

DP-300 Administering Microsoft Azure SQL Solutions



Automate Database Tasks for Azure SQL

Introduction to Automated Deployment, Scheduled Tasks, Notifications and Alerts, and Azure resources for automation

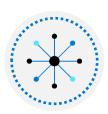


Objectives

- Automate deployments
- · Create Scheduled Tasks in SQL Server
- · Create notifications for failures and performance alerts
- Configure automation for PaaS Services

Automate Deployment of Database Resources

Objectives



How to automate deployment by using ARM templates and Bicep



How to automate deployment by using PowerShell and CLI



Monitor deployments

Azure deployment methods

ARM templates and Bicep files

Allow for the most complete, customizable deployment model for Azure resource deployment

Azure PowerShell

Commonly used for resource modifications and status retrieval

Azure CLI

Similar to PowerShell, Azure CLI is commonly used for resource status and modifications. It is built on the bash shell

Azure Portal

Acts as a graphical interface to Azure ARM and can be used to generate ARM templates

Azure DevOps

Deployments are carried out using Azure Pipelines. Azure Pipelines allows you to automate the build, testing, and deployment of your code

Azure Resource Manager (ARM) templates



An ARM template is a JavaScript Object Notation file that describes the Azure Resources to be deployed within it



ARM templates provide a declarative syntax to interact with the Azure API

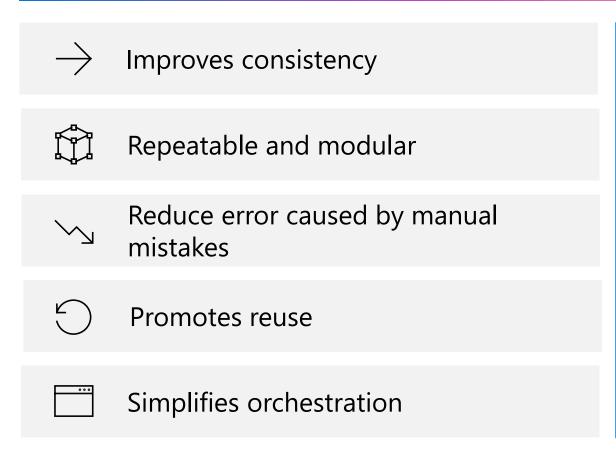


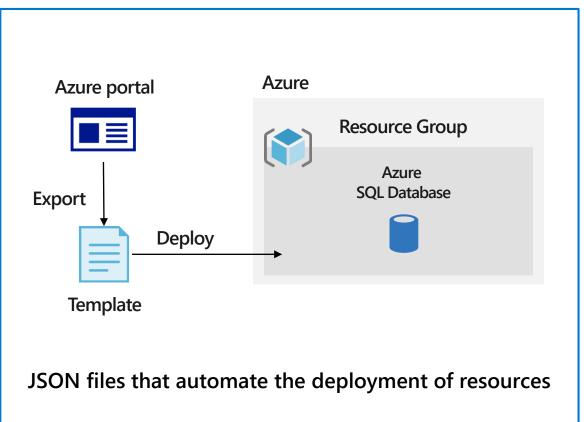
ARM templates can be deployed through PowerShell, Azure CLI, and Azure DevOps pipelines



Microsoft offers pre-built templates for common deployment scenarios (https://github.com/Azure/azure-quickstart-templates/tree/master/101-sql-vm-new-storage)

