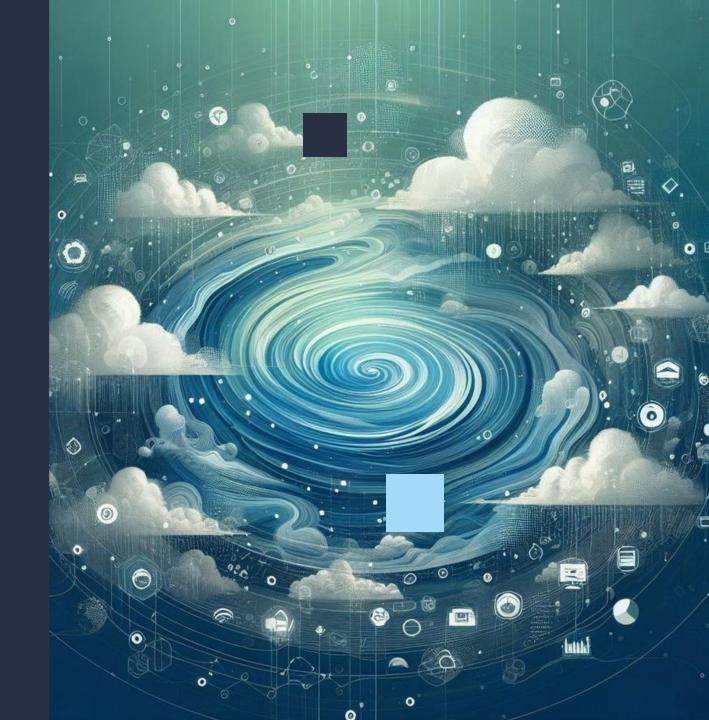


## **SPEAKING TO AZURE**

Richard Conway, richard@elastacloud.com



## Agenda

- History of speech in Computing
- Speech on Azure
- Video and audio extraction demos



## Speech synthesis over the year (pre-Millenium)

1939: Homer Dudley of Bell Labs introduces the Voder, the first electronic speech synthesizer, at the New York World's Fair.

I 779: Wolfgang von
Kempelen creates the first
known speech synthesis
machine, a mechanical device
that could simulate simple
speech sounds.

1950s: Dudley's Vocoder (Voice Encoder), another Bell Labs invention, is developed and used for speech compression and transformation.

1961: John Larry Kelly, Jr. at Bell Labs uses an IBM 704 to create one of the first computergenerated voices to sing the song "Daisy Bell" ("Bicycle Built for Two.").

1980s: The development of DECtalk, a speech synthesis system by Digital Equipment Corporation, becomes notable for its use in assistive technologies

(e.g., used by Stephen Hawking).

1987: AT&T Bell Labs releases Lucent Text-to-Speech (TTS) system, which is one of the early commercially available text-to-speech systems.

1997: Microsoft SAPI
(Speech Application
Programming Interface)
4.0 is released, allowing
developers to create speechenabled applications for
Windows.



### **Famous voices:**

Sam – Microsoft SAPI 5



Stephen Hawking (Stephen Hawking's Voice Emulator Project | Pawel Wozniak (pawozniak.com)



Richard Conway





## Speech synthesis over the year (> 2000)

2001: The release of Festival Speech Synthesis System by Centre for Speech Technology Research (CSTR) at the University of Edinburgh, an open-source framework that becomes popular in academic research.

2010: The development of neural network-based synthesis begins to gain traction, with methods like WaveNet by DeepMind (Google), showing improvements in the naturalness of speech output.

2016: DeepMind's WaveNet introduces a groundbreaking approach to speech synthesis using deep learning, producing much more natural and human-like

