

Software Variability Management

From Clown-and-Own to Software Product Lines

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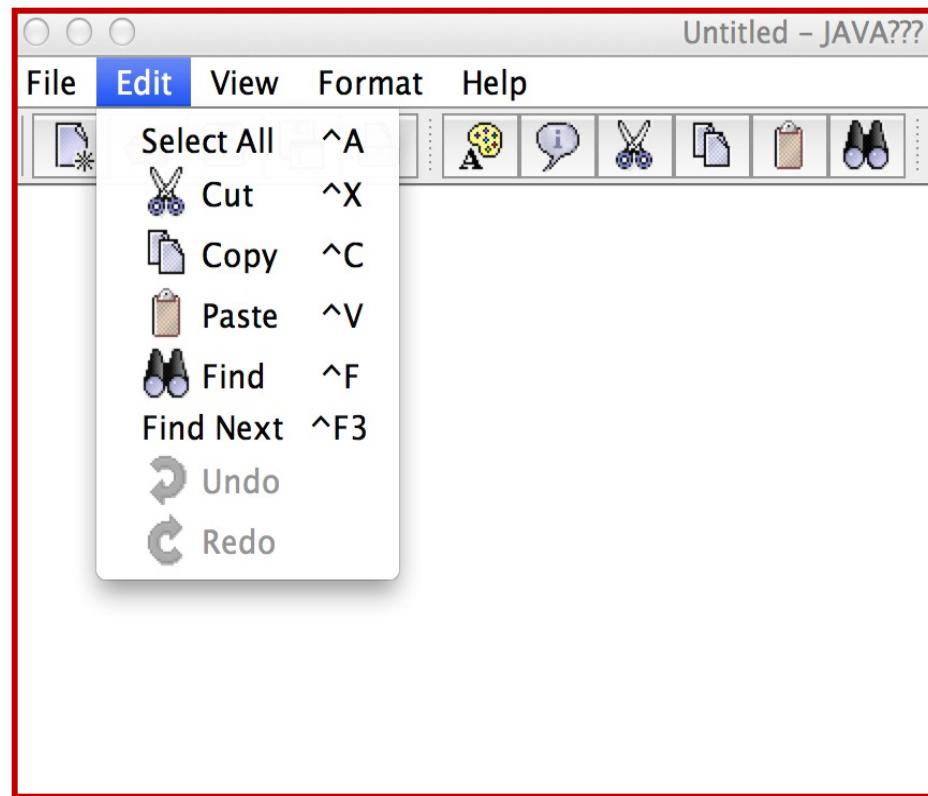
tewfik.ziadi@lip6.fr

..Create a collection of **product variants** in the **same domain**..

Software Variability....

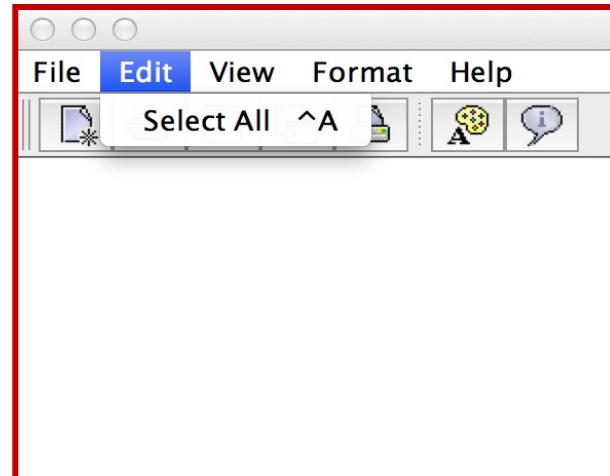
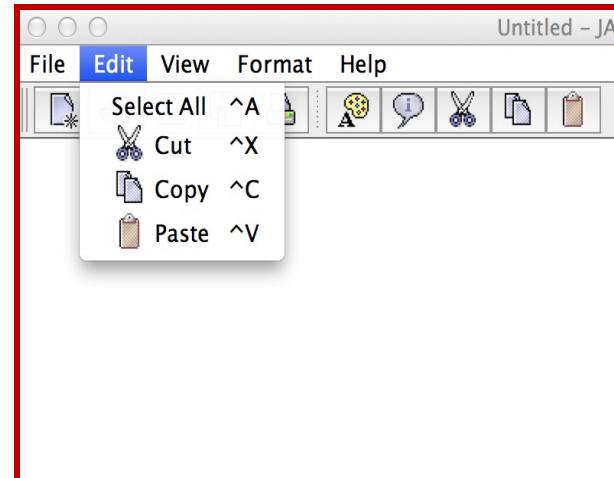
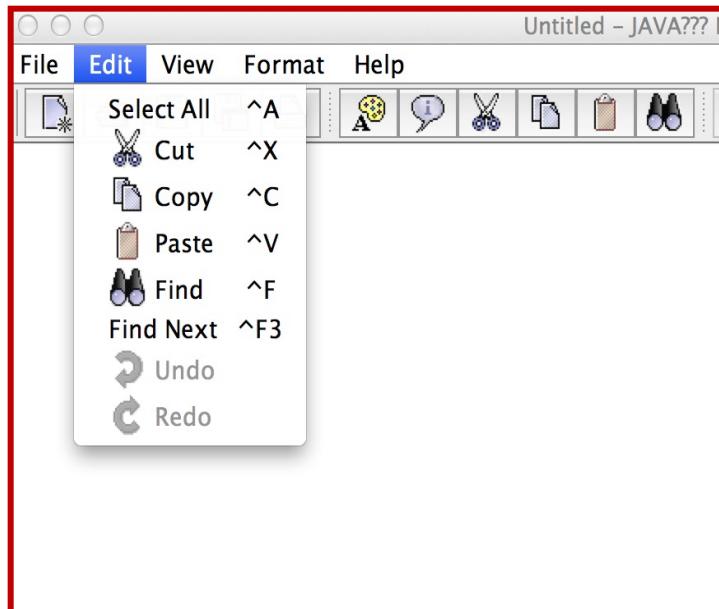
Motivations

- We have the implementation in Java of a simple Notepad application

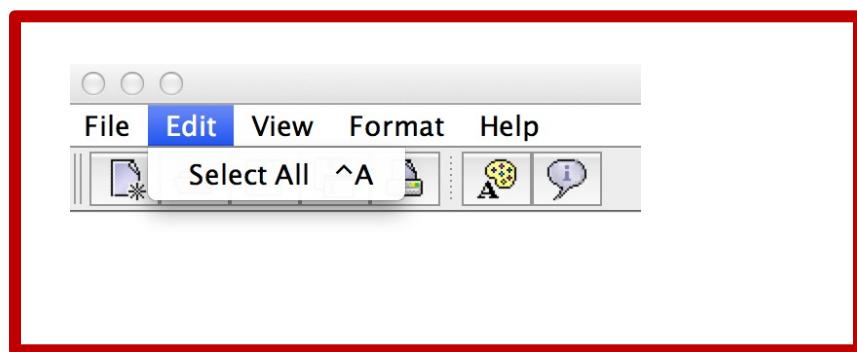
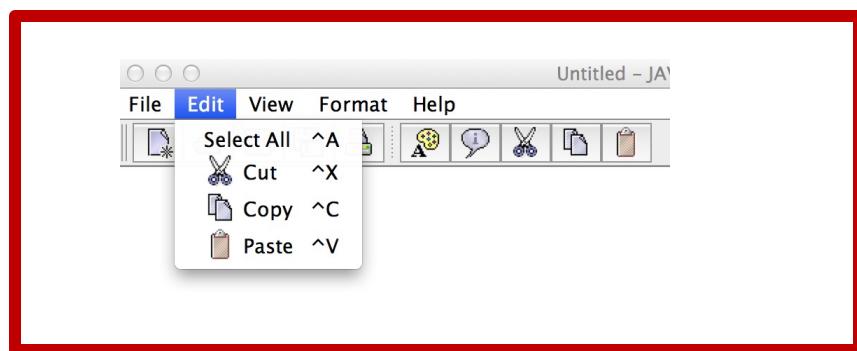
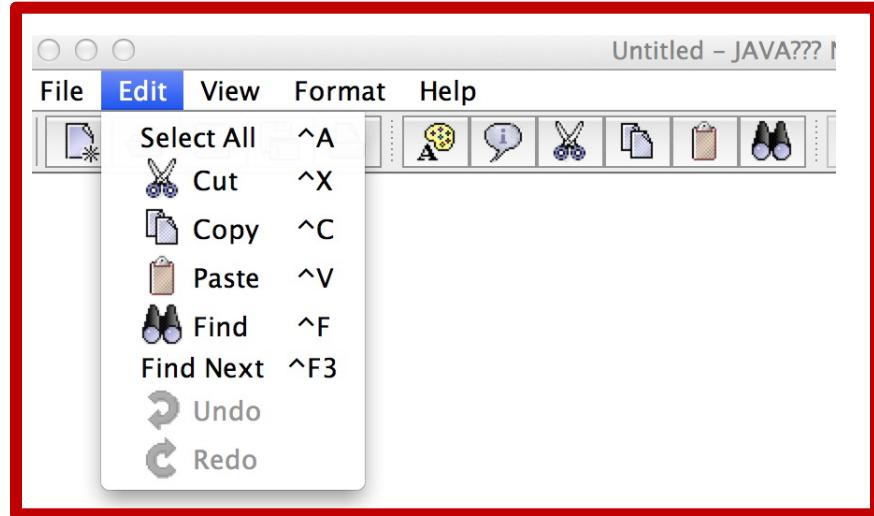
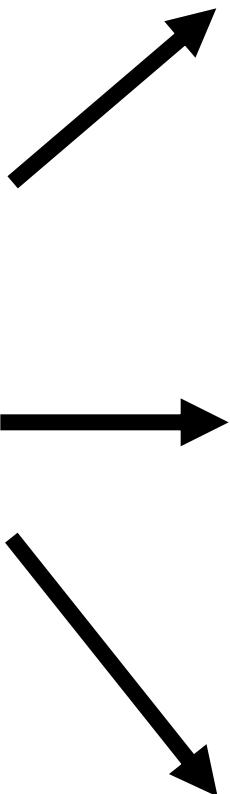


Motivations

- How can we implement 2 additional variants for the same application?



Classical Software



Linux

[...]

KConfig file

```
config PRINTK
    default y
    bool "Enable support for printk" if EXPERT
    select IRQ_WORK
    help
        This option enables normal printk support. Removing it
        eliminates most of the message strings from the kernel image
        and makes the kernel more or less silent. As this makes it
        very difficult to diagnose system problems, saying N here is
        strongly discouraged.

config PRINTK_NMI
    def_bool y
    depends on PRINTK
    depends on HAVE_NMI

config BUG
    bool "BUG() support" if EXPERT
    default y
    help
        Disabling this option eliminates support for BUG and WARN, reducing
        the size of your kernel image and potentially quietly ignoring
        numerous fatal conditions. You should only consider disabling this
        option for embedded systems with no facilities for reporting errors.
        Just say Y.

config ELF_CORE
    depends on COREDUMP
    default y
    bool "Enable ELF core dumps" if EXPERT
    help
        Enable support for generating core dumps. Disabling saves about 4k.

[...]

config AIO
    bool "Enable AIO support" if EXPERT
    default y
    help
        This option enables POSIX asynchronous I/O which may be used
        by some high performance threaded applications. Disabling
        this option saves about 7k.
```

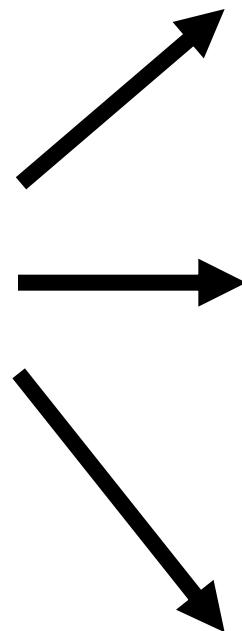
[...]