Azure Resource Manager (ARM) template benefits





ARM template



Deploys a full set of resources in one single declarative template



Dependencies and parameters can be built



Templates may be exported from the portal

```
- Download - Add to library in Deploy
   2 resource types cannot be exported yet and are not included in the template. See error details.
  1 to export related resources, select the resources from the Resource Group view then select the "Export template" option from the lool bar
Include parameters ②
Template Parameters Scripts
3 (B Parameters (S)
                                                 "Sichema"; "Https://schema.management.azure.com/schemas/2015-01-01/degloymentTemplate.jsond",
  Variables (0):
                                                "contentwersion": "1.0.0.0.0",
                                                "parameters"; (
V # Resources (1)
                                                    "virtualMachines_Wiml_name": {
    parameters/virtualMachines_W_
                                                         "defaultValue": "Win1",
                                                        "type": "String"
                                                    "disks_Win3_OsDisk_1_aad3c15cd)9d4489a4888442a3e6689f_externalid"; {
                                                       "defaultValue"; "/subscriptions/424d0f78-5980-4431-98ec-624636db8e74/resourceGroups/
                                             BOOKDEMO/providers/Microsoft.Compute/disks/Mint_DuDisk_1_aadb:15cd99d4689a4888442a3e6689F*.
                                                        "Type": "String"
                                      12
                                      15
                                                    "disks_Win1_DataDisk_&_externalid": (
                                      14
                                                        "defaultValue": "/subscriptions/424d@f78-5968-4d31-98ec-628516db8e74/resourceGroups/
                                             BookDemo/providers/Microsoft.Compute/disks/Win1_DataDisk_B".
                                      17
                                                     "disks_Win1_DataDisk_1_externalid": {
                                                        "defaultValue": "/subscriptions/42458f78-5968-4231-98ec-824516558e74/resourceGroups/
                                             BookDemo/providers/Microsoft.Compute/disks/Winl_DataDisk_1",
                                                         "type": "firing"
                                      24
                                      21.
                                                     "metworkInterfaces_win1272_externalid": {
                                                        "defaultValue": "/subscriptions/424d8f78-5988-4d31-98ec-624616db8e74/resourceGroups/
                                      22
                                             BookDemo/providers/Microsoft.Network/networkInterfaces/win1272",
                                                        "type": "String"
                                      10
                                                "variables": (),
                                      27
                                                "resources": [
                                      28
                                                        "type": "Wicrosoft.Comoute/virtualMachines",
```

Creating an ARM template

```
"$schema": "https://schema.management.azure.com/schemas/2019-04-
01/deploymentTemplate.json#",
"contentVersion": "",
"apiProfile": "",
"parameters": { },
"variables": { },
"functions": [ ],
"resources": [ ],
"outputs": { }
```

ARM template deployment

Azure PowerShell

New-AzResourceGroupDeployment -Name ExampleDeployment -ResourceGroupName ExampleResourceGroup `

- -TemplateFile c:\MyTemplates\azuredeploy.json `
- -TemplateParameterFile c:\MyTemplates\storage.parameters.json

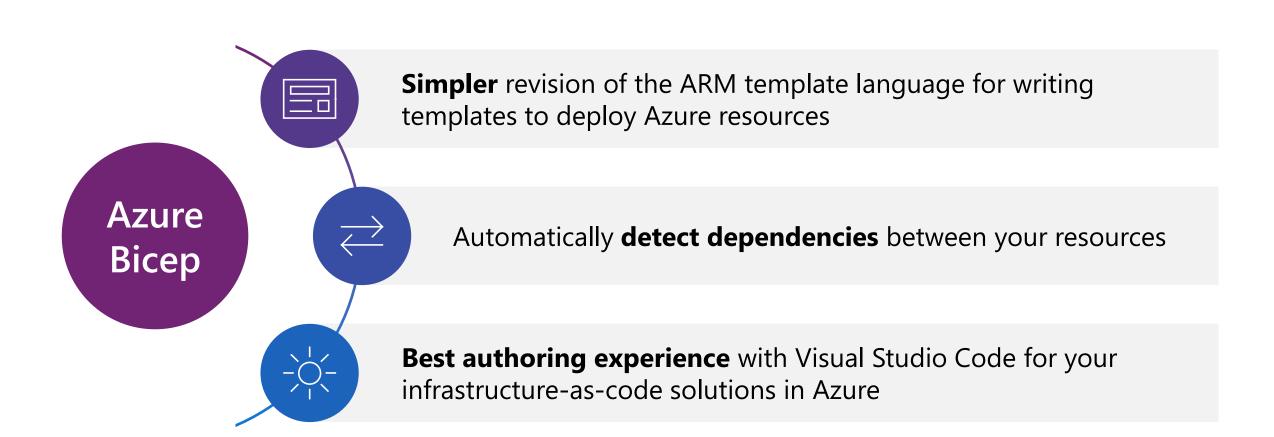
Azure Command Line Interface (CLI)

az deployment group create --resource-group SampleRG --template-file `
'\path\template.json'

Demo: Exploring an Azure quick start template

Review the quick start template for provisioning an Azure SQL Database

What is Azure Bicep?



