

# Apply filters to SQL queries

## Project description

In this project, I investigated potential security issues related to login attempts and employee machines by analyzing the organization's `log_in_attempts` and `employees` data using SQL filters. I identified suspicious patterns, such as repeated failed logins, and provided recommendations to enhance security protocols and update employee systems. This work helped strengthen the overall security posture of the organization.

## Retrieve after hours failed login attempts

In this task, I retrieved failed login attempts that occurred after business hours, specifically after 18:00. To achieve this, I used SQL to filter for records where the `login_time` was later than 18:00 and the `success` column was set to 0 (indicating failure). The SQL query utilized the `AND` operator to combine these two conditions.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *  
->  
-> FROM log_in_attempts  
->  
-> WHERE login_time > '18:00' AND success = FALSE;
```

event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0
18	pwashing	2022-05-11	19:28:50	US	192.168.66.142	0
20	tshah	2022-05-12	18:56:36	MEXICO	192.168.109.50	0
28	aestrada	2022-05-09	19:28:12	MEXICO	192.168.27.57	0
34	drosas	2022-05-11	21:02:04	US	192.168.45.93	0
42	cgriffin	2022-05-09	23:04:05	US	192.168.4.157	0
52	cjackson	2022-05-10	22:07:07	CAN	192.168.58.57	0
69	wjaffrey	2022-05-11	19:55:15	USA	192.168.100.17	0
82	abernard	2022-05-12	23:38:46	MEX	192.168.234.49	0

## Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

In this task, I investigated login attempts related to a suspicious event that occurred on '2022-05-09'. To retrieve all relevant login attempts, I filtered the `log_in_attempts` table to include records from both '2022-05-09' and the previous day, '2022-05-08'. I used the `OR` operator to include both dates in the query and retrieved all login attempts made on those specific days.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
->
-> FROM log_in_attempts
->
-> WHERE login_date = '2022-05-09' OR login_date = '2022-05-08';
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| event_id | username | login_date | login_time | country | ip_address |
| success |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | jrafael | 2022-05-09 | 04:56:27 | CAN | 192.168.243.14 |
0 | 1 |
| 3 | dkot | 2022-05-09 | 06:47:41 | USA | 192.168.151.16 |
2 | 1 |
| 4 | dkot | 2022-05-08 | 02:00:39 | USA | 192.168.178.71 |
| 0 |
| 8 | bisles | 2022-05-08 | 01:30:17 | US | 192.168.119.17 |
3 | 0 |
| 12 | dkot | 2022-05-08 | 09:11:34 | USA | 192.168.100.15 |
8 | 1 |
| 15 | lyamamot | 2022-05-09 | 17:17:26 | USA | 192.168.183.51 |
| 0 |
```

## Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

I investigated login attempts that did not originate from Mexico. To achieve this, I filtered the `log_in_attempts` table by excluding entries with the country field containing 'MEX' or 'MEXICO'. I used the `NOT` operator to exclude Mexico and the `LIKE` operator with the pattern 'MEX%' to match any entries that start with 'MEX', ensuring that I excluded both 'MEX' and 'MEXICO'.

```

MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
->
-> FROM log_in_attempts
->
-> WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%';
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| event_id | username | login_date | login_time | country | ip_address |
| success |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | jrafael | 2022-05-09 | 04:56:27 | CAN | 192.168.243.14 |
0 | 1 |
| 2 | apatel | 2022-05-10 | 20:27:27 | CAN | 192.168.205.12 |
| 0 |
| 3 | dkot | 2022-05-09 | 06:47:41 | USA | 192.168.151.16 |
2 | 1 |
| 4 | dkot | 2022-05-08 | 02:00:39 | USA | 192.168.178.71 |
| 0 |