- Software systems

Comme in many **variants**

Printer Firmware



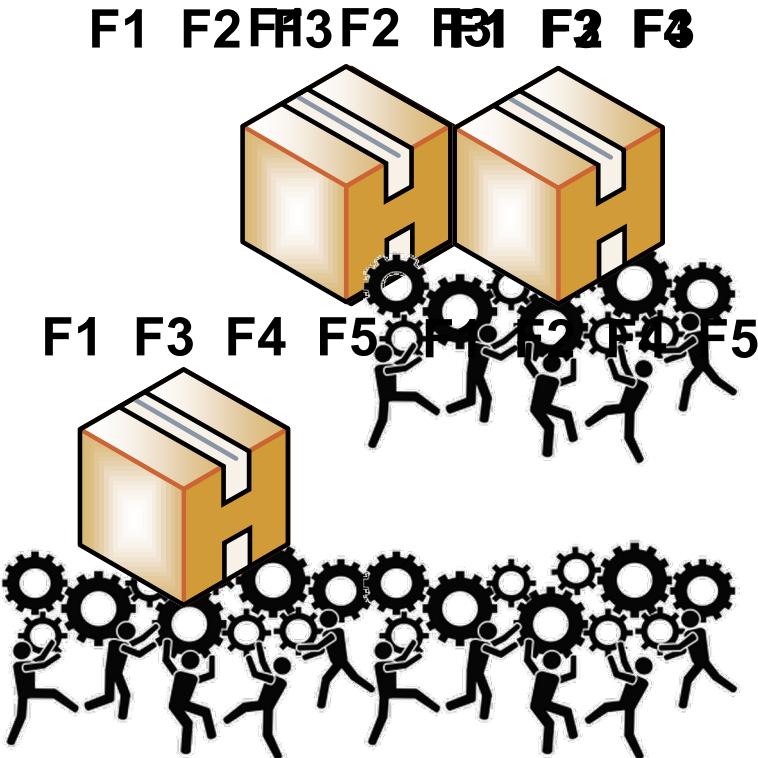
Ad hoc solution

- Copy and past the initial variant and manually delete the unwanted functionalities (copy/cut/finder/undo)

Clone-and-own:

Opportunistic reuse

Clone-and-own

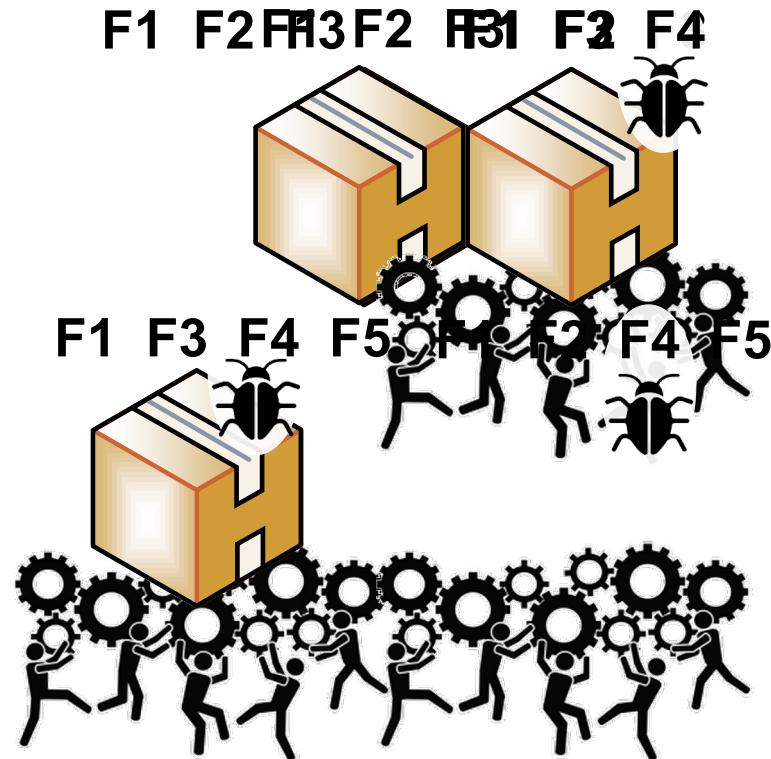


50% of industrial companies use clone-and-own to create variants.

Clone-and-own

- Advantages ?
 - Easy/quick solution to create variants!
- Problems ?

Clone-and-own



*Clone-and-own:
Opportunistic reuse*

Systematic Reuse: “**Software Product Lines:**
Systematic reuse

LIVE DEMO

Content

- **Software Product Lines (SPL)**
 - Concepts & existing approaches to implement SPL
 - The Robocode case study

LIVE DEMOS

Product Lines in Industry



Variants



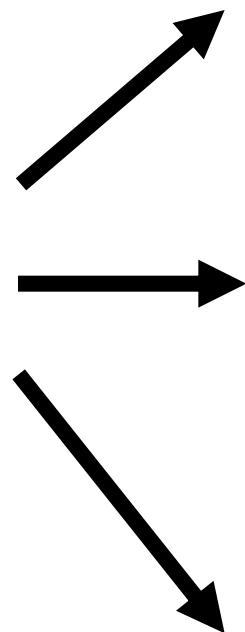


Why can't build our application as
we build our car ?

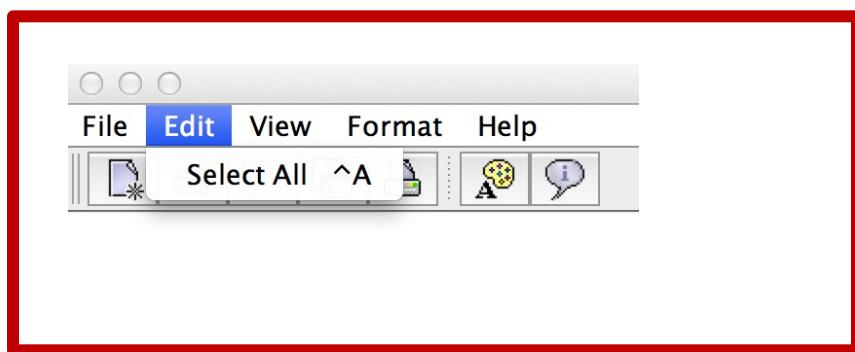
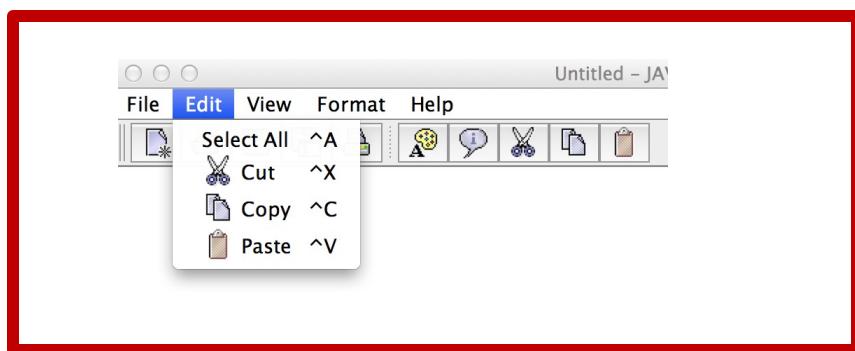
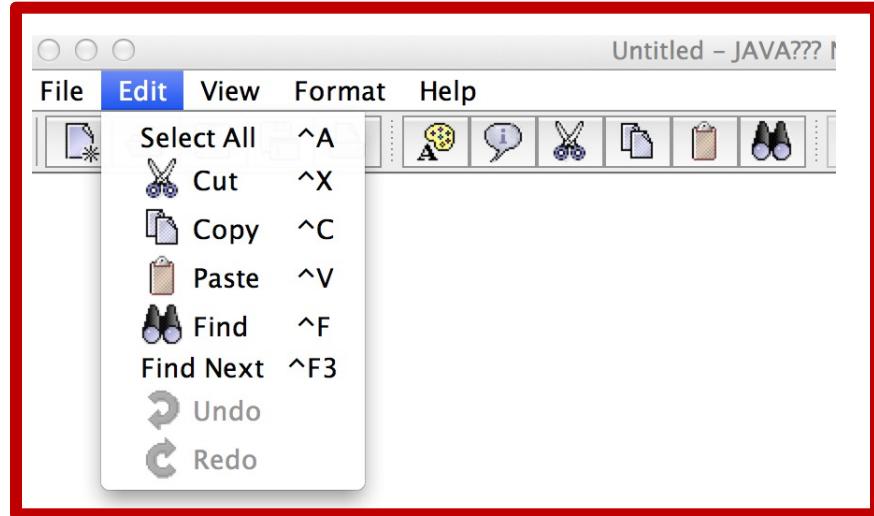
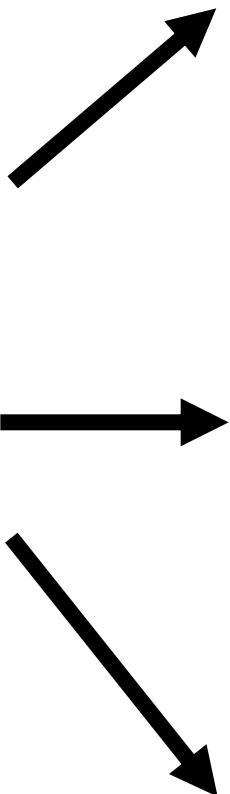
- Software systems

Comme in many **variants**

Printer Firmware

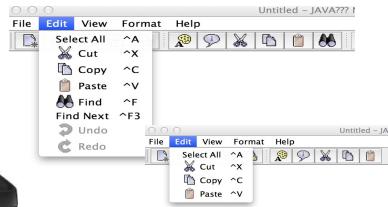


Classical Software



Mobile applications





Software Variability

“the ability of a system to be efficiently extended, changed, customized or configured for use in a particular context”

Mikael Svahnberg, Jilles van Gurp, and Jan Bosch (2005)

Software Product Line

A collection (family) of Software variants:

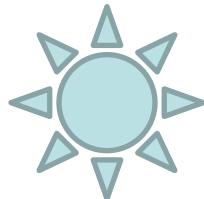
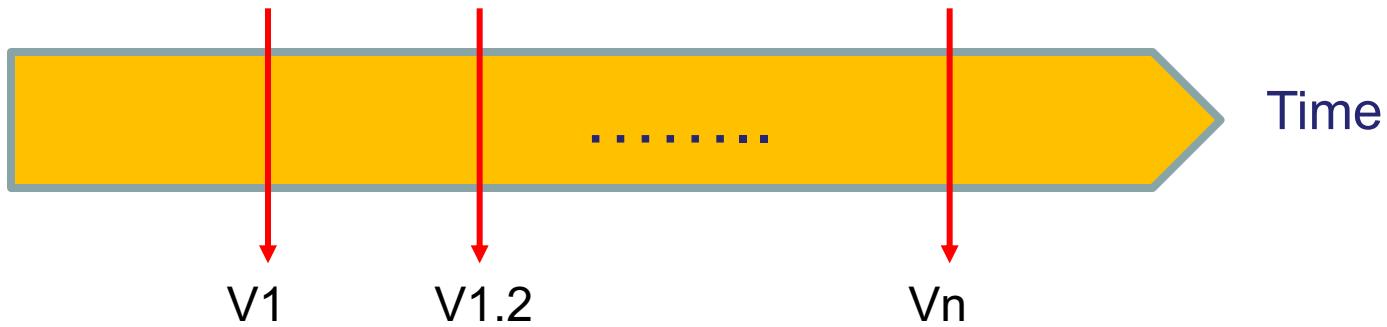
- The **same domain**
- Share a set of **commonalities** but also contain **variability**