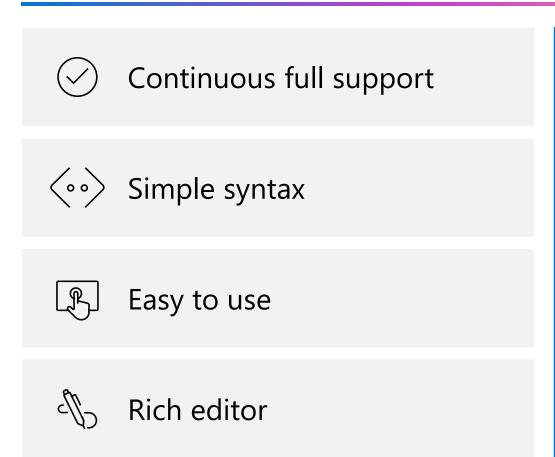
Azure Bicep

Target your deployment to a resource group, subscription, management group, or tenant by using different options:

- **Deploy a local Bicep file:** use the --template-file parameter in the deployment command
- **Deploy a remote Bicep file:** not supported currently

• **Deploy template specs:** not supported currently by Azure CLI; but you can create a Bicep file with the Microsoft.Resources/templateSpecs resource to deploy

Azure Bicep benefits



```
app > 💪 main.bicep
```

Azure Bicep files vs. ARM template

```
Bicep

param location string = resourceGroup().location
param storageAccountName string = 'toylaunch${uniqueString(resourceGroup().id)}'

resource storageAccount 'Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts@2021-06-01' = {
    name: storageAccountName
    location: location
    sku: {
        name: 'Standard_LRS'
    }
    kind: 'StorageV2'
    properties: {
        accessTier: 'Hot'
    }
}
```

```
JSON
                                                                                       Copy
 "$schema": "https://schema.management.azure.com/schemas/2019-04-01/deploymentTemplate.json#",
 "contentVersion": "1.0.0.0",
 "parameters": {
   "location": {
     "type": "string",
     "defaultValue": "[resourceGroup().location]"
    "storageAccountName": {
     "type": "string",
     "defaultValue": "[format('toylaunch{0}', uniqueString(resourceGroup().id))]"
  "resources": [
     "type": "Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts",
     "apiVersion": "2021-06-01",
     "name": "[parameters('storageAccountName')]",
     "location": "[parameters('location')]",
     "sku": {
       "name": "Standard LRS"
     "kind": "StorageV2",
     "properties": {
       "accessTier": "Hot"
```

Azure Bicep deployment

Azure PowerShell

New-AzResourceGroupDeployment -ResourceGroupName SampleRG -TemplateFile ./main.bicep -administratorLogin "<admin-login>"

Azure Command Line Interface (CLI)

az deployment group create --resource-group SampleRG --template-file -f `
'\path\template.json'

Azure CLI

Create Azure SQL Database

```
az sql server create --name ServerName --resource-group RGName `
--location Location --admin-user $login --admin-password $password
```

Create a firewall rule for Azure SQL Database

```
az sql server firewall-rule create --resource-group RGName `
--server ServerName -n AllowYourIp --start-ip-address 0.0.0.0 --end-ip-address
0.0.0.0
```

Az.Sql PowerShell module

Returns information about an Azure SQL Database

Get-AzSqlServer -ResourceGroupName "ResourceGroup01" -ServerName "Server01"

Create an Azure SQL Managed Instance database

New-AzSqlDatabase -ResourceGroupName "ResourceGroup01" -ServerName "Server01" - DatabaseName "Database01"

Knowledge check



What language are ARM templates written in?



