1/2 \quad 3/2 \quad 0 \quad 9$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} (+) & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 6 \\ & 0 & -1 & -1/2 & -1/2 & 0 & -3 \end{array}$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad 3/2 \quad -1/2 \quad 1 \quad 3$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} 1 & 0 & -1/2 & 3/2 & 0 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/2 & -1/6 & 1/3 & 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} 0 & 1 & 1/2 & 1/2 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 4/3 & 1/3 & 10 \\ 0 & 0 & -1/2 & 1/6 & -1/3 & -1 \end{array}$$

$$0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 2/3 \quad -1/3 \quad 2$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} (+) & 1 & 0 & -1 & 3/2 & 0 & 9 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/3 & 2/3 & 12 \end{array}$$

$$1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 7/6 \quad 2/3 \quad 11$$

Basic Variable	Eq.	coefficient of;					Right side Ratio
		z	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	
z	(0)	1	-3	-2	0	0	0
x_3	(1)	0	2	1	1	0	6 $\rightarrow 6/2 = 3$
x_4	(2)	0	1	2	0	1	6 $\rightarrow 6/1 = 6$
z	(0)	1	0	$-1/2$	$3/2$	0	9
x_1	(1)	0	1	$1/2$	$1/2$	0	3 $\rightarrow 3/(1/2) = 6$
x_4	(2)	0	0	$3/2$	$-1/2$	1	3 $\rightarrow 3/(3/2) = 2$
z	(0)	1	0	0	$1/3$	$1/3$	10 $\rightarrow 2$
x_1	(1)	0	1	0	$2/3$	$-1/3$	2 $\rightarrow x_1$
x_2	(2)	0	0	1	$-1/3$	$2/3$	2 $\rightarrow x_2$

\therefore maximize, $z = 10$

And $(x_1, x_2) = (2, 2)$ (Result)

Problem 03

Maximize, $Z = 3u_1 + 2u_2$

Subject to,

$$u_1 \leq 4$$

$$u_1 + 3u_2 \leq 15$$

$$2u_1 + u_2 \leq 10$$

And

$$u_1 \geq 0, u_2 \geq 0$$

Turning the inequalities to equalities.

$$Z - 3u_1 - 2u_2 = 0 \quad (0)$$

$$u_1 + u_3 = 4 \quad (1)$$

$$u_1 + 3u_2 + u_4 = 15 \quad (2)$$

$$2u_1 + u_2 + u_5 = 10 \quad (3)$$

Here, we find 5 different variable and 3 equation, so the degree of freedom is $(5-3)$ or 2.

Here, $u_1 \leq 4$

$$\Rightarrow u_1 < 4 \text{ or } u_1 = 4$$

$$\therefore u_1 + u_3 = 4$$

$$\text{then, } u_1 + 3u_2 \leq 15$$

$$\Rightarrow u_1 + 3u_2 < 15 \text{ or } u_1 + 3u_2 = 15$$

$$\therefore u_1 + 3u_2 + u_4 = 15$$

$$\text{And, } 2u_1 + u_2 \leq 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 2u_1 + u_2 < 10 \text{ or}$$

$$2u_1 + u_2 = 10$$

$$\therefore 2u_1 + u_2 + u_5 = 10$$

Basic variable	Eq.	coefficient of;						Right side Ratio
		Z	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	
①	Z (0)	1	-3	-2	0	0	0	0
	x_3 (1)	0	1	0	1	0	0	$4 \rightarrow 4/1 = 4$ (+min)
	x_4 (2)	0	1	3	0	1	0	$15 \rightarrow 15/1 = 15$
	x_5 (3)	0	2	1	0	0	1	$10 \rightarrow 10/2 = 5$
②	Z (0)	1	0	-2	3	0	0	12
	x_1 (1)	0	1	0	1	0	0	$4 \rightarrow 4/0 = \infty$
	x_4 (2)	0	0	3	-1	1	0	$11 \rightarrow 11/3 = 3.67$
	x_5 (3)	0	0	1	-2	0	1	$2 \rightarrow 2/1 = 2$ (min)
③	Z (0)	1	0	0	-1	0	1	16
	x_1 (1)	0	1	0	1	0	0	$4 \rightarrow 4/1 = 4$
	x_4 (2)	0	0	0	5	1	-3	$5 \rightarrow 5/5 = 1$ (+min)
	x_2 (3)	0	0	1	-2	0	1	$2 \rightarrow 2/-2 = -1$
④	Z (0)	1	0	0	0	$4/5$	$2/5$	17 \rightarrow Z
	x_1 (1)	0	1	0	0	$-4/5$	$3/5$	3 $\rightarrow x_1$
	x_3 (2)	0	0	0	1	$1/5$	$-3/5$	1
	x_2 (3)	0	0	1	0	$2/5$	$-1/5$	4 $\rightarrow x_2$

calculations

Let, the non Basic variables x_1, x_2 equal to zero. $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0$.

