Machine Learning Task

Smart Targeting for Bank Term Deposits

Instructions for the candidate: Choose **either 1 or 2** and complete it in **30 minutes**. You may use Python/R. Keep it simple and readable.

Dataset: Kaggle — Bank Marketing (code tab):

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/henriqueyamahata/bank-marketing/data

Option 1 — Single-Campaign Ranking (hands-on, coding)

Goal. Train a quick binary model that ranks customers for a term-deposit campaign. **Timebox.** 30 minutes. **Lang.** Python or R. **Keep it simple.**

Data + Split

- Load the Kaggle Bank Marketing dataset (link above).
- Exclude leakage: drop duration from features.
- Train/test split: stratified by target y, with a fixed random seed (e.g., 42).

Minimal Preprocessing

- One-hot encode categoricals; keep numerics as is (standardize only if your model needs it).
- Optional: handle rare categories by "other" or let one-hot handle naturally.

Model

- Train one fast classifier (e.g., Logistic Regression with class_weight="balanced", or a small tree/GBM).
- Use the train set only (no peeking).

Scoring + Metrics

- Score the **test** set \rightarrow predicted probability p = P(y=1).
- Compute:
 - o **ROC-AUC** (and/or PR-AUC; ROC-AUC required).
 - \circ Top-k precision where k = round(0.10 * test_size).
- Build a **Top-15 table** sorted by p desc with columns:

```
row_id (or customer_id), predicted_prob.
```

What to Print (exact)

Print these lines (replace ALL CAPS with your values):

- AUC_ROC: XX.XXX
- TopK_Precision@10%: XX.XXX

Then display:

• Top 15 table: row_id, predicted_prob (rounded to 3-4 decimals).

Short Notes (final cell, 3–5 lines total)

- Which features mattered: list 2–3 (e.g., top coefficients or importances).
- **How we'd deploy daily:** batch scoring on latest data, rank by p, contact top N given capacity; monitor AUC, conversion rate, and drift.

Option 2 — Multi-Campaign & Channel Policy (hands-on, coding)

Goal. Learn a policy to pick (campaign_intensity, channel) per customer to maximize conversions.

Timebox. 30 minutes. Lang. Python or R. Keep it fast.

Tip. Don't use duration (leakage).

Setup

- Load data; stratified train/test split on y, fixed seed.
- Features = pre-contact info only (exclude duration). One-hot categoricals.
- Define **actions** from data:

```
 campaign_intensity ∈ {1, 2+} derived from campaign.
```

```
channel ∈ {cellular, telephone} from contact.
```

- o Actions: A1 (1, cellular), A2 (1, telephone), A3 (2+, cellular), A4 (2+, telephone).
- Reward: $y == "yes" \rightarrow 1 \text{ else } 0.$

Modeling (choose one)

- Per-action models: train 4 binary models, each on rows where that action occurred; at inference, score all 4 and pick argmax P(y=1 | action).
 OR
- Shared policy: train a multiclass policy to choose the action; also train a single binary outcome model for P(y=1) to report probabilities/ties.

Offline Eval (implement end-to-end)

- **Diagnostics:** ROC-AUC per binary model (or for your outcome model). Print class balance and note if you used class weights.
- **Policy value (action-match):** apply policy to test, keep rows where chosen action equals logged action, compute conversions / matched_rows. Also compute two baselines: random action (4-way) and a fixed policy (e.g., always (1, cellular)).
- **Top-k lift:** define a **policy score** per user (e.g., max predicted P(y=1|a)). With k = round(0.10 * test_size), compute Top-k precision for policy vs random; report **lift** = **policy** / **random**.
- Recommendation table (10 rows): columns = row_id,
 chosen_campaign_intensity, chosen_channel, policy_score, reason.
 Show top 10 by policy_score.
- Feature importance: quick print (coefficients or importances).

What to Print (exact)

- AUC_per_action: {A1: XX.XXX, A2: XX.XXX, A3: XX.XXX, A4: XX.XXX}
- PolicyValue_Match: XX.XXX
- Baseline_Random_Match: XX.XXX
- Baseline_Fixed_Match: XX.XXX
- TopK_Precision (policy): XX.XXX
- TopK_Precision (random): XX.XXX
- Lift: XX.XXX

Then display:

- The **10-row** recommendation table.
- A short top-features printout (per model or overall).