□ C#

☐ T-SQL



If you want to pass in the region for a resource group deployment which option should you include in your template?



□ Variable

Output



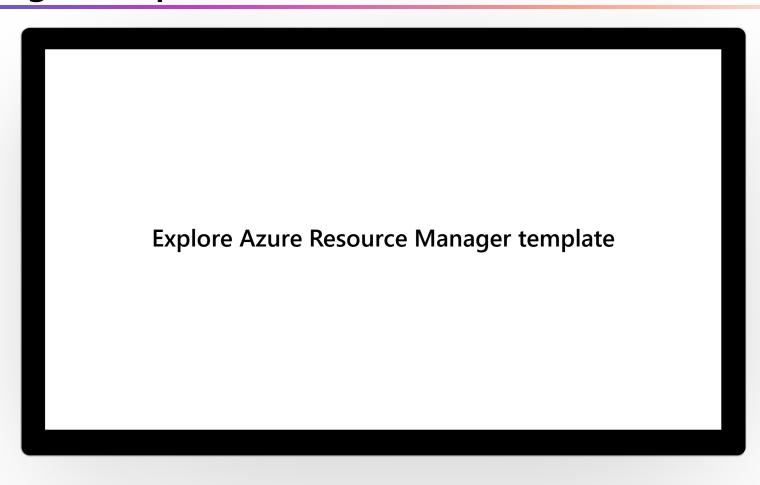
Which element of a template allows for you to build dependencies into resources?

♂ dependsOn

concat

■ apiVersion

Instructor led labs: Deploy an Azure SQL Database using an Azure Resource Manager template





Objectives



What Maintenance Activities you should perform on your databases



How to configure notifications and alerts on SQL Server Agent jobs and SQL Server



How to configure notifications alerts based on performance monitor values

SQL Server maintenance activities



Databases need regular maintenance activities



Maintenance activities can be performed using maintenance plans or through open source tools

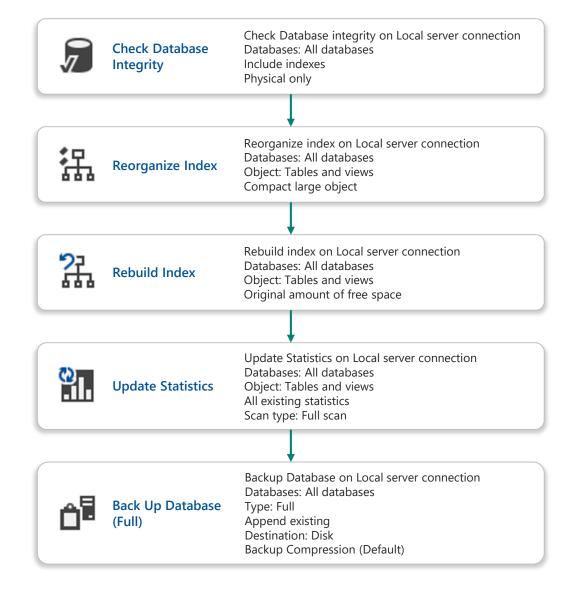
Some common examples of these activities include:

- Database Backups
- Database Consistency Checks
- Index Maintenance
- Statistics Updates

Best practices for maintenance plans

Do Not Use the Database Shrink task

- Stagger backups across servers and large databases to avoid potentially overwhelming your storage account or storage device
- Create separate maintenance plans for each set of maintenance activities



Demo: Building a maintenance plan

Configuring backups and database consistency checks

SQL Server Agent



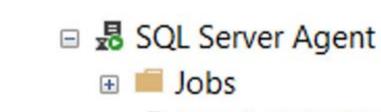
The SQL Server Agent provides automation for SQL Server and Azure SQL Managed Instance



The SQL Server Agent also provides notifications for both job failures and alerts that are written to the error log



