Introduction to Seaborn

INTRODUCTION TO DATA VISUALIZATION WITH SEABORN

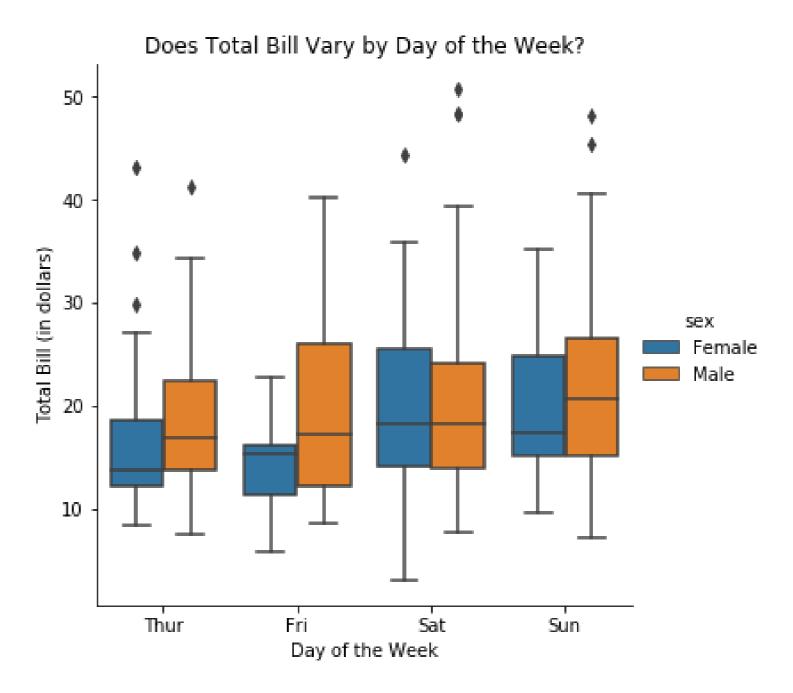


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What is Seaborn?

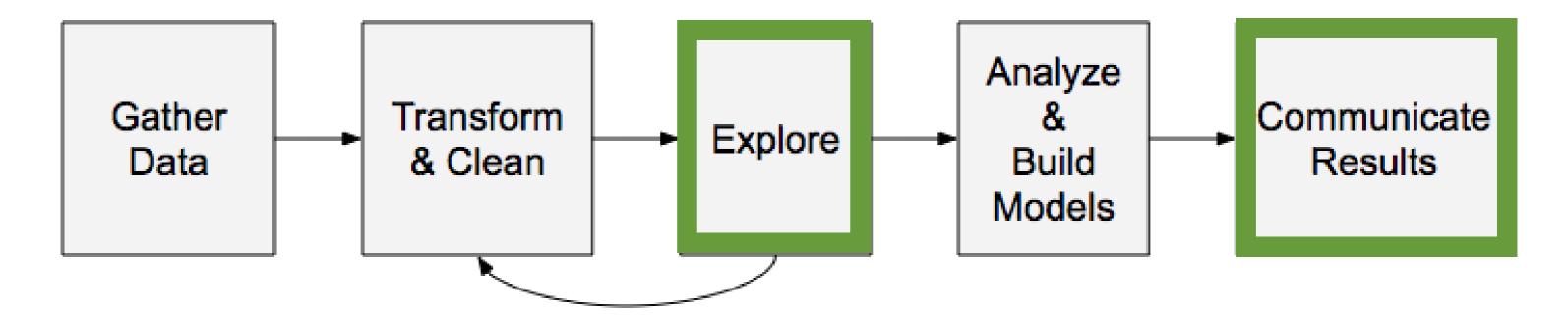
- Python data visualization library
- Easily create the most common types of plots



¹ Waskom, M. L. (2021). seaborn: statistical data visualization. https://seaborn.pydata.org/



Why is Seaborn useful?



