## A Series of Fortunate Events: Attacker behavior analysis from observable sequences

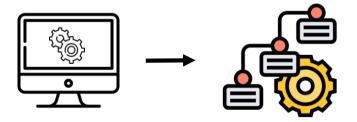
Azqa Nadeem
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## Dynamic observables

- Program execution → observable data
- Network traffic, software logs, intrusion alerts





## Dynamic observables

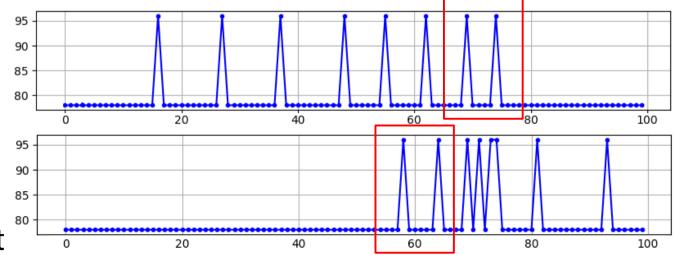
- Program execution → observable data
- Network traffic, software logs, intrusion alerts
- Proxy to attacker intent





## Series of fortunate events → Sequences

- Patterns in temporal data
- Limited data → insightful patterns
- Privacy non-invasive

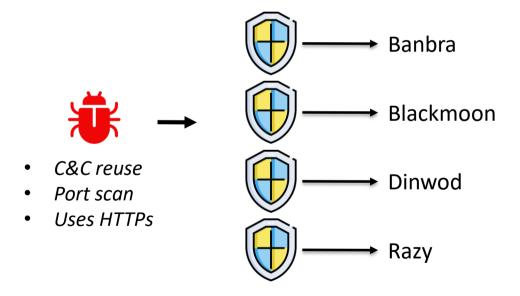




### **USE CASES**

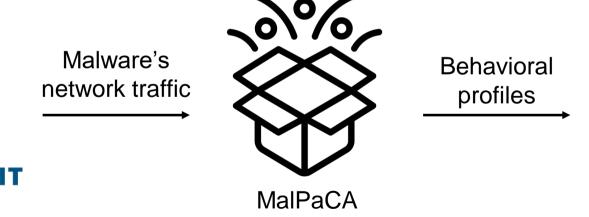


Malware labels are inconsistent and black-box

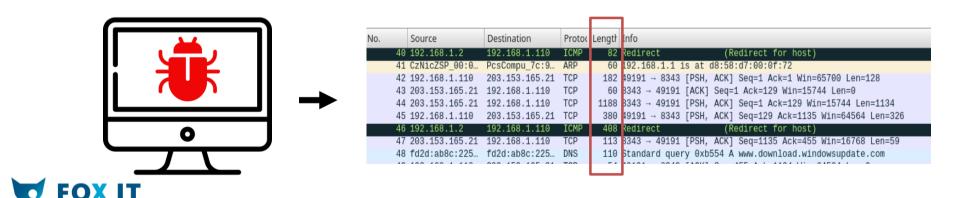




- Malware labels are inconsistent and black-box
- How to discover behaviors?

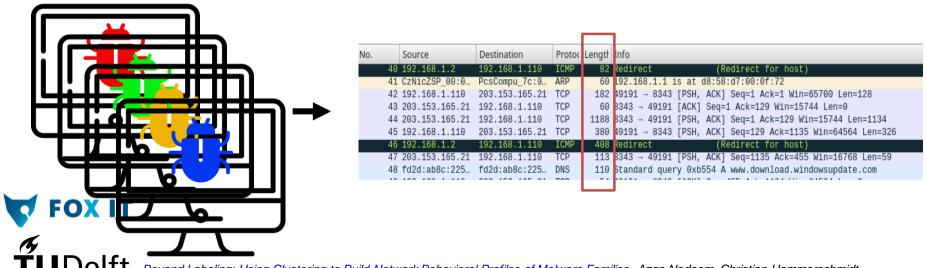


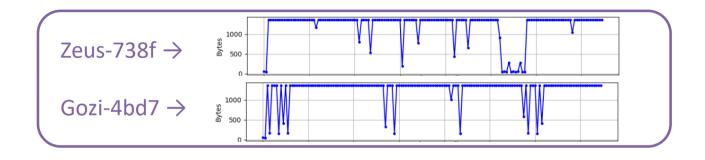
Malware infected machine generates network traffic