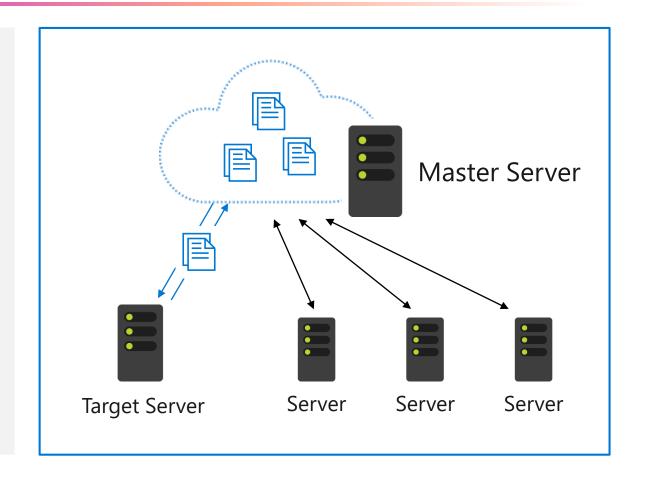
The service can also be configured to notify administrators



- Job Activity Monitor
- Alerts
- Operators
- Proxies
- Error Logs

Multi-server automation

- The SQL Server Agent supports designating one server as a primary to execute jobs on other target servers
- Target servers connect to the primary to ensure job schedules are updated on a regular basis
- This can be used to execute maintenance across your environment



Task status notifications

The SQL Server Agent can be configured to notify an operator for job completion, success, and failure



Usually only enabled for failure to reduce notification volume



To deliver email notifications, the database mail and SQL Server Agent mail profile must be enabled



Can create alerts on performance conditions and error conditions found in the instance's error log

Operators



Operators act an alias for a user or group of users that have been configured in the SQL server agent

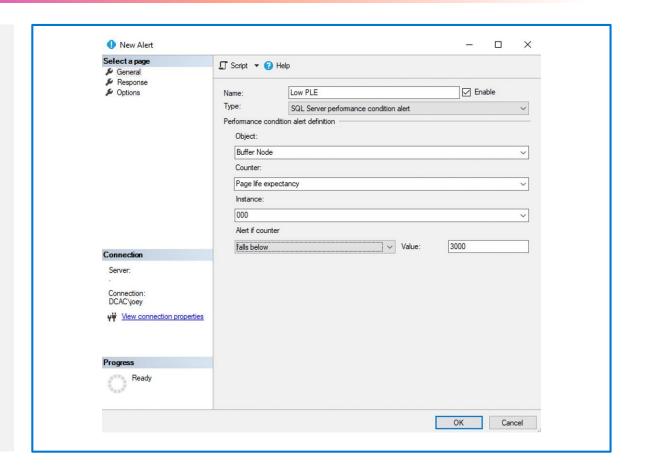


Typically, an operator will map to a group of administrators who will receive a notification or alert

Notifications based on metrics

Alerts are triggered in the event of certain server conditions:

For example, if CPU utilization is over 90% for a period of five minutes, or Page Life Expectancy drops below a certain value



Knowledge check



What has to be configured before the SQL Server Agent can send e-mail?

- A mail profile
- ☐ An agent job
- An alert



Which system database stores SQL Server Agent jobs and their information?