- **Time to market**
- **Increase reuse**

Version vs. Variant

- **Version :**
 - Variability in **time**

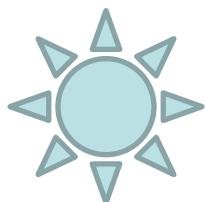
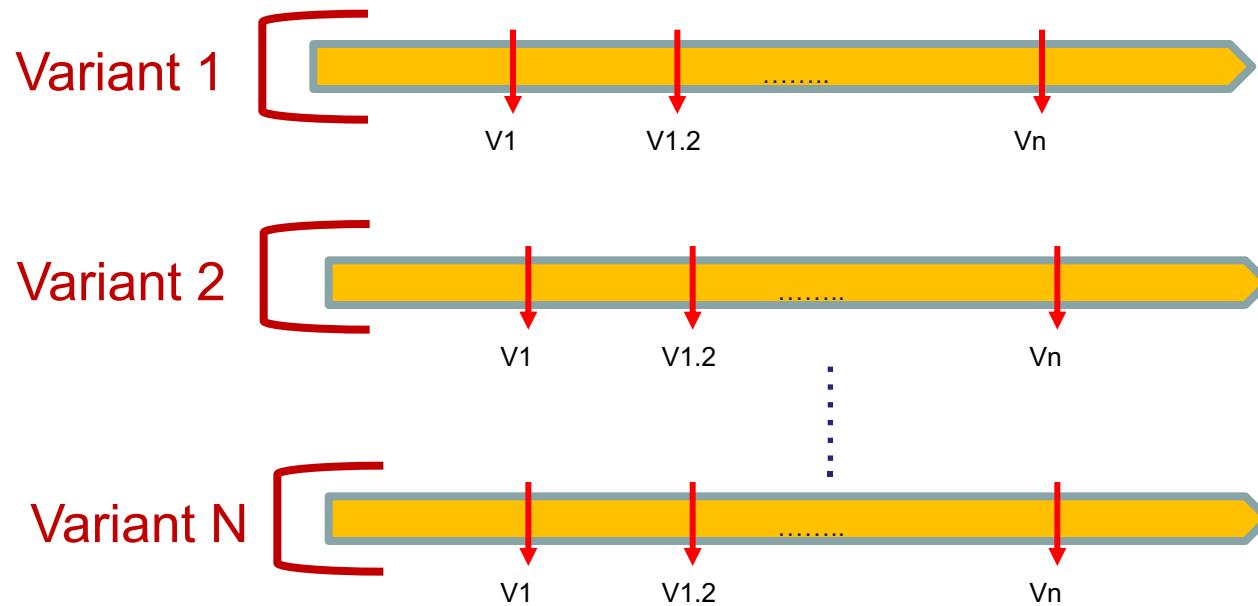


The **same software** that evolves in time

➔ Version Control Systems (git, svn..)

Variante vs. Version

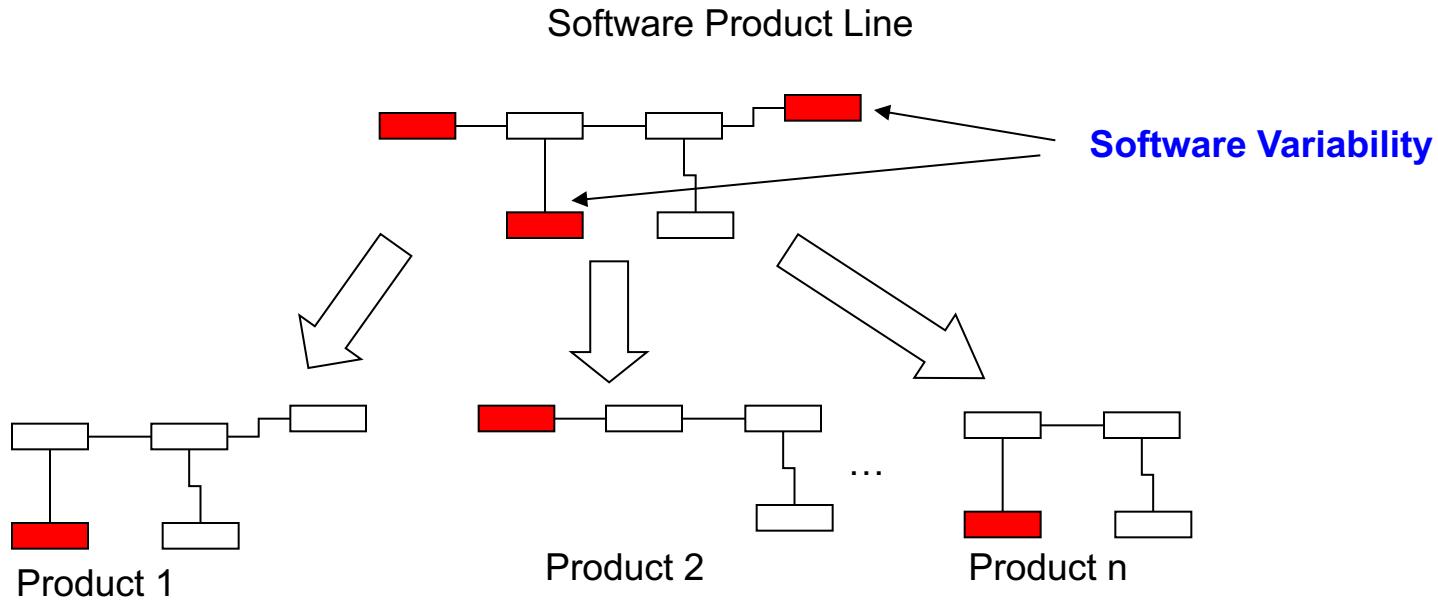
- **Variant :**
 - Variability in **space**



At the same time, **many variants exist**

→ Software Product Lines

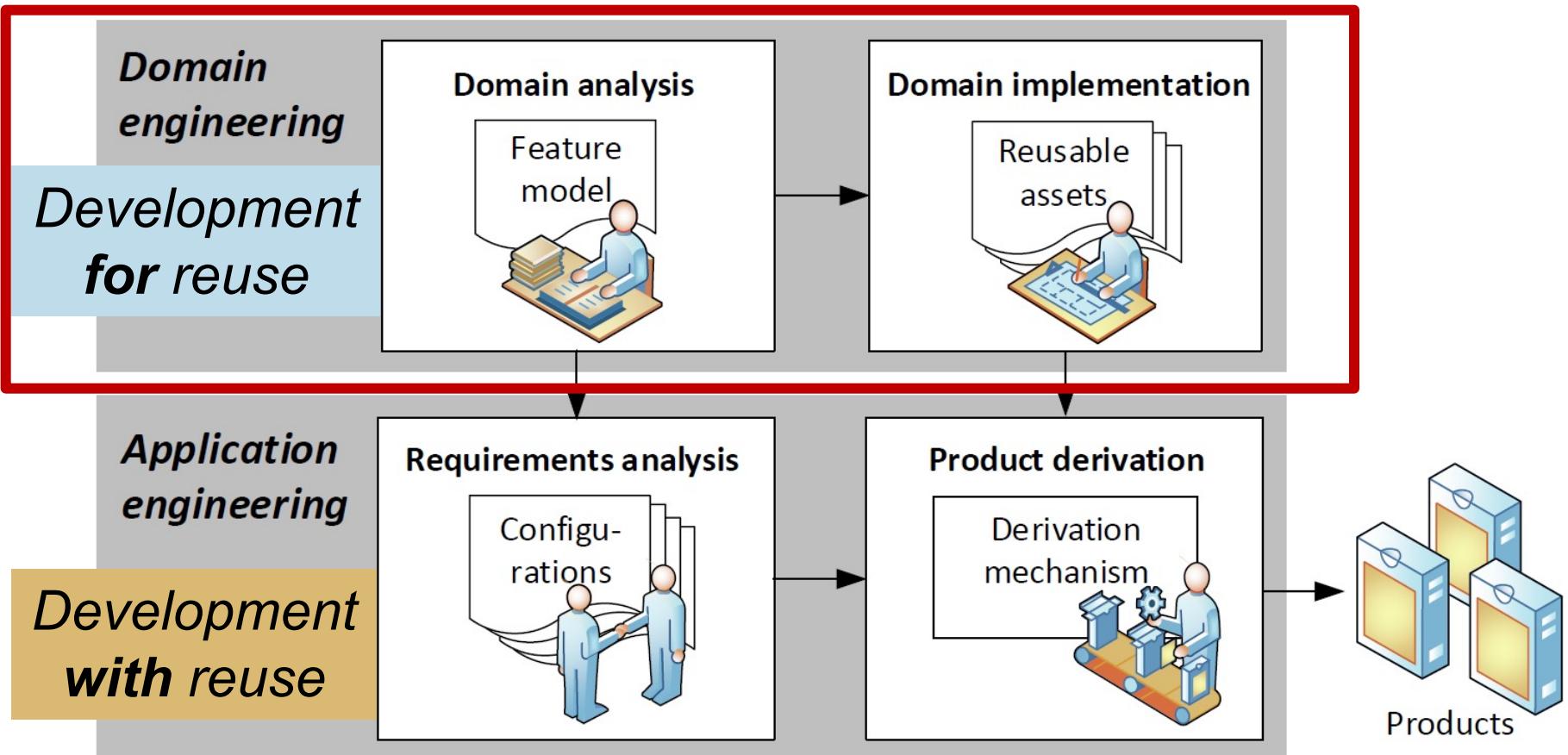
Software Product Line



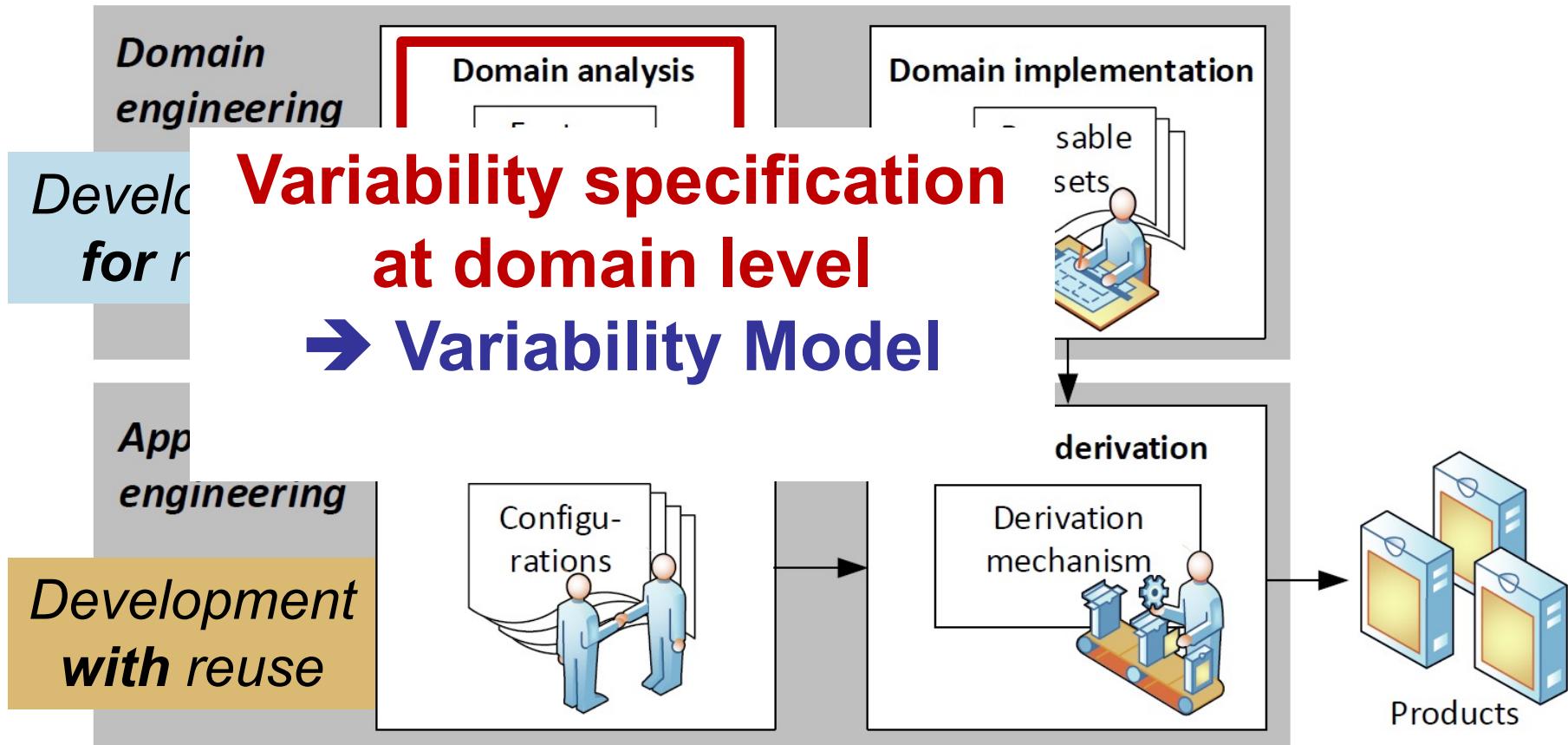
- ✓ Dimension 1 : Variability Management.
- ✓ Dimension 2 : Product Derivation.