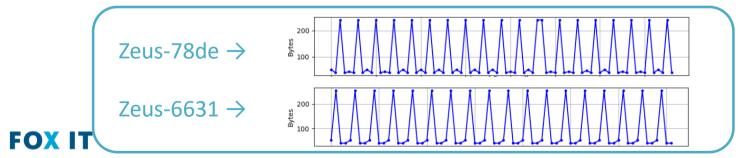




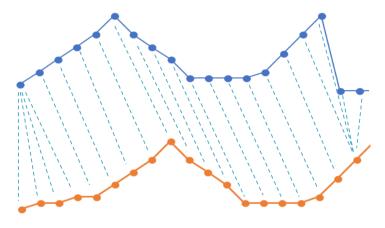
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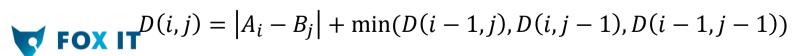




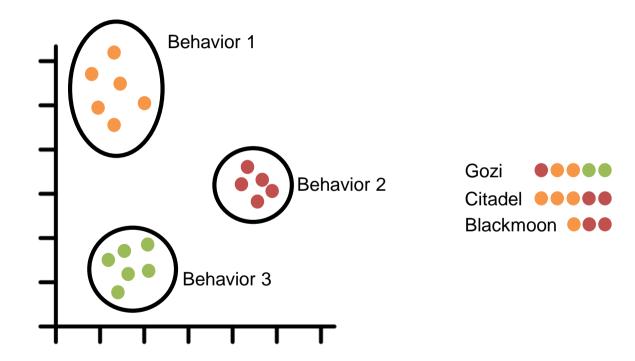




**Dynamic Time Warping** 





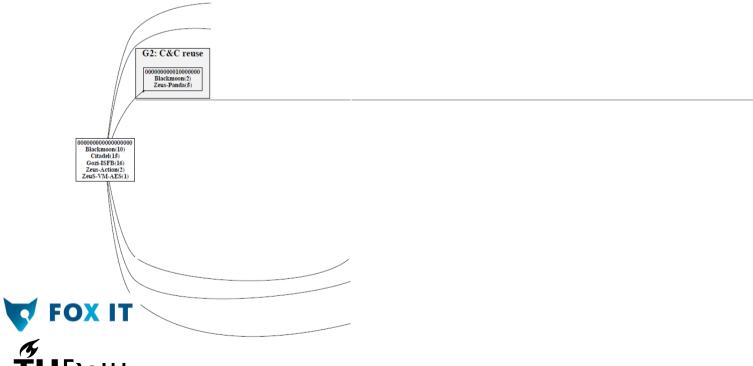






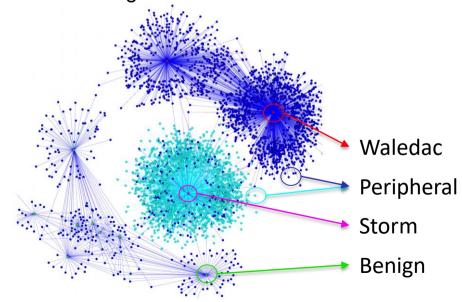
|                   | В  | С  | D | DL | GE | GI | R | Z        | ZP | ZPa | Zv1 | ZVA |
|-------------------|----|----|---|----|----|----|---|----------|----|-----|-----|-----|
| SSDP traffic      | /  | /  | / | /  | 1  | /  | / | /        | -  | 1   | -   | /   |
| Broadcast traffic | // | 1  | - | 1  | -  | 1  | 1 | -        | 1  | -   | /   | /   |
| LLMNR traffic     | // | /  | - | /  | -  | 1  | - | -        | -  | -   | -   | -   |
| System. port scan | // | 1  | - | -  | -  | 1  | 1 | -        | -  | -   | -   | /   |
| Random. port scan | // | /  | - | -  | -  | 1  | 1 | -        | -  | -   | -   | /   |
| In conn spam      | -  | -  | - | -  | -  | 1  | - | -        | -  | -   | -   | -   |
| Out conn spam     | -  | -  | - | -  | -  | 1  | - | -        | -  | -   | -   | -   |
| Malicious Subnet  | -  | -  | - | -  | -  | -  | - | -        | -  | -   | -   | /   |
| In HTTPs          | -  | 1  | - | 1  | -  | 1  | - | -        | -  | 1   | -   | -   |
| Out HTTPs         | -  | -  | - | -  | -  | 1  | - | -        | -  | 1   | -   | -   |
| C&C reuse         | // | -  | - | -  | -  | -  | - | -        | -  | 1   | -   | -   |
| Misc.             | // | ✓  | - | /  | -  | ✓  | - | <b>✓</b> | -  | 1   | -   | ✓   |
| # Clusters        | 7  | 11 | 1 | 8  | 1  | 16 | 4 | 2        | 1  | 7   | 1   | 7   |





