A Confidence Interval (CI) is a range of values that's likely to include a population value with a certain degree of confidence. It is often expressed a percentage whereby a population means lies between an upper and lower interval.

Chapter-7.1 (Confidence intervals for Means)

Consider, n is the number of samples, α is the level of significance and hence $1 - \alpha$ is the level of confidence, \bar{x} is the average of the sample data, σ is the standard deviation of the target data, and μ is the required mean of the population.

To find the $z\alpha_{/2}$, we need to assume

$$P\left(-z\alpha_{/2} \le Z \le z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 1 - \alpha$$
or,
$$2\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) - 1 = 1 - \alpha$$
or,
$$2\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 2 - \alpha$$
or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2 - \alpha}{2}$$

To find the required confidence interval, we need to assume

$$-z\alpha_{/2} \le \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \le z\alpha_{/2}$$

$$or, \quad -z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma}/\sqrt{n} \le \bar{x} - \mu \le z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma}/\sqrt{n}$$

$$or, \quad -\bar{x} - z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma}/\sqrt{n} \le -\mu \le -\bar{x} + z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma}/\sqrt{n}$$

$$or, \quad \bar{x} + z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma}/\sqrt{n} \ge \mu \ge \bar{x} - z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma}/\sqrt{n}$$

$$or, \quad \bar{x} - z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma}/\sqrt{n} \le \mu \le \bar{x} + z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma}/\sqrt{n}$$

Let X equal to the amount of food (in pound per day) consumed by a student. Suppose the variance σ² of X is 1.21. To estimate the mean μ of X, an agency took a random sample of 1000 people and found they consumed in total 4200 lb food per day. Find an approximate 95% confidence interval for μ.

Solution:

Here, Sample size
$$n=1000$$

Mean consumption $\bar{x}=\frac{4200}{1000}=4.2$ lb
Standard deviation $\sigma=1.1$
Confidence $1-\alpha=0.95$
Significance $\alpha=0.05$

Estimate the
$$z\alpha_{/2}$$
 as
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-\alpha}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-0.05}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 0.975$$
 or,
$$z\alpha_{/2} = 1.96$$

$$\bar{x} - z\alpha_{/2} \sigma / \sqrt{n} \le \mu \le \bar{x} + z\alpha_{/2} \sigma / \sqrt{n}$$

$$or, \qquad 4.2 - 1.96 * \frac{1.1}{\sqrt{1000}} \le \mu \le 4.2 + 1.96 * \frac{1.1}{\sqrt{1000}}$$

$$or, \qquad 4.2 - 0.068 \le \mu \le 4.2 + 0.068$$

$$or, \qquad 4.132 \le \mu \le 4.268$$

2. Let X equal to the amount of juice in milliliter per day consumed by a student. Suppose the variance of X is 36. To estimate the mean μ of X, a survey team took a random sample of 50 students and found they consumed on average 0.5 litter juice per day. Find an approximate 90% confidence interval for μ .

Solution:

Here, Sample size
$$n=50$$

Mean consumption $\bar{x}=0.5$ litter or $\bar{x}=500$ milliliter
Standard deviation $\sigma=6$
Confidence $1-\alpha=0.90$
Significance $\alpha=0.10$

Estimate the
$$z\alpha_{/2}$$
 as
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-\alpha}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-0.10}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 0.95$$
 or,
$$z\alpha_{/2} = 1.645$$

$$\bar{x} - z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma} / \sqrt{n} \le \mu \le \bar{x} + z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma} / \sqrt{n}$$
or,
$$500 - 1.645 * \frac{6}{\sqrt{50}} \le \mu \le 500 + 1.645 * \frac{6}{\sqrt{50}}$$
or,
$$500 - 1.396 \le \mu \le 500 + 1.396$$
or,
$$498.604 \le \mu \le 501.396$$

3. Let X equal to the amount of food (in pound per day) consumed by a student having the standard deviation $\sigma = 1.2$. To estimate the mean μ of X, a random sample of 50 people has been taken and found they consumed in total 230 lb food per day. Find the confidence interval for μ with a 5% significance level.

Solution:

Here, Sample size
$$n=50$$

Mean consumption $\bar{x}=\frac{230}{50}=4.6$ pound
Standard deviation $\sigma=1.2$
Significance $\alpha=0.05$
Confidence $1-\alpha=0.95$

Estimate the
$$z\alpha_{/2}$$
 as
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-\alpha}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-0.05}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 0.975$$
 or,
$$z\alpha_{/2} = 1.96$$

$$\bar{x} - z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma} / \sqrt{n} \le \mu \le \bar{x} + z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma} / \sqrt{n}$$

$$or, \qquad 4.6 - 1.96 * \frac{1.2}{\sqrt{50}} \le \mu \le 4.6 + 1.96 * \frac{1.2}{\sqrt{50}}$$

$$or, \qquad 4.6 - 0.333 \le \mu \le 4.6 + 0.333$$

$$or, \qquad 4.267 \le \mu \le 4.933$$

4. Let X equal the weight of fruits in kg per day consumed by a student. Suppose the standard deviation of X is 0.1 kg. To estimate the mean μ of X, an agency took a random sample of 20 students and found they consumed 10 kg of fruits per day. Find an approximate 90% confidence interval for μ .