- ✓ MSDB
- Master
- Model

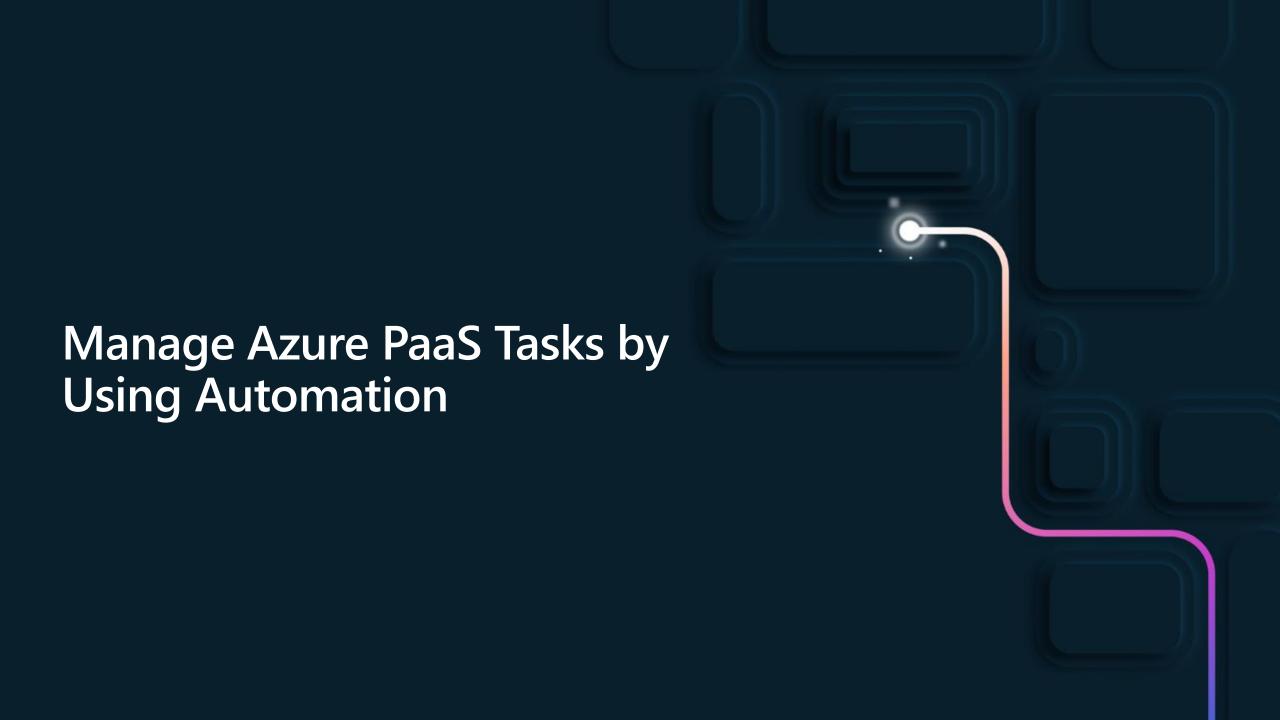


Which operation recalculates the statistics on an index?

- **Rebuild**
- □ Reorganize
- ☐ Shrinking a file group

Instructor led labs: Create a CPU status alert for a SQL Server

Create an alert when a CPU exceeds an average of 80 percent



Objectives



The benefits of Azure Policy



The capabilities of Azure Automation



How to use elastic jobs



How to use Logic Apps

Implementing Azure Policy



Azure Policy is used by administrators to ensure consistency across an Azure environment

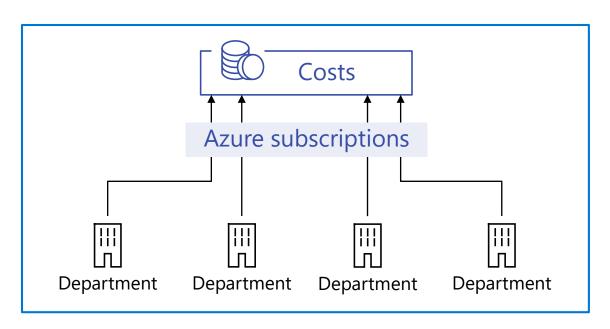


Policy can be used to enforce naming conditions, limit the types of Azure resources deployed in a subscription, or limit the Azure regions where deployment is allowed



Multiple policies can be combined to create an initiative

Why would I have multiple Azure subscriptions?