Software Product Line Engineering

Software Product Line



Phase1: Domain Analysis



Variability Model

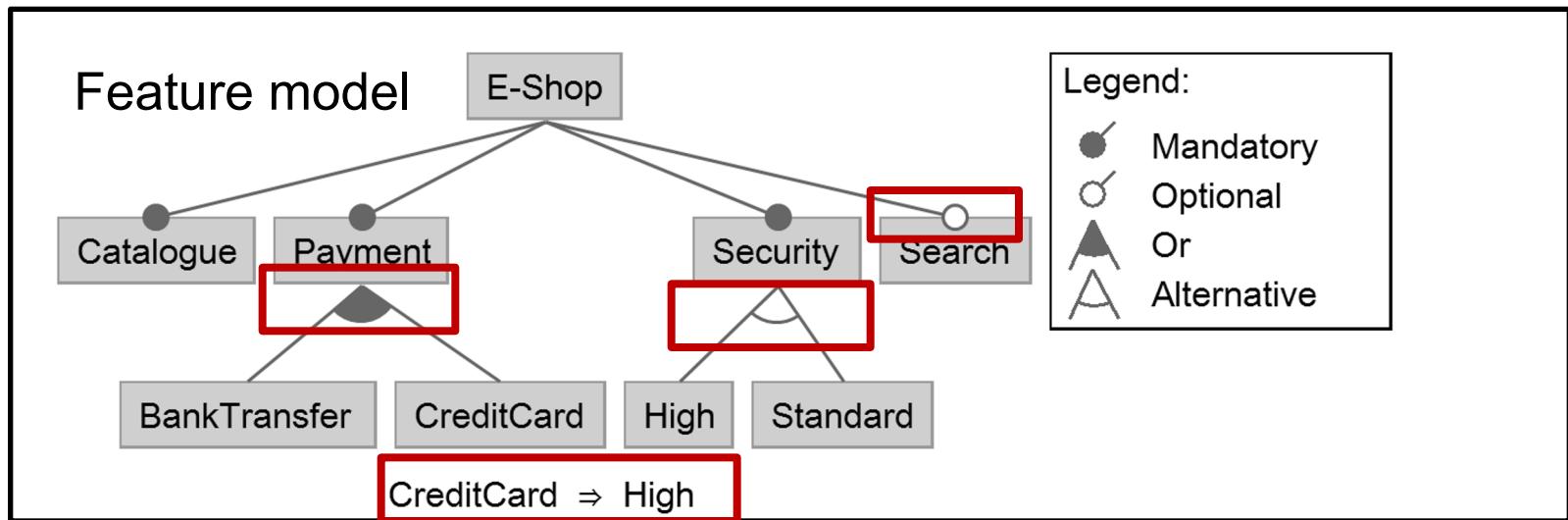
- **Explicit specification of variability**
- **Feature Model:** *de facto* standard!
- **Research**
 - 5000++ citations!
 - Central for many research work
 - Tools & Languages: GUIDSL/FeatureIDE, SPLOT, FaMa, etc.)
- **Industry**
 - Tools (Gears, pure::variants),

Feature-Oriented Domain Analysis (FODA)
Feasibility Study

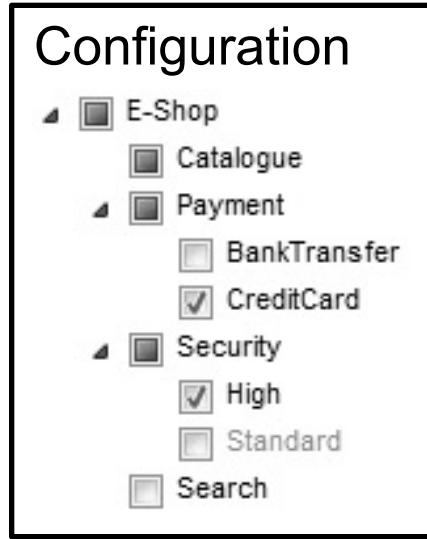
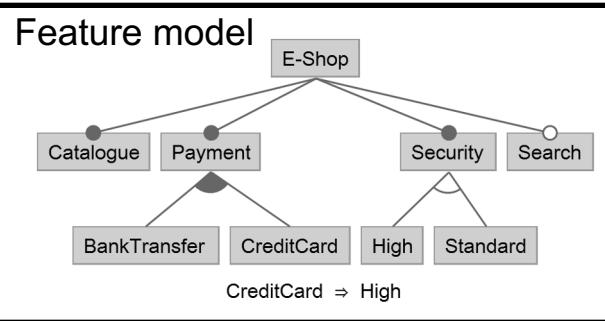
Kyo C. Kang
Sholom G. Cohen
James A. Hess
William E. Novak
A. Spencer Peterson
November 1990

Feature Model

- The concept of « **feature** »
- **Hierarchy**: rooted tree
- Notations for **variability**
 - Optional, alternative, Or, constraints..



Feature Model & Configurations

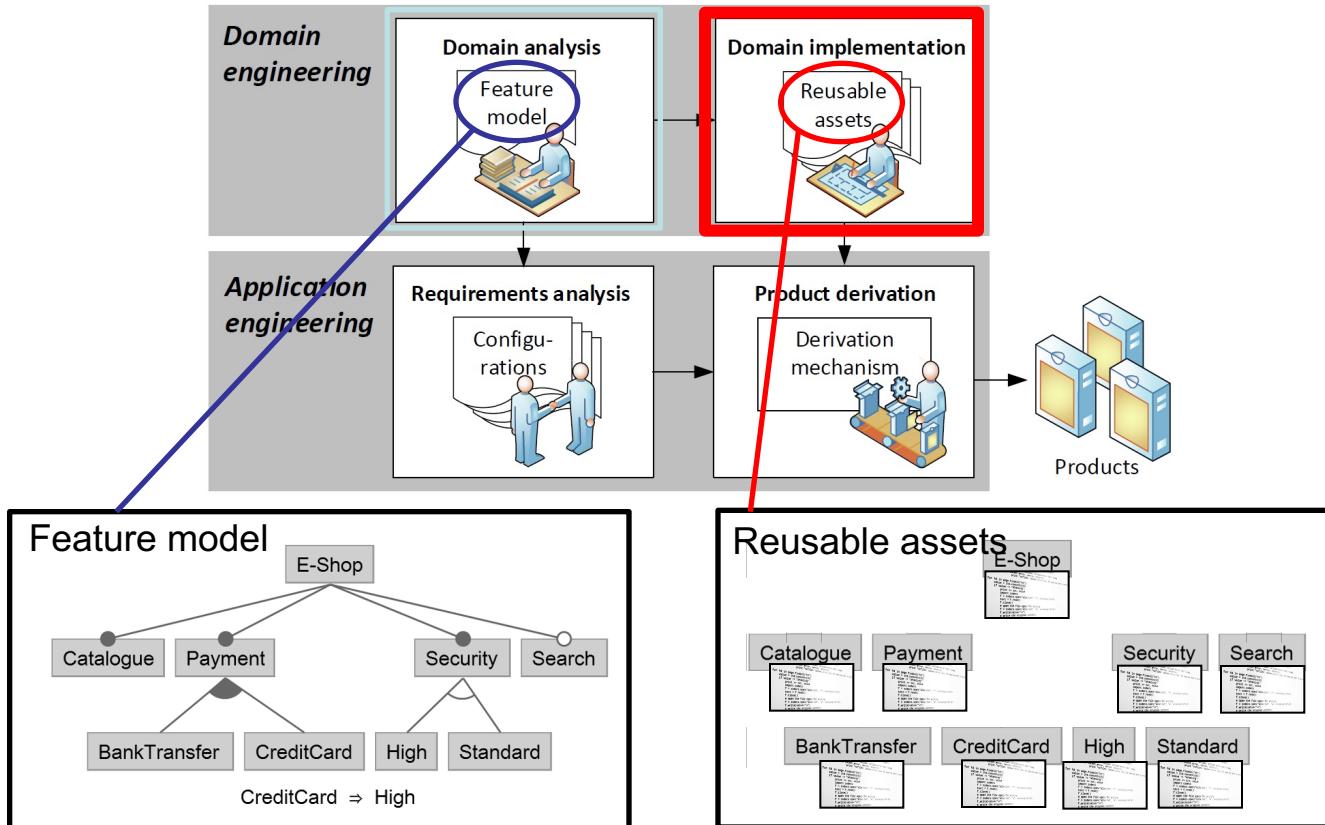


configuration =
set of features selected

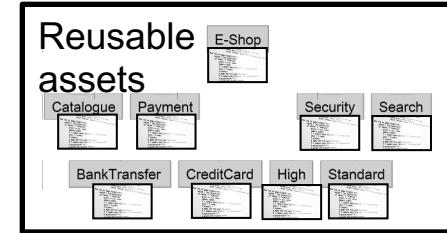


Research Direction: Automated Analysis and Reasoning on Feature models

Software Product Line Engineering

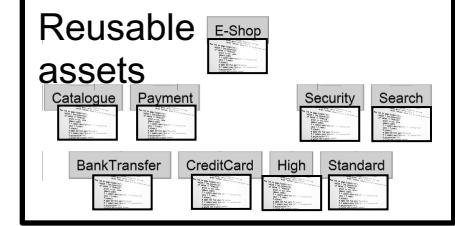


Domain Implementation



- **Objective:** Implement the **reusable assets**.
 - **Asset:** a **software artefact** needed to implement the product variants of the family.
 - *requirements, models, source code files, tests..*
 - **Reusable:** The assets that can be **reused** to implement the different variants:
 - ➔ Includes mechanisms to Implement the **software variability**
 - ➔ Links to the features.

Domain Implementation

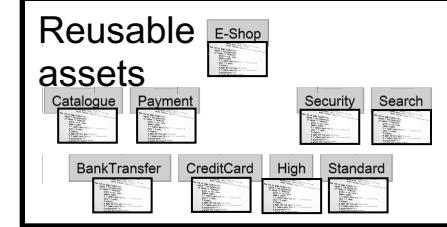


- How the reusable assets can be implemented?



Research Direction: Software Product Lines Implementation

Domain Implementation



- How the reusable assets can be implemented?

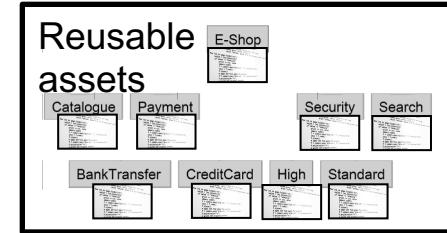


Research Direction: Software Product Lines Implementation

State of the art: two families of approaches:

- ➔ **Annotative** approaches
- ➔ **Compositional** approaches

Annotative approaches



- **Asset Implementation:**
 - A **maximal** product (150% product).
 - **Annotations** to specify the fragments related to each feature.