$$\begin{array}{r} (+) \begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & -3 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \\ \hline 1 & 0 & -2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (+) \begin{array}{cccccccc} 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -4 & -4 \end{array} \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 3 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (+) \begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 10 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & -8 \end{array} \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (+) \begin{array}{ccccccc} 1 & 0 & -2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -4 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 16 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & 0 & 3 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 6 & 0 & -3 & -6 \end{array} \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 1 & -3 & 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & \frac{2}{5} & -\frac{4}{5} & 2 \end{array} \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{2}{5} & 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & \frac{4}{5} & \frac{2}{5} & -1 \end{array} \\ \hline 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{4}{5} & \frac{2}{5} & 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (+) \begin{array}{ccccccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 16 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{2}{5} & 1 \end{array} \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} & \frac{2}{5} & 17 \end{array}$$

so, maximize, $z = 17$
And $(x_1, x_2) = (3, 4)$ (Result)

Problem 04

Maximize,

$$Z = 6x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3$$

Subject to,

$$3x_1 + 7x_2 + x_3 \leq 15$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 20$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0;$$

Turning the inequalities to equalities.

$$Z - 6x_1 - x_2 - 4x_3 = 0 \quad (0)$$

$$3x_1 + 7x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 15 \quad (1)$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 + x_5 = 20 \quad (2)$$

Here we find 5 different variables and 2 equation.
So the degree of freedom
(5-2) or 3.

Here,

$$3x_1 + 7x_2 + x_3 \leq 15$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x_1 + 7x_2 + x_3 < 15$$

$$\text{or} \\ 3x_1 + 7x_2 + x_3 = 15$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x_1 + 7x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 15$$

then,

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 20$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 < 20$$

$$\text{or} \\ x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 20$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 + x_5 = 20$$

Calculation:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 (+) \quad 1 \quad -6 \quad -1 \quad -4 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \\
 \quad \quad 0 \quad 6 \quad 14 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 0 \quad 30 \\
 \hline
 \quad \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 13 \quad -2 \quad 2 \quad 0 \quad 30
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 (+) \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad -2 \quad 3 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 20 \\
 \quad \quad 0 \quad -1 \quad -7/3 \quad -4/3 \quad -4/3 \quad 0 \quad -5 \\
 \hline
 \quad \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad -12/3 \quad 8/3 \quad -4/3 \quad 1 \quad 15
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 (+) \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 13 \quad -2 \quad 2 \quad 0 \quad 30 \\
 \quad \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad -12/4 \quad 2 \quad -4/4 \quad 3/4 \quad 11.26 \\
 \hline
 \quad \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 3\frac{3}{4} \quad 0 \quad 7/4 \quad 3/4 \quad 41.26
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 (+) \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 7/3 \quad 1/3 \quad 1/3 \quad 0 \quad 5 \\
 \quad \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 13/24 \quad -4/3 \quad 1/24 \quad -1/8 \quad -1.87 \\
 \hline
 \quad \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2\frac{3}{8} \quad 0 \quad 3/8 \quad -1/8 \quad 3.13
 \end{array}$$

Basic variable	Eq.	Coefficient of;						Right side	Ratio
		Z	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5		
Z	(0)	1	-6	-1	-4	0	0	0	
x_4	(1)	0	3	7	1	1	0	15	$15/3 = 5$ (+min)
x_5	(2)	0	1	-2	3	0	1	20	$20/1 = 20$
Z	(0)	1	0	13	-2	2	0	30	
x_1	(1)	0	1	7/3	1/3	1/3	0	5	$5/4/3 = 15$
x_5	(2)	0	0	-18/3	8/3	-1/3	1	15	$15/4/3 = 5.63$ (+min)
Z	(0)	1	0	29/4	0	7/4	3/4	41.26	$\rightarrow Z$
x_1	(1)	0	1	23/8	0	3/8	-1/8	3.13	$\rightarrow x_1$
x_3	(2)	0	0	-13/8	1	-1/8	3/8	5.63	$\rightarrow x_2$
The value of x_2 is zero here.					And there is no negative value of Z row, so the iteration will stop here. and maximize, $Z = 41.26$ And $(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (3.13, 0, 5.63)$				

(Result)