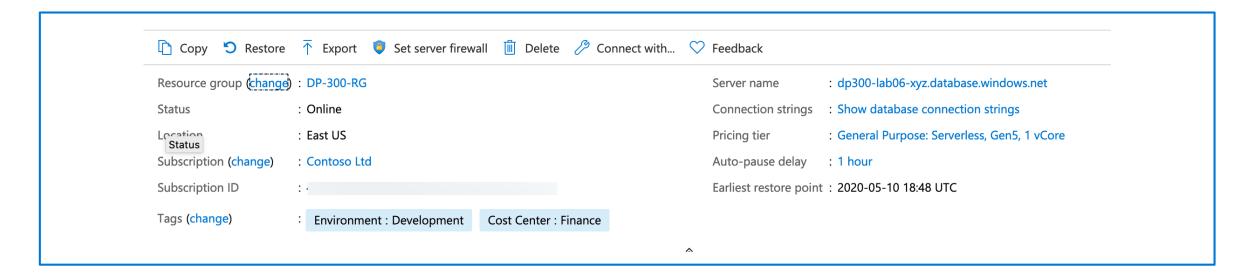
Many large organizations use Azure subscriptions as a billing boundary so that costs are easily tracked back to a department Other uses include separating customer facing resources from internal business systems

Why should I tag Azure resources?

Tags allow you to describe your Azure resources beyond simply the resource name

Tags are key value pairs – each Azure resource can have up to 15 tags

Some sample uses for tags include Cost Center, Environment, and CreateDate



Azure Automation



Azure Automation allows you to create regularly scheduled tasks that run against any Azure resource or even on-premises virtual machines



Automation allows you to perform maintenance activities against Azure SQL Database



Automation can also be used to ensure consistent settings across multiple VMs

Overview of Azure Automation components

Runbooks

Unit of execution in Azure Automation and may be created using PowerShell or Python. You have the option of deploying graphical runbooks, but they are limited in their capabilities

Modules

Used to execute PowerShell cmdlets within your runbooks. Load the modules for the PowerShell cmdlets you need for your runbooks

Credentials

Store sensitive information like passwords for use by runbooks

Schedules

Allow for runbooks to be scheduled for regular execution

Building an Azure Automation runbook



Building a runbook requires you to create automation account



For PowerShell runbooks, you will need to import the PowerShell modules you need in order to execute your runbook (e.g. Az.SQL)



You can also include credentials and run as accounts in your automation account

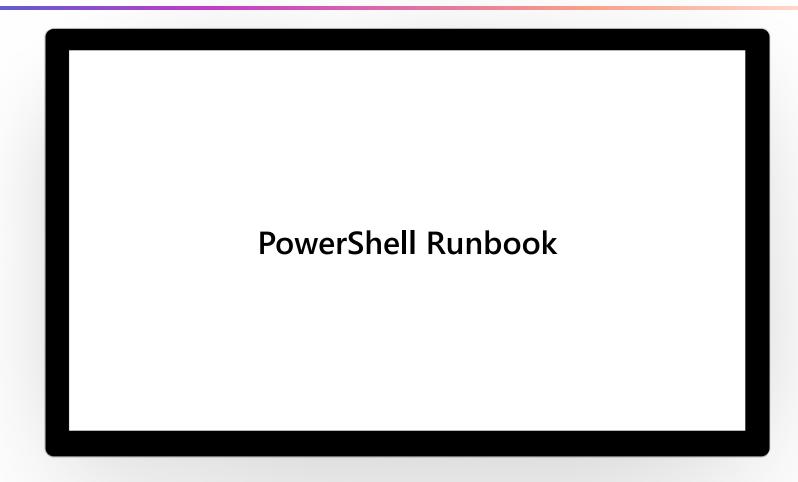


You can create schedules in your automation account and tie them to your runbooks



Automation includes a test pane you can test your code in the execution context of Azure Automation

Demo: Configure an Automation runbook



Elastic Jobs in Azure SQL Database



Since Azure SQL Database lacks an agent, Elastic Jobs allow for a T-SQL scheduled execution methodology



Elastic Jobs require a dedicated SQL database to hold the metadata for your jobs



Define a target group, a SQL Database server, one or more databases or elastic pools as job targets