```

## Retrieve employees in Marketing

I retrieved information about employees working in the 'Marketing' department who are located in offices within the East building (e.g., 'East-170' or 'East-320'). I filtered the `employees` table by using the `department` column to select employees in the 'Marketing' department and the `office` column to select employees located in any office starting with 'East'. This allowed me to gather the necessary data for the team to update employee machines

```

MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
->
-> FROM employees
->
-> WHERE department = 'Marketing' AND office LIKE 'East%';
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| employee_id | device_id | username | department | office |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1000 | a320b137c219 | elarson | Marketing | East-170 |
| 1052 | a192b174c940 | jdarosa | Marketing | East-195 |
| 1075 | x573y883z772 | fbautist | Marketing | East-267 |
| 1088 | k865l965m233 | rgosh | Marketing | East-157 |
| 1103 | NULL | randerss | Marketing | East-460 |
| 1156 | a184b775c707 | dellery | Marketing | East-417 |
| 1163 | h679i515j339 | cwilliam | Marketing | East-216 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.001 sec)

```

## Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

I retrieved information about employees working in either the 'Finance' or 'Sales' department. I filtered the `employees` table using the `department` column to select records where the department is either 'Finance' or 'Sales'. This allowed the team to focus on employees in these departments for the necessary system updates.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *  
->  
-> FROM employees  
->  
-> WHERE department = 'Finance' OR department = 'Sales';
```

employee_id	device_id	username	department	office
1003	d394e816f943	sgilmore	Finance	South-153
1007	h174i497j413	wjaffrey	Finance	North-406
1008	i858j583k571	abernard	Finance	South-170
1009	NULL	lrodriqu	Sales	South-134
1010	k242l212m542	jlansky	Finance	South-109
1011	l748m120n401	drosas	Sales	South-292
1015	p611q262r945	jsoto	Finance	North-271
1017	r550s824t230	jclark	Finance	North-188
1018	s310t540u653	abellmas	Finance	North-403
1022	w237x430y567	arusso	Finance	West-465
1024	y976z753a267	iuduiky	Sales	South-215
1025	z381a365b233	jhill	Sales	North-115
1029	d336e475f676	ivelasco	Finance	East-156
1035	j236k303l245	bisles	Sales	South-171
1039	n253o917p623	cjackson	Sales	East-378
1041	p929q222r778	cgriffin	Sales	North-208
1044	s429t157u159	tbarnes	Finance	West-415
1045	t567u844v434	pwashing	Finance	East-115
1046	u429v921w138	daquino	Finance	West-280
1047	v108x587y644	ward	Finance	West-373

## Retrieve all employees not in IT

retrieved information about employees who are **not** in the 'Information Technology' (IT) department. To do this, I filtered the `employees` table using the `NOT` operator with the `department` column to exclude all employees in the IT department. This helped the team focus on the remaining employees who still required system updates.

```

MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
->
-> FROM employees
->
-> WHERE NOT department = 'Information Technology';

```

employee_id	device_id	username	department	office
1000	a320b137c219	elarson	Marketing	East-170
1001	b239c825d303	bmoreno	Marketing	Central-276
1002	c116d593e558	tshah	Human Resources	North-434
1003	d394e816f943	sgilmore	Finance	South-153
1004	e218f877g788	eraab	Human Resources	South-127
1005	f551g340h864	gesparza	Human Resources	South-366
1007	h174i497j413	wjaffrey	Finance	North-406
1008	i858j583k571	abernard	Finance	South-170
1009	NULL	lrodriqu	Sales	South-134
1010	k242l212m542	jlansky	Finance	South-109
1011	l748m120n401	drosas	Sales	South-292
1015	p611q262r945	jsoto	Finance	North-271
1016	q793r736s288	sbaelish	Human Resources	North-229
1017	r550s824t230	jclark	Finance	North-188
1018	s310t540u653	abellmas	Finance	North-403
1020	u899v381w363	arutley	Marketing	South-351
1022	w237x430y567	arusso	Finance	West-465

## Summary

In this project, I worked on retrieving and analyzing employee and login attempt data to assist with system updates and security investigations. I used SQL queries to filter and extract specific records based on various criteria. Tasks included retrieving failed login attempts after hours, locating login attempts on specific dates, filtering out login attempts outside of Mexico, and gathering employee information from specific departments. I also identified employees who needed system updates by filtering out the IT department and focusing on other departments such as Marketing, Finance, and Sales. My SQL skills were applied in real-world scenarios to help improve system security and manage employee updates efficiently.