



United International University

School of Science and Engineering

Mid Assessment Trimester: Fall-2020

Course Title: Probability and Statistics

Course Code: Stat 205/Math 2205 Marks: 20 Time: 1 Hour

There are 3 questions, answer any 2 of them.

1.
 - a) From an ordinary deck of playing cards, cards are to be drawn successively at random and **without replacement**. Find the probability of **4th** red appears on the **11th** draw. [3]
 - b) Candidates come to a certification authority at a mean rate **60** per day under a **Poisson process**. Find the probability of (i) **more than 2**, (ii) **at most 3** candidates arrive in a given hour. What is the **standard deviation** of the distribution? [4]
 - c) Let X have the *pdf* $f(x) = 4x^3e^{-x^4}$; $0 \leq x < \infty$. Find the *cdf* and hence **median** of X . [3]
Also, find $P(X > 2)$.
2.
 - a) Three dice are rolled **independently** and observed for the **faces multiples of 3** on the top. Find the probability of **any two** of them get success. What is the probability of **none** of them getting success? [3]
 - b) In a super-shop, there are **9** sales-persons with **3** of them **trained**. Company is going to give them annual increment in an **independent** process, find the probability that **at most 2 trained** sales-persons get the increment. What is the **mean** and **variance** of the distribution? [4]
 - c) Let X have the *pdf* $f(x) = \frac{1}{20}$; $25 \leq x \leq 45$. Find the *cdf* of X and hence $P(X \geq 27)$. [3]
What are the **mean** and **variance** of X ?
3.
 - a) Rapid testing is a screening procedure to test Covid-19. The people appearing in the test, **19%** of them **false-positive** while **16%** of them **false-negative**. If the Covid-19 spreads among **2%** people in bangladesh, find the probability of a person **not suffering** from Covid-19, when he/she **tested positive** in the test. [3]
 - b) Let a random experiment be the casting of a pair of fair six-sided dice and let X equal the **maximum of two outcomes**. With reasonable assumptions, find *pmf* of X . Also, find the *mgf* and **variance** of X . [4]
 - c) Consider $f(x) = \frac{3x^2}{8}$; $0 \leq x \leq 2$ as the *pdf* of X . Sketch the graphs of *pdf* and *cdf* of X . [3]

Formulae:

<i>Distribution</i>	<i>Pmf / pdf</i>
<i>Hypergeometric</i>	$f(x) = \frac{N_1 c_x N_2 c_{n-x}}{N c_n} ; \quad N = N_1 + N_2, \quad x = 1, 2, \dots, n$
<i>Geometric</i>	$f(x) = q^{x-1} p ; \quad x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
<i>Binomial</i>	$f(x) = n c_x p^x q^{n-x} ; \quad x = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$
<i>Poisson</i>	$f(x) = \frac{\lambda^x e^{-\lambda}}{x!} ; \quad x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
<i>Uniform</i>	$f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} ; \quad a \leq x \leq b$
<i>Exponential</i>	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} ; \quad 0 \leq x < \infty$
<i>Gamma</i>	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \theta^\alpha} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x/\theta} ; \quad 0 \leq x < \infty$
<i>Normal</i>	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} ; \quad -\infty < x < \infty$