# IPD File for BlackBerry

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V0.1

Please get the latest version **from http://code.google.com/p/bbipd/** 

### **Chapter 1 General Structure**

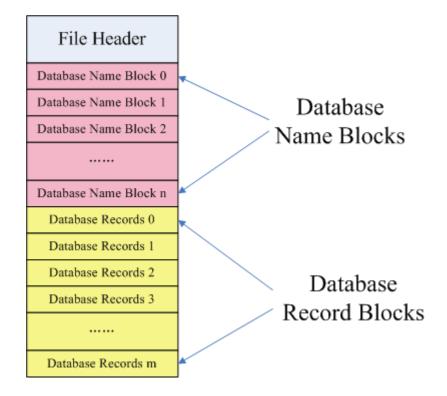
An IPD file can be considered as a database collection. When you backup data to an IPD file from RIM Blackberry Desktop Manager, data on the phone is saved into one or more databases. Each kind of data is saved to one database. For example, all SMS(Short Message Service) data is saved in Database named by SMS Messages.

The IPD file contains the following part:

The **file header**: The header of the IPD file. The signature, version data are in this part.

The **Database Name Blocks**: Several blocks containing the Database names.

The Database Records: Several records contain the real data.



# **Chapter 2 File Header**

File Header is a small piece of data. It has the following data:

**RIM Signature** 

LineBreak

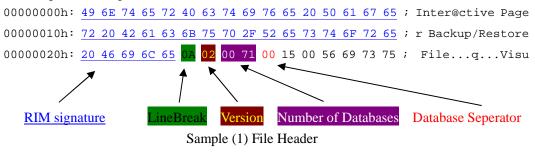
**Database Version** 

Numbers of Databases in current file

**Database Separator** 

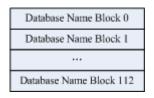
Name	Length	Offset	Description
RIM Signature	37 bytes	0x0	RIM signature: The ASCII of Inter@ctive
			Pager Backup/Restore File
LineBreak	1 byte	0x25	0x0A. Seems not used.
Database Version	1 byte	0x26	In recent versions of BlackBerry Desktop
			Manager this field is 02.
Numbers of Databases	2 byte	0x27~0x28	How many Databases are in this file
Database Separator	1 byte	0x29	0. Seems not used.

The following is an example from a real .IPD file.



## **Chapter 3 Database Name Blocks**

Database Name blocks are after the Header part and they matched with DatabaseNumber value in Header part. For example, from the Sample(1), the number of Databases is 0x 00 71. So the numbers in current database will be 7 \* 16 + 1 = 113:



Total 113 Database Name Blocks

In each block ,the following data is saved:

#### Name Length

#### Name (Including Terminating NULL)

Name	Length	Offset From start of Database Name Block	Description
Name Length	2 bytes	0x0	The length of the Database Name including NULL as <b>Little Endian</b>
Name	NA	0x2	The NAME and Terminating NULL

The following is an example from a real .IPD file.

```
000000000h: 49 6E 74 65 72 40 63 74 69 76 65 20 50 61 67 65; Inter@ctive Page 00000010h: 72 20 42 61 63 6B 75 70 2F 52 65 73 74 6F 72 65; r Backup/Restore 00000020h: 20 46 69 6C 65 0A 02 00 71 00 15 00 56 69 73 75; File...q...Visu 0000030h: 61 6C 20 56 6F 69 63 65 20 4D 61 69 6C 20 3F 3F; al Voice Mail ?? 00000040h: 00 12 00 50 69 6E 79 69 6E 20 49 4D 20 6F 70 74; ...Pinyin IM opt 00000050h: 69 6F 6E 73 00 18 00 41 70 70 6C 69 63 61 74 69; ions...Applicati 00000060h: 6F 6E 20 50 65 72 6D 69 73 73 69 6F 6E 73 00 16; on Permissions..
```

Sample (2) Database Name Blocks

This example shows 3 Database Names:

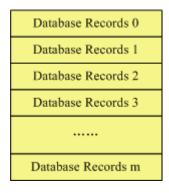
(1): Length = 0x 00 15 = 21 (In file it is 0x 15 00 and it is saved as Little Endian. So when converting to an int, it should be 0x 00 15)

```
Name = \mbox{Visual Voice Mail ??} \mbox{$0$ (20 characters, 1 terminating NULL)$} \label{eq:null} (2): Length = 0x 00 12 = 18 \\ Name = \mbox{Pinyin IM options} \mbox{$0$ (17 characters, 1 terminating NULL)}$} \mbox{$0$ (3): Length = 0x 00 18 = 24 } \\ Name = \mbox{Application Permissions} \mbox{$0$ (23 characters, 1 terminating NULL)}$} \mbox{$0$ (23 characters, 1 terminating NULL)}
```