Advantages of Seaborn

- Easy to use
- Works well with pandas data structures
- Built on top of matplotlib



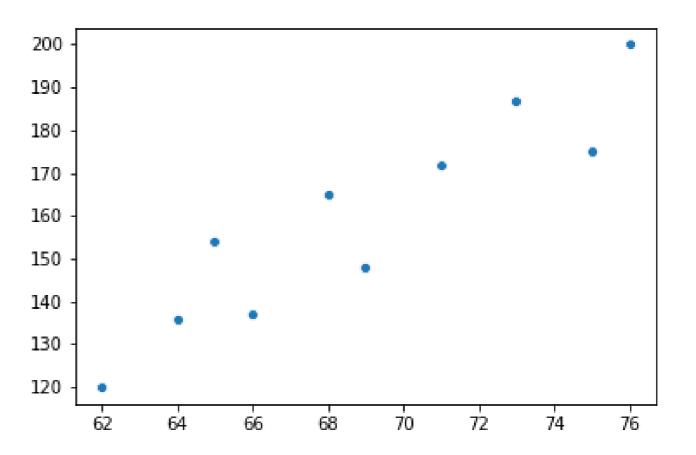
Getting started

```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

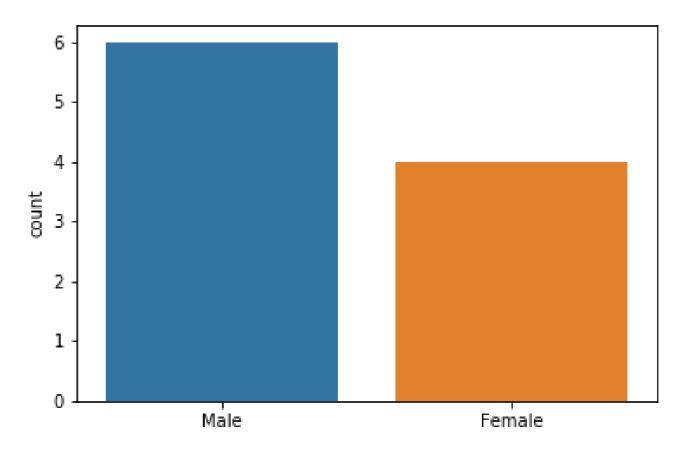
Samuel Norman Seaborn (sns)

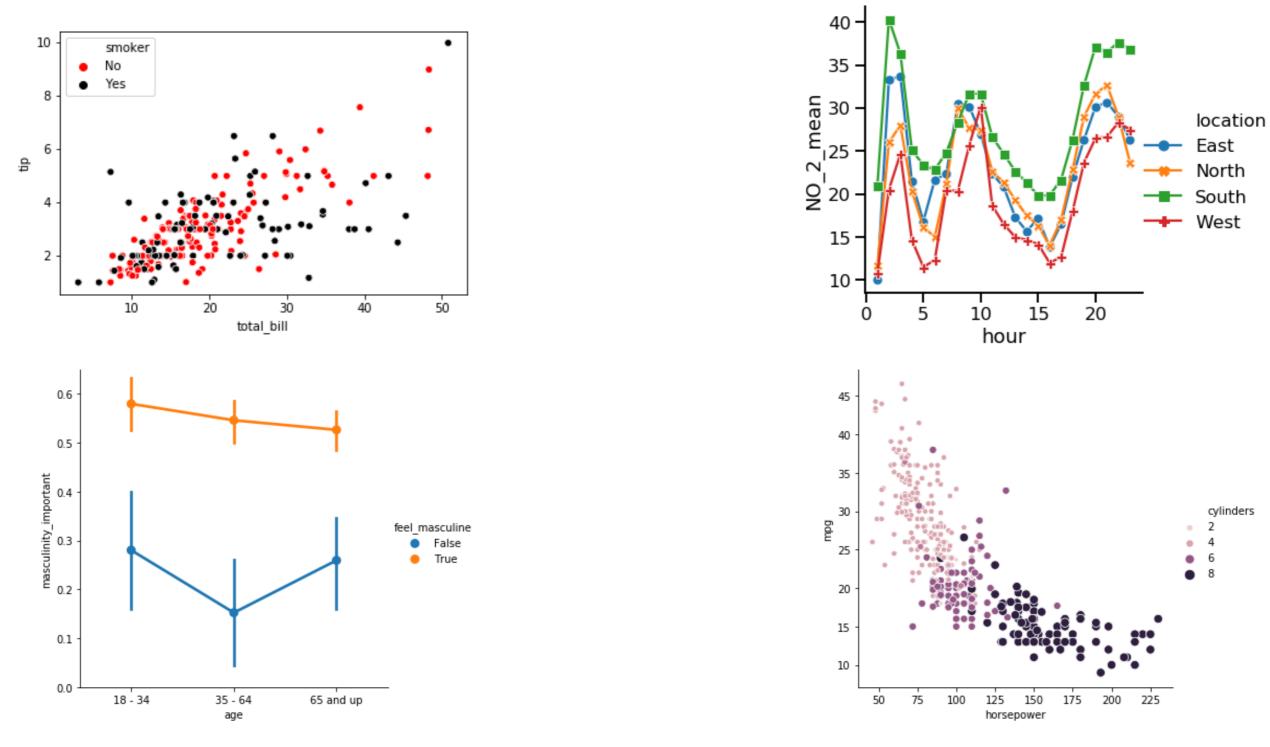
• "The West Wing" television show

Example 1: Scatter plot



Example 2: Create a count plot





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Let's practice!

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Using pandas with Seaborn

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What is pandas?

- Python library for data analysis
- Easily read datasets from csv, txt, and other types of files
- Datasets take the form of DataFrame objects

Working with DataFrames

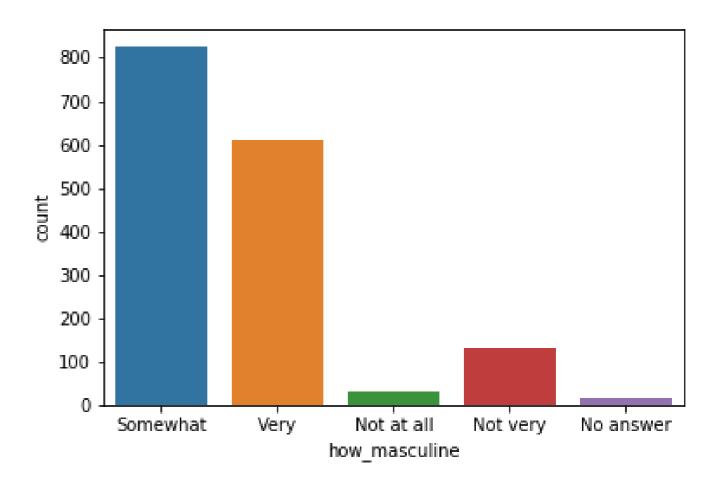
```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv("masculinity.csv")