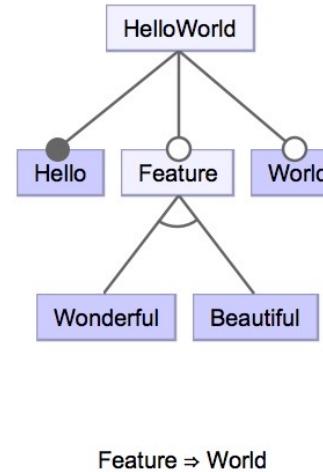
Annot. approaches: State of the art

- ***Conditional compilation (preprocessors):***
 - Implement a maximal **C source code**
 - Add annotations using **compilation directives** (#ifdef)

(150% source code)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(void) {
    printf("Hello");
#ifndef Beautiful
    printf(" beautiful");
#endif
#ifndef Wonderful
    printf(" wonderful");
#endif
#ifndef World
    printf(" world");
#endif
    return 0;
}
```



Annot. approaches: State of the art

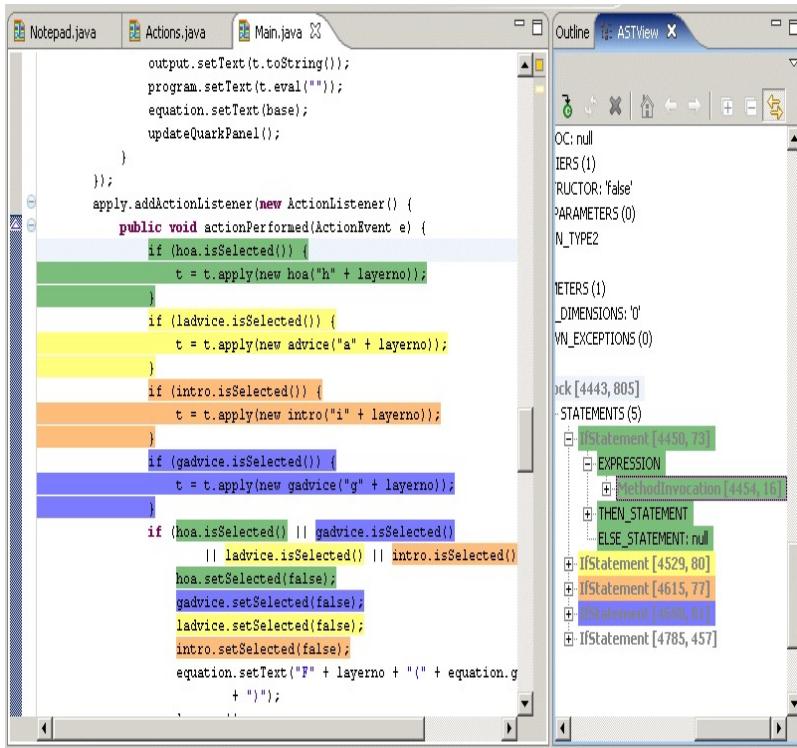
- Preprocessors for Java (integrated in the FeatureIDE tool)
 - **Munge** preprocessor: developed by the developers of Java's Swing library (main author: Thomas Ball)

```
public class HelloWorld {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        System.out.print("Hello");  
        /*if[Beautiful]*/  
        System.out.print(" beautiful");  
        /*end[Beautiful]*/  
        /*if[Wonderful]*/  
        System.out.print(" wonderful");  
        /*end[Wonderful]*/  
        /*if[World]*/  
        System.out.print(" world");  
        /*end[World]*/  
    }  
}
```

(c) Source: FeatureIDE examples

Annot. approaches: State of the art

- Colored IDE (CIDE) [Kästner et al. ICSE]

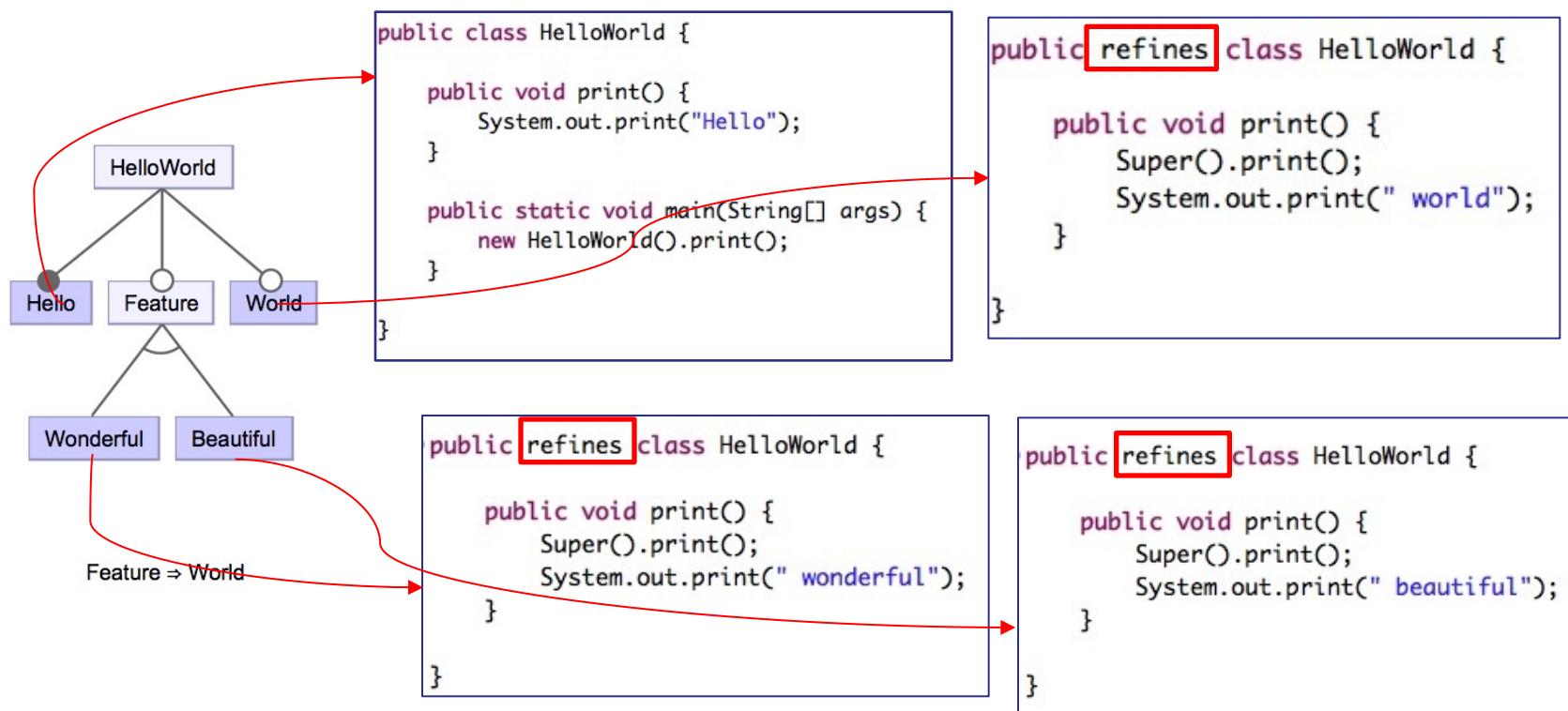


Compositional approaches

- Called also Feature-Oriented Programming/ Modeling approaches.
- **Asset Implementation**
 - the features of the product line are implemented as a set of **separated fragments (modules)**

Comp. approaches: State of the art

- **AHEAD** framework (Batory et al., 04, IEEE TSE).
 - Based on code refinement



Comp. approaches: State of the art

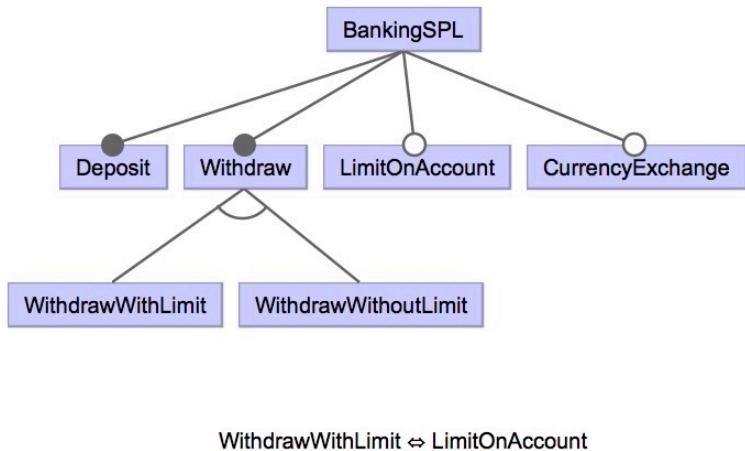
- **FeatureHouse**, (Apel et al. TSE 10)
 - Based on code **refinement**
 - A « **base** » code that is common to all variants.
 - Each feature will « **refine** » the base code
 - Extend the base code
 - Adding new implementations.
 - A generic compositional approach that supports many languages.

Example: The Banking System SPL

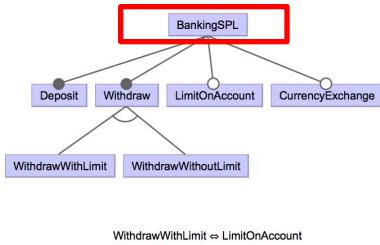
- Simple applications in the banking domain that implement the classical banking functionalities:

- Deposit money
- Withdraw
- Currency conversion.

- Variability :**
 - Limit on account is **optional**.
 - The **conversion** operation is are **optional**.



Feature : BankingSPL



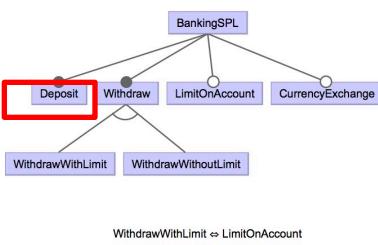
refine

```

public class Account {
    public String ID;
    private double balance;
    public Account(String id, double initial) {
        this.ID=id;
        this.balance=initial;
    }
    public double getBalance() {
        return this.balance;
    }
    public void display() {
        System.out.println("Account: "+ID+ " Balance ="+balance);
    }
}
  
```

“Base” code

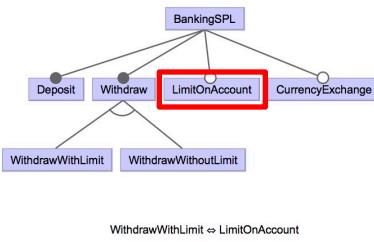
Feature : Deposit



```

public class Account {
    public void deposit(double amount) {
        balance+=amount;
    }
}
  
```

Feature : LimitOnAccount

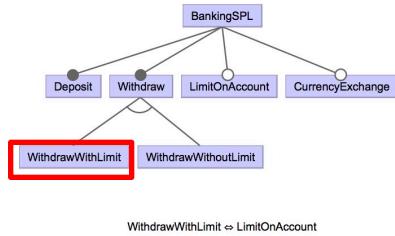


```

public class Account {
    final static int DAILY_LIMIT = -1000;

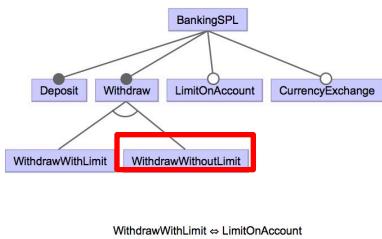
    public void display() {
        original();
        System.out.println("LIMIT =" +DAILY_LIMIT);
    }
}
  
```

Feature : LimitOnAccount