Solution:

Here, Sample size
$$n=20$$

Mean consumption $\bar{x}=\frac{10}{20}=0.5$ kg
Standard deviation $\sigma=0.1$
Confidence $1-\alpha=0.90$
Significance $\alpha=0.10$

Estimate the
$$z\alpha_{/2}$$
 as
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-\alpha}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-0.10}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 0.95$$
 or,
$$z\alpha_{/2} = 1.645$$

$$\bar{x} - z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma}/\sqrt{n} \le \mu \le \bar{x} + z\alpha_{/2}{}^{\sigma}/\sqrt{n}$$

$$or, \qquad 0.5 - 1.645 * \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{20}} \le \mu \le 0.5 + 1.645 * \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{20}}$$

$$or, \qquad 0.5 - 0.037 \le \mu \le 0.5 + 0.037$$

$$or, \qquad 0.463 \le \mu \le 0.537$$

5. Let X equal to the amount of coffee (in milliliter per day) consumed by a man. Suppose the variance σ^2 of X is 32. To estimate the mean μ of X, an agency took a random sample of 10 men and found they consumed on average 150 milliliters coffee per day. Find an approximate 80% confidence interval for μ .

Solution:

Here, Sample size
$$n=10$$

Mean consumption $\bar{x}=150$ milliliter
Standard deviation $\sigma=\sqrt{32}$
Confidence $1-\alpha=0.80$
Significance $\alpha=0.20$

Estimate the
$$z\alpha_{/2}$$
 as
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-\alpha}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-0.20}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 0.90$$
 or,
$$z\alpha_{/2} = 1.28$$

$$\bar{x} - z\alpha_{/2} \sigma / \sqrt{n} \le \mu \le \bar{x} + z\alpha_{/2} \sigma / \sqrt{n}$$

$$or, \qquad 150 - 1.28 * \frac{\sqrt{32}}{\sqrt{10}} \le \mu \le 150 + 1.28 * \frac{\sqrt{32}}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$or, \qquad 150 - 2.29 \le \mu \le 150 + 2.29$$

$$or, \qquad 147.71 \le \mu \le 152.29$$

Chapter-7.3 (Confidence intervals for Proportions)

Consider, n is the number of target samples, Y is the number of the samples in favor of an event, α is the level of significance and hence $1 - \alpha$ is the level of confidence, and p is the required proportion of the population.

To find the $z\alpha_{/2}$, we need to assume

$$P\left(-z\alpha_{/_{2}} \le Z \le z\alpha_{/_{2}}\right) = 1 - \alpha$$
or,
$$2\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/_{2}}\right) - 1 = 1 - \alpha$$
or,
$$2\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/_{2}}\right) = 2 - \alpha$$
or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/_{2}}\right) = \frac{2 - \alpha}{2}$$

To find the required confidence interval, we need to assume

$$-z\alpha_{/2} \leq \frac{\frac{Y}{n} - p}{\sqrt{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}} \leq z\alpha_{/2}$$

$$or, \quad -z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}} \leq \frac{Y}{n} - p \leq z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}}$$

$$or, \quad -\frac{Y}{n} - z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}} \leq -p \leq -\frac{Y}{n} + z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}}$$

$$or, \quad \frac{Y}{n} + z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}} \geq p \geq \frac{Y}{n} - z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}}$$

$$or, \quad \frac{Y}{n} - z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}} \leq p \leq \frac{Y}{n} + z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}}$$

1. In the forest there were 800 plants under extinction, 70% of the plants were transferred for saving from extinction. If 75% of the transferred plants exist after the attempt, find the confidence interval of the proportion with a 10% significance level.

Solution:

Here, Target sample size
$$n=70\%$$
 of $800=560$
Number of favorable samples $Y=75\%$ of $560=420$
Probability of success in the samples $\frac{Y}{n}=0.75$
Significance $\alpha=0.10$
Confidence $1-\alpha=0.90$

Estimate the
$$z\alpha_{/2}$$
 as
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-\alpha}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-0.10}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 0.95$$
 or,
$$z\alpha_{/2} = 1.645$$

$$\frac{Y}{n} - z\alpha_{/2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n} \left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}} \le p \le \frac{Y}{n} + z\alpha_{/2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n} \left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}}$$

$$or, \qquad 0.75 - 1.645 * \sqrt{\frac{0.75 * (1 - 0.75)}{560}} \le p \le 0.75 + 1.645 * \sqrt{\frac{0.75 * (1 - 0.75)}{560}}$$

$$or, \qquad 0.75 - 0.03 \le p \le 0.75 + 0.03$$

$$or, \qquad 0.72 \le p \le 0.78$$

2. In a certain pollution awareness campaign, one advisor has a survey taken at random among 300 people with 65% of them provided their opinion about the awareness. If the survey secured 170 positive opinions. Find an approximate 95% confidence interval for the fraction *p* of the people who support the advisor.