df.head()
```

participant_id	age	how_masculine	how_important
0 1	18 - 34	Somewhat	Somewhat
1 2	18 - 34	Somewhat	Somewhat
2 3	18 - 34	Very	Not very
3 4	18 - 34	Very	Not very
4 5	18 - 34	Very	Very

Using DataFrames with countplot()



	participant_id	age	how_masculine	how_important
0	1	18 - 34	Somewhat	Somewhat
1	2	18 - 34	Somewhat	Somewhat
2	3	18 - 34	Very	Not very
3	4	18 - 34	Very	Not very
4	5	18 - 34	Very	Very
5	6	18 - 34	Very	Somewhat
6	7	18 - 34	Somewhat	Not very
7	8	18 - 34	Somewhat	Somewhat
8	9	18 - 34	Very	Not at all
9	10	18 - 34	Somewhat	Somewhat

	AMONG ADULT MEN	Unnamed: 1	Adult Men	Age	Unnamed: 4	Unnamed: 5
0				18 - 34	35 - 64	65 and up
1	In general, how masculine or "manly" do you feel?					
2		Very masculine	37%	29%	42%	37%
3		Somewhat masculine	46%	47%	46%	47%
4		Not very masculine	11%	13%	9%	13%
5		Not at all masculine	5%	10%	2%	3%
6		No answer	1%	0%	1%	1%
7	How important is it to you that others see you as masculine?					
8		Very important	16%	18%	17%	13%
9		Somewhat important	37%	38%	37%	32%
10		Not too important	28%	18%	31%	37%
11		Not at all important	18%	26%	15%	18%
12		No answer	0%	0%	1%	0%



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Adding a third variable with hue

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Tips dataset

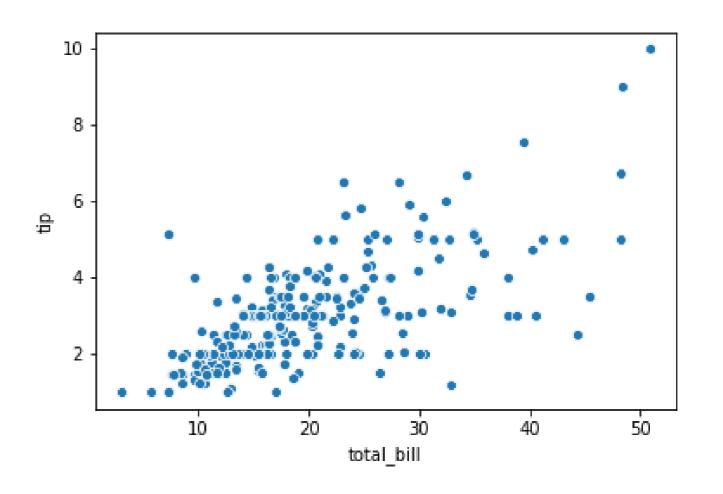
```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
tips = sns.load_dataset("tips")
tips.head()
```