```
public class Account {  
  
    public boolean withdraw(double amount) {  
  
        if (balance>=amount+DAILY_LIMIT ) {  
            balance-=amount;  
            return true;  
        }  
        return false;  
    }  
}
```

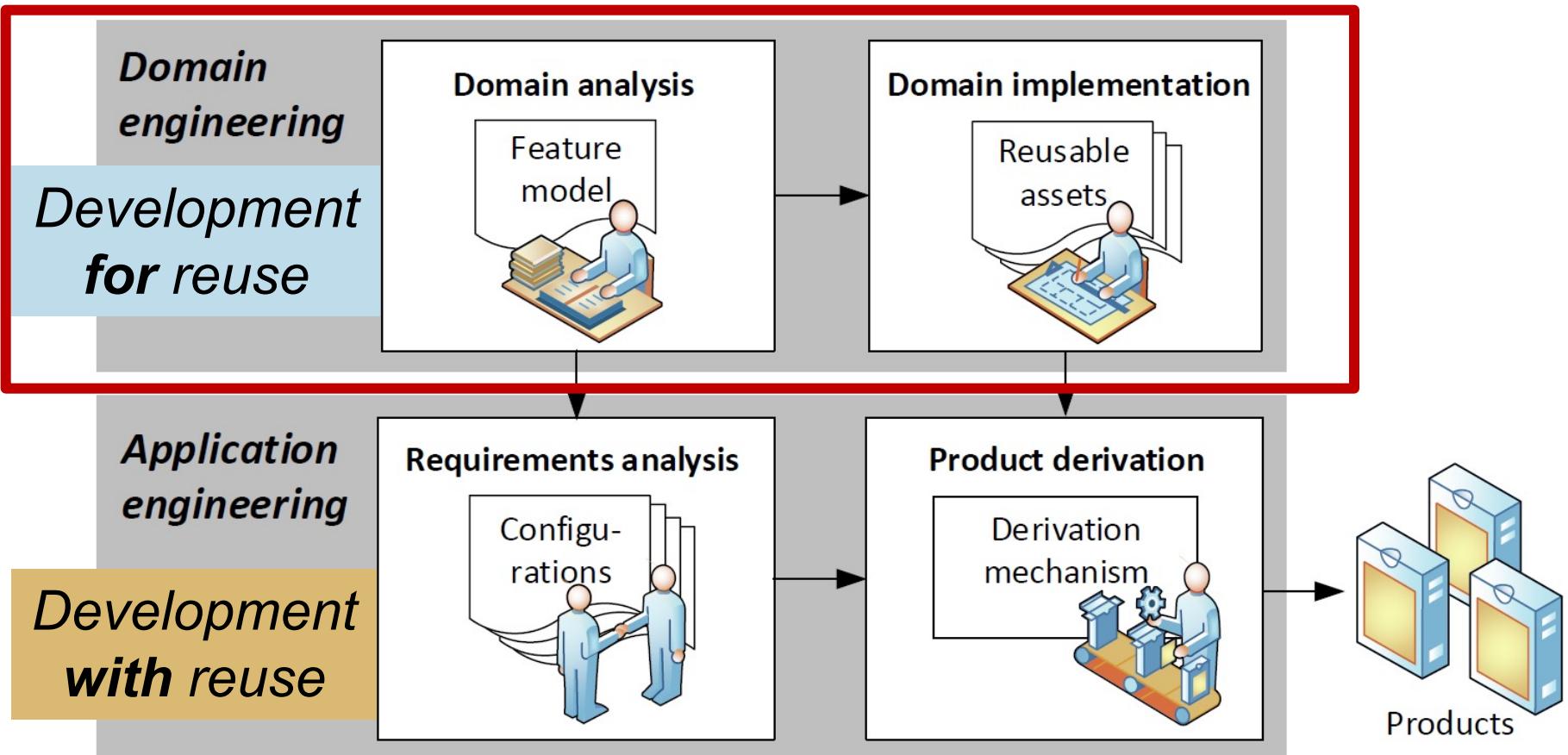
Feature : LimitOnAccount



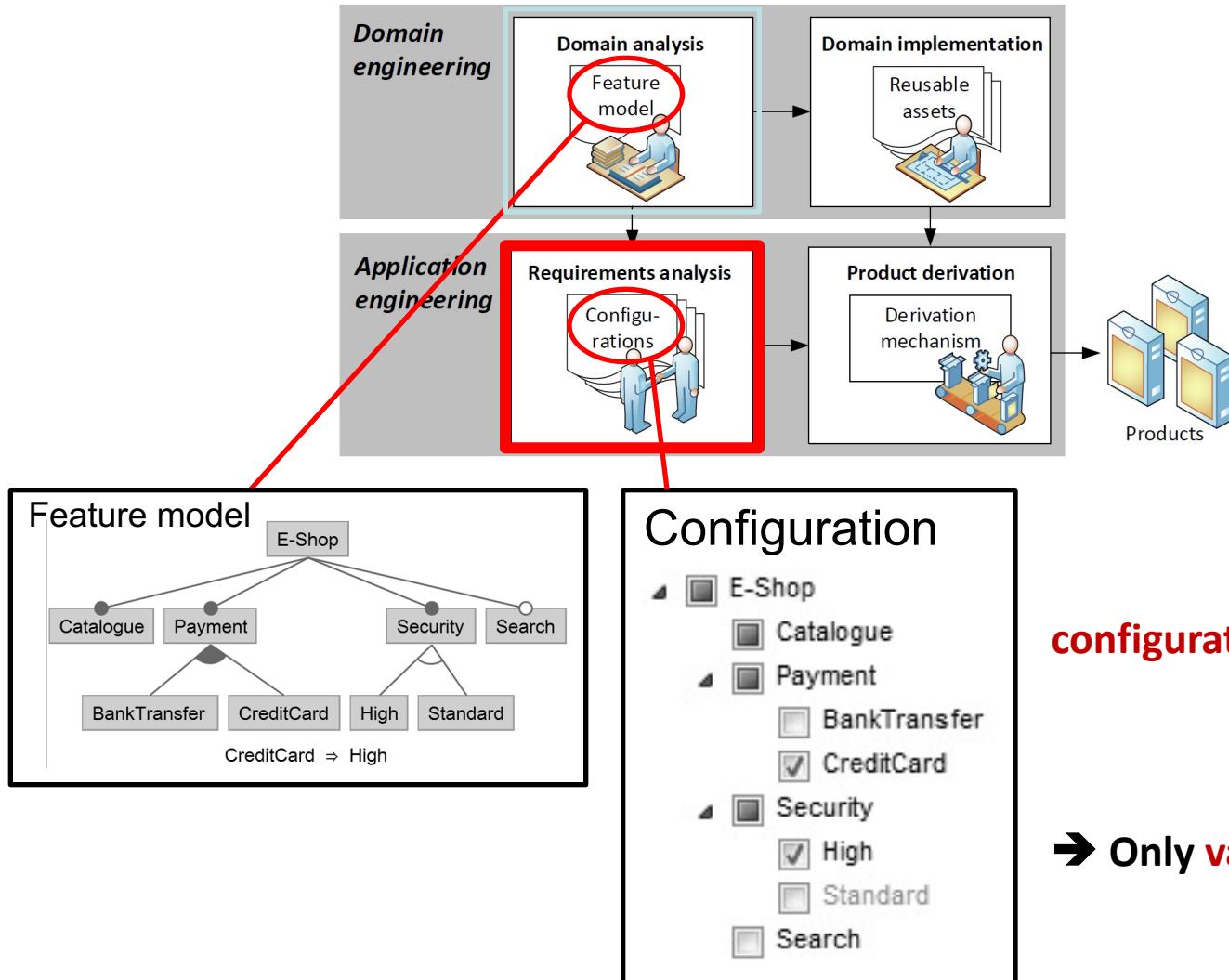
```
public class Account {  
  
    public boolean withdraw(double amount) {  
  
        if (balance>=amount ) {  
            balance-=amount;  
            return true;  
        }  
        return false;  
    }  
}
```

Software Product Line Engineering

Software Product Line



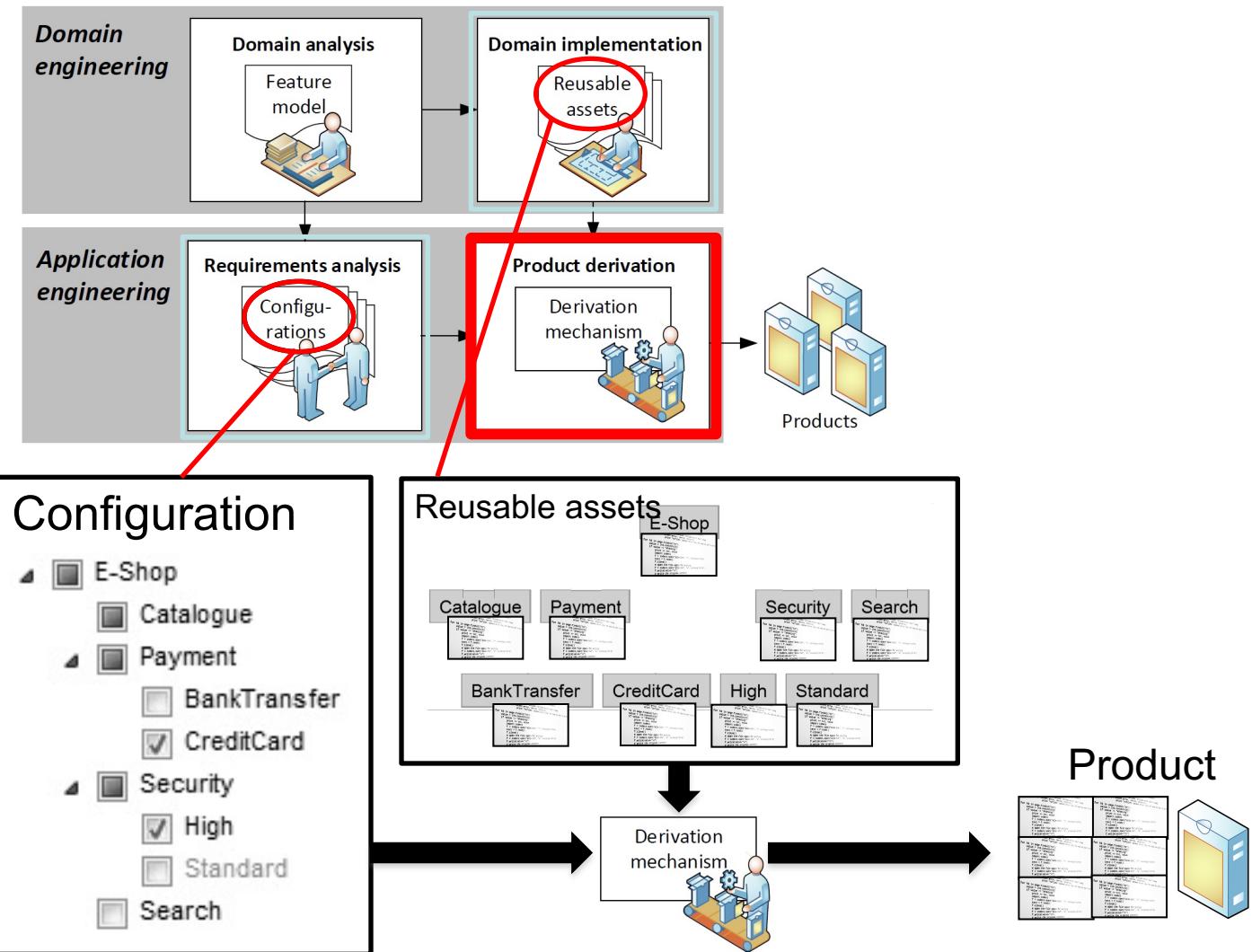
Software Product Line Engineering



configuration =
set of features selected

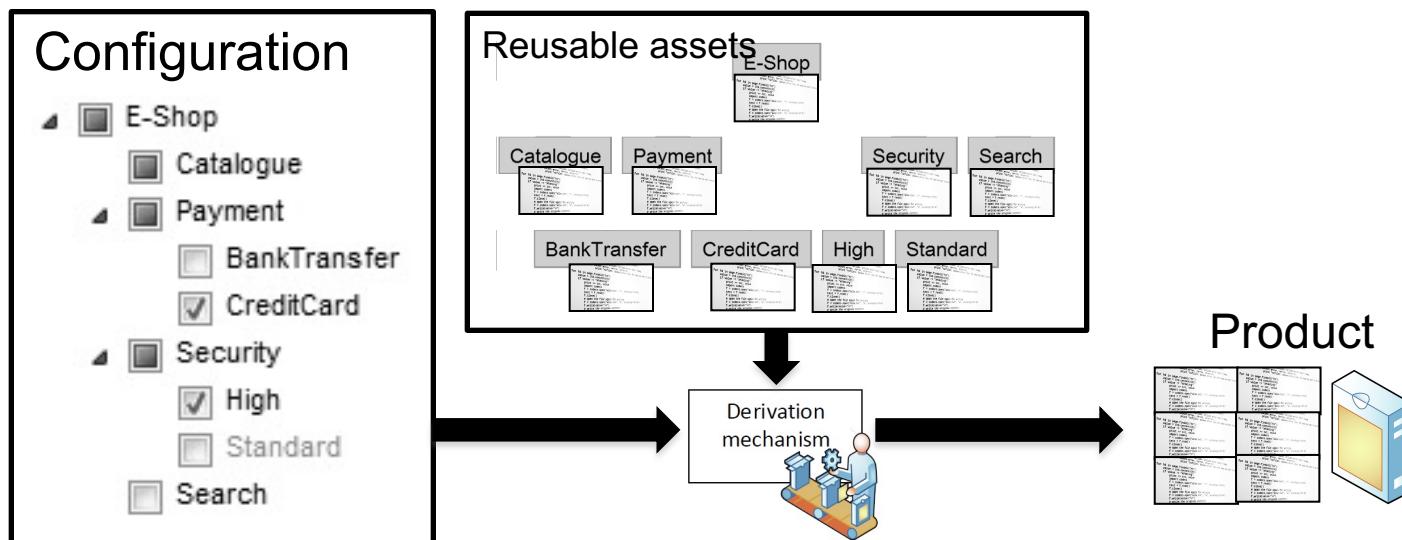
→ Only **valid** configurations

Software Product Line Engineering



Product Derivation

- **Derive** (generate/synthesize) the **product variants**, members of the family.
- Generate the assets of the product variant that corresponding to a specific **configuration**.



Product Derivation

- How product derivation can be achieved ?



Research Direction: Product Derivation

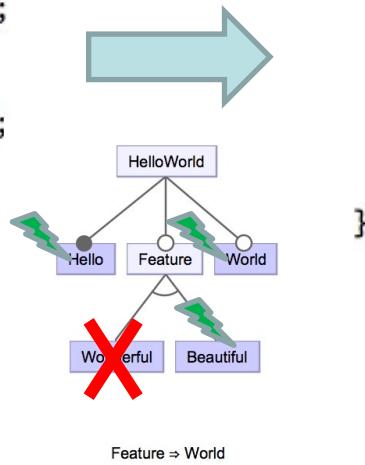
- Product Derivation depends on the used approach for reusable assets implementation.

Annot. Approaches: Product derivation

- **Product Derivation**
 - A specific product is derived by **removing** fragments related to the disabled features (program transformation).

