# Protocol Audit Report Azriel April 21, 2025



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Cy frin.io

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Prepared by: Azriel

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### **Protocol Summary**

Stores passwords

#### Disclaimer

The Azriel(me) team makes all effort to find as many vulnerabilities in the code in the given time period, but holds no responsibilities for the findings provided in this document. A security audit by the team is not an endorsement of the underlying business or product. The audit was time-boxed and the review of the code was solely on the security aspects of the Solidity implementation of the contracts.

### **Risk Classification**

		Impact		
Likelihood	High Medium Low	High H H/M M	Medium H/M M M/L	Low M M/L L

We use the CodeHawks severity matrix to determine severity. See the documentation for more details.

#### **Audit Details**

#### Scope

Commit Hash: 7d55682ddc4301a7b13ae9413095feffd9924566

In Scope:

./src/

-- PasswordStore.sol

Solc Version: 0.8.18

Chain(s) to deploy contract to: Ethereum

#### Roles

Owner: The user who can set the password and read the password. Outsiders: No one else should be able to set or read the password.

## **Executive Summary**

the audit went great

#### Issues found

Severity	Number of Issues Found
High	2
Medium	0
Low	0
Info	1

### **Findings**

#### High

# [H-1] Variables on chain are not private, allowing anyone to view the password

**Description:** There is a vulnerability with PasswordStore::s\_password due to the nature of the blockchain as storing private variables on chain is still readable by the public. This allows attackers to bypass the ownership checks within PasswordStore::getPassword() as well since the variable can be read directly.

Impact: Secrets can be read and stolen by anyone

#### **Proof of Concept:**

1. Create a local chain

#### make anvil

2. Deploy the scripts. The address of the contract will be returned.

#### make deploy

3. Run the following command with the contract address

cast storage 0x5FbDB2315678afecb367f032d93F642f64180aa3 1 --rpc-url http://127.0.0.1:8545

This would give the following output:

4. Convert the value from hexadecimal to string

**Recommended Mitigation:** It is inherently insecure to store private values on chain due to the public nature of the blockchain. So there is no reason a contract like this should even be deployed and used in the first place. Consider using off-chain solutions such as password managers instead.

# [H-2] Lack of Access Control checks for setting passwords allows anyone to set the password

**Description:** There is a vulnerability with PasswordStore::setPassword due to missing Access Control Checks, allowing anyone to set passwords. This contradicts the goal of only allowing the owner to set the password.

**Impact:** Password can be set by any user, overriding the values stored by the owner

**Proof of Concept:** To demonstrate this we have included an additional test suite to test if calling PasswordStore::setPassword would revert if the caller is not the owner. The following test case was added:

```
function test_non_owner_set_password_reverts() public {
    vm.startPrank(address(1));

    vm.expectRevert(PasswordStore.PasswordStore__NotOwner.selector);
    passwordStore.setPassword("newPassword");
}
```

After running forge test, the test failed as this function does not revert as expected, showing that it is possible for non-owners to set passwords.

**Recommended Mitigation:** Include additional access control checks before being allowed to make this call. The following check should be included in the function:

```
if (msg.sender != s_owner) {
    revert PasswordStore__NotOwner();
}
```

#### **Informational**

#### [I-1] Inaccurate documentation of function PasswordStore::getPassword

**Description:** The documentation of the function PasswordStore::getPassword includes an additional newPassword variable that is not used.

Impact: May cause confusion for future auditors and developers

Proof of Concept: NA

Recommended Mitigation: Remove this parameter as it is not needed.