```
total_bill
              tip sex smoker
                                   day
                                          time
                                                size
0
       16.99 1.01
                    Female
                               No
                                   Sun
                                        Dinner
                                        Dinner
                                                   3
       10.34 1.66
                      Male
                               No
                                   Sun
2
                                                   3
       21.01 3.50
                      Male
                               No
                                   Sun
                                        Dinner
3
       23.68 3.31
                      Male
                                   Sun
                                        Dinner
                                                   2
                               No
       24.59 3.61
                                   Sun
                                       Dinner
                    Female
                               No
                                                   4
```

¹ Waskom, M. L. (2021). seaborn: statistical data visualization. https://seaborn.pydata.org/



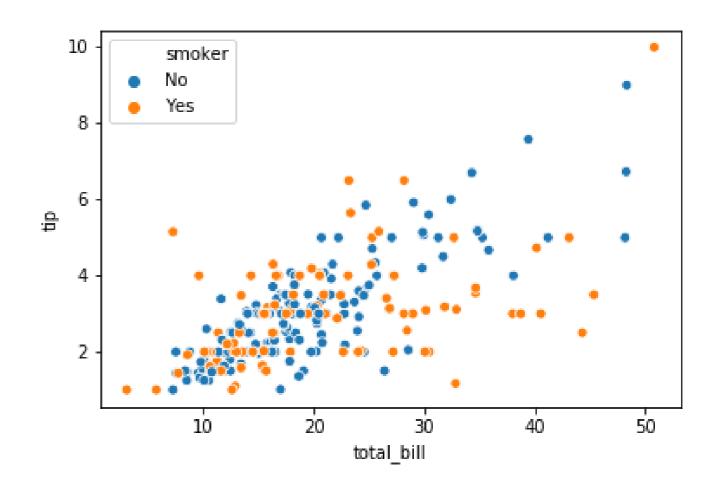
A basic scatter plot



¹ Waskom, M. L. (2021). seaborn: statistical data visualization. https://seaborn.pydata.org/



A scatter plot with hue

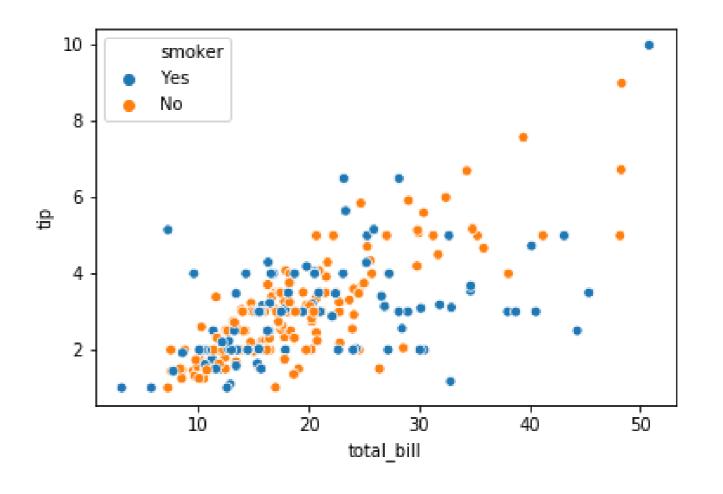


¹ Waskom, M. L. (2021). seaborn: statistical data visualization. https://seaborn.pydata.org/



Setting hue order

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
sns.scatterplot(x="total_bill",
                y="tip",
                data=tips,
                hue="smoker",
                hue_order=["Yes",
                            "No"])
plt.show()
```

