Cloud.Haskzure

Haskzure containings bindings to be used with the new Azure Resource Manager APIs.

Copyright (c) Nashwan Azhari, 2016 License Apache 2.0 Maintainer aznashwan@yahoo.com Stability experimental Portability POSIX, Win32 Safe Haskell None

Haskell2010

Core components:

```
class (ToJSON a, FromJSON a) =>
AzureResource r a | r -> a where | #
```

Contents

Core components:

Language

Instance Generation helpers and utilities:

AzureResource is the typeclass to which all
AzureResource resource datatypes must comply
in order to be deployed. It should be directly serializable to/from JSON.

Minimal complete definition

```
rID, rName, rLocation, rType, rProperties

Methods
```

rID :: r -> Text

ext

rID returns the Text ID of the AzureResource:

```
rName :: r -> Text #
```

rName returns the Text name of the AzureResource:

```
rLocation :: r -> Text #
```

rLocation returns the normalized String location of the AzureResource:

```
rType :: r -> Text #
```

rType returns the String Type of the AzureResource in 'Provider/ResourceType' form:

```
rProperties :: r -> a #
```

rProperties returns the set of properties specific to this AzureResource:

□ Instances

```
+ (ToJSON a, FromJSON a) => AzureResource (Resource a) a | #
```

```
data Resource a #
```

Resource defines the core Resource ATD which will be used to model Azure resources. Resource is an instance of AzureResource.

Resource is the basic implementation of a generic Azure resource:

Constructors

Resource

```
resID :: Text resID is the ID of the Resource:
resName :: Text resName is the Name of the Resource:
resLocation :: Text resLocation is the Location of the Resource:
resType :: Text resType is the Type of Resource:
resProperties :: a resProperties are the properties of the Resource:
```

■ Instances

Instance Generation helpers and utilities:

```
toJSONInst :: Name -> Q [Dec] #
```

Generates a ToJSON instance provided a datatype given by its Name.

The given datatype MUST have a single value constructor of record type. Also, the data structure MUST be an instance of Generic.

The generated instance relies on toEncoding, and all of its fields will be named following the convention that they are named with the WHOLE name of the structure as a prefix as per example:

```
data TestData = TestData {
  testDataField1 :: Field1Type,
  testDataField2 :: Field2Type
  } deriving Generic
```

With the resulting JSON looking like:

```
{
  "field1": encodingOfField1,
  "field2": encodingOfField2
}
```

```
fromJSONInst :: Name -> Q [Dec] #
```

Generates a FromJSON instance provided a datatype given by its Name.

The given datatype MUST have a single value constructor of record type and be an instance of Generic. In addition, the types comprising the fields of the datatype must be an instance of Monoid in order to facilitate defaulting. The generated instance acts like the exact inverse of toJSONInst, in that the data structure must have all record fields with its name as a prefix, whilst the decoding process expects the JSON fields to be without. For example:

```
{
  "field1": encodingOfField1,
  "field2": encodingOfField2
}
```

The above is expected to be decoded into the following structure:

```
data TestData = TestData {
  testDataField1 :: Field1Type,
  testDataField2 :: Field2Type
  } deriving Generic
```

```
monoidInst :: Name -> Q [Dec] #
```

Generates a Monoid instance for the datatype with the provided Name.

The datatype MUST be an instance of Generic, with the type of all of its contained felds also Monoid instances themselves.

```
recordFieldsInfo :: (VarBangType -> a) -> Name -> Q [a] #
```

reifys the simple type given by Name and returns the result of applying the given VarTypeBang (or VarStrictType in template-haskell <= 2.11.0) -applicable function to all the found records. This function makes hard presumptions about the provided type Name. Particularly, it expects it to be a datatype with a single value constructor which is of record type.