### **Chapter 4 Database Record Blocks**

#### General data in Database Record Blocks

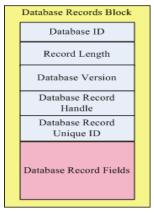
Database Record Blocks are after Database Name Blocks. Each ipd file contains one or more Database Record Blocks. It can be displayed as:



And each Database Record Block contains the following data:

Database ID
Total Record Length
Database Version
Database Record Handle
Database Record Unique ID

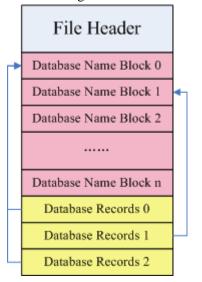
#### Database Fields



A Database Record Block

Name	Length	Offset	Description
	2 bytes	0x00	An integer (Little Endian). The offset index of
			the Database Name Block to which this
Database ID			Database Record Block belongs. For example,
Database ID			if the Database ID is 0x 03 00 (3), then this
			record belongs to the Database which name is
			the 3 <sup>rd</sup> in Database Name blocks.
Total Record Length	4 bytes	0x02	The total length(Little Endian) of this record.
			We will discuss about it later.
Database Version	1 byte	0x06	The version of the Database Record Format.
			Currently 0x05 is used.
Database Record Handle	2 bytes	0x07	An integer for the record handle.
Database Record Unique ID	4 bytes	0x08	An unique ID in the ipd file.
Database Fields	NA	0x0c	Fields in this record. Will discuss later.

**Database ID**: So as described from the above table, from, we can know to which database this record belongs:



This example shows:

Database Record 0 ==> Database 0

Database Record 1 ==> Database 1

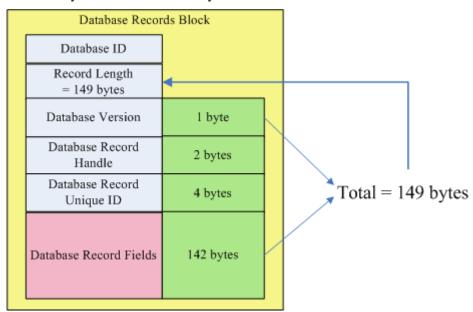
Database Record 2 ==> Database 0

Total Record Length: This field is a little complicated to understand. Let's get it from one

example. Assume we have a database record with 7 fields (For detail data in field, we will discuss later).

Field Number	Length
0	64
1	8
2	4
3	6
4	16
5	15
6	8
Total	121

In this example, the total length of the records is 121 bytes. And each record, has a field header of 3 bytes. So the total length is 121 + 3 \* 7 = 142 bytes. What's more, the Database Version, Database Record Handle, Database Record Unique ID and Database Fields are all need to calculated. So the length is :142 + 4 + 2 + 1 = 149 bytes. And in ipd file, the length is saved as Little Endian as 4 bytes. So it is saved finally as 0x **95 00 00 00**.



Record Length Calculation

### **Database Record Fields**

One Database Record Block contain one or more Record Fields. One Database Record Field follows another Database Record Field. It can be showed as:

Database ID

Record Length

Database Version

Database Record Handle

Database Record Unique
ID

Database Record Field 0

Database Record Field 1

Database Record Field 2

......

Database Record Field n

A Database Record Block with n+1 Database Record Fields Database Record Field data is simple. It contains the following parts of data:

Name	Length	Offset	Description
Record Data Length	2 bytes	0x00	The length (Little Endian) the field data in bytes.
Record type	1 bytes	0x02	The type of the field data.
Record Data	NA	0x03	A serials of bytes containing the real field data. The length equals to Record Data Length

Note: The sequence of Database Record Fields may be important when restore an ipd file into the blackberry device. For example, a Database Record with Database Record Fields

Database Record Field 0

Database Record Field 0

Database Record Field 1

Database Record Field 2

Database Record Field 2

Database Record Field 3

Database Record Field 3

This works. This may not work. So this Database Record may be ignored.

The following is an example of one Database Record Field:

Length: 0F 00 convert to int as LittleEndian is 15. So the total length in data is 15 bytes.

Type: 07. This is used inside RIM. However, we can guess some of the type.