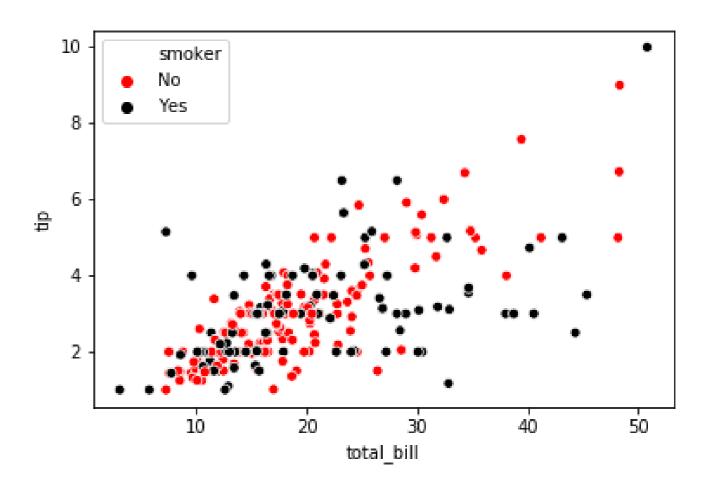


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Specifying hue colors

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
hue_colors = {"Yes": "black",
              "No": "red"}
sns.scatterplot(x="total_bill",
                y="tip",
                data=tips,
                hue="smoker",
                palette=hue_colors)
plt.show()
```



¹ Waskom, M. L. (2021). seaborn: statistical data visualization. https://seaborn.pydata.org/

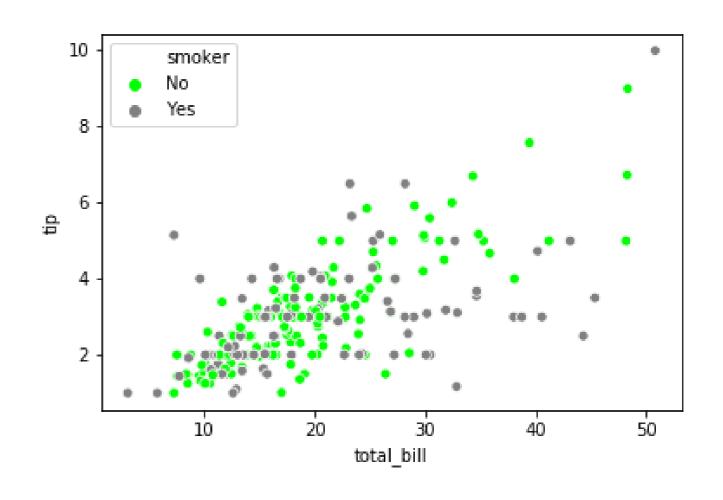


Color	Matplotlib name	Matplotlib abbreviation	HTML color code (hex)
blue	"blue"	"b"	#0000ff
green	"green"	"g"	#008000
red	"red"	"r"	#ff0000
green/blue	"cyan"	"c"	#00bfbf
purple	"magenta"	"m"	#bf00bf
yellow	"yellow"	"y"	#bfbf00
black	"black"	"k"	#000000
white	"white"	"w"	#ffffff



Using HTML hex color codes with hue

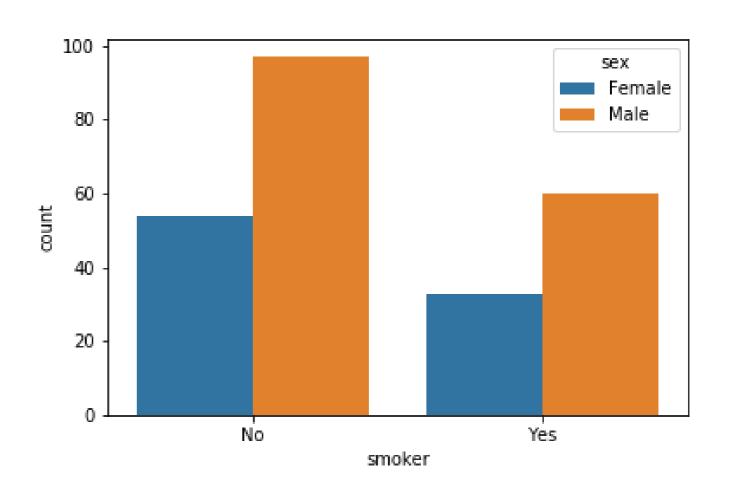
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
hue_colors = {"Yes": "#808080",
              "No": "#00FF00"}
sns.scatterplot(x="total_bill",
                y="tip",
                data=tips,
                hue="smoker",
                palette=hue_colors)
plt.show()
```



¹ Waskom, M. L. (2021). seaborn: statistical data visualization. https://seaborn.pydata.org/



Using hue with count plots



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