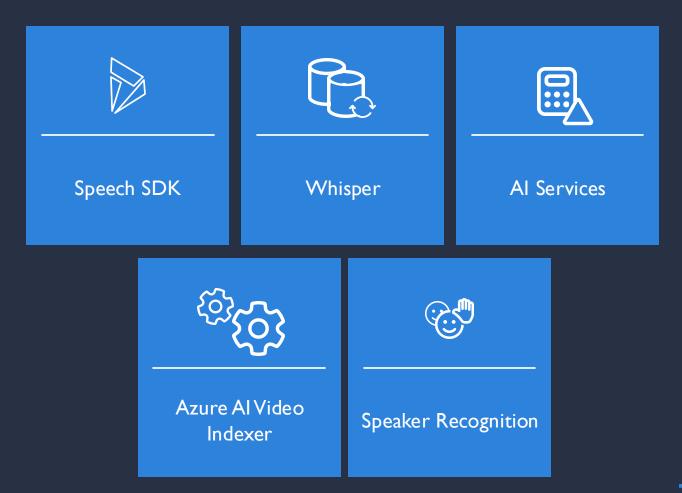
2017: Google's Tacotron 2 model achieves high-quality speech synthesis, further pushing the boundaries of naturalsounding text-to-speech.

models like VITS (Variational Inference Text-to-Speech) improve the fluency and expressiveness of synthesized speech, used in applications such as virtual assistants and accessibility tools.

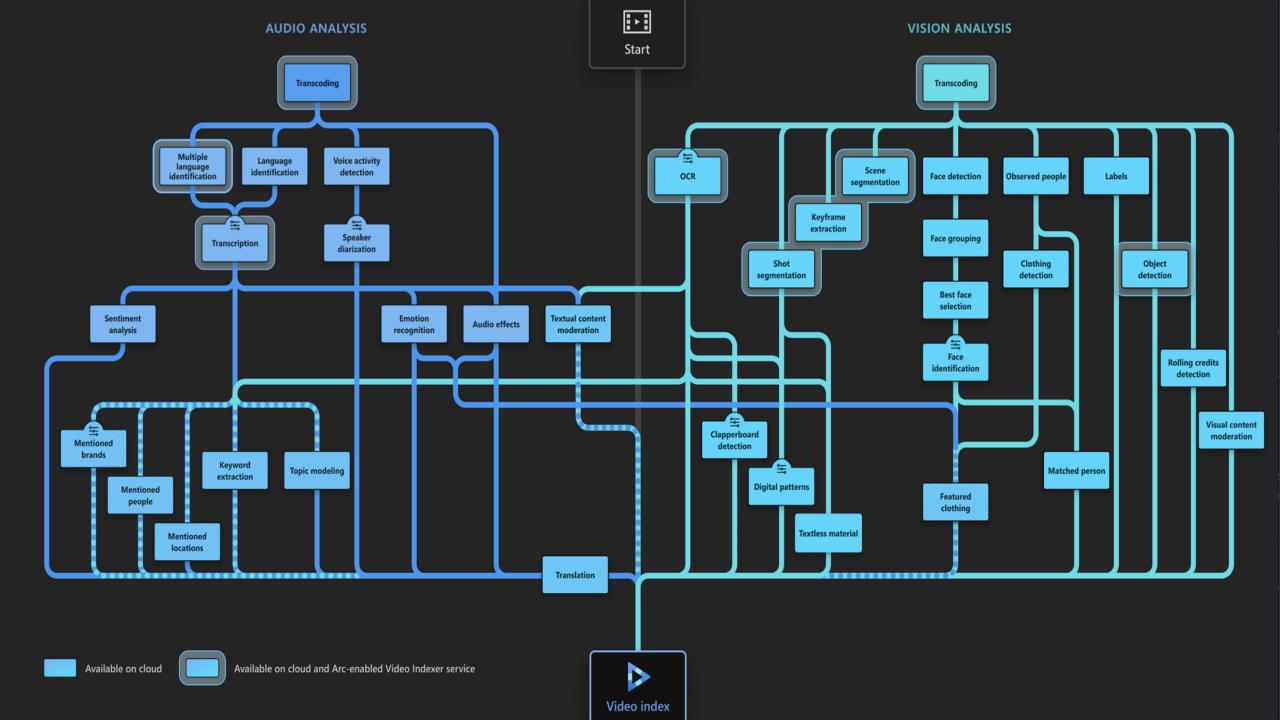
•

## Resources you'll use

Azure provides a whole set of resources that you can use to build in Speech into your application