Solution:

Here, Target sample size
$$n=65\%$$
 of $300=195$
Number of favorable samples $Y=170$
Probability of success in the samples $\frac{Y}{n}=0.872$
Significance $\alpha=0.05$
Confidence $1-\alpha=0.95$

Estimate the
$$z\alpha_{/2}$$
 as
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-\alpha}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-0.05}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 0.975$$
 or,
$$z\alpha_{/2} = 1.96$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{Y}{n} - z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)} &\leq p \leq \frac{Y}{n} + z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{Y}{n}\left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)} \\ or, & 0.872 - 1.96 * \sqrt{\frac{0.872 * (1 - 0.872)}{195}} \leq p \leq 0.872 + 1.96 * \sqrt{\frac{0.872 * (1 - 0.872)}{195}} \\ or, & 0.872 - 0.047 \leq p \leq 0.872 + 0.047 \\ or, & 0.825 \leq p \leq 0.919 \end{split}$$

3. In a certain political campaign, one candidate has a poll taken at random among 2500 people with 60% of them are a voter. If the candidate secured 55% of casted votes. Find an approximate 95% confidence interval for the fraction *p* of the voting population that favors the candidate.

Solution:

Here, Target sample size
$$n=60\%$$
 of $2500=1500$
Number of favorable samples $Y=55\%$ of $1500=825$
Probability of success in the samples $\frac{Y}{n}=0.55$
Significance $\alpha=0.05$
Confidence $1-\alpha=0.95$

Estimate the
$$z\alpha_{/2}$$
 as
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-\alpha}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-0.05}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 0.975$$
 or,
$$z\alpha_{/2} = 1.96$$

$$\frac{\gamma}{n} - z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{\gamma}{n}\left(1 - \frac{\gamma}{n}\right)} \le p \le \frac{\gamma}{n} + z\alpha_{/2}\sqrt{\frac{\gamma}{n}\left(1 - \frac{\gamma}{n}\right)}$$

$$or, \qquad 0.55 - 1.96 * \sqrt{\frac{0.55 * (1 - 0.55)}{1500}} \le p \le 0.55 + 1.96 * \sqrt{\frac{0.55 * (1 - 0.55)}{1500}}$$

$$or, \qquad 0.55 - 0.025 \le p \le 0.55 + 0.025$$

$$or, \qquad 0.525 \le p \le 0.575$$

4. In a forest there are 200 birds under severe trouble of habitats, 75% of the birds are rescued from the forest. If 80% of the rescued birds survived after the attempt, find the confidence interval of the proportion with an 85% confidence level.

Solution:

Here, Target sample size
$$n=75\%$$
 of $200=150$
Number of favorable samples $Y=80\%$ of $150=120$
Probability of success in the samples $\frac{Y}{n}=0.8$
Confidence $1-\alpha=0.85$
Significance $\alpha=0.15$

Estimate the
$$z\alpha_{/2}$$
 as
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-\alpha}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-0.15}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 0.925$$
 or,
$$z\alpha_{/2} = 1.44$$

$$\frac{Y}{n} - z\alpha_{/2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n} \left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}} \le p \le \frac{Y}{n} + z\alpha_{/2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n} \left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}}$$

$$or, \qquad 0.8 - 1.44 * \sqrt{\frac{0.8 * (1 - 0.8)}{150}} \le p \le 0.8 + 1.44 * \sqrt{\frac{0.8 * (1 - 0.8)}{150}}$$

$$or, \qquad 0.8 - 0.047 \le p \le 0.8 + 0.047$$

$$or, \qquad 0.753 \le p \le 0.847$$

5. In a forest there are 1200 animals under severe virus infection, 85% of the animals are rescued from the forest. If half of the total animals survived after the attempt, find the confidence interval of the proportion with a 1% significance level. Is the rescue process effective? Why?

Solution:

Here, Target sample size
$$n=85\%$$
 of $1200=1020$
Number of favorable samples $Y=50\%$ of $1200=600$
Probability of success in the samples $\frac{Y}{n}=0.588$
Significance $\alpha=0.01$
Confidence $1-\alpha=0.99$

Estimate the
$$z\alpha_{/2}$$
 as
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-\alpha}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = \frac{2-0.01}{2}$$
 or,
$$\varphi\left(z\alpha_{/2}\right) = 0.995$$
 or,
$$z\alpha_{/2} = 2.575$$

Now, the required confidence interval is

$$\frac{y}{n} - z\alpha_{/2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n} \left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}} \le p \le \frac{y}{n} + z\alpha_{/2} \sqrt{\frac{\frac{Y}{n} \left(1 - \frac{Y}{n}\right)}{n}}$$

$$or, \qquad 0.588 - 2.575 * \sqrt{\frac{0.588 * (1 - 0.588)}{1020}} \le p \le 0.588 + 2.575 * \sqrt{\frac{0.588 * (1 - 0.588)}{1020}}$$

$$or, \qquad 0.588 - 0.040 \le p \le 0.588 + 0.040$$

$$or, \qquad 0.548 \le p \le 0.628$$

Since both of the limits of the proportion is more than 50%, we can say the rescue process is effective.