Database resources can run on different Azure subscriptions, and/or regions



Azure SQL Managed Instance doesn't support elastic jobs

Elastic jobs

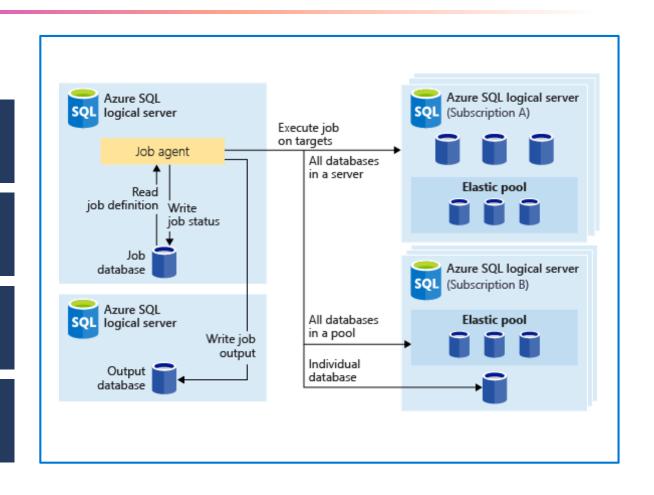
Components

Elastic Job agent

Job database

Target group

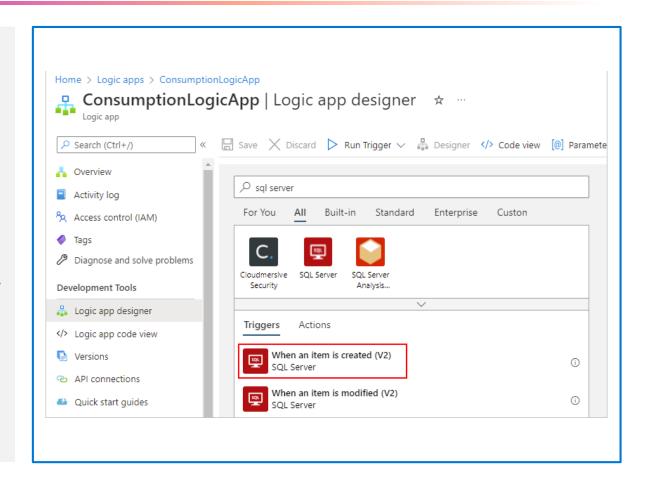
Job



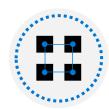
Azure Logic Apps

Platform for creating and running automated workflows that integrate apps, data, services, and systems

- Build your workflow from the components using the design tool.
- SQL Server connector supports the following SQL editions: SQL Server, Azure SQL Database, and Azure SQL Managed Instance
- Built-in SQL Server connector has no triggers
- Built-in SQL Server connector has only one operation: Execute Query



Knowledge check



What is the unit of execution for your Azure Automation Account?

- **T** Runbook
- □ Schedule
- Container



What scope can Azure Policy be deployed to?

- □ Tenant
- **Subscription**
- □ User



What is the name for the scope of SQL Elastic Job?

- ▼ Target Group
- Management Group
- □ Resource Group

Instructor led labs: Deploy an automation runbook to automatically rebuild indexes

Create an Automation Account

Connect to an existing Azure SQL Database

Configure Automation Account assets

Create a PowerShell runbook

Create a schedule for a runbook

Summary

Automate deployment of database resources:

- Understand ARM template and Bicep structure
- · Deployment options for ARM templates, PowerShell, and Azure CLI
- Using quick start Azure templates

Create and manage SQL Agent jobs:

- Learn the capabilities of the SQL Server Agent
- Configure maintenance tasks for SQL Server
- Creating notifications for failures and performance alerts

Manage Azure PaaS tasks using automation:

- · Introduction to Azure Automation, Elastic Jobs, and Azure Logic Apps
- Create an Azure Automation runbook

References

Create an Azure Automation runbook

https://docs.microsoft.com/azure/automation/automation-quickstart-create-runbook

SQL Server Agent

https://docs.microsoft.com/sql/ssms/agent/sql-server-agent?view=sql-server-ver15

Ola Hallengren's Maintenance Solution

Https://Ola.hallengren.com



Thank you