## **Recording Audio**

- Use **pyaudio** library to record audio
- Sampling up to 44100 Hz
- Write 128 bps across 2 channels
- Set quality using discrete scale
- Use standard python streams
- Frames are sampled and must appended to stream

```
audio format = pyaudio.paInt16
encoder = lameenc.Encoder()
encoder.set_bit_rate(128)
encoder.set in sample rate(44100)
encoder.set_channels(1)
encoder.set quality(2) # 2-high 5-medium 7-low
p = pyaudio.PyAudio() # Create a PyAudio session
# Open the microphone stream
stream = p.open(format=audio_format,
channels=channels,rate=sample rate,
input=True, frames_per_buffer=1024)
```



### **Encapsulating voice**

- Use SSML to define voice
- Can contain content and characteristics
- Can contain many voices
- Contains different voice roles
- Define whether voice is happy, sad, angry, whispering etc.

```
<speak version="1.0" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/synthesis"
xml:lang="en-US">
        <voice name="en-US-AvaMultilingualNeural">
            Good morning!
        </voice>
        <voice name="en-US-AndrewMultilingualNeural">
            Good morning to you too Ava!
        </voice>
        </speak>
```



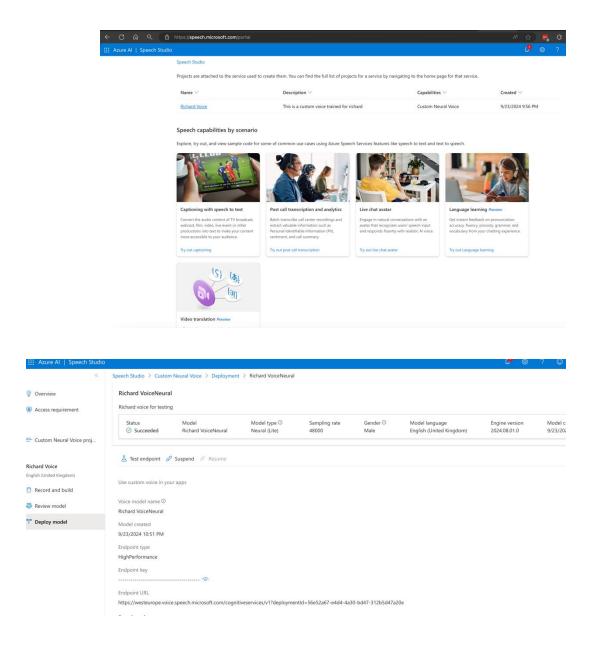
## **Using custom models**

- Speech services allows you to train custom models
- Use models to provide the following:
  - Specialised vocab or domain specific terms for text to speech
  - Understand better accents and dialects (e.g. Scottish accent)
  - Cut out noise in noisier environments through better "noisy" training set
  - Build in custom speech commands for security, home automation etc.
  - Speaker authentication and voice identification
  - Text to speech with custom voices
  - Multilingual support
  - <u>Custom neural voice lite Speech service Azure Al services</u> | Microsoft Learn



## **Speech Studio**

- Contains a portal with different services
- Service include:
  - Transcription / language
  - Custom voices
  - Real-time or batch
  - Text to speech avatar
  - Custom voice commands





## **Speech CLI**

- Download and install spx
- Run voice tests from command line
- Customise voice using SSML
- Everything you can do through the API you can do with spx

#### > spx recognize –microphone

- > spx recognize --file /path/to/file.wav
- spx synthesize --text "Testing synthesis using the Speech CLI" speakers
- spx synthesize --text "Enjoy using the Speech CLI." --audio output my-sample.wav
- spx synthesize –voices
- > spx synthesize --text "Bienvenue chez moi." --voice fr-FR-AlainNeural --speakers
- > spx translate --microphone --source en-GB --target ru-RU



### **Enrolment**

- For use cases where you need to build a voice database
- Voice database is secure and everyone has an id
- Has two APIs
  - Speaker verification
  - Speaker identification
- Useful if you want to identify people in a video or audio file where you have no context
- Samples at 16khz, single channel only
- Noise levels less than 2db





**DEMO:** Recording Audio





**DEMO:** Voice of Azure





**DEMO: Custom voices** 





**DEMO: Transcription** 





DEMO: Video decomposition





**DEMO: Video Indexing** 





DEMO: Video and Al





**DEMO: Interview Mode** 



Richard Conway richard@elastacloud.com

Elastacloud Limited Spitalfields Works, 11 Toynbee Street, London, E1 7NE Company Number: 07900393