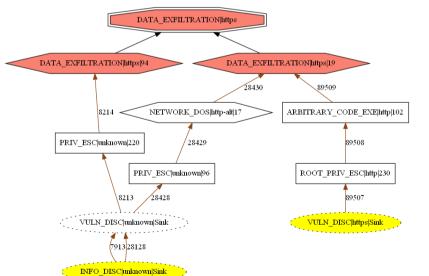
## Case 1 (ext.): Detecting network communities

- What type of hosts are present in a network?
  - Connection + Host clustering





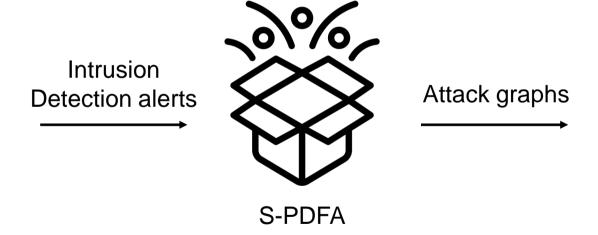
- Alert correlation groups related alerts
  - But how did the attack happen?
- How to get attacker strategies automatically?



#### Ideally...

- From intrusion alerts
  - Without expert knowledge

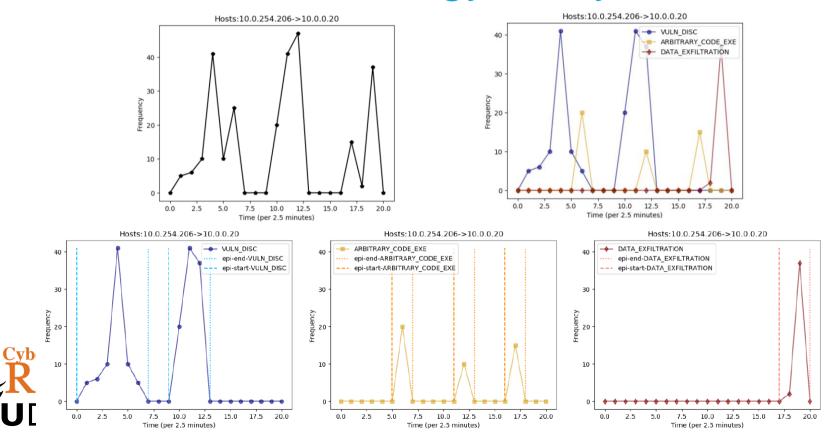






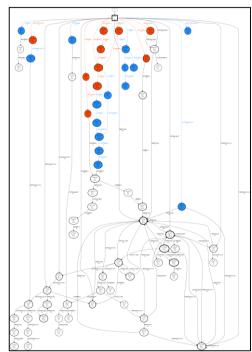




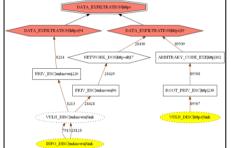


**Episodes** 





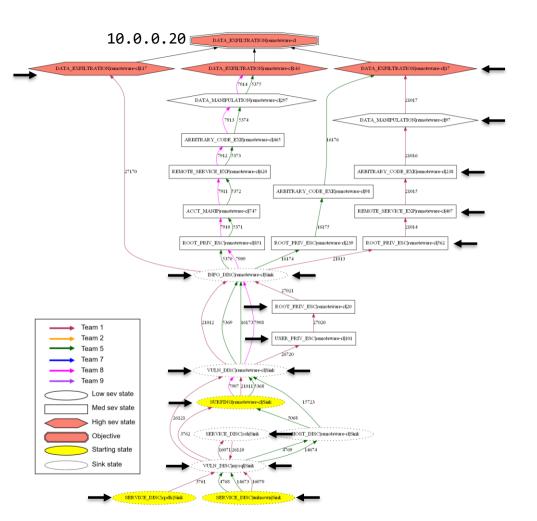






## Insights

 Attackers follow shorter paths after discovering longer ones





#### Future research directions

- Additional use cases for sequential ML
- Defining explainability in security
- Running qualitative studies with analysts



## Wrap-up

- Sequence of dynamic observables → attacker intent
- Input: observables | Output: Intelligence
- Unsupervised setting with limited expert knowledge
- 2 use-cases
  - Network traffic → Malware behavior profiles
  - Intrusion alerts → Attacker strategy attack graphs



# Thank you! Questions?

Sequence of dynamic observables → attacker intent Input: observables | Output: Intelligence Unsupervised setting with limited expert knowledge

2 use-cases

Network traffic → Malware behavior profiles
Intrusion alerts → Attacker strategy attack graphs

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