```
public class HelloWorld {  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        System.out.print("Hello");  
        /*if[Beautiful]*/  
        System.out.print(" beautiful");  
        /*end[Beautiful]*/  
        /*if[Wonderful]*/  
        System.out.print(" wonderful");  
        /*end[Wonderful]*/  
        /*if[World]*/  
        System.out.print(" world");  
        /*end[World]*/  
    }  
}
```

```
public class HelloWorld {  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        System.out.print("Hello");  
        System.out.print(" wonderful");  
        System.out.print(" world");  
    }  
}
```



Feature \Rightarrow World

Comp. Approaches: Product derivation

- **Product derivation** is based on the composition of modules/fragments.
 - We need to implement a **composer** that composes the corresponding fragments for the selected features.

Feature : BankingSPL

```
public class Account {  
    public String ID;  
    private double balance;  
  
    public Account(String id, double initial) {  
        this.ID=id;  
        this.balance=initial;  
    }  
  
    public double getBalance() {  
        return this.balance;  
    }  
  
    public void display() {  
        System.out.println("Account: "+ID+ " Balance =" +balance);  
    }  
}
```

Feature : LimitOnAccount

```
public class Account {  
  
    final static int DAILY_LIMIT = -1000;  
  
    public void display() {  
        original();  
        System.out.println("LIMIT =" +DAILY_LIMIT);  
    }  
}
```

Composition(**BankingSPL, LimitOnAccount**)?

```
public class Account {  
  
    public String ID;  
    private double balance;  
    final static int DAILY_LIMIT = -1000;  
  
    public Account(String id, double initial) {  
        this.ID=id;  
        this.balance=initial;  
    }  
  
    public double getBalance() {  
  
        return this.balance;  
    }  
  
    private void display__wrappee__BankingSPL () {  
        System.out.println("Account: "+ID+ " Balance =" +balance);  
    }  
    public void display() {  
  
        display__wrappee__BankingSPL();  
        System.out.println("LIMIT =" +DAILY_LIMIT);  
    }  
  
    public boolean withdraw(double amount) {  
  
        if (balance>=amount+DAILY_LIMIT ) {  
            balance-=amount;  
            return true;  
        }  
        return false;  
    }  
}
```

LIVE DEMO

Content

- **Software Product Lines (SPL)**
 - Concepts & existing approaches to implement SPL
 - The Robocode case study

LIVE DEMOS

A real-world case study: Robocode

- Based on a paper presented in SPLC18



Software Product Line Extraction from Variability-Rich Systems: The Robocode Case Study

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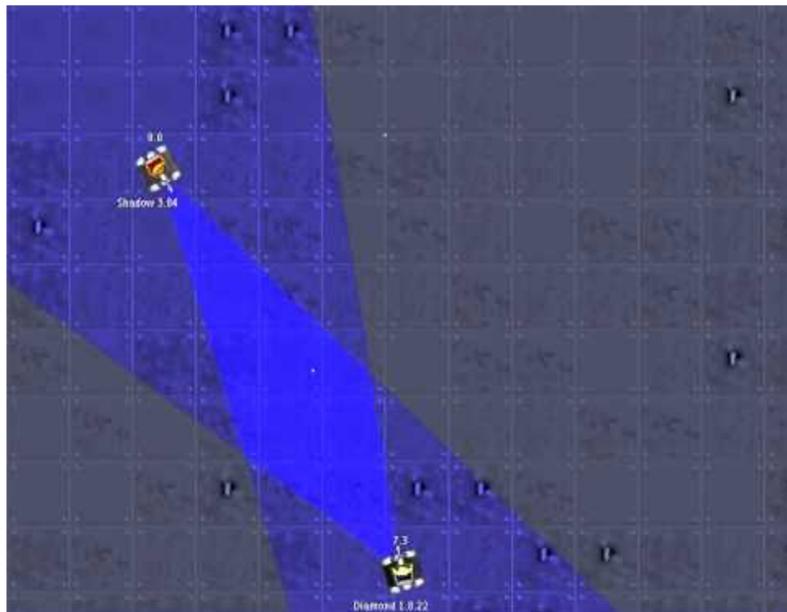
Paris, France

tewfik.ziadi@lip6.fr

- Available at
https://github.com/but4reuse/RobocodeSPL_teaching

Robocode: the case study

Robocode is a **programming game** where the goal is to **code a robot** to compete against other robots in a battle arena.



page discussion view source history

Main Page

Welcome to the RoboWiki
Collecting Robocode knowledge since 2003.

navigation

- Main Page
- Bots
- Bot Authors
- Recent changes
- Random page
- Random Talk page
- Random User page
- All pages
- All categories

search

toolbox

- What links here
- Related changes
- Special pages
- Printable version
- Permanent link

Tweets by @robowiki

RoboWiki @robowiki

page discussion view source history

Main Page

Welcome to the RoboWiki
Collecting Robocode knowledge since 2003.

What is Robocode?

- Robocode is a programming game. It can be used to teach or learn programming in Java or .NET. It can serve as a platform for exploring AI and machine learning techniques. Or it can be a competitive, addictive hobby that eats up all your time and CPU cycles.

Getting Started

- Robocode Docs:** Download & Install, Start a Battle, My First Robot tutorial, FAQ, and lots more to get your feet wet.
- Radar, Movement, and Targeting:** The three basic components of any robot.
- Tutorials:** Covering a wide range of topics, these tutorials will guide you along the way to your first competitive robot.
- Terminology:** Catchphrases around Robocode

Using the RoboWiki

- We do our best to make the RoboWiki a great reference for all levels of Robocoders. But it's also a strong and long-standing community of passionate and helpful people.

RoboRumble

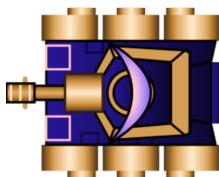
- RoboRumble is the primary with divisions for 1v1, Melee, subdivisions for MiniBots, MicroBots, and more.
- Enter The Competition**
- Contribute to RoboRumble**
- Current Rankings**

Challenges

- Movement Challenge 2K7** – Raiko's gun and tests your movement skills, intermediate, and scary-good.
- Targeting Challenge RM – 1** general purpose Robocode game.
- Anti-Surfer Challenge** – It's a challenge of the RoboRumble, but we're wave surfers as best we can.
- Rambot Challenge 2K6** – Best rambot in the world.
- More Challenges** – There's more challenges coming soon...

Robocode: the case study

- API to implement the behavior of the robots
- Each implementation is called “**Bot**”



```
8 package sample;
9 import robocode.HitByBulletEvent;
10 import robocode.Robot;
11 import robocode.ScannedRobotEvent;
12
13 /**
14 * MyFirstRobot - a sample robot by Mathew Nelson.
15 * <p/>
16 * Moves in a seesaw motion, and spins the gun around at each end.
17 *
18 * @author Mathew A. Nelson (original)
19 */
20 public class MyFirstRobot extends Robot {
21
22     /**
23      * MyFirstRobot's run method - Seesaw
24      */
25     public void run() {
26
27         while (true) {
28             ahead(100); // Move ahead 100
29             turnGunRight(360); // Spin gun around
30             back(100); // Move back 100
31             turnGunRight(360); // Spin gun around
32         }
33     }
34
35     /**
36      * Fire when we see a robot
37      */
38     public void onScannedRobot(ScannedRobotEvent e) {
39         fire(1);
40     }
41
42     /**
43      * We were hit! Turn perpendicular to the bullet,
44      * so our seesaw might avoid a future shot.
45      */
46     public void onHitByBullet(HitByBulletEvent e) {
47         turnLeft(90 - e.getBearing());
48     }
49 }
```

Robocode: A *Variability-Rich* System

5 **components** in each bot:

- **Targeting**
- **Movement**
- **Select Enemy**
- **Radar**
- **Gun & Energy Management**



→ Many **variations** for each component

More than **3000** variants of bots are available from RobotWiki

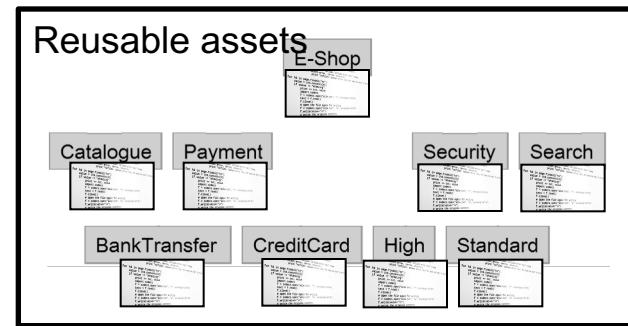
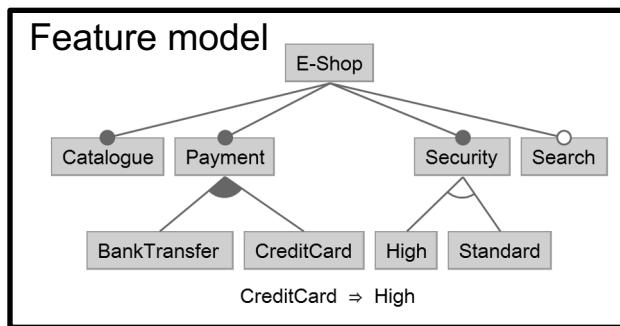
Robot Name	Wiki Page	Movement	Targeting	Fighting	Code License	Code Java	Code Size
Acero	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Acero	Anti-Pattern at distance	Head-On Targeting	melee and One-on-one	None	Yes	
Acraepheus	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Acraepheus	Adapting Stop and Go	Averaged Velocity, Heading Circular Targeting,	One-on-one	None	Yes	
AFlatNatural	http://robowiki.net/wiki/AFlatNatural	Oscillator Movement	Virtual Guns Array (26 simple targeters)	/	public domain	Yes	
AgentSmith	http://robowiki.net/wiki/AgentSmith	Danger Prediction	Virtual Guns Array (Linear, Circular, Head On Targeting)	/	/	No	
Robot Name	Wiki Page	Movement	Targeting	Fighting	Code License	Code Java	Code Size
Acero	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Acero	Anti-Pattern at distance	Head-On Targeting				m
Acraepheus	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Acraepheus	Adapting Stop and Go	Averaged Velocity, Heading Circular Targeting, En	O			
AFlatNatural	http://robowiki.net/wiki/AFlatNatural	Oscillator Movement	Virtual Guns Array (26 simple targeters)	/			
AgentSmith	http://robowiki.net/wiki/AgentSmith	Danger Prediction	Virtual Guns Array (Linear, Circular, Head On Targeting)	/			
AIR	http://robowiki.net/wiki/AIR	Gilgalad's Movement strategy	Gilgalad's Targeting strategy				
Aleph	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Aleph	Circle Movement, Minimum Risk Movement	Dynamic Clustering, Play It Forward				O
Ali	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Ali	Wave Surfing	Dynamic Clustering				
AlphaAurora	http://robowiki.net/wiki/AlphaAurora	/	Circular Targeting				
Anarchy	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Anarchy	Pattern Movement	Head-On Targeting				
BlitzBot	http://robowiki.net/wiki/BlitzBot	Minimum Risk Movement	Head-On Targeting	One-on-One Melee	RWPCL	Yes ?	
BrokenSword	http://robowiki.net/wiki/BrokenSword	Minimum Risk Movement	Shadow/Melee Gun	One-on-One Melee	zlib license	Yes ?	
BulletCatcher	http://robowiki.net/wiki/BulletCatcher	Fused Not Moving, Random Movement	GuessFactor Targeting	One-on-one	/	Yes ?	
BulletSimBot	http://robowiki.net/wiki/BulletSimBot	Fires Prediction	/	/	/	No	
Caligula	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Caligula	Linear Movement (special version)	Linear Targeting	One-on-one	/	No	
Canon	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Cannon	Musashi Trick, SandboxFlattener	Dynamic Clustering	One-on-one	/	Yes ?	
Capulet	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Capulet	Minimum Risk Movement	Circular Targeting	One-on-One Melee	/	No	
CassiusClay	http://robowiki.net/wiki/CassiusClay	Wave Surfing	GuessFactor Targeting	/	RWPCL	Yes ?	
Centaur	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Centaur	/	Dynamic Clustering-GuessFactor Targeting	One-on-One Melee	/	Yes ?	
Chalk	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Chalk	/	Dynamic Clustering	/	Public domain	No	
Charo	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Charo	Random Movement	GuessFactor Targeting	/	Public domain	Yes	
CHCI3	http://robowiki.net/wiki/CHCI3	/	GuessFactor Targeting	/	Public domain	Yes	
ChristmasCard	http://robowiki.net/wiki/ChristmasCard	Heads and tails	GuessFactor Targeting	/	Temporary	Yes	
Chupacabra	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Chupacabra	Pathfinding	Pattern matching	One-on-one	/	No	
Cigaret	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Cigaret	Random Movement	Wave (based Statistical Targeting)	/	/	No	
CirclingBot	http://robowiki.net/wiki/CirclingBot	Circular Movement	/	/	Public domain	Yes	
Claude	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Claude	Stop & Go, and Random Movement	Stop & Go, and Random Movement	/	RWPCL	Yes	
CloudBot	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Cloudbot	Wave Surfing	GuessFactor Targeting	One-on-one	RWPCL	No	
ColdBreath	http://robowiki.net/wiki/ColdBreath	Neural Movement (wave surfing, GuessFactor Targeting (GuessFactor))	Neural Targeting (GuessFactor)	One-on-One Melee	/	Yes	
Combat	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Combat	Wave Surfing (Dynamic Clustering)/	GuessFactor Targeting (with Dynamic	One-on-One Melee	/	No	
ConceptA	http://robowiki.net/wiki/ConceptA	kNN-True Wave Surfing	kNN-GuessFactor	/	CC BY-ND 3.0	No	
Connavar	http://robowiki.net/wiki/Connavar	Stop & Go, and Random Movement	GuessFactor Targeting	/	/	Yes	
CopyKat	http://robowiki.net/wiki/CopyKat	Mirror Movement	Symbolic Pattern Matching	One-on-one	RWPCL	Yes	

→ 1500 bots made source code publicly available
 → WikiRobots snippets

→ All follow the same architecture

Robocode SPL Implementation

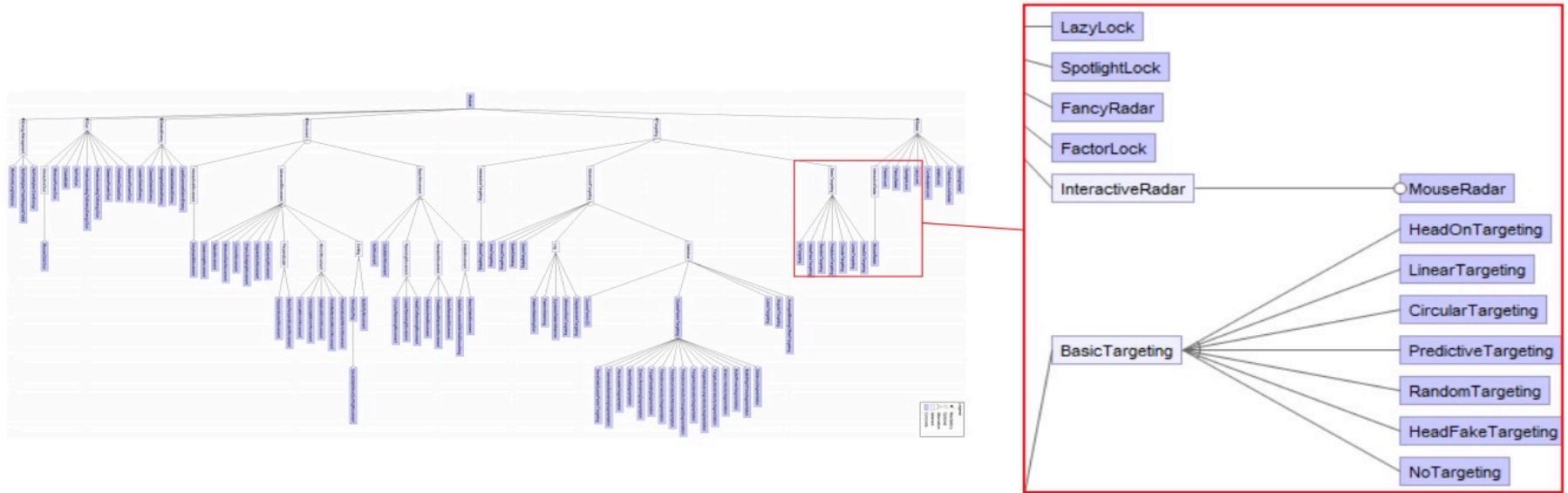
- **Inputs:**
 - Source code of bots
 - RoboWiki Snippet
 - Documentation
- **Output: Robocode SPL**





Domain Analysis

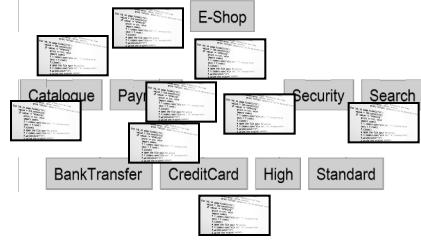
- **Objective:** Identify features and construct the feature model



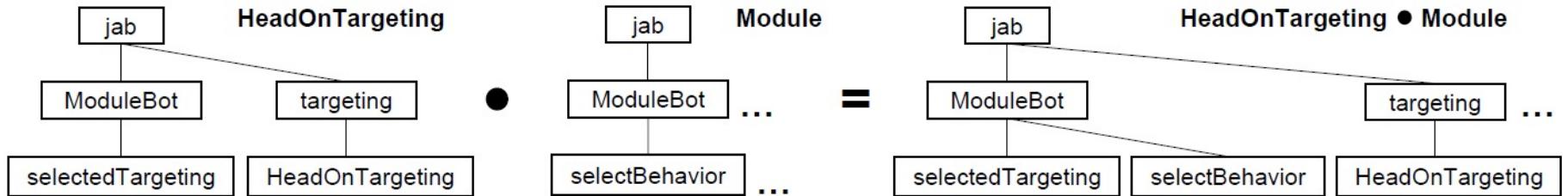
115 features:

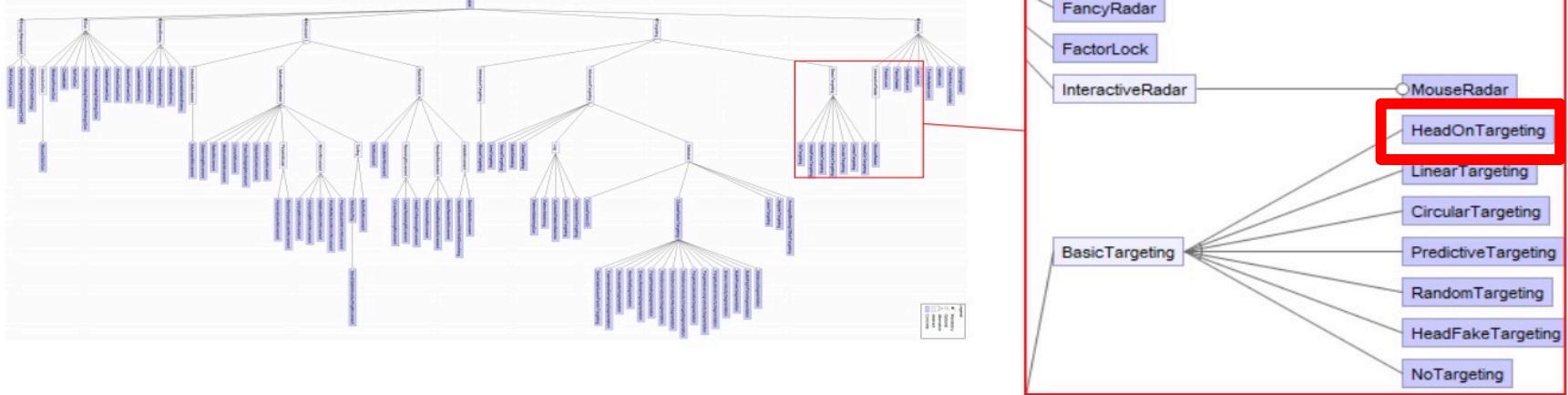
- **7** mandatory features.
- **22** abstract features
- **93** are behavioral features

Domain Implementation



- **Objective:** Implement the reusable assets.
 - ➔ The use of the FeatureHouse framework [FH,13]
 - ➔ A compositional approach at the source code level





```

1 package jab.targeting;
2
3 public class HeadOnTargeting extends Targeting {
4
5     public HeadOnTargeting(Module bot) {
6         super(bot);
7     }
8
9     public void target() {
10        if (bot.enemy != null) {
11            double absoluteBearing = bot.getHeadingRadians() +
12                bot.enemy.bearingRadians;           bot.
13            setTurnGunRightRadians(robocode.util.Utils.
14            normalRelativeAngle(absoluteBearing - bot.
15            getGunHeadingRadians()));
16        }
17    }
18}

```

```

1 package jab;
2
3 public class ModuleBot extends Module {
4     Targeting selectedTargeting = new HeadOnTargeting(this)
5 }

```

“Base” refinement

```

1 package jab;
2
3 public class ModuleBot extends Module {
4     ...
5     Targeting selectedTargeting = new HeadOnTargeting(this)
6     ;
7     ...
8     protected void selectBehavior() {
9         radar = selectedRadar;
10        movement = selectedMovement;
11        targeting = selectedTargeting;
12        selectEnemy = selectedSelectEnemy;
13        gun = selectedGun;
14    }
15    ...
16 }

```

